

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(E)-3-(Anthracen-9-yl)-1-(furan-2-yl)-prop-2-en-1-one¹Jirapa Horkaew,^a Thitipone Suwunwong,^a Suchada Chantrapromma,^{a,*} Chatchanok Karalai^a and Hoong-Kun Fun^{b,†}^aCrystal Materials Research Unit, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Prince of Songkla University, Hat-Yai, Songkhla 90112, Thailand, and ^bX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: suchada.c@psu.ac.th

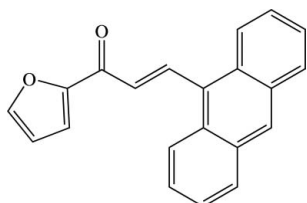
Received 1 February 2010; accepted 14 February 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.118; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

In the molecule of the title heteroaryl chalcone derivative, $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$, the almost planar prop-2-en-1-one unit [r.m.s. deviation = 0.0087 (1) Å] forms dihedral angles of 5.81 (7) and 49.85 (6)°, respectively, with the furan ring and anthracene ring system. In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into a two-dimensional network parallel to (100) by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds and $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions involving the furan rings [centroid-centroid distance = 3.7205 (6) Å].

Related literature

For background and applications of chalcones, see: Gaber *et al.* (2008); Niu *et al.* (2006); Xu *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Chantrapromma *et al.* (2009, 2010); Fun *et al.* (2009); Suwunwong *et al.* (2009). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



¹This paper is dedicated to His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej of Thailand (King Rama IX) for his sustainable development of the country. § Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5085-2009.

† Additional correspondence author, e-mail: hkfun@usm.my. Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 298.32$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 21.5743$ (4) Å
 $b = 5.4571$ (1) Å
 $c = 12.8394$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 104.099$ (1)°
 $V = 1466.09$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.55 \times 0.25 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.955$, $T_{\max} = 0.994$
 19468 measured reflections
 4251 independent reflections
 3549 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.118$
 $S = 1.03$
 4251 reflections
 264 parameters
 All H-atom parameters refined
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.98 (2)	2.34 (2)	3.2871 (14)	165 (1)
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.94 (2)	2.40 (2)	3.3366 (13)	173 (1)
$\text{C19}-\text{H19}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.98 (1)	2.47 (1)	3.3419 (13)	148 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Thailand Research Fund (TRF) for research grant (RSA 5280033) and Prince of Songkla University for financial support. They also thank Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University Golden Goose grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811012.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI5032).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
 Bruker (2005). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Chantrapromma, S., Horkaew, J., Suwunwong, T. & Fun, H.-K. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o2673–o2674.
 Chantrapromma, S., Suwunwong, T., Boonnak, N. & Fun, H.-K. (2010). *Acta Cryst. E* **66**, o312–o313.
 Cosier, J. & Glazer, A. M. (1986). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **19**, 105–107.
 Fun, H.-K., Suwunwong, T., Boonnak, N. & Chantrapromma, S. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o2168–o2169.
 Gaber, M., El-Daly, S. A., Fayed, T. A. & El-Sayed, Y. S. (2008). *Opt. Laser Tech.* **40**, 528–537.
 Niu, C.-G., Guan, A.-L., Zeng, G.-M., Liu, Y.-G. & Li, Z.-W. (2006). *Anal. Chim. Acta*, **577**, 264–270.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

Suwunwong, T., Chantrapromma, S., Karalai, C., Pakdeevanich, P. & Fun, H.-K. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o420–o421.
Xu, Z., Bai, G. & Dong, C. (2005). *Spectrochim. Acta Part A*, **62**, 987–990.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o800–o801 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810005982]

(E)-3-(Anthracen-9-yl)-1-(furan-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one

Jirapa Horkaew, Thitipone Suwunwong, Suchada Chantrapromma, Chatchanok Karalai and Hoong-Kun Fun

S1. Comment

Chalcones have been studied for their wide range of applications including laser activity (Gaber *et al.*, 2008) and fluorescence properties (Niu *et al.*, 2006; Xu *et al.*, 2005). We have previously reported crystal structures of several chalcone derivatives containing the anthracene moiety which exist in *E* configuration (Suwunwong *et al.*, 2009) or *Z* configuration (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2009, 2010; Fun *et al.*, 2009). The title compound was synthesized on account of its fluorescence properties. The crystal structure determination was undertaken to elucidate its conformation and to study the structure and fluorescence activity relationship.

The molecule of the title chalcone derivative (Fig. 1) exists in an *E* configuration with respect to the C6=C7 ethenyl bond, with a C5—C6—C7—C8 torsion angle of 178.00 (9)°. The anthracene ring system (C8—C21) is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0258 (1) Å). The prop-2-en-1-one unit (C5—C7/O1) is also planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0087 (1) Å; O1—C5—C6—C7 = 2.92 (15)°) and it forms dihedral angles of 5.81 (7) and 49.85 (6)°, respectively, with the furan ring and anthracene ring system. The interplanar angle between the furan ring and anthracene ring system is 48.53 (5)°. The bond distances show normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and are comparable with those in closely related structures (Chantrapromma, Horkaew *et al.*, 2009; Chantrapromma, Suwunwong *et al.*, 2010; Fun *et al.*, 2009; Suwunwong *et al.*, 2009).

In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into a two-dimensional network parallel to the (100) by C—H⋯O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 1) and $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions between the furan rings at (x, y, z) and (-x, 1-y, -z) [centroid⋯centroid distance = 3.7205 (6) Å].

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the condensation of anthracene-9-carbaldehyde (0.41 g, 2 mmol) with 2-furylmethylketone (0.22 g, 2 mmol) in ethanol (30 ml) in the presence of 30 % aqueous NaOH (5 ml) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at 278 K for 3 h and then a yellow solid appeared was collected by filtration, washed with acetone and dried in air. Yellow plate-shaped single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray structure determination were recrystallized from acetone-ethanol (1:1 v/v) by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature after several days (m.p. 423–424 K).

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located in a difference map and refined isotropically [C—H = 0.941 (15)–1.009 (14) Å].

(E)-3-(anthracen-9-yl)-1-(furan-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one*Crystal data*C₂₁H₁₄O₂ $M_r = 298.32$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 21.5743$ (4) Å $b = 5.4571$ (1) Å $c = 12.8394$ (2) Å $\beta = 104.099$ (1)° $V = 1466.09$ (4) Å³ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 624$ $D_x = 1.352$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point = 423–424 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4251 reflections

 $\theta = 2.9$ – 30.0 ° $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K

Plate, yellow

 $0.55 \times 0.25 \times 0.07$ mm*Data collection*Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005) $T_{\min} = 0.955$, $T_{\max} = 0.994$

19468 measured reflections

4251 independent reflections

3549 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$ $\theta_{\max} = 30.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9$ ° $h = -26 \rightarrow 30$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -17 \rightarrow 18$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ $wR(F^2) = 0.118$ $S = 1.03$

4251 reflections

264 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

All H-atom parameters refined

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0624P)^2 + 0.4737P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³*Special details***Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 120.0 (1) K.**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)*

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.13071 (4)	0.32065 (14)	0.15881 (6)	0.02003 (17)
O2	0.00592 (3)	0.46137 (14)	0.12589 (6)	0.01846 (17)

C1	-0.04942 (5)	0.5903 (2)	0.11274 (9)	0.0201 (2)
H1	-0.0880 (7)	0.489 (3)	0.1018 (12)	0.030 (4)*
C2	-0.03863 (5)	0.8346 (2)	0.11454 (9)	0.0208 (2)
H2	-0.0701 (8)	0.964 (3)	0.1084 (13)	0.034 (4)*
C3	0.02854 (5)	0.8641 (2)	0.12983 (8)	0.0177 (2)
H3	0.0517 (7)	1.019 (3)	0.1342 (11)	0.027 (4)*
C4	0.05367 (5)	0.63332 (19)	0.13651 (8)	0.0152 (2)
C5	0.11877 (5)	0.54141 (19)	0.15040 (8)	0.0150 (2)
C6	0.16862 (5)	0.72918 (19)	0.15159 (8)	0.0163 (2)
C7	0.22914 (5)	0.66214 (19)	0.15739 (8)	0.0159 (2)
C8	0.28183 (5)	0.83333 (19)	0.15569 (8)	0.01475 (19)
C9	0.34004 (5)	0.80973 (19)	0.23544 (8)	0.0153 (2)
C10	0.34956 (5)	0.6249 (2)	0.31680 (8)	0.0183 (2)
C11	0.40571 (5)	0.6100 (2)	0.39433 (9)	0.0214 (2)
C12	0.45582 (5)	0.7804 (2)	0.39679 (9)	0.0231 (2)
C13	0.44862 (5)	0.9614 (2)	0.32146 (9)	0.0214 (2)
C14	0.39083 (5)	0.9814 (2)	0.23836 (8)	0.0166 (2)
C15	0.38256 (5)	1.1693 (2)	0.16251 (8)	0.0181 (2)
C16	0.32655 (5)	1.19033 (19)	0.08122 (8)	0.0164 (2)
C17	0.31916 (5)	1.3816 (2)	0.00291 (9)	0.0201 (2)
C18	0.26502 (6)	1.3994 (2)	-0.07801 (9)	0.0218 (2)
C19	0.21559 (5)	1.2226 (2)	-0.08673 (8)	0.0209 (2)
C20	0.22049 (5)	1.0396 (2)	-0.01267 (8)	0.0183 (2)
C21	0.27525 (5)	1.01872 (19)	0.07639 (8)	0.0154 (2)
H6	0.1563 (7)	0.895 (3)	0.1471 (11)	0.021 (3)*
H7	0.2399 (6)	0.482 (3)	0.1653 (11)	0.019 (3)*
H10	0.3158 (7)	0.507 (3)	0.3176 (11)	0.024 (4)*
H11	0.4105 (8)	0.479 (3)	0.4498 (13)	0.035 (4)*
H12	0.4960 (7)	0.766 (3)	0.4544 (13)	0.033 (4)*
H13	0.4831 (8)	1.086 (3)	0.3216 (13)	0.032 (4)*
H15	0.4171 (7)	1.291 (3)	0.1670 (11)	0.024 (4)*
H17	0.3534 (7)	1.501 (3)	0.0097 (12)	0.027 (4)*
H18	0.2611 (8)	1.533 (3)	-0.1306 (13)	0.036 (4)*
H19	0.1780 (7)	1.232 (3)	-0.1469 (11)	0.025 (4)*
H20	0.1864 (7)	0.916 (3)	-0.0210 (11)	0.025 (4)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0184 (4)	0.0134 (4)	0.0265 (4)	-0.0007 (3)	0.0020 (3)	0.0008 (3)
O2	0.0144 (3)	0.0166 (4)	0.0236 (4)	-0.0032 (3)	0.0031 (3)	0.0005 (3)
C1	0.0134 (5)	0.0248 (5)	0.0216 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0031 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C2	0.0154 (5)	0.0222 (5)	0.0244 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0042 (4)	0.0002 (4)
C3	0.0165 (5)	0.0165 (5)	0.0196 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0034 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C4	0.0142 (4)	0.0148 (5)	0.0161 (4)	-0.0026 (4)	0.0027 (3)	0.0000 (3)
C5	0.0147 (4)	0.0143 (5)	0.0149 (4)	-0.0017 (3)	0.0016 (3)	-0.0006 (3)
C6	0.0161 (5)	0.0125 (4)	0.0199 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
C7	0.0163 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0170 (4)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0030 (3)	-0.0004 (3)

C8	0.0136 (4)	0.0137 (4)	0.0175 (4)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0047 (3)	-0.0019 (3)
C9	0.0140 (4)	0.0155 (5)	0.0173 (4)	0.0008 (4)	0.0051 (3)	-0.0012 (4)
C10	0.0162 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0212 (5)	0.0012 (4)	0.0054 (4)	0.0007 (4)
C11	0.0190 (5)	0.0232 (5)	0.0219 (5)	0.0047 (4)	0.0049 (4)	0.0032 (4)
C12	0.0156 (5)	0.0286 (6)	0.0232 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0011 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C13	0.0139 (5)	0.0248 (6)	0.0245 (5)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0027 (4)	-0.0015 (4)
C14	0.0135 (4)	0.0177 (5)	0.0192 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	0.0050 (4)	-0.0026 (4)
C15	0.0157 (5)	0.0184 (5)	0.0213 (5)	-0.0025 (4)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0012 (4)
C16	0.0167 (5)	0.0153 (5)	0.0190 (4)	-0.0003 (4)	0.0075 (4)	-0.0014 (4)
C17	0.0217 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0234 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0105 (4)	0.0013 (4)
C18	0.0259 (6)	0.0213 (5)	0.0207 (5)	0.0027 (4)	0.0106 (4)	0.0039 (4)
C19	0.0204 (5)	0.0243 (6)	0.0175 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0038 (4)	0.0011 (4)
C20	0.0170 (5)	0.0193 (5)	0.0184 (4)	-0.0003 (4)	0.0037 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
C21	0.0150 (4)	0.0149 (5)	0.0168 (4)	0.0006 (4)	0.0049 (3)	-0.0011 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C5	1.2312 (13)	C10—H10	0.973 (15)
O2—C1	1.3606 (13)	C11—C12	1.4209 (17)
O2—C4	1.3754 (12)	C11—H11	0.997 (17)
C1—C2	1.3526 (16)	C12—C13	1.3642 (17)
C1—H1	0.981 (16)	C12—H12	0.996 (16)
C2—C3	1.4235 (15)	C13—C14	1.4342 (14)
C2—H2	0.968 (17)	C13—H13	1.007 (16)
C3—C4	1.3654 (14)	C14—C15	1.3950 (15)
C3—H3	0.974 (15)	C15—C16	1.3959 (14)
C4—C5	1.4609 (14)	C15—H15	0.988 (15)
C5—C6	1.4827 (14)	C16—C17	1.4310 (15)
C6—C7	1.3406 (14)	C16—C21	1.4396 (14)
C6—H6	0.941 (15)	C17—C18	1.3645 (16)
C7—C8	1.4757 (14)	C17—H17	0.972 (15)
C7—H7	1.009 (14)	C18—C19	1.4225 (17)
C8—C21	1.4176 (14)	C18—H18	0.984 (17)
C8—C9	1.4196 (14)	C19—C20	1.3653 (15)
C9—C10	1.4303 (14)	C19—H19	0.975 (14)
C9—C14	1.4353 (14)	C20—C21	1.4346 (14)
C10—C11	1.3701 (15)	C20—H20	0.984 (15)
C1—O2—C4	105.84 (8)	C10—C11—H11	118.7 (9)
C2—C1—O2	111.43 (10)	C12—C11—H11	120.6 (9)
C2—C1—H1	134.0 (9)	C13—C12—C11	120.23 (10)
O2—C1—H1	114.6 (9)	C13—C12—H12	120.8 (9)
C1—C2—C3	106.20 (10)	C11—C12—H12	119.0 (9)
C1—C2—H2	127.0 (10)	C12—C13—C14	120.72 (10)
C3—C2—H2	126.8 (10)	C12—C13—H13	122.1 (9)
C4—C3—C2	106.24 (9)	C14—C13—H13	117.2 (9)
C4—C3—H3	127.2 (9)	C15—C14—C13	121.04 (10)
C2—C3—H3	126.6 (9)	C15—C14—C9	119.63 (9)

C3—C4—O2	110.29 (9)	C13—C14—C9	119.30 (10)
C3—C4—C5	132.80 (9)	C14—C15—C16	121.51 (10)
O2—C4—C5	116.90 (9)	C14—C15—H15	119.0 (8)
O1—C5—C4	121.40 (9)	C16—C15—H15	119.5 (8)
O1—C5—C6	122.66 (9)	C15—C16—C17	120.89 (10)
C4—C5—C6	115.93 (9)	C15—C16—C21	119.67 (9)
C7—C6—C5	120.41 (10)	C17—C16—C21	119.43 (9)
C7—C6—H6	121.6 (9)	C18—C17—C16	121.01 (10)
C5—C6—H6	118.0 (9)	C18—C17—H17	120.7 (9)
C6—C7—C8	124.74 (10)	C16—C17—H17	118.3 (9)
C6—C7—H7	117.9 (8)	C17—C18—C19	119.86 (10)
C8—C7—H7	117.4 (8)	C17—C18—H18	119.4 (9)
C21—C8—C9	119.94 (9)	C19—C18—H18	120.8 (9)
C21—C8—C7	121.30 (9)	C20—C19—C18	120.81 (10)
C9—C8—C7	118.76 (9)	C20—C19—H19	120.0 (9)
C8—C9—C10	122.36 (9)	C18—C19—H19	119.2 (9)
C8—C9—C14	119.68 (9)	C19—C20—C21	121.48 (10)
C10—C9—C14	117.92 (9)	C19—C20—H20	119.7 (8)
C11—C10—C9	121.13 (10)	C21—C20—H20	118.8 (8)
C11—C10—H10	118.9 (8)	C8—C21—C20	123.23 (9)
C9—C10—H10	119.9 (8)	C8—C21—C16	119.46 (9)
C10—C11—C12	120.68 (10)	C20—C21—C16	117.25 (9)
C4—O2—C1—C2	0.05 (12)	C12—C13—C14—C15	178.54 (10)
O2—C1—C2—C3	0.07 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.46 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.16 (12)	C8—C9—C14—C15	-0.25 (15)
C2—C3—C4—O2	0.20 (11)	C10—C9—C14—C15	-177.91 (9)
C2—C3—C4—C5	179.04 (10)	C8—C9—C14—C13	177.85 (9)
C1—O2—C4—C3	-0.16 (11)	C10—C9—C14—C13	0.20 (15)
C1—O2—C4—C5	-179.20 (8)	C13—C14—C15—C16	179.91 (10)
C3—C4—C5—O1	176.89 (11)	C9—C14—C15—C16	-2.01 (16)
O2—C4—C5—O1	-4.33 (14)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-178.97 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-4.22 (16)	C14—C15—C16—C21	1.51 (15)
O2—C4—C5—C6	174.56 (8)	C15—C16—C17—C18	178.56 (10)
O1—C5—C6—C7	2.92 (15)	C21—C16—C17—C18	-1.92 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-175.95 (9)	C16—C17—C18—C19	-1.51 (17)
C5—C6—C7—C8	178.00 (9)	C17—C18—C19—C20	2.45 (17)
C6—C7—C8—C21	-49.44 (15)	C18—C19—C20—C21	0.14 (17)
C6—C7—C8—C9	130.63 (11)	C9—C8—C21—C20	173.77 (9)
C21—C8—C9—C10	-179.46 (9)	C7—C8—C21—C20	-6.16 (15)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.48 (15)	C9—C8—C21—C16	-3.49 (15)
C21—C8—C9—C14	2.99 (15)	C7—C8—C21—C16	176.57 (9)
C7—C8—C9—C14	-177.07 (9)	C19—C20—C21—C8	179.21 (10)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-178.45 (10)	C19—C20—C21—C16	-3.47 (15)
C14—C9—C10—C11	-0.86 (15)	C15—C16—C21—C8	1.27 (15)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.87 (17)	C17—C16—C21—C8	-178.26 (9)
C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.18 (18)	C15—C16—C21—C20	-176.16 (9)
C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.48 (18)	C17—C16—C21—C20	4.31 (14)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C3—H3···O1 ⁱ	0.98 (2)	2.34 (2)	3.2871 (14)	165 (1)
C6—H6···O1 ⁱ	0.94 (2)	2.40 (2)	3.3366 (13)	173 (1)
C19—H19···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.98 (1)	2.47 (1)	3.3419 (13)	148 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$.