

Bis[2-(cyclopropyliminomethyl)-5-methoxyphenolato]zinc(II)

Li-Ming Bai

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Qiqihar University, Qiqihar 161006, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: bailiming68@yahoo.com.cn

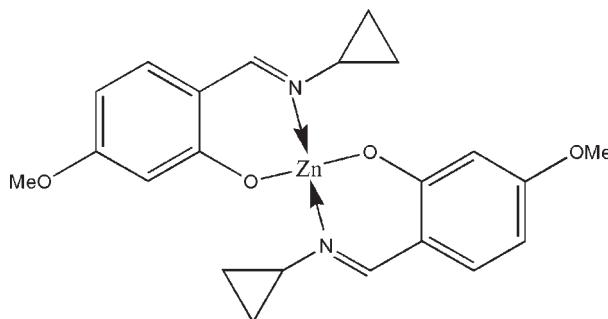
Received 12 April 2010; accepted 12 April 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.126; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.2.

In the title complex, $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{NO}_2)_2]$, the Zn^{2+} ion (site symmetry 2) is coordinated by two N,O -bidentate Schiff base ligands, generating a tetrahedral ZnO_2N_2 geometry for the metal ion.

Related literature

For background to zinc complexes with Schiff bases, see: Maxim *et al.* (2008); Ali *et al.* (2004); Keypour *et al.* (2009); Osowole *et al.* (2008); Kulandaisamy & Thomas (2008). For related structures, see: Wei *et al.* (2007); Li & Zhang (2005); Parvez & Birdsall (1990); Cui *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{12}\text{NO}_2)_2]$
 $M_r = 445.80$
Orthorhombic, $Pbcn$
 $a = 8.9646 (18)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.628 (2)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 22.366 (4)\text{ \AA}$
 $V = 2130.9 (7)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.18\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\text{ K}$
 $0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.773$, $T_{\max} = 0.798$

12146 measured reflections
2424 independent reflections
1492 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.126$
 $S = 1.02$
2424 reflections

133 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$).

Zn1—O1	1.9169 (19)	Zn1—N1	2.017 (3)
O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	117.19 (11)	O1—Zn1—N1	97.10 (9)
O1—Zn1—N1 ⁱ	117.02 (10)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The author acknowledges Qiqihar University for funding this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5404).

References

- Ali, M. A., Mirza, A. H. & Fong, G. A. (2004). *Transition Met. Chem.* **29**, 613–619.
- Bruker (1998). *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Cui, Y.-M., Zhang, X., Liu, L. & Wang, Q. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E65*, m1151.
- Keypour, H., Rezaeivala, M., Valencia, L., Perez-Lourido, P. & Mahmoud-khani, A. H. (2009). *Polyhedron*, **28**, 3415–3418.
- Kulandaisamy, A. & Thomas, M. (2008). *Pol. J. Chem.* **82**, 469–480.
- Li, Z.-X. & Zhang, X.-L. (2005). *Acta Cryst. E61*, m1755–m1756.
- Maxim, C., Pasatouli, T. D., Kravtsov, V. C., Shova, S., Muryn, C. A., Winpenny, R. E. P., Tuna, F. & Andruh, M. (2008). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **361**, 14–15.
- Osowole, A. A., Kolawole, G. A. & Fagade, O. E. (2008). *J. Coord. Chem.* **61**, 1046–1055.
- Parvez, M. & Birdsall, W. J. (1990). *Acta Cryst. C46*, 1434–1437.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
- Wei, Y.-J., Wang, F.-W. & Zhu, Q.-Y. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E63*, m654–m655.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m531 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810013541]

Bis[2-(cyclopropyliminomethyl)-5-methoxyphenolato]zinc(II)

Li-Ming Bai

S1. Comment

Zinc complexes with Schiff bases have attracted much attention in coordination chemistry and biological chemistry (Maxim *et al.*, 2008; Ali *et al.*, 2004; Keypour *et al.*, 2009; Osowole *et al.*, 2008; Kulandaivasamy & Thomas, 2008). In the present paper, the title zinc(II) complex with the Schiff base 2-(cyclopropyliminomethyl)-5-methoxyphenol has been prepared and characterized by X-ray diffraction.

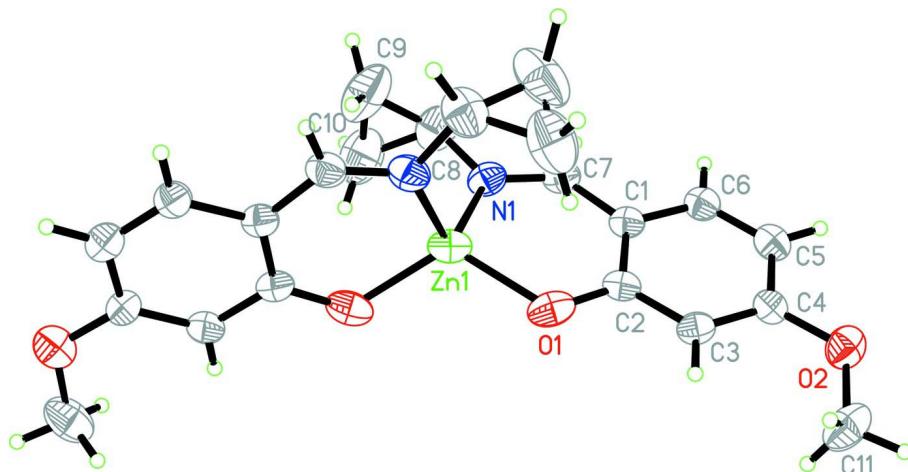
The title zinc complex, Fig. 1, possesses crystallographic two-fold rotation axis symmetry. The Zn atom is coordinated by two phenolic oxygen and two imino N atoms from two Schiff base ligands, generating a tetrahedral geometry. The bond lengths and angles (Table 1) around the Zn atom are typical and comparable to those in other Schiff base zinc(II) complexes (Wei *et al.*, 2007; Li & Zhang, 2005; Parvez & Birdsall, 1990; Cui *et al.*, 2009).

S2. Experimental

2-Hydroxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (0.152 g, 1 mmol) and cyclopropylamine (0.057 g, 1 mmol) were mixed and refluxed in a methanol solution (50 ml) with stirring for 1 h. To the above solution was added a methanol solution (10 ml) of $\text{Zn}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.110 g, 0.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at reflux for another 1 h, and cooled to room temperature. After keeping the solution in air for a few days, colourless blocks of (I) were formed.

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with C–H distances in the range 0.93–0.97 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ set at 1.2 $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and 1.5 U_{eq} (methyl C).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Unlabeled atoms are at the symmetry position 1 - x, y, 3/2 - z.

Bis[2-(cyclopropyliminomethyl)-5-methoxyphenolato]zinc(II)

Crystal data

$[Zn(C_{11}H_{12}NO_2)_2]$

$M_r = 445.80$

Orthorhombic, $Pbcn$

Hall symbol: -P 2n 2ab

$a = 8.9646 (18) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.628 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 22.366 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 2130.9 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 928$

$D_x = 1.390 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1989 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}24.5^\circ$

$\mu = 1.18 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.773$, $T_{\max} = 0.798$

12146 measured reflections

2424 independent reflections

1492 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$

$h = -7 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -28 \rightarrow 28$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$

$wR(F^2) = 0.126$

$S = 1.02$

2424 reflections

133 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0608P)^2 + 0.4149P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.5000	0.55230 (4)	0.7500	0.0614 (2)
N1	0.3162 (3)	0.4471 (2)	0.73578 (11)	0.0623 (7)
O1	0.4246 (2)	0.64630 (17)	0.81662 (9)	0.0670 (6)
O2	0.1210 (2)	0.7046 (2)	0.98928 (9)	0.0731 (6)
C1	0.2075 (3)	0.5152 (2)	0.83071 (12)	0.0514 (7)
C2	0.3079 (3)	0.6121 (2)	0.84814 (12)	0.0516 (7)
C3	0.2785 (3)	0.6755 (2)	0.90190 (12)	0.0552 (7)
H3	0.3418	0.7402	0.9139	0.066*
C4	0.1583 (3)	0.6445 (3)	0.93745 (12)	0.0545 (7)
C5	0.0621 (4)	0.5468 (3)	0.92121 (13)	0.0585 (7)
H5	-0.0177	0.5243	0.9455	0.070*
C6	0.0882 (3)	0.4853 (3)	0.86889 (13)	0.0569 (7)
H6	0.0240	0.4206	0.8579	0.068*
C7	0.2158 (4)	0.4431 (2)	0.77678 (15)	0.0597 (7)
H7	0.1386	0.3860	0.7706	0.072*
C8	0.2943 (4)	0.3637 (4)	0.68479 (16)	0.0864 (10)
H8	0.2062	0.3092	0.6868	0.104*
C9	0.4218 (5)	0.3109 (5)	0.6553 (2)	0.1302 (19)
H9A	0.4138	0.2255	0.6403	0.156*
H9B	0.5198	0.3341	0.6700	0.156*
C10	0.3341 (6)	0.4067 (5)	0.6265 (2)	0.1273 (17)
H10A	0.3771	0.4901	0.6230	0.153*
H10B	0.2711	0.3815	0.5933	0.153*
C11	0.1961 (5)	0.8193 (3)	1.00303 (15)	0.0968 (12)
H11A	0.3005	0.8029	1.0085	0.145*
H11B	0.1555	0.8543	1.0391	0.145*
H11C	0.1828	0.8778	0.9708	0.145*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0615 (4)	0.0490 (3)	0.0737 (4)	0.000	0.0197 (2)	0.000
N1	0.0615 (17)	0.0554 (14)	0.0701 (17)	0.0017 (12)	0.0063 (12)	-0.0116 (12)
O1	0.0642 (13)	0.0551 (11)	0.0817 (14)	-0.0132 (10)	0.0280 (11)	-0.0105 (10)
O2	0.0773 (15)	0.0828 (15)	0.0593 (13)	-0.0106 (12)	0.0155 (10)	-0.0056 (11)
C1	0.0463 (16)	0.0465 (14)	0.0613 (17)	0.0000 (12)	0.0041 (13)	0.0014 (13)

C2	0.0491 (16)	0.0423 (14)	0.0636 (17)	0.0024 (12)	0.0075 (13)	0.0035 (13)
C3	0.0554 (17)	0.0466 (15)	0.0634 (17)	-0.0047 (13)	0.0062 (13)	-0.0015 (13)
C4	0.0557 (17)	0.0542 (16)	0.0537 (16)	0.0038 (13)	0.0006 (13)	0.0056 (13)
C5	0.0490 (16)	0.0639 (18)	0.0625 (18)	-0.0016 (14)	0.0079 (14)	0.0116 (15)
C6	0.0468 (17)	0.0561 (17)	0.0677 (19)	-0.0050 (13)	0.0014 (13)	0.0055 (14)
C7	0.0516 (18)	0.0504 (16)	0.0771 (19)	-0.0014 (14)	0.0008 (16)	-0.0037 (15)
C8	0.074 (2)	0.102 (3)	0.083 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.0097 (19)	-0.021 (2)
C9	0.078 (3)	0.156 (4)	0.157 (4)	0.030 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.095 (4)
C10	0.127 (4)	0.164 (5)	0.091 (3)	-0.015 (4)	0.004 (3)	-0.027 (3)
C11	0.113 (3)	0.097 (3)	0.080 (3)	-0.024 (2)	0.021 (2)	-0.031 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Zn1—O1	1.9169 (19)	C5—C6	1.360 (4)
Zn1—O1 ⁱ	1.9169 (19)	C5—H5	0.9300
Zn1—N1 ⁱ	2.017 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
Zn1—N1	2.017 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—C7	1.286 (4)	C8—C10	1.427 (5)
N1—C8	1.458 (4)	C8—C9	1.434 (5)
O1—C2	1.313 (3)	C8—H8	0.9800
O2—C4	1.366 (3)	C9—C10	1.439 (7)
O2—C11	1.426 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.405 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.422 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C1—C7	1.431 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.403 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.380 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—H11C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.398 (4)		
O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	117.19 (11)	C1—C6—H6	118.5
O1—Zn1—N1 ⁱ	117.02 (10)	N1—C7—C1	128.3 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1 ⁱ	97.10 (9)	N1—C7—H7	115.9
O1—Zn1—N1	97.10 (9)	C1—C7—H7	115.9
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1	117.02 (10)	C10—C8—C9	60.4 (3)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1	112.64 (14)	C10—C8—N1	119.1 (4)
C7—N1—C8	116.3 (3)	C9—C8—N1	119.4 (3)
C7—N1—Zn1	118.6 (2)	C10—C8—H8	115.6
C8—N1—Zn1	124.8 (2)	C9—C8—H8	115.6
C2—O1—Zn1	123.65 (17)	N1—C8—H8	115.6
C4—O2—C11	117.9 (2)	C8—C9—C10	59.6 (3)
C6—C1—C2	118.6 (3)	C8—C9—H9A	117.8
C6—C1—C7	115.5 (3)	C10—C9—H9A	117.8
C2—C1—C7	125.9 (3)	C8—C9—H9B	117.8
O1—C2—C3	118.5 (2)	C10—C9—H9B	117.8
O1—C2—C1	123.9 (2)	H9A—C9—H9B	115.0
C3—C2—C1	117.7 (2)	C8—C10—C9	60.0 (3)
C4—C3—C2	121.7 (3)	C8—C10—H10A	117.8

C4—C3—H3	119.1	C9—C10—H10A	117.8
C2—C3—H3	119.1	C8—C10—H10B	117.8
O2—C4—C3	124.7 (3)	C9—C10—H10B	117.8
O2—C4—C5	114.7 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	114.9
C3—C4—C5	120.7 (3)	O2—C11—H11A	109.5
C6—C5—C4	118.3 (3)	O2—C11—H11B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.8	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.8	O2—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	123.1 (3)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	118.5	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$.