

5-Bromo-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfinyl)-2-methyl-1-benzofuran

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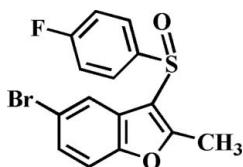
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.072; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrFO}_2\text{S}$, the O atom and the 4-fluorophenyl group of the 4-fluorophenylsulfinyl substituent are located on opposite sides of the plane through the benzofuran fragment; the 4-fluorophenyl ring is approximately perpendicular to this plane [dihedral angle = $89.38(6)^\circ$]. In the crystal, molecules are linked by a $\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br}$ contact [$3.4816(5)\text{ \AA}$], and weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{S}\cdots\pi$ [$3.499(2)\text{ \AA}$] and $\text{C}-\text{F}\cdots\pi$ [$3.535(2)\text{ \AA}$] interactions.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of similar derivatives, see: Choi *et al.* (2010a,b). For the biological activity of benzofuran compounds, see: Aslam *et al.* (2006); Galal *et al.* (2009); Khan *et al.* (2005). For natural products with benzofuran rings, see: Akgul & Anil (2003); Soekamto *et al.* (2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrFO}_2\text{S}$
 $M_r = 353.20$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 11.4704(4)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 6.1776(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 19.6420(7)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 98.432(2)^\circ$

$V = 1376.78(8)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 3.15\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 173\text{ K}$
 $0.32 \times 0.26 \times 0.21\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.453$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

11827 measured reflections
3148 independent reflections
2655 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.072$
 $S = 1.05$
3148 reflections

182 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.36\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2767).

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supporting information

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5-Bromo-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfinyl)-2-methyl-1-benzofuran

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S1. Comment

The compounds containing benzofuran skeleton show potent biological activities such as antifungal (Aslam *et al.*, 2006), antitumor and antiviral (Galal *et al.*, 2009), antimicrobial (Khan *et al.*, 2005) properties. These compounds occur widely in nature (Akgul & Anil, 2003; Soekamto *et al.*, 2003). As a part of our ongoing studies of the effect of side chain substituents on the solid state structures of 2-methyl-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfinyl)-1-benzofuran analogues (Choi *et al.*, 2010*a,b*), we report the crystal structure of the title compound (Fig. 1).

The benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.007 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The 4-fluorophenyl ring is almost perpendicular to the plane of the benzofuran fragment [89.38 (6)°] and is tilted slightly towards it. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is stabilized by a Br···Br interaction at 3.4816 (5) Å. The molecular packing (Fig. 2) is further stabilized by a weak intermolecular C–S···π interaction between the sulfur and the 4-fluorophenyl ring of an adjacent molecule, with a C1–S···Cg1ⁱⁱ [3.499 (2) Å] (Cg1 is the centroid of the C10–C15 4-fluorophenyl ring), and by a weak intermolecular C–F···π interaction between the fluorine and the benzene ring of a neighbouring benzofuran system, with C13–F···Cg2ⁱⁱⁱ [3.535 (2) Å] (Cg2 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring).

S2. Experimental

77% 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid (224 mg, 1.0 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfonyl)-2-methyl-1-benzofuran (303 mg, 0.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 4 h, the mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and the organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colorless solid [yield 78%, m.p. 401–402 K; R_f = 0.64 (hexane-ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound in benzene at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C–H = 0.93 Å for aryl and 0.96 Å for methyl H atoms. $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aryl and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

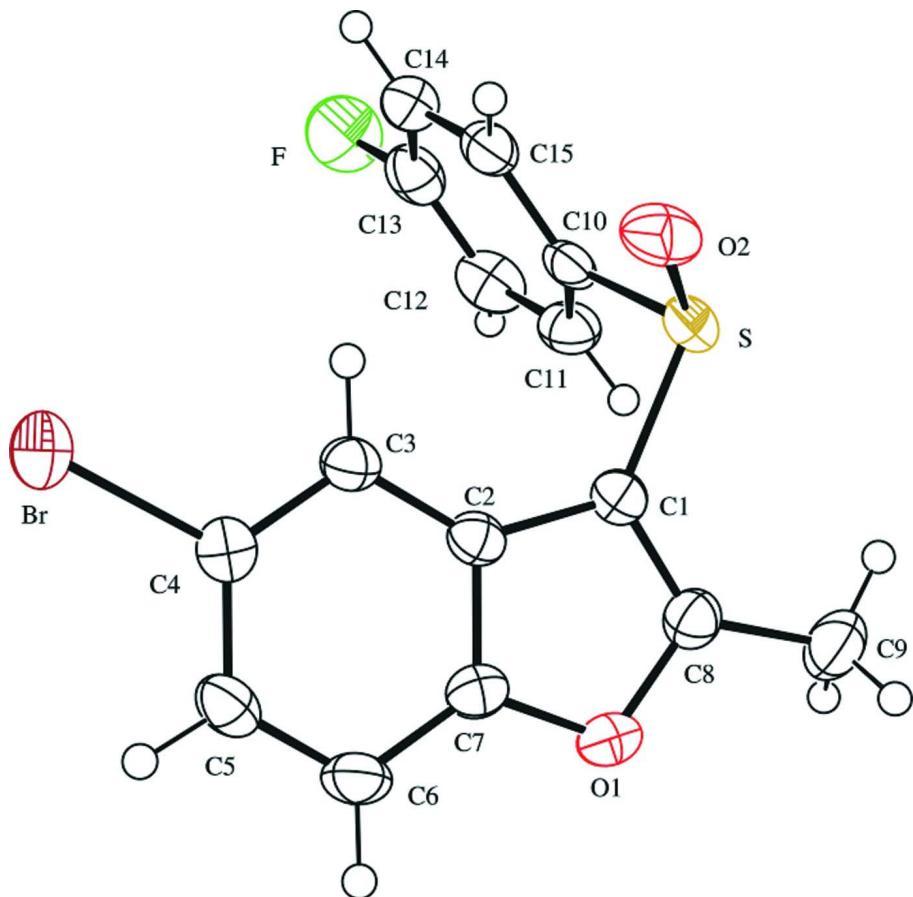
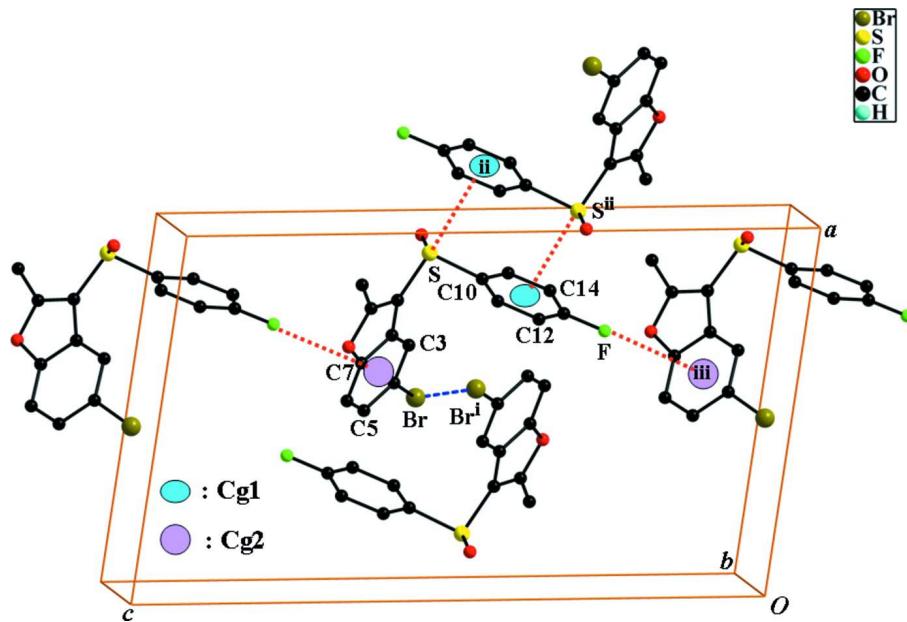


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Br···Br, C–S··· π and C–F··· π interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. Cg denotes the ring centroid. [Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $x, -y + 1/2, z - 1/2$.]

5-Bromo-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfinyl)-2-methyl-1-benzofuran

Crystal data



$M_r = 353.20$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 11.4704(4)$ Å

$b = 6.1776(2)$ Å

$c = 19.6420(7)$ Å

$\beta = 98.432(2)^\circ$

$V = 1376.78(8)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 704$

$D_x = 1.704$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4955 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 3.15$ mm⁻¹

$T = 173$ K

Block, colourless

$0.32 \times 0.26 \times 0.21$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode

Graphite multilayer monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm⁻¹

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.453$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

11827 measured reflections

3148 independent reflections

2655 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -25 \rightarrow 25$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.072$$

$$S = 1.05$$

3148 reflections

182 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0338P)^2 + 0.5303P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br	0.50266 (2)	0.78650 (4)	0.558051 (12)	0.04487 (9)
S	0.93498 (4)	0.16534 (9)	0.60352 (3)	0.03310 (13)
F	0.72642 (13)	0.0128 (3)	0.31650 (7)	0.0625 (4)
O1	0.69236 (13)	0.0086 (2)	0.71739 (7)	0.0367 (3)
O2	0.97008 (13)	0.3979 (3)	0.60830 (8)	0.0431 (4)
C1	0.80963 (16)	0.1358 (3)	0.64457 (9)	0.0291 (4)
C2	0.70597 (16)	0.2719 (3)	0.63776 (9)	0.0273 (4)
C3	0.66711 (16)	0.4522 (3)	0.59916 (10)	0.0296 (4)
H3	0.7113	0.5128	0.5680	0.035*
C4	0.55947 (17)	0.5382 (3)	0.60907 (9)	0.0308 (4)
C5	0.49100 (17)	0.4492 (4)	0.65478 (10)	0.0343 (5)
H5	0.4188	0.5114	0.6594	0.041*
C6	0.52929 (19)	0.2691 (4)	0.69335 (10)	0.0367 (5)
H6	0.4845	0.2076	0.7241	0.044*
C7	0.63708 (18)	0.1851 (3)	0.68398 (9)	0.0299 (4)
C8	0.79788 (18)	-0.0166 (3)	0.69259 (10)	0.0329 (4)
C9	0.8737 (2)	-0.1974 (4)	0.72202 (12)	0.0460 (6)
H9A	0.9422	-0.2058	0.6993	0.069*
H9B	0.8305	-0.3307	0.7155	0.069*
H9C	0.8975	-0.1730	0.7703	0.069*
C10	0.86555 (15)	0.1228 (3)	0.51655 (10)	0.0284 (4)
C11	0.81711 (18)	-0.0770 (4)	0.49734 (11)	0.0370 (5)
H11	0.8172	-0.1863	0.5299	0.044*
C12	0.7688 (2)	-0.1142 (4)	0.42988 (12)	0.0436 (5)
H12	0.7342	-0.2466	0.4164	0.052*

C13	0.77312 (18)	0.0497 (4)	0.38319 (11)	0.0400 (5)
C14	0.82316 (19)	0.2465 (4)	0.40008 (11)	0.0391 (5)
H14	0.8257	0.3529	0.3668	0.047*
C15	0.87026 (17)	0.2836 (3)	0.46836 (11)	0.0332 (4)
H15	0.9048	0.4162	0.4815	0.040*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br	0.04284 (15)	0.03939 (15)	0.05249 (15)	0.01201 (10)	0.00742 (10)	0.00670 (10)
S	0.0217 (2)	0.0377 (3)	0.0401 (3)	-0.0009 (2)	0.00528 (19)	0.0033 (2)
F	0.0624 (9)	0.0825 (12)	0.0413 (7)	-0.0034 (8)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0134 (7)
O1	0.0403 (8)	0.0406 (9)	0.0311 (7)	0.0008 (7)	0.0112 (6)	0.0085 (6)
O2	0.0390 (8)	0.0431 (9)	0.0478 (9)	-0.0181 (7)	0.0088 (7)	-0.0041 (7)
C1	0.0260 (9)	0.0304 (10)	0.0309 (9)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0041 (7)	0.0009 (8)
C2	0.0252 (9)	0.0294 (10)	0.0275 (9)	-0.0034 (8)	0.0045 (7)	-0.0024 (8)
C3	0.0276 (9)	0.0298 (11)	0.0323 (9)	-0.0024 (8)	0.0076 (7)	0.0019 (8)
C4	0.0312 (10)	0.0300 (11)	0.0304 (9)	0.0005 (8)	0.0023 (8)	-0.0037 (8)
C5	0.0270 (10)	0.0450 (13)	0.0319 (10)	0.0022 (9)	0.0076 (8)	-0.0072 (9)
C6	0.0355 (11)	0.0477 (14)	0.0296 (10)	-0.0023 (10)	0.0136 (8)	0.0015 (9)
C7	0.0339 (10)	0.0317 (11)	0.0248 (9)	-0.0024 (9)	0.0063 (7)	0.0001 (8)
C8	0.0336 (11)	0.0345 (11)	0.0299 (9)	0.0004 (9)	0.0027 (8)	0.0014 (8)
C9	0.0523 (14)	0.0442 (14)	0.0402 (12)	0.0076 (11)	0.0027 (10)	0.0124 (10)
C10	0.0198 (8)	0.0293 (10)	0.0384 (10)	0.0022 (8)	0.0116 (7)	0.0008 (8)
C11	0.0366 (11)	0.0294 (11)	0.0472 (12)	-0.0027 (9)	0.0137 (9)	0.0025 (9)
C12	0.0407 (12)	0.0369 (13)	0.0549 (13)	-0.0071 (10)	0.0131 (10)	-0.0131 (11)
C13	0.0329 (11)	0.0516 (15)	0.0368 (11)	0.0042 (10)	0.0095 (9)	-0.0071 (10)
C14	0.0342 (11)	0.0430 (13)	0.0419 (11)	0.0045 (10)	0.0118 (9)	0.0077 (10)
C15	0.0259 (9)	0.0294 (11)	0.0459 (11)	-0.0003 (8)	0.0100 (8)	0.0020 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Br—C4	1.895 (2)	C6—C7	1.378 (3)
Br—Br ⁱ	3.4816 (5)	C6—H6	0.9300
S—O2	1.4910 (17)	C8—C9	1.480 (3)
S—C1	1.7581 (19)	C9—H9A	0.9600
S—C10	1.795 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9600
F—C13	1.360 (2)	C9—H9C	0.9600
O1—C8	1.378 (2)	C10—C15	1.379 (3)
O1—C7	1.378 (2)	C10—C11	1.383 (3)
C1—C8	1.353 (3)	C11—C12	1.379 (3)
C1—C2	1.446 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.384 (3)	C12—C13	1.372 (3)
C2—C7	1.395 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.384 (3)	C13—C14	1.365 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—C15	1.389 (3)
C4—C5	1.390 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C6	1.381 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300

C5—H5	0.9300		
C4—Br—Br ⁱ	158.65 (6)	C1—C8—C9	133.19 (19)
O2—S—C1	107.60 (10)	O1—C8—C9	116.30 (18)
O2—S—C10	106.21 (9)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C1—S—C10	98.20 (8)	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C8—O1—C7	106.71 (15)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C8—C1—C2	107.72 (17)	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C8—C1—S	124.30 (16)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C1—S	127.87 (15)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C2—C7	119.89 (18)	C15—C10—C11	120.69 (19)
C3—C2—C1	135.47 (17)	C15—C10—S	119.42 (16)
C7—C2—C1	104.63 (17)	C11—C10—S	119.65 (16)
C2—C3—C4	117.02 (17)	C12—C11—C10	120.0 (2)
C2—C3—H3	121.5	C12—C11—H11	120.0
C4—C3—H3	121.5	C10—C11—H11	120.0
C3—C4—C5	122.64 (19)	C13—C12—C11	118.1 (2)
C3—C4—Br	118.76 (14)	C13—C12—H12	121.0
C5—C4—Br	118.60 (15)	C11—C12—H12	121.0
C6—C5—C4	120.57 (19)	F—C13—C14	118.4 (2)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	F—C13—C12	118.2 (2)
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—C12	123.4 (2)
C7—C6—C5	116.72 (18)	C13—C14—C15	118.1 (2)
C7—C6—H6	121.6	C13—C14—H14	120.9
C5—C6—H6	121.6	C15—C14—H14	120.9
C6—C7—O1	126.41 (17)	C10—C15—C14	119.7 (2)
C6—C7—C2	123.16 (19)	C10—C15—H15	120.2
O1—C7—C2	110.43 (17)	C14—C15—H15	120.2
C1—C8—O1	110.50 (17)		
O2—S—C1—C8	-130.32 (18)	C1—C2—C7—O1	0.0 (2)
C10—S—C1—C8	119.71 (19)	C2—C1—C8—O1	0.7 (2)
O2—S—C1—C2	45.3 (2)	S—C1—C8—O1	177.08 (14)
C10—S—C1—C2	-64.66 (19)	C2—C1—C8—C9	-179.4 (2)
C8—C1—C2—C3	178.8 (2)	S—C1—C8—C9	-3.1 (4)
S—C1—C2—C3	2.6 (3)	C7—O1—C8—C1	-0.7 (2)
C8—C1—C2—C7	-0.4 (2)	C7—O1—C8—C9	179.43 (18)
S—C1—C2—C7	-176.65 (15)	O2—S—C10—C15	9.31 (17)
C7—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (3)	C1—S—C10—C15	120.42 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-179.1 (2)	O2—S—C10—C11	-176.30 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (3)	C1—S—C10—C11	-65.20 (17)
C2—C3—C4—Br	179.50 (14)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-2.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (3)	S—C10—C11—C12	-176.83 (16)
Br—C4—C5—C6	-179.57 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.5 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13—F	179.44 (18)
C5—C6—C7—O1	179.32 (19)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.3 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.7 (3)	F—C13—C14—C15	179.71 (18)
C8—O1—C7—C6	-179.6 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-1.1 (3)

C8—O1—C7—C2	0.4 (2)	C11—C10—C15—C14	1.7 (3)
C3—C2—C7—C6	0.6 (3)	S—C10—C15—C14	175.98 (15)
C1—C2—C7—C6	180.00 (19)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.1 (3)
C3—C2—C7—O1	-179.40 (17)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.