

1-(5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-chromen-6-yl)ethan-1-one

Bingjing Liu, Guangying Chen,* Changchun Cen, Xinming Song and Changri Han

Key Laboratory of Tropical Medicinal Plant Chemistry of the Ministry of Education, Hainan Normal University, College of Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Hainan Normal University, Haikou 571158, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: chgying123@163.com

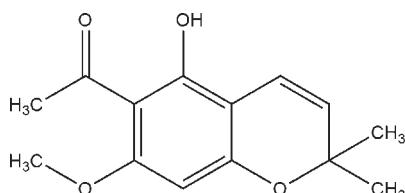
Received 28 April 2010; accepted 18 May 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.059; wR factor = 0.159; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.3.

The title chromene, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$, was isolated from the stems of *Polyalthia plagioneura* Diels. The molecular structure is stabilized by an intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond, which generates an *S*(6) ring. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions, generating [010] chains.

Related literature

For medicinal and botanical background to the title compound, see: Allan *et al.* (1969); Manandhar *et al.* (1985); Li *et al.* (1997).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$	$c = 11.2878(14)\text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 248.28$	$\alpha = 77.948(1)^\circ$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$\beta = 77.411(1)^\circ$
$a = 7.3797(9)\text{ \AA}$	$\gamma = 84.465(2)^\circ$
$b = 8.0066(10)\text{ \AA}$	$V = 635.67(14)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\text{ K}$
 $0.45 \times 0.40 \times 0.39\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.959$, $T_{\max} = 0.964$

3335 measured reflections
2217 independent reflections
1361 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.159$
 $S = 1.08$
2217 reflections

167 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O2—H2 \cdots O3	0.82	1.75	2.479 (2)	147
C8—H8 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.374 (3)	162

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

This work was supported by the National Natural Science Foundation of China (20862005), the Program for New Century Excellent Talents in Universities (NCET-08-0656) and the University Graduate Student Innovation Science Research Project of Hainan Province (No. Hxwsy2009-10).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5429).

References

- Allan, R. D., Correll, R. L. & Wells, R. J. (1969). *Tetrahedron Lett.* **53**, 4669–4672.
- Bruker (1997). *SMART*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Li, G. L., Zeng, J. F., Song, C. Q. & Zhu, D. Y. (1997). *Phytochemistry*, **44**, 1175–1178.
- Manandhar, M. D., Hussaini, F. A., Kapil, R. S. & Shoeb, A. (1985). *Phytochemistry*, **24**, 199–200.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1441 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810018374]

1-(5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-chromen-6-yl)ethan-1-one

Bingjing Liu, Guangying Chen, Changchun Cen, Xinming Song and Changri Han

S1. Comment

The title chromene was isolated from plants such as *Remirea maritima* (Allan *et al.*, 1969), *Euodia lunu-ankenda* (Manandhar *et al.*, 1985) and *Evodia lepta* (Li *et al.*, 1997). In our ongoing studies of natural products with biological activity we isolated the chromene from the 75% EtOH extract of the stems of *Polyalthia plagioneura*, a plant used as a folk medicine which were collected from Bawangling, Hainan Province, P. R. China. We have undertaken the X-ray crystal structure analysis of the title compound in order to establish its molecular structure and relative stereochemistry.

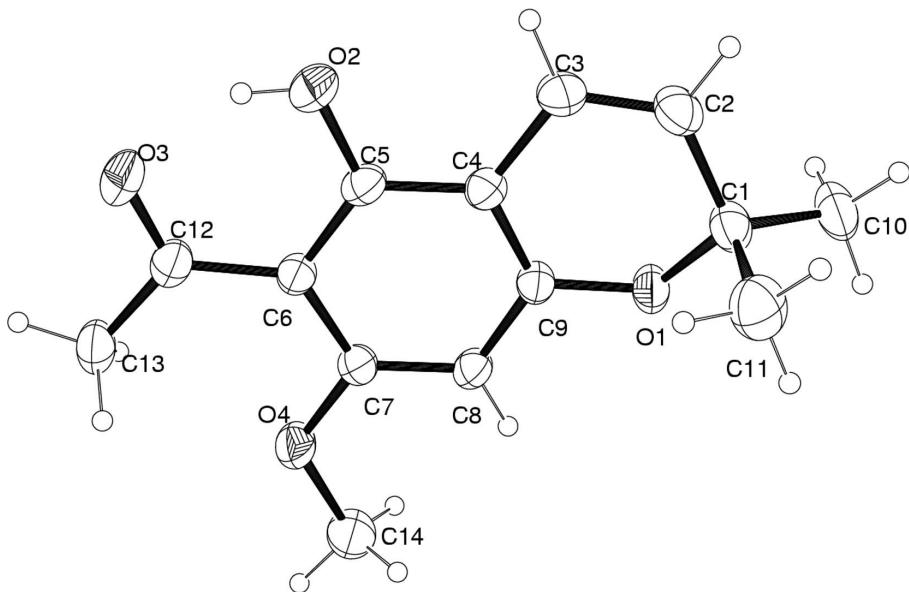
The hydrogen bonds and angles are listed in Table 1.

S2. Experimental

Air-dried stems of *Polyalthia plagioneura* (20 kg) were ground and percolated (4×3 h) with 75% EtOH at 60°C, which was suspended in 5 L water and then partitioned with chloroform, ethyl acetate and n-BuOH, successively, yielding a chloroform extract, an ethyl acetate extract and a n-BuOH extract, respectively. The chloroform extract was subjected to a silica gel CC column using petroleum ether as first eluent and then increasing the polarity with EtOAc, to afford 33 fractions. Fraction 5 was further separated by column chromatography with a gradient of chloroform–ether–EtOAc to give the title compound. The crude product was recrystallised from ethyl acetate to yield colourless blocks of (I).

S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to C atoms were placed in geometrically calculated position and were refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 \text{ Ueq}(\text{C})$. H atoms attached to O atoms were found in a difference Fourier synthesis and were refined using a riding model, with the O—H distances fixed as initially found and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ values set at 1.5 $\text{Ueq}(\text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

1-(5-Hydroxy-7-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-2H-chromen-6-yl)ethan-1-one

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{16}O_4$
 $M_r = 248.28$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 7.3797 (9)$ Å
 $b = 8.0066 (10)$ Å
 $c = 11.2878 (14)$ Å
 $\alpha = 77.948 (1)^\circ$
 $\beta = 77.411 (1)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 84.465 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 635.67 (14)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 264$
 $D_x = 1.297 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 1208 reflections
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}24.1^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$
Block, colourless
 $0.45 \times 0.40 \times 0.39 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.959$, $T_{\max} = 0.964$

3335 measured reflections
2217 independent reflections
1361 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.159$
 $S = 1.08$
2217 reflections

167 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0801P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.1836 (2)	0.20248 (18)	0.25325 (13)	0.0529 (5)
O2	0.2390 (2)	0.76852 (19)	0.29434 (15)	0.0659 (5)
H2	0.2508	0.8241	0.3453	0.099*
O3	0.2742 (3)	0.8220 (2)	0.49648 (17)	0.0720 (6)
O4	0.2615 (2)	0.30717 (19)	0.63521 (13)	0.0604 (5)
C1	0.2377 (3)	0.2453 (3)	0.11859 (19)	0.0534 (7)
C2	0.2004 (4)	0.4317 (3)	0.0732 (2)	0.0584 (7)
H2A	0.1813	0.4684	-0.0072	0.070*
C3	0.1938 (3)	0.5467 (3)	0.1434 (2)	0.0546 (7)
H3	0.1751	0.6624	0.1116	0.066*
C4	0.2160 (3)	0.4900 (3)	0.27044 (19)	0.0431 (6)
C5	0.2349 (3)	0.6020 (3)	0.3466 (2)	0.0451 (6)
C6	0.2498 (3)	0.5431 (3)	0.47159 (19)	0.0419 (5)
C7	0.2432 (3)	0.3632 (3)	0.51639 (19)	0.0429 (6)
C8	0.2232 (3)	0.2528 (3)	0.44272 (19)	0.0433 (5)
H8	0.2184	0.1360	0.4741	0.052*
C9	0.2101 (3)	0.3175 (3)	0.32112 (19)	0.0411 (5)
C10	0.1212 (4)	0.1353 (3)	0.0740 (2)	0.0695 (8)
H10A	0.1443	0.0172	0.1090	0.104*
H10B	0.1534	0.1517	-0.0146	0.104*
H10C	-0.0081	0.1672	0.0992	0.104*
C11	0.4434 (4)	0.1947 (4)	0.0849 (2)	0.0791 (8)
H11A	0.5131	0.2610	0.1191	0.119*
H11B	0.4831	0.2157	-0.0035	0.119*
H11C	0.4640	0.0754	0.1176	0.119*
C12	0.2686 (3)	0.6685 (3)	0.5448 (2)	0.0501 (6)
C13	0.2816 (3)	0.6241 (3)	0.6777 (2)	0.0598 (7)
H13A	0.2903	0.7267	0.7070	0.090*
H13B	0.3900	0.5500	0.6867	0.090*
H13C	0.1727	0.5670	0.7251	0.090*

C14	0.2647 (4)	0.1275 (3)	0.6819 (2)	0.0717 (8)
H14A	0.1481	0.0845	0.6811	0.108*
H14B	0.2846	0.1051	0.7652	0.108*
H14C	0.3635	0.0720	0.6310	0.108*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0793 (12)	0.0426 (10)	0.0413 (9)	-0.0099 (8)	-0.0147 (8)	-0.0124 (7)
O2	0.0982 (14)	0.0346 (10)	0.0677 (11)	-0.0076 (8)	-0.0267 (10)	-0.0039 (8)
O3	0.1000 (15)	0.0432 (11)	0.0818 (13)	-0.0087 (9)	-0.0265 (10)	-0.0213 (9)
O4	0.0955 (14)	0.0452 (10)	0.0444 (9)	-0.0021 (8)	-0.0218 (8)	-0.0104 (8)
C1	0.0680 (18)	0.0559 (16)	0.0383 (12)	-0.0089 (12)	-0.0100 (11)	-0.0119 (11)
C2	0.0750 (18)	0.0597 (17)	0.0403 (13)	-0.0108 (13)	-0.0151 (12)	-0.0023 (12)
C3	0.0694 (17)	0.0430 (14)	0.0500 (14)	-0.0079 (11)	-0.0164 (12)	0.0010 (11)
C4	0.0455 (14)	0.0384 (13)	0.0461 (13)	-0.0026 (10)	-0.0111 (10)	-0.0077 (10)
C5	0.0464 (14)	0.0335 (12)	0.0547 (14)	-0.0029 (9)	-0.0110 (10)	-0.0059 (10)
C6	0.0422 (13)	0.0392 (13)	0.0467 (13)	-0.0003 (10)	-0.0109 (10)	-0.0126 (10)
C7	0.0487 (14)	0.0425 (13)	0.0374 (12)	-0.0004 (10)	-0.0089 (10)	-0.0087 (10)
C8	0.0545 (15)	0.0321 (12)	0.0432 (12)	-0.0029 (10)	-0.0097 (10)	-0.0069 (10)
C9	0.0452 (14)	0.0394 (13)	0.0410 (12)	-0.0041 (10)	-0.0089 (10)	-0.0114 (10)
C10	0.097 (2)	0.0722 (19)	0.0490 (14)	-0.0204 (15)	-0.0228 (14)	-0.0173 (13)
C11	0.076 (2)	0.092 (2)	0.0690 (18)	-0.0014 (15)	-0.0054 (15)	-0.0255 (16)
C12	0.0460 (14)	0.0452 (15)	0.0628 (15)	-0.0024 (11)	-0.0109 (11)	-0.0191 (12)
C13	0.0643 (17)	0.0611 (17)	0.0636 (16)	-0.0029 (12)	-0.0148 (12)	-0.0322 (13)
C14	0.113 (2)	0.0547 (17)	0.0450 (14)	-0.0050 (15)	-0.0215 (14)	0.0016 (12)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

O1—C9	1.367 (2)	C6—C12	1.460 (3)
O1—C1	1.460 (2)	C7—C8	1.371 (3)
O2—C5	1.341 (2)	C8—C9	1.383 (3)
O2—H2	0.8200	C8—H8	0.9300
O3—C12	1.237 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
O4—C7	1.354 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9600
O4—C14	1.424 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.493 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C1—C10	1.513 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C1—C11	1.519 (3)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.326 (3)	C12—C13	1.490 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.451 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13C	0.9600
C4—C9	1.381 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.401 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.415 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C6—C7	1.426 (3)		

C9—O1—C1	118.89 (16)	O1—C9—C4	120.78 (18)
C5—O2—H2	109.5	O1—C9—C8	116.67 (18)
C7—O4—C14	118.00 (17)	C4—C9—C8	122.51 (19)
O1—C1—C2	110.59 (18)	C1—C10—H10A	109.5
O1—C1—C10	104.22 (17)	C1—C10—H10B	109.5
C2—C1—C10	112.3 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
O1—C1—C11	106.92 (19)	C1—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C1—C11	111.2 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C10—C1—C11	111.3 (2)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	122.2 (2)	C1—C11—H11A	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	118.9	C1—C11—H11B	109.5
C1—C2—H2A	118.9	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	119.3 (2)	C1—C11—H11C	109.5
C2—C3—H3	120.3	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.3	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C9—C4—C5	117.9 (2)	O3—C12—C6	119.8 (2)
C9—C4—C3	118.6 (2)	O3—C12—C13	116.2 (2)
C5—C4—C3	123.4 (2)	C6—C12—C13	124.0 (2)
O2—C5—C4	116.2 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
O2—C5—C6	121.7 (2)	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	122.1 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	116.38 (19)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C6—C12	118.6 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C7—C6—C12	125.0 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
O4—C7—C8	121.91 (19)	O4—C14—H14A	109.5
O4—C7—C6	116.15 (18)	O4—C14—H14B	109.5
C8—C7—C6	121.93 (19)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C7—C8—C9	119.2 (2)	O4—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C8—H8	120.4	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	120.4	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C9—O1—C1—C2	-36.1 (3)	C5—C6—C7—O4	178.63 (19)
C9—O1—C1—C10	-157.02 (19)	C12—C6—C7—O4	-2.0 (3)
C9—O1—C1—C11	85.1 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.1 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	25.1 (3)	C12—C6—C7—C8	179.2 (2)
C10—C1—C2—C3	141.0 (2)	O4—C7—C8—C9	-178.26 (18)
C11—C1—C2—C3	-93.6 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.5 (4)	C1—O1—C9—C4	25.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C9	-11.4 (3)	C1—O1—C9—C8	-157.02 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	171.5 (2)	C5—C4—C9—O1	177.07 (19)
C9—C4—C5—O2	-179.63 (18)	C3—C4—C9—O1	-0.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5—O2	-2.6 (3)	C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.4 (3)
C9—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (3)	C3—C4—C9—C8	-177.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	177.72 (19)	C7—C8—C9—O1	-177.73 (18)
O2—C5—C6—C7	179.90 (18)	C7—C8—C9—C4	-0.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.4 (3)	C5—C6—C12—O3	-1.2 (3)
O2—C5—C6—C12	0.5 (3)	C7—C6—C12—O3	179.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C12	-179.84 (19)	C5—C6—C12—C13	178.7 (2)

C14—O4—C7—C8	1.7 (3)	C7—C6—C12—C13	-0.6 (4)
C14—O4—C7—C6	-177.06 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O2—H2···O3	0.82	1.75	2.479 (2)	147
C8—H8···O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.374 (3)	162

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y-1, z$.