

Diaquabis[3-(hydroxyimino)butanoato]-nickel(II): a triclinic polymorph

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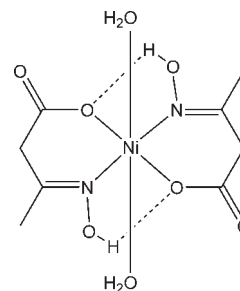
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 120$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.083; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.1.

The title centrosymmetric mononuclear complex, $[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$, is a polymorph of the previously reported complex [Dudarenko *et al.* (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, m277–m278]. The Ni^{II} atom, lying on an inversion center, is six-coordinated by two carboxylate O atoms and two oxime N atoms from two *trans*-disposed chelating 3-hydroxyimino-butanoate ligands and two axial water molecules in a distorted octahedral geometry. The hydroxy group forms an intramolecular hydrogen bond with the coordinated carboxylate O atom. The complex molecules are linked in stacks along [010] by a hydrogen bond between the water O atom and the carboxylate O atom of a neighboring molecule. The stacks are further linked by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds into a layer parallel to (001).

Related literature

For the monoclinic polymorph of the title compound, see: Dudarenko *et al.* (2010). For the coordination chemistry of hydroxyiminocarboxylic acids and their derivatives, see: Duda *et al.* (1997); Mokhir *et al.* (2002); Moroz *et al.* (2008); Onindo *et al.* (1995). For 2-hydroxyiminocarboxylic acids as efficient metal chelators, see: Gumienna-Kontecka *et al.* (2000); Sliva *et al.* (1997*a,b*). For the use of 2-hydroxyiminocarboxylic acid derivatives as efficient ligands for stabilization of high oxidation states of transitional metals, see: Fritsky *et al.* (2006); Kanderl *et al.* (2005). For structures with monodentately coordinated carboxylate groups, see: Wörl *et al.* (2005*a,b*). For the ligand synthesis, see: Khromov (1950).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$
 $M_r = 326.92$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 5.5621$ (14) Å
 $b = 7.340$ (2) Å
 $c = 8.2979$ (15) Å
 $\alpha = 90.71$ (2)°
 $\beta = 92.290$ (18)°

$\gamma = 112.18$ (2)°
 $V = 313.31$ (14) Å³
 $Z = 1$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.59$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120$ K
 $0.22 \times 0.14 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.764$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.856$

2755 measured reflections
1223 independent reflections
1054 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.063$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.083$
 $S = 0.98$
1223 reflections
101 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.35$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

| $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}$ | $\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ |
|---|--------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| $\text{O3}-\text{H1O}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$ | 0.75 (4) | 2.14 (4) | 2.766 (3) | 142 (4) |
| $\text{O4}-\text{H4O1}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$ | 0.79 (5) | 2.07 (5) | 2.851 (3) | 169 (5) |
| $\text{O4}-\text{H4O1}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$ | 0.79 (5) | 2.50 (5) | 3.068 (3) | 130 (4) |
| $\text{O4}-\text{H4O2}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$ | 0.77 (5) | 2.00 (5) | 2.754 (3) | 166 (4) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO/SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO/SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2004* (Burla *et al.*, 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2284).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m316–m317 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810006306]

Diaquabis[3-(hydroxyimino)butanoato]nickel(II): a triclinic polymorph

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S1. Comment

2-Hydroxyiminocarboxylates of various metal ions are an interesting group of chelate complexes intensively studied during the past 15 years (Duda *et al.*, 1997; Onindo *et al.*, 1995). It was shown that 2-hydroxyiminopropanoic acid and other 2-hydroxyiminocarboxylic acids act as efficient chelators with respect to copper(II), nickel(II) and aluminium(III) (Gumienna-Kontecka *et al.*, 2000; Onindo *et al.*, 1995; Sliva *et al.*, 1997a,b). The amide derivatives of 2-hydroxyiminopropanoic acid have been successfully used for the synthesis of metal complexes with efficient stabilization of trivalent oxidation state of Ni and Cu (Fritsky *et al.*, 2006; Kanderl *et al.*, 2005). Recently we reported the first crystal structure of a metal compound of the nearest homologue of 2-hydroxyiminopropanoic acid, 3-hydroxyiminobutanoic acid, a mononuclear complex with Ni (Dudarenko *et al.*, 2010). In the course of our synthetic study we found that a slight change of experimental conditions, namely use of nickel(II) sulfate instead of nickel(II) nitrate and conduction of synthesis at room temperature resulted in crystallization of a polymorph modification of the title compound.

A distorted octahedral coordination geometry is found in the title complex with the Ni^{II} atom lying on an inversion center (Fig. 1). Two O atoms and two N atoms from two chelating ligands define the equatorial plane, each ligand defining a six-membered ring with a nearly planar conformation, and the two *trans*-coordinated water molecules complete the octahedral coordination geometry. The Ni—O bond lengths [1.992 (2) Å] in the equatorial plane are somewhat shorter than the Ni—N bond lengths [2.025 (2) Å]. The O atoms of the protonated oxime group form intramolecular hydrogen bonds with the coordinated carboxylate O atoms, forming five-membered rings and thus fusing two six-membered chelate rings in a pseudomacrocyclic structure. The difference in C—O bond lengths for the coordinated and noncoordinated O atoms [1.271 (2) and 1.250 (2) Å] is typical for monodentately coordinated carboxylate groups (Wörl *et al.*, 2005a,b). The C=N, C=O and N—O bond lengths are typical for 2-hydroxyiminopropanoic acid and its derivatives (Mokhir *et al.*, 2002; Moroz *et al.*, 2008; Onindo *et al.*, 1995; Sliva *et al.*, 1997a,b). In general, the geometrical parameters of the molecule are very close to those observed in the structure of the monoclinic modification of the title complex (Dudarenko *et al.*, 2010).

The octahedral complex molecules are organized in the piles disposed along the *b* axis due to a hydrogen bond formed between the axial water molecule and noncoordinated carboxylate O atom of a neighboring molecule (Table 1). The Ni...Ni separation in the piles is equal to the unit cell parameter *b*. The piles are united in walls with the help of a hydrogen bond of different type (a bifurcate hydrogen bond formed between the water molecule and both coordinated and noncoordinated carboxylate O atoms belonging to a translational molecule). The walls disposed parallel to (0 0 1) are united in a three-dimensional structure only with the help of van der Waals contacts (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by adding the solution of nickel(II) sulfate hexahydrate (0.1 mmol, 0.026 g) in water (5 ml) to a solution of 3-hydroxyiminobutanoic acid (0.2 mmol, 0.023 g) in water (5 ml). The resultant mixture was filtered and the dark pink filtrate was left to stand at room temperature. Slow evaporation of the solvent yielded lilac crystals of the title compound (yield 73%). 3-Hydroxyiminobutanoic acid was prepared according to the reported procedure (Khromov, 1950).

S3. Refinement

O-bound H atoms were located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. H atoms of methyl and methylene groups were positioned geometrically and were constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.97 (CH₂) and 0.96 (CH₃) Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2(1.5 \text{ for methyl})U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

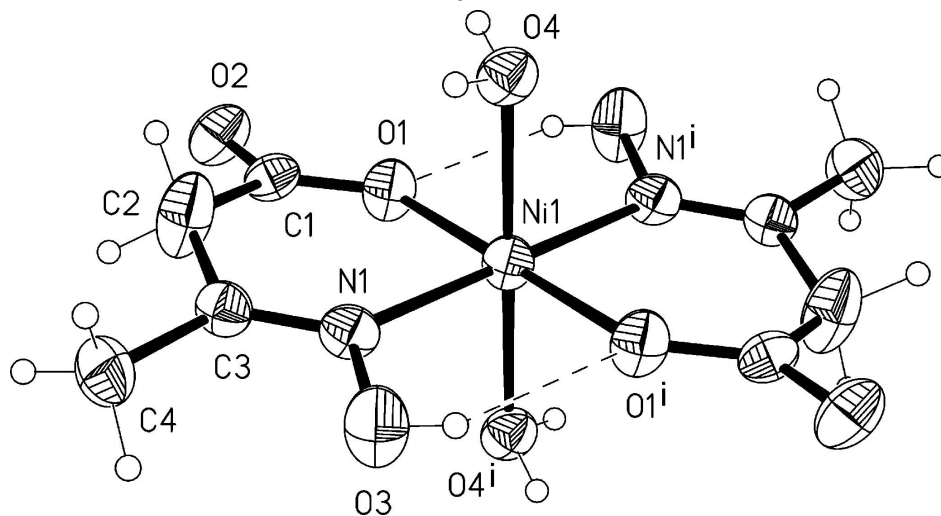
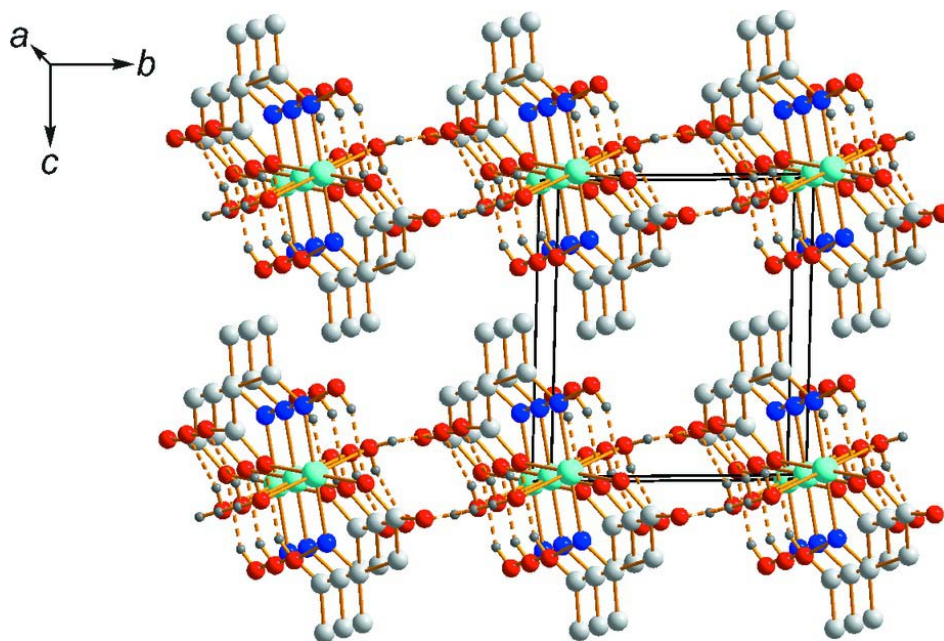


Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids shown at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines. [Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z$.]

**Figure 2**

A packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

Diaquabis[3-(hydroxyimino)butanoato]nickel(II)

Crystal data

$[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$

$M_r = 326.92$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.5621(14) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.340(2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 8.2979(15) \text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 90.71(2)^\circ$

$\beta = 92.290(18)^\circ$

$\gamma = 112.18(2)^\circ$

$V = 313.31(14) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 170$

$D_x = 1.733 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1225 reflections

$\theta = 3.9\text{--}36.0^\circ$

$\mu = 1.59 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 120 \text{ K}$

Block, dark pink

$0.22 \times 0.14 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Horizontally mounted graphite crystal

monochromator

Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm^{-1}

φ and ω scans with κ offset

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.764$, $T_{\max} = 0.856$

2755 measured reflections

1223 independent reflections

1054 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.063$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.8^\circ$

$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$

$wR(F^2) = 0.083$

$S = 0.98$

1223 reflections

101 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0431P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.35 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | <i>x</i> | <i>y</i> | <i>z</i> | $U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$ |
|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Ni1 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0293 (2) |
| O1 | -0.1803 (4) | 0.1846 (3) | 0.0358 (2) | 0.0363 (5) |
| O2 | -0.2828 (4) | 0.4116 (3) | 0.1563 (3) | 0.0418 (5) |
| O3 | 0.3067 (5) | -0.0513 (4) | 0.2814 (3) | 0.0521 (7) |
| O4 | 0.3222 (4) | 0.2337 (3) | -0.0904 (3) | 0.0349 (5) |
| N1 | 0.1703 (4) | 0.0643 (3) | 0.2262 (3) | 0.0309 (5) |
| C1 | -0.1519 (5) | 0.3071 (4) | 0.1501 (3) | 0.0298 (6) |
| C2 | 0.0492 (7) | 0.3370 (6) | 0.2868 (4) | 0.0537 (9) |
| H2A | 0.1902 | 0.4608 | 0.2678 | 0.064* |
| H2B | -0.0298 | 0.3578 | 0.3840 | 0.064* |
| C3 | 0.1734 (5) | 0.1944 (4) | 0.3286 (3) | 0.0304 (6) |
| C4 | 0.3120 (7) | 0.2237 (5) | 0.4912 (3) | 0.0452 (8) |
| H4A | 0.2952 | 0.0982 | 0.5328 | 0.068* |
| H4B | 0.2369 | 0.2883 | 0.5635 | 0.068* |
| H4C | 0.4926 | 0.3033 | 0.4816 | 0.068* |
| H1O | 0.315 (8) | -0.112 (6) | 0.210 (5) | 0.065 (14)* |
| H4O1 | 0.428 (9) | 0.268 (7) | -0.018 (6) | 0.081 (16)* |
| H4O2 | 0.284 (8) | 0.322 (7) | -0.111 (5) | 0.063 (13)* |

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Ni1 | 0.0312 (3) | 0.0324 (3) | 0.0284 (3) | 0.0174 (2) | -0.00632 (19) | -0.00037 (19) |
| O1 | 0.0400 (12) | 0.0406 (12) | 0.0364 (10) | 0.0259 (10) | -0.0105 (8) | -0.0039 (9) |
| O2 | 0.0405 (12) | 0.0347 (11) | 0.0583 (12) | 0.0242 (10) | -0.0057 (10) | -0.0012 (10) |
| O3 | 0.0778 (18) | 0.0612 (17) | 0.0394 (12) | 0.0541 (15) | -0.0208 (11) | -0.0069 (11) |
| O4 | 0.0372 (13) | 0.0324 (12) | 0.0378 (11) | 0.0169 (10) | -0.0043 (9) | 0.0020 (9) |
| N1 | 0.0321 (13) | 0.0348 (13) | 0.0310 (11) | 0.0189 (11) | -0.0046 (9) | 0.0061 (10) |
| C1 | 0.0267 (14) | 0.0253 (14) | 0.0384 (14) | 0.0112 (12) | -0.0005 (11) | 0.0044 (11) |
| C2 | 0.060 (2) | 0.053 (2) | 0.058 (2) | 0.0357 (18) | -0.0244 (16) | -0.0216 (16) |
| C3 | 0.0286 (14) | 0.0334 (15) | 0.0288 (13) | 0.0116 (12) | -0.0020 (11) | 0.0017 (11) |
| C4 | 0.055 (2) | 0.0475 (19) | 0.0314 (15) | 0.0186 (16) | -0.0112 (13) | -0.0036 (13) |

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Ni1—O1 | 1.992 (2) | N1—C3 | 1.265 (4) |
| Ni1—N1 | 2.035 (2) | C1—C2 | 1.514 (4) |
| Ni1—O4 | 2.130 (2) | C2—C3 | 1.493 (4) |
| O1—C1 | 1.262 (4) | C2—H2A | 0.9700 |
| O2—C1 | 1.243 (4) | C2—H2B | 0.9700 |
| O3—N1 | 1.405 (3) | C3—C4 | 1.499 (4) |
| O3—H1O | 0.75 (4) | C4—H4A | 0.9600 |
| O4—H4O1 | 0.79 (5) | C4—H4B | 0.9600 |
| O4—H4O2 | 0.77 (5) | C4—H4C | 0.9600 |
| | | | |
| O1 ⁱ —Ni1—O1 | 180.00 (13) | C3—N1—Ni1 | 130.1 (2) |
| O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1 | 89.62 (9) | O3—N1—Ni1 | 116.79 (18) |
| O1—Ni1—N1 | 90.38 (9) | O2—C1—O1 | 122.5 (3) |
| O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ | 90.38 (9) | O2—C1—C2 | 116.2 (3) |
| O1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ | 89.62 (9) | O1—C1—C2 | 121.3 (3) |
| N1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ | 180.00 (15) | C3—C2—C1 | 124.7 (3) |
| O1 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 ⁱ | 90.13 (9) | C3—C2—H2A | 106.1 |
| O1—Ni1—O4 ⁱ | 89.87 (9) | C1—C2—H2A | 106.1 |
| N1—Ni1—O4 ⁱ | 90.34 (9) | C3—C2—H2B | 106.1 |
| N1 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 ⁱ | 89.66 (9) | C1—C2—H2B | 106.1 |
| O1 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 | 89.87 (9) | H2A—C2—H2B | 106.3 |
| O1—Ni1—O4 | 90.13 (9) | N1—C3—C2 | 120.3 (2) |
| N1—Ni1—O4 | 89.66 (9) | N1—C3—C4 | 123.3 (3) |
| N1 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 | 90.34 (9) | C2—C3—C4 | 116.3 (3) |
| O4 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 | 180.00 (15) | C3—C4—H4A | 109.5 |
| C1—O1—Ni1 | 130.05 (18) | C3—C4—H4B | 109.5 |
| N1—O3—H1O | 106 (3) | H4A—C4—H4B | 109.5 |
| Ni1—O4—H4O1 | 106 (3) | C3—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| Ni1—O4—H4O2 | 111 (3) | H4A—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| H4O1—O4—H4O2 | 107 (4) | H4B—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| C3—N1—O3 | 113.1 (2) | | |
| | | | |
| Ni1—O1—C1—O2 | -179.15 (18) | Ni1—N1—C3—C2 | -3.3 (4) |
| Ni1—O1—C1—C2 | 1.9 (4) | O3—N1—C3—C4 | 0.8 (4) |
| O2—C1—C2—C3 | 162.2 (3) | Ni1—N1—C3—C4 | -179.4 (2) |
| O1—C1—C2—C3 | -18.8 (5) | C1—C2—C3—N1 | 19.2 (5) |
| O3—N1—C3—C2 | 176.9 (3) | C1—C2—C3—C4 | -164.4 (3) |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z$.*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

| <i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> —H | H \cdots <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i> |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| O3—H1O \cdots O1 ⁱ | 0.75 (4) | 2.14 (4) | 2.766 (3) | 142 (4) |
| O4—H4O1 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ | 0.79 (5) | 2.07 (5) | 2.851 (3) | 169 (5) |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| O4—H4O1...O1 ⁱⁱ | 0.79 (5) | 2.50 (5) | 3.068 (3) | 130 (4) |
| O4—H4O2...O2 ⁱⁱⁱ | 0.77 (5) | 2.00 (5) | 2.754 (3) | 166 (4) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z$.