

2-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid– 4,4'-bipyridine (1/1)

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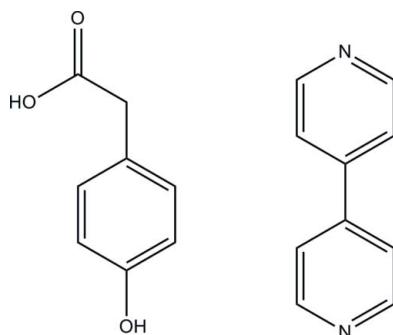
Received 10 May 2010; accepted 20 May 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.047; wR factor = 0.139; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

In the acid molecule of the title complex, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\cdot\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_3$, the acetyl $\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{O}$ torsion angle is $-32.1(3)^\circ$, and in the molecule of the base, the dihedral angle between the two pyridine rings is $23.41(10)^\circ$. In the crystal structure, intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds link the acid and the base molecules into a one-dimensional triple-helix framework extended along the b axis.

Related literature

For related functional complexes, see: Han *et al.* (2009). For hydrogen-bond motif structures, see: Tomura & Yamashita (2001).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\cdot\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 308.33$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 25.3578(6)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 10.2305(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 14.2546(4)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 122.321(2)^\circ$

$V = 3125.03(15)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296\text{ K}$
 $0.25 \times 0.14 \times 0.06\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.984$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.994$

24334 measured reflections
3650 independent reflections
2128 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$
 $S = 1.06$
3650 reflections
214 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.15\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$O2-\text{H2O}\cdots N2^i$	0.97 (2)	1.71 (2)	2.679 (2)	179 (2)
$O3-\text{H3O}\cdots N1^{ii}$	0.87 (2)	1.86 (2)	2.728 (2)	171 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + 1, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2281).

References

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supporting information

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2-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid–4,4'-bipyridine (1/1)

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S1. Comment

The design and synthesis of coordination complexes have absorbed considerable attention due to their diverse structures with 4,4'-bipyridine linker (Han *et al.*, 2009). Moreover, hydrogen bond can also play a role in forming motif structures (Tomura & Yamashita, 2001). We have designed the title complex in an attempt to prepare crystalline magnetic materials and report its crystal structure in this paper.

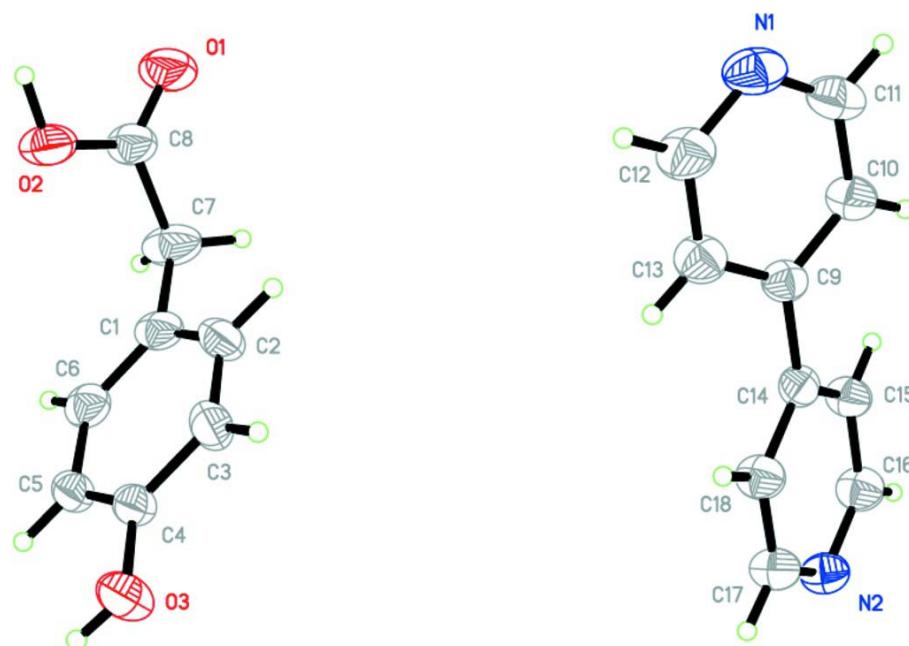
The structure of the title complex is shown in Fig. 1, which reveals that it contains 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid and 4,4'-bipyridine in a ratio of 1:1. In the molecule of 2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid, the acetyl torsion angle C(1)—C(7)—C(8)—O(2) is -32.1 (3) °, and in the molecule of 4,4'-bipyridine, the dihedral angle between the two pyridine rings is 23.41 (10) °. The two molecules arranged in the crystal at regular intervals with two O—H···N hydrogen bonds. The end to end hydrogen-bonding interactions lead to the formation of a one-dimensional triple-helix structure framework along the *b*-axis, Fig 2. Between adjacent triple-helix chains there exist weak π—π interactions.

S2. Experimental

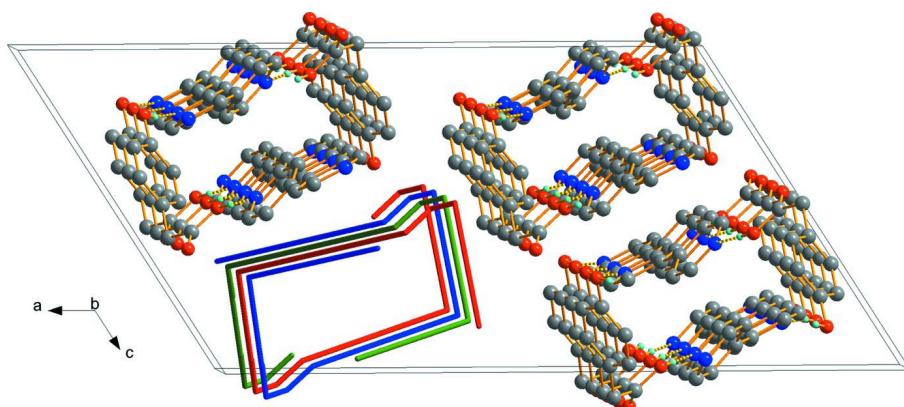
2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid (0.152 g, 1 mmol) and 4,4'-bipyridine (0.156 g, 1 mmol) were added to a mixed solution of ethanol (20 ml) and water (10 ml) with Cu(SO₄)₂ (0.127 g, 0.5 mmol) under stirred conditions at room temperature. A few minutes later a lot of blue deposit appeared. After the deposit was filtered out, a light blue solution was kept for evaporating. Colorless single crystals of the title complex were obtained about 19 days later.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms bonded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å for methylene and aryl H-atoms, respectively and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The H atoms bonded to O atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined without restraints.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title complex. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

The packing plot of the complex showing triple-helix chains.

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Crystal data

$C_{10}H_8N_2 \cdot C_8H_8O_3$
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Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
 $a = 25.3578 (6) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 10.2305 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 14.2546 (4) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 122.321 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 3125.03 (15) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1296$
 $D_x = 1.311 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Cell parameters from 3274 reflections
 $\theta = 1.9\text{--}27.7^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$
Block, colourless
 $0.25 \times 0.14 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ & ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.984$, $T_{\max} = 0.994$

24334 measured reflections
3650 independent reflections
2128 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.7^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$
 $h = -32 \rightarrow 32$
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$
 $S = 1.06$
3650 reflections
214 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.065P)^2 + 0.2994P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.54789 (7)	0.32235 (16)	0.04851 (15)	0.0637 (5)
C2	0.54036 (7)	0.28856 (15)	0.13430 (17)	0.0674 (5)
H2A	0.5211	0.2098	0.1308	0.081*
C3	0.56064 (8)	0.36856 (15)	0.22505 (16)	0.0624 (5)
H3A	0.5554	0.3431	0.2822	0.075*
C4	0.58890 (7)	0.48680 (14)	0.23132 (14)	0.0540 (4)
C5	0.59659 (7)	0.52233 (14)	0.14611 (14)	0.0555 (4)
H5A	0.6156	0.6014	0.1494	0.067*
C6	0.57611 (8)	0.44072 (16)	0.05596 (15)	0.0618 (4)
H6A	0.5814	0.4660	-0.0011	0.074*
C7	0.52498 (9)	0.23409 (19)	-0.05088 (17)	0.0888 (7)
H7A	0.4826	0.2074	-0.0765	0.107*
H7B	0.5235	0.2843	-0.1100	0.107*
C8	0.56331 (9)	0.11343 (17)	-0.03167 (16)	0.0686 (5)
C9	0.27818 (7)	0.03470 (14)	0.13722 (13)	0.0531 (4)

C10	0.24522 (9)	-0.08224 (16)	0.10478 (15)	0.0668 (5)
H10A	0.2019	-0.0821	0.0680	0.080*
C11	0.27717 (11)	-0.19771 (17)	0.12756 (17)	0.0777 (6)
H11A	0.2543	-0.2749	0.1067	0.093*
C12	0.37044 (10)	-0.09378 (19)	0.20793 (17)	0.0780 (6)
H12A	0.4136	-0.0968	0.2423	0.094*
C13	0.34242 (8)	0.02609 (17)	0.19086 (15)	0.0669 (5)
H13A	0.3666	0.1015	0.2153	0.080*
C14	0.24634 (7)	0.16282 (14)	0.11616 (13)	0.0510 (4)
C15	0.18450 (8)	0.17940 (15)	0.03144 (14)	0.0600 (4)
H15A	0.1621	0.1097	-0.0147	0.072*
C16	0.15638 (8)	0.29964 (16)	0.01587 (15)	0.0656 (5)
H16A	0.1144	0.3078	-0.0394	0.079*
C17	0.24598 (9)	0.38940 (16)	0.15596 (15)	0.0657 (5)
H17A	0.2678	0.4619	0.1983	0.079*
C18	0.27730 (8)	0.27190 (15)	0.17954 (14)	0.0616 (4)
H18A	0.3188	0.2660	0.2375	0.074*
N1	0.33881 (9)	-0.20646 (15)	0.17762 (14)	0.0809 (5)
N2	0.18645 (7)	0.40479 (13)	0.07623 (12)	0.0636 (4)
O1	0.54120 (7)	0.01483 (14)	-0.08188 (14)	0.1052 (6)
O2	0.62304 (6)	0.12757 (12)	0.04163 (12)	0.0847 (5)
H2O	0.6456 (10)	0.046 (2)	0.0532 (17)	0.102*
O3	0.60808 (6)	0.56199 (12)	0.32305 (11)	0.0733 (4)
H3O	0.6234 (10)	0.635 (2)	0.3150 (17)	0.088*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0446 (9)	0.0533 (9)	0.0674 (12)	0.0112 (7)	0.0128 (8)	-0.0090 (8)
C2	0.0489 (10)	0.0440 (9)	0.0873 (13)	-0.0055 (7)	0.0218 (9)	-0.0050 (9)
C3	0.0525 (10)	0.0557 (9)	0.0743 (12)	-0.0072 (7)	0.0308 (9)	0.0034 (8)
C4	0.0497 (9)	0.0439 (8)	0.0632 (11)	-0.0009 (6)	0.0266 (8)	-0.0024 (7)
C5	0.0510 (9)	0.0436 (8)	0.0665 (11)	-0.0021 (6)	0.0279 (8)	0.0006 (7)
C6	0.0531 (10)	0.0616 (10)	0.0626 (11)	0.0104 (7)	0.0255 (9)	0.0015 (8)
C7	0.0684 (13)	0.0733 (12)	0.0792 (13)	0.0164 (10)	0.0090 (10)	-0.0249 (10)
C8	0.0630 (12)	0.0584 (10)	0.0692 (12)	0.0031 (8)	0.0252 (10)	-0.0127 (9)
C9	0.0596 (10)	0.0485 (8)	0.0501 (9)	0.0060 (7)	0.0286 (8)	0.0056 (7)
C10	0.0709 (12)	0.0541 (10)	0.0711 (12)	0.0042 (8)	0.0350 (10)	0.0022 (8)
C11	0.0991 (16)	0.0501 (10)	0.0807 (13)	0.0072 (10)	0.0461 (12)	0.0066 (9)
C12	0.0722 (13)	0.0720 (13)	0.0792 (13)	0.0231 (10)	0.0333 (11)	0.0192 (10)
C13	0.0621 (11)	0.0595 (10)	0.0687 (12)	0.0107 (8)	0.0280 (10)	0.0110 (8)
C14	0.0547 (9)	0.0484 (8)	0.0533 (9)	0.0038 (7)	0.0311 (8)	0.0066 (7)
C15	0.0599 (10)	0.0501 (9)	0.0636 (11)	0.0012 (7)	0.0288 (9)	-0.0005 (8)
C16	0.0555 (10)	0.0618 (10)	0.0669 (11)	0.0091 (8)	0.0243 (9)	0.0035 (9)
C17	0.0690 (12)	0.0540 (9)	0.0680 (11)	0.0023 (8)	0.0325 (10)	-0.0062 (8)
C18	0.0562 (10)	0.0567 (9)	0.0624 (11)	0.0022 (7)	0.0253 (9)	-0.0027 (8)
N1	0.1009 (14)	0.0620 (10)	0.0767 (11)	0.0285 (9)	0.0454 (10)	0.0179 (8)
N2	0.0656 (10)	0.0546 (8)	0.0665 (9)	0.0094 (7)	0.0327 (8)	-0.0004 (7)

O1	0.0818 (10)	0.0680 (9)	0.1354 (14)	-0.0077 (7)	0.0376 (9)	-0.0416 (9)
O2	0.0640 (9)	0.0596 (7)	0.0937 (10)	0.0124 (6)	0.0175 (8)	-0.0179 (7)
O3	0.0921 (10)	0.0576 (7)	0.0738 (8)	-0.0186 (6)	0.0467 (8)	-0.0124 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

C1—C2	1.379 (3)	C10—C11	1.370 (2)
C1—C6	1.382 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—C7	1.510 (2)	C11—N1	1.330 (2)
C2—C3	1.377 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C12—N1	1.337 (3)
C3—C4	1.384 (2)	C12—C13	1.372 (2)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
C4—O3	1.3631 (19)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.378 (2)	C14—C18	1.385 (2)
C5—C6	1.380 (2)	C14—C15	1.386 (2)
C5—H5A	0.9300	C15—C16	1.379 (2)
C6—H6A	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9300
C7—C8	1.503 (2)	C16—N2	1.333 (2)
C7—H7A	0.9700	C16—H16A	0.9300
C7—H7B	0.9700	C17—N2	1.327 (2)
C8—O1	1.190 (2)	C17—C18	1.380 (2)
C8—O2	1.309 (2)	C17—H17A	0.9300
C9—C13	1.384 (2)	C18—H18A	0.9300
C9—C10	1.389 (2)	O2—H2O	0.97 (2)
C9—C14	1.484 (2)	O3—H3O	0.87 (2)
C2—C1—C6	117.60 (16)	C11—C10—H10A	120.3
C2—C1—C7	121.07 (18)	C9—C10—H10A	120.3
C6—C1—C7	121.33 (19)	N1—C11—C10	124.19 (18)
C3—C2—C1	121.66 (16)	N1—C11—H11A	117.9
C3—C2—H2A	119.2	C10—C11—H11A	117.9
C1—C2—H2A	119.2	N1—C12—C13	123.29 (19)
C2—C3—C4	120.03 (17)	N1—C12—H12A	118.4
C2—C3—H3A	120.0	C13—C12—H12A	118.4
C4—C3—H3A	120.0	C12—C13—C9	119.99 (17)
O3—C4—C5	123.41 (14)	C12—C13—H13A	120.0
O3—C4—C3	117.52 (16)	C9—C13—H13A	120.0
C5—C4—C3	119.07 (15)	C18—C14—C15	116.89 (14)
C4—C5—C6	120.07 (14)	C18—C14—C9	121.49 (14)
C4—C5—H5A	120.0	C15—C14—C9	121.61 (14)
C6—C5—H5A	120.0	C16—C15—C14	119.74 (16)
C5—C6—C1	121.56 (17)	C16—C15—H15A	120.1
C5—C6—H6A	119.2	C14—C15—H15A	120.1
C1—C6—H6A	119.2	N2—C16—C15	123.21 (16)
C8—C7—C1	115.68 (15)	N2—C16—H16A	118.4
C8—C7—H7A	108.4	C15—C16—H16A	118.4
C1—C7—H7A	108.4	N2—C17—C18	123.72 (16)

C8—C7—H7B	108.4	N2—C17—H17A	118.1
C1—C7—H7B	108.4	C18—C17—H17A	118.1
H7A—C7—H7B	107.4	C17—C18—C14	119.42 (16)
O1—C8—O2	123.08 (17)	C17—C18—H18A	120.3
O1—C8—C7	122.41 (17)	C14—C18—H18A	120.3
O2—C8—C7	114.47 (15)	C11—N1—C12	116.44 (15)
C13—C9—C10	116.75 (15)	C17—N2—C16	116.96 (14)
C13—C9—C14	121.38 (14)	C8—O2—H2O	111.5 (12)
C10—C9—C14	121.87 (15)	C4—O3—H3O	108.1 (14)
C11—C10—C9	119.30 (18)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.7 (2)	N1—C12—C13—C9	-1.8 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-179.55 (15)	C10—C9—C13—C12	1.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (2)	C14—C9—C13—C12	-179.22 (16)
C2—C3—C4—O3	-179.97 (15)	C13—C9—C14—C18	-23.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (2)	C10—C9—C14—C18	156.71 (16)
O3—C4—C5—C6	179.78 (14)	C13—C9—C14—C15	156.28 (16)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (2)	C10—C9—C14—C15	-24.1 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (2)	C18—C14—C15—C16	-1.8 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.5 (2)	C9—C14—C15—C16	178.93 (15)
C7—C1—C6—C5	179.37 (15)	C14—C15—C16—N2	2.6 (3)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-74.3 (2)	N2—C17—C18—C14	1.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7—C8	106.8 (2)	C15—C14—C18—C17	-0.1 (2)
C1—C7—C8—O1	150.2 (2)	C9—C14—C18—C17	179.18 (15)
C1—C7—C8—O2	-32.1 (3)	C10—C11—N1—C12	0.9 (3)
C13—C9—C10—C11	0.4 (3)	C13—C12—N1—C11	0.8 (3)
C14—C9—C10—C11	-179.26 (16)	C18—C17—N2—C16	-0.7 (3)
C9—C10—C11—N1	-1.5 (3)	C15—C16—N2—C17	-1.3 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O2—H2O···N2 ⁱ	0.97 (2)	1.71 (2)	2.679 (2)	179 (2)
O3—H3O···N1 ⁱⁱ	0.87 (2)	1.86 (2)	2.728 (2)	171 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2, y-1/2, z$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1, -z+1/2$.