

4-[(Dimethylamino)methylidene]-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,3-oxazol-5(4H)-one

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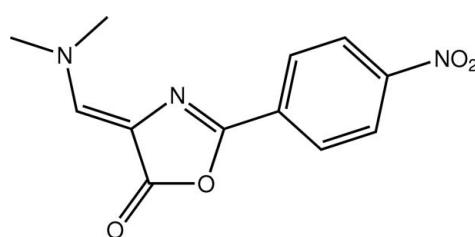
Received 14 April 2010; accepted 19 May 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 120\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.065; wR factor = 0.220; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

The title molecule, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$, is essentially planar, the r.m.s. deviation for all non-H atoms being 0.068 \AA . An intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond occurs. The crystal packing is dominated by $\pi-\pi$ interactions [shortest centroid-centroid distance = $3.6312(16)\text{ \AA}$], which lead to supramolecular chains that are linked into a three-dimensional network via $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts. The crystal was found to be a non-merohedral twin (twin law $-1\ 0\ 0/0 -1\ 0/\ 0.784\ 0\ 1$), the fractional contribution of the minor component being approximately 22%.

Related literature

For the synthesis, synthetic uses and properties of 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-aryl-2-oxazolin-5-one derivatives, see: Singh & Singh (1994, 2008); Takahashi & Izawa (2005); Singh *et al.* (1994); Kmetic & Stanovnik (1995). For the Vilsmeier–Haack reaction, see: Meth-Cohn & Stanforth (1991). For related structures, see Vasuki *et al.* (2002); Vijayalakshmi *et al.* (1998). For the treatment of twinned diffraction data, see: Spek (2009).



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Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$	$V = 1133.15(6)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 261.24$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.5313(2)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.12\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 9.5204(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 120\text{ K}$
$c = 13.0349(4)\text{ \AA}$	$0.42 \times 0.38 \times 0.22\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 106.661(2)^\circ$	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer	14210 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2007)	2581 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.661$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$	2030 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.065$	176 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.220$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.19$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2581 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}5-\text{H}5\text{c}\cdots\text{N}1$	0.98	2.28	3.074 (5)	137
$\text{C}5-\text{H}5\text{a}\cdots\text{O}2^i$	0.98	2.53	3.504 (4)	177
$\text{C}5-\text{H}5\text{c}\cdots\text{O}4^{ii}$	0.98	2.57	3.259 (5)	127
$\text{C}9-\text{H}9\cdots\text{O}1^{iii}$	0.95	2.56	3.304 (4)	135
$\text{C}11-\text{H}11\cdots\text{O}2^{iv}$	0.95	2.45	3.144 (4)	130

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The use of the EPSRC X-ray crystallographic service at the University of Southampton, England, and the valuable assistance of the staff there is gratefully acknowledged. JLW acknowledges support from CAPES (Brazil).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: EZ2209).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1450–o1451 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810018635]

4-[(Dimethylamino)methylidene]-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,3-oxazol-5(4H)-one

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S1. Comment

The preparations of 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-aryl-2-oxazolin-5-one derivatives have been reported using the Vilsmeier-Haack reactions (Meth-Cohn & Stanforth, 1991) of acylaminoacetanilides with POCl_3 and DMF (Singh & Singh, 1994; Takahashi & Izawa, 2005; Singh *et al.*, 1994; Kmetic & Stanovnik, 1995). The compounds have been used as precursors of 4-hydroxymethylene-2-aryl-2-oxazolin-5-one, which have been tested for anti-bacterial activities (Singh & Singh, 2008). The crystal structures of 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-phenyl-2-oxazolin-5-one (Vasuki *et al.*, 2002) and 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-oxazolin-5-one (Vijayalakshmi *et al.*, 1998) have been reported. We now report the crystal structure of 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-oxazolin-5-one, (I).

The molecule of (I), Fig. 1, is essentially planar with the maximum deviations from the least-squares plane through all non-hydrogen atoms being 0.157 (4) Å for atom C5 and -0.158 (3) for atom O4; the r.m.s. = 0.068 Å. The sequence of C1–N1, N1–C2, C2–C4, and C4–N2 bond distances of 1.289 (4), 1.398 (4), 1.382 (5), and 1.317 (4) Å, respectively, indicate substantial delocalisation of π -electron density over these atoms. The geometric parameters in (I) match closely those found in the parent compound, namely 4-(*N,N*-dimethylaminomethylene)-2-phenyl-2-oxazolin-5-one (Vasuki *et al.*, 2002) and in the 2-nitro derivative (Vijayalakshmi *et al.*, 1998).

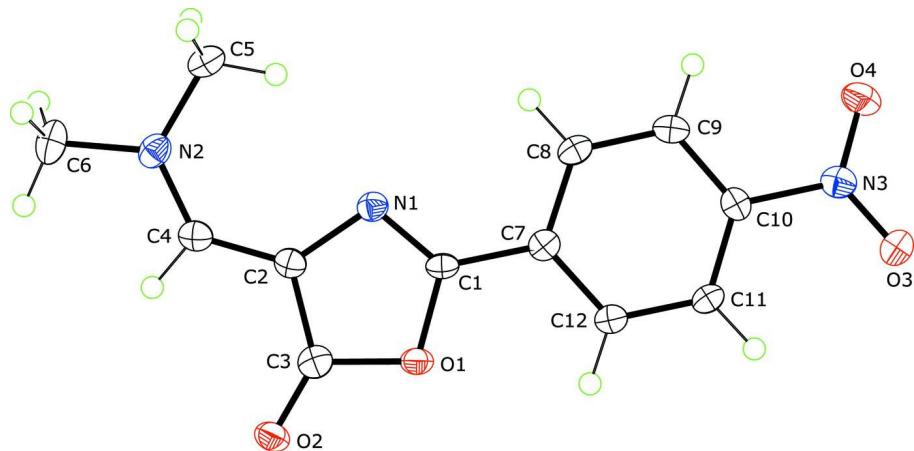
The crystal packing is dominated by C–H···O and π – π interactions; the N1 atom of the oxazolin-5-one is involved in an intramolecular C–H···N contact that shields this atom from forming intermolecular interactions, Table 1. Columns of molecules orientated along the *b* axis are stabilised by π – π contacts with the shortest of these occurring between centrosymmetrically related benzene rings [ring centroid(C7–C12)···ring centroid(C7–C12)ⁱ = 3.6312 (16) Å for *i*: 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 2-*z*]. The benzene rings also form π – π interactions with the oxazolin-5-one rings [ring centroid(C7–C12)···ring centroid(O1,N1,C1–C3)ⁱⁱ = 3.7645 (17) Å for *ii*: 1-*x*, -*y*, 2-*z*] to form a supramolecular chain, Fig. 2. The chains are connected by a series of C–H···O contacts, Table 1, to form a 3-D network, Fig. 3.

S2. Experimental

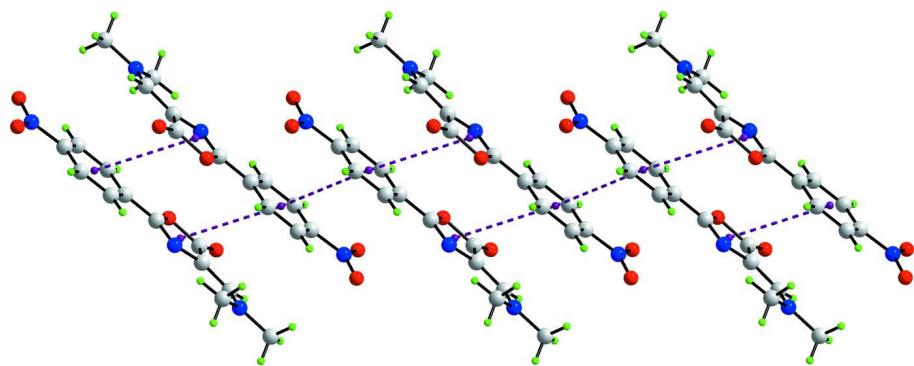
The title compound was prepared as per published procedures (Singh & Singh, 1994; Singh *et al.*, 1994). Physical properties were in agreement with published data. The crystal used in the structure determination was grown from EtOH solution.

S3. Refinement

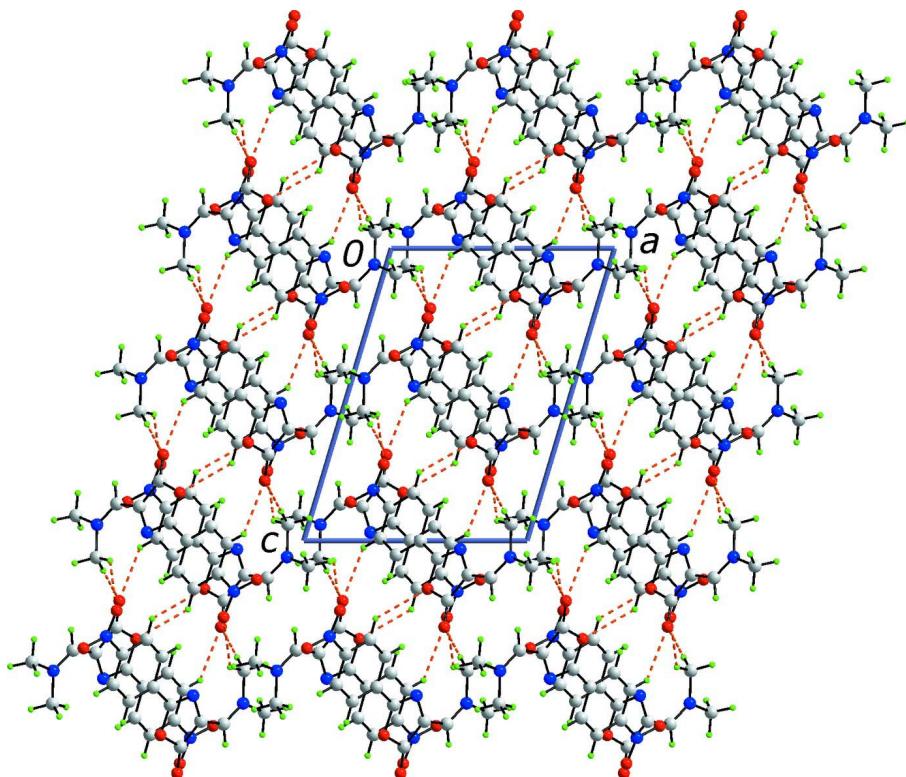
The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (C–H = 0.95–0.98 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. For the treatment of twinned diffraction data, see: Spek (2009).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view of the supramolecular chain aligned along the *b* axis in (I) sustained by $\pi-\pi$ intercations (purple dashed lines). Colour code: O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

**Figure 3**

View of the connections between chains in (I) with the C–H \cdots O interactions shown as orange dashed lines. Colour code: O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

4-[(Dimethylamino)methylidene]-2-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,3-oxazol-5(4*H*)-one

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₁N₃O₄
 $M_r = 261.24$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 9.5313 (2)$ Å
 $b = 9.5204 (3)$ Å
 $c = 13.0349 (4)$ Å
 $\beta = 106.661 (2)$ °
 $V = 1133.15 (6)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 544$
 $D_x = 1.531 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 2714 reflections
 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5$ °
 $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 120$ K
Block, red
0.42 \times 0.38 \times 0.22 mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector
diffractometer

$T_{\min} = 0.661$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating
anode

14210 measured reflections

10 cm confocal mirrors monochromator

2581 independent reflections

Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm⁻¹

2030 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

φ and ω scans

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)

$\theta_{\max} = 27.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1$ °

$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.065$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.220$$

$$S = 1.19$$

2581 reflections

176 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0936P)^2 + 1.6594P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.018 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.3806 (2)	0.5986 (2)	0.33548 (17)	0.0197 (5)
O2	0.2556 (3)	0.4481 (2)	0.20576 (17)	0.0239 (6)
O3	0.8419 (3)	1.1001 (3)	0.6327 (2)	0.0324 (6)
O4	0.7443 (3)	1.0746 (3)	0.76142 (19)	0.0307 (6)
N1	0.2875 (3)	0.5457 (3)	0.4711 (2)	0.0180 (6)
N2	0.0528 (3)	0.3059 (3)	0.4441 (2)	0.0203 (6)
N3	0.7556 (3)	1.0430 (3)	0.6733 (2)	0.0209 (6)
C1	0.3786 (3)	0.6220 (3)	0.4393 (2)	0.0166 (6)
C2	0.2186 (3)	0.4617 (3)	0.3831 (2)	0.0179 (6)
C3	0.2761 (3)	0.4921 (3)	0.2958 (2)	0.0195 (7)
C4	0.1130 (3)	0.3590 (3)	0.3735 (2)	0.0189 (7)
H4	0.0778	0.3199	0.3038	0.023*
C5	0.0939 (4)	0.3462 (4)	0.5569 (3)	0.0237 (7)
H5A	0.1378	0.2655	0.6012	0.036*
H5B	0.0066	0.3768	0.5761	0.036*
H5C	0.1649	0.4233	0.5691	0.036*
C6	-0.0548 (4)	0.1947 (4)	0.4138 (3)	0.0284 (8)
H6A	-0.0780	0.1778	0.3366	0.043*
H6B	-0.1440	0.2223	0.4317	0.043*
H6C	-0.0152	0.1086	0.4526	0.043*
C7	0.4765 (3)	0.7290 (3)	0.4994 (2)	0.0168 (6)
C8	0.4797 (3)	0.7571 (3)	0.6051 (2)	0.0184 (6)
H8	0.4184	0.7056	0.6375	0.022*

C9	0.5715 (3)	0.8590 (3)	0.6624 (2)	0.0185 (6)
H9	0.5735	0.8794	0.7342	0.022*
C10	0.6608 (3)	0.9314 (3)	0.6135 (2)	0.0178 (6)
C11	0.6608 (3)	0.9058 (3)	0.5089 (2)	0.0173 (6)
H11	0.7231	0.9571	0.4772	0.021*
C12	0.5676 (3)	0.8035 (3)	0.4519 (2)	0.0175 (6)
H12	0.5655	0.7838	0.3800	0.021*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0239 (12)	0.0203 (11)	0.0177 (11)	-0.0022 (9)	0.0105 (9)	-0.0010 (8)
O2	0.0307 (13)	0.0242 (12)	0.0187 (11)	-0.0017 (10)	0.0100 (10)	-0.0029 (9)
O3	0.0323 (14)	0.0382 (15)	0.0291 (13)	-0.0147 (12)	0.0127 (11)	-0.0044 (11)
O4	0.0397 (15)	0.0328 (14)	0.0219 (12)	-0.0061 (12)	0.0125 (11)	-0.0075 (10)
N1	0.0195 (13)	0.0171 (12)	0.0183 (13)	0.0003 (10)	0.0067 (10)	0.0004 (10)
N2	0.0209 (13)	0.0163 (13)	0.0248 (13)	0.0015 (11)	0.0082 (11)	0.0025 (10)
N3	0.0219 (13)	0.0210 (13)	0.0195 (13)	0.0017 (12)	0.0056 (11)	0.0024 (11)
C1	0.0193 (14)	0.0179 (14)	0.0143 (13)	0.0046 (12)	0.0073 (11)	0.0029 (11)
C2	0.0198 (15)	0.0172 (14)	0.0173 (14)	0.0032 (12)	0.0065 (12)	0.0009 (11)
C3	0.0218 (15)	0.0165 (14)	0.0207 (15)	0.0022 (12)	0.0068 (12)	0.0030 (12)
C4	0.0222 (16)	0.0156 (14)	0.0198 (15)	0.0042 (12)	0.0076 (12)	0.0024 (11)
C5	0.0270 (17)	0.0235 (16)	0.0246 (16)	0.0024 (14)	0.0136 (14)	0.0033 (13)
C6	0.0247 (17)	0.0210 (16)	0.039 (2)	-0.0050 (14)	0.0077 (15)	0.0059 (14)
C7	0.0182 (15)	0.0145 (14)	0.0185 (14)	0.0035 (12)	0.0062 (12)	0.0022 (11)
C8	0.0201 (15)	0.0188 (15)	0.0184 (14)	0.0018 (12)	0.0089 (12)	0.0040 (12)
C9	0.0215 (15)	0.0193 (15)	0.0158 (13)	0.0052 (13)	0.0070 (12)	0.0030 (12)
C10	0.0174 (14)	0.0152 (14)	0.0198 (15)	0.0025 (12)	0.0036 (12)	-0.0005 (11)
C11	0.0180 (14)	0.0175 (14)	0.0178 (14)	0.0023 (12)	0.0073 (11)	0.0035 (11)
C12	0.0193 (14)	0.0184 (14)	0.0169 (14)	0.0029 (12)	0.0086 (12)	0.0014 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.377 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9800
O1—C3	1.411 (4)	C5—H5C	0.9800
O2—C3	1.209 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9800
O3—N3	1.226 (4)	C6—H6B	0.9800
O4—N3	1.222 (4)	C6—H6C	0.9800
N1—C1	1.289 (4)	C7—C8	1.394 (4)
N1—C2	1.398 (4)	C7—C12	1.396 (4)
N2—C4	1.317 (4)	C8—C9	1.375 (4)
N2—C6	1.448 (4)	C8—H8	0.9500
N2—C5	1.460 (4)	C9—C10	1.385 (4)
N3—C10	1.466 (4)	C9—H9	0.9500
C1—C7	1.450 (4)	C10—C11	1.385 (4)
C2—C4	1.382 (5)	C11—C12	1.383 (4)
C2—C3	1.428 (4)	C11—H11	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500

C5—H5A	0.9800		
C1—O1—C3	105.6 (2)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
C1—N1—C2	105.0 (2)	N2—C6—H6A	109.5
C4—N2—C6	120.5 (3)	N2—C6—H6B	109.5
C4—N2—C5	123.9 (3)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
C6—N2—C5	115.5 (3)	N2—C6—H6C	109.5
O4—N3—O3	123.2 (3)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
O4—N3—C10	118.1 (3)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
O3—N3—C10	118.7 (3)	C8—C7—C12	120.0 (3)
N1—C1—O1	115.2 (3)	C8—C7—C1	119.8 (3)
N1—C1—C7	127.6 (3)	C12—C7—C1	120.2 (3)
O1—C1—C7	117.2 (3)	C9—C8—C7	120.2 (3)
C4—C2—N1	129.6 (3)	C9—C8—H8	119.9
C4—C2—C3	120.5 (3)	C7—C8—H8	119.9
N1—C2—C3	109.9 (3)	C8—C9—C10	118.7 (3)
O2—C3—O1	120.4 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.7
O2—C3—C2	135.4 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.7
O1—C3—C2	104.3 (2)	C11—C10—C9	122.7 (3)
N2—C4—C2	131.3 (3)	C11—C10—N3	118.5 (3)
N2—C4—H4	114.4	C9—C10—N3	118.8 (3)
C2—C4—H4	114.4	C12—C11—C10	118.1 (3)
N2—C5—H5A	109.5	C12—C11—H11	120.9
N2—C5—H5B	109.5	C10—C11—H11	120.9
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	C11—C12—C7	120.4 (3)
N2—C5—H5C	109.5	C11—C12—H12	119.8
H5A—C5—H5C	109.5	C7—C12—H12	119.8
C2—N1—C1—O1	-0.3 (3)	O1—C1—C7—C8	-179.8 (3)
C2—N1—C1—C7	179.1 (3)	N1—C1—C7—C12	-179.3 (3)
C3—O1—C1—N1	-0.1 (3)	O1—C1—C7—C12	0.1 (4)
C3—O1—C1—C7	-179.5 (3)	C12—C7—C8—C9	0.6 (5)
C1—N1—C2—C4	178.8 (3)	C1—C7—C8—C9	-179.5 (3)
C1—N1—C2—C3	0.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.7 (5)
C1—O1—C3—O2	-178.9 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.4 (5)
C1—O1—C3—C2	0.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N3	178.2 (3)
C4—C2—C3—O2	0.1 (6)	O4—N3—C10—C11	172.7 (3)
N1—C2—C3—O2	178.6 (4)	O3—N3—C10—C11	-7.1 (4)
C4—C2—C3—O1	-179.1 (3)	O4—N3—C10—C9	-5.1 (4)
N1—C2—C3—O1	-0.6 (3)	O3—N3—C10—C9	175.0 (3)
C6—N2—C4—C2	-178.4 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.1 (5)
C5—N2—C4—C2	-2.4 (5)	N3—C10—C11—C12	-177.9 (3)
N1—C2—C4—N2	-3.9 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.1 (4)
C3—C2—C4—N2	174.2 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.3 (4)
N1—C1—C7—C8	0.9 (5)	C1—C7—C12—C11	179.8 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H···A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H···A</i>	<i>D···A</i>	<i>D—H···A</i>
C5—H5c···N1	0.98	2.28	3.074 (5)	137
C5—H5a···O2 ⁱ	0.98	2.53	3.504 (4)	177
C5—H5c···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.57	3.259 (5)	127
C9—H9···O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.56	3.304 (4)	135
C11—H11···O2 ^{iv}	0.95	2.45	3.144 (4)	130

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $x, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.