

2-(2-{[2-(4-Pyridylcarbonyl)hydrazinylidene]methyl}phenoxy)acetic acid

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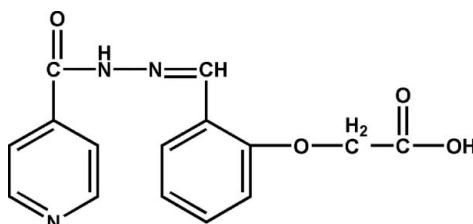
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.071; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$, the pyridine and benzene rings are nearly perpendicular [dihedral angle = $84.24(5)^\circ$]. In the crystal structure, classical $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonding between the OH group of the carboxyl unit and a neighbouring pyridine ring N atom and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonding between the imine NH group and a neighbouring O atom of an acyl unit, together with complementary non-classical $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds between carboxyl O atoms and neighbouring CH groups, link the molecules into a three-dimensional system.

Related literature

For hydrazones as corrosion inhibitors for metals and alloys, see: Fouada *et al.* (2000; 2007). For related structures, see: Chen *et al.* (2006); Hu *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$
 $M_r = 299.28$

Orthorhombic, $Pca2_1$
 $a = 12.8099(12)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 4.9435(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 21.921(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $V = 1388.2(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296\text{ K}$
 $0.49 \times 0.21 \times 0.18\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.950$, $T_{\max} = 0.981$

11436 measured reflections
3189 independent reflections
2891 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$
 $S = 1.02$
3189 reflections
200 parameters

1 restraint
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
N2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.01	2.8599 (18)	168
O4—H4A \cdots N1 ⁱⁱ	0.82	1.86	2.6337 (19)	156
C1—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.51	3.199 (2)	131
C4—H4 \cdots O3 ^{iv}	0.93	2.58	3.315 (2)	136
C11—H11 \cdots O4 ^v	0.93	2.43	3.347 (2)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RK2197).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1341 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810017083]

2-(2-{[2-(4-Pyridylcarbonyl)hydrazinylidene]methyl}phenoxy)acetic acid

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S1. Comment

The hydrazone compounds have a strong ability of coordination, which have been investigated as corrosion inhibitors for metals and their alloys (Fouda *et al.*, 2000; 2007). The title compound (Fig.1) is closely related to the previously reported (*E*)-2-[2-(2,3-Dimethyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yliminomethyl) phenoxy]acetic acid monohydrate (Hu *et al.*, 2006) and 1-(4-Aminophenyl)ethanone isonicotinoylhydrazone (Chen *et al.*, 2006). The molecular structure of title compound reveals the nearly perpendicular system, in which dihedral angle between the pyridine and benzene rings is 84.24 (5) $^{\circ}$. Adjacent molecules are connected by intermolecular classical O—H \cdots N, N—H \cdots O and non-classical C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Fig.2).

S2. Experimental

The methanol (10 ml) was added to an acetone solution (10 ml) of the 2-(2-{[2-(4-pyridylcarbonyl)hydrazono]methyl}-phen-oxy)acetic acid (0.5 mmol). After stirring at 308 K for 2 h, crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation of the solution at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93 Å and 0.97 Å, O—H = 0.82 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

The 1548 Friedel pairs were merged in structure refinement procedure.

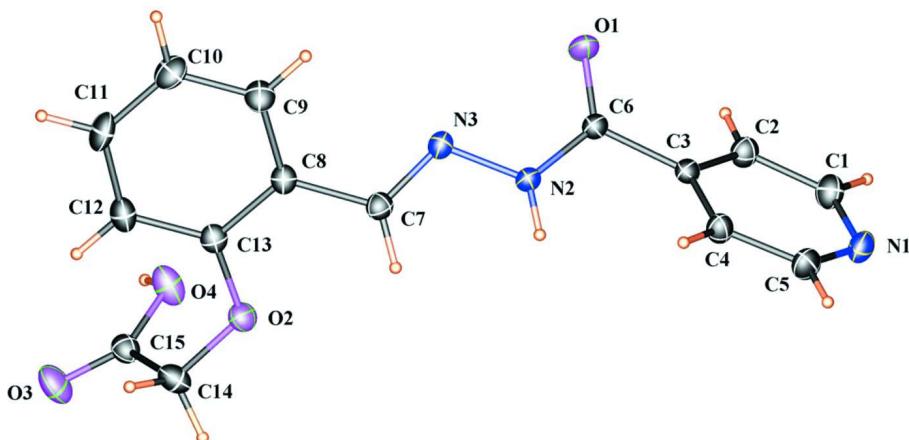
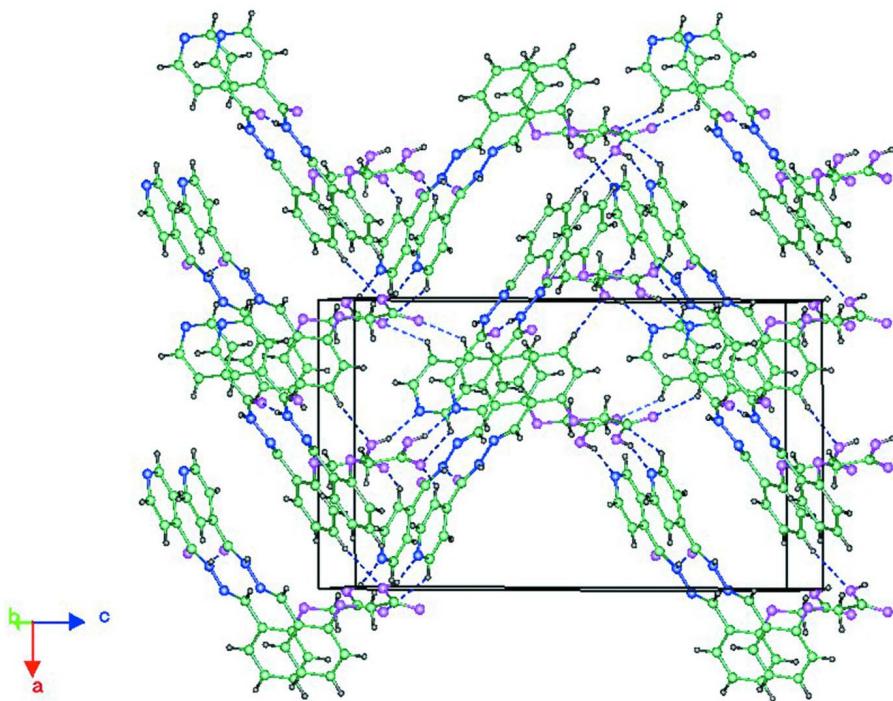


Figure 1

The molecular structure of title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

A view of the 3-dimensional system of hydrogen bonds.

2-(2-{{[2-(4-Pyridylcarbonyl)hydrazinylidene]methyl}phenoxy)acetic acid

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_4$
 $M_r = 299.28$
Orthorhombic, $Pca2_1$
Hall symbol: P 2c -2ac
 $a = 12.8099 (12)$ Å
 $b = 4.9435 (5)$ Å
 $c = 21.921 (2)$ Å
 $V = 1388.2 (2)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 624$
 $D_x = 1.432$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 4508 reflections
 $\theta = 3.2\text{--}27.8^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
Block, yellow
 $0.49 \times 0.21 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

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Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
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11436 measured reflections
3189 independent reflections
2891 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 16$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 28$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.071$$

$$S = 1.02$$

3189 reflections

200 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.024P)^2 + 0.395P]$$
$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.40315 (13)	-0.2335 (4)	0.17829 (9)	0.0418 (4)
H1	0.4671	-0.3216	0.1815	0.050*
C2	0.32247 (13)	-0.3168 (4)	0.21532 (8)	0.0367 (4)
H2	0.3320	-0.4593	0.2424	0.044*
C3	0.22713 (13)	-0.1862 (3)	0.21176 (7)	0.0296 (3)
C4	0.21671 (14)	0.0228 (3)	0.16999 (7)	0.0362 (4)
H4	0.1539	0.1154	0.1661	0.043*
C5	0.30128 (15)	0.0903 (4)	0.13447 (8)	0.0435 (4)
H5	0.2935	0.2295	0.1063	0.052*
C6	0.13817 (12)	-0.2813 (3)	0.25116 (7)	0.0301 (3)
C7	-0.04427 (13)	0.0500 (3)	0.33975 (7)	0.0315 (3)
H7	-0.0125	0.2188	0.3371	0.038*
C8	-0.13670 (12)	0.0137 (3)	0.37849 (7)	0.0298 (3)
C9	-0.21215 (14)	-0.1804 (4)	0.36554 (8)	0.0389 (4)
H9	-0.2033	-0.2925	0.3319	0.047*
C10	-0.29905 (14)	-0.2103 (4)	0.40121 (9)	0.0424 (4)
H10	-0.3485	-0.3415	0.3917	0.051*
C11	-0.31293 (13)	-0.0451 (4)	0.45126 (9)	0.0452 (5)
H11	-0.3725	-0.0636	0.4752	0.054*
C12	-0.23880 (15)	0.1482 (4)	0.46622 (8)	0.0405 (4)
H12	-0.2483	0.2577	0.5003	0.049*
C13	-0.15039 (13)	0.1779 (3)	0.43020 (7)	0.0309 (3)
C14	-0.08010 (16)	0.5251 (4)	0.49371 (8)	0.0418 (4)
H14A	-0.1499	0.6013	0.4946	0.050*
H14B	-0.0312	0.6739	0.4897	0.050*

C15	-0.06001 (13)	0.3840 (3)	0.55373 (8)	0.0356 (4)
N1	0.39396 (12)	-0.0327 (3)	0.13816 (7)	0.0420 (3)
N2	0.07678 (10)	-0.0839 (3)	0.27315 (6)	0.0330 (3)
H2A	0.0898	0.0824	0.2645	0.040*
N3	-0.00745 (11)	-0.1488 (3)	0.30979 (6)	0.0340 (3)
O1	0.12591 (11)	-0.5216 (2)	0.26232 (7)	0.0448 (3)
O2	-0.07106 (9)	0.3570 (2)	0.44137 (5)	0.0368 (3)
O3	-0.08545 (13)	0.4859 (3)	0.60119 (6)	0.0572 (4)
O4	-0.01015 (11)	0.1540 (3)	0.54842 (6)	0.0478 (3)
H4A	0.0110	0.1059	0.5820	0.072*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0328 (9)	0.0503 (10)	0.0421 (10)	0.0020 (8)	0.0033 (8)	0.0005 (9)
C2	0.0386 (9)	0.0369 (9)	0.0346 (8)	0.0012 (7)	0.0031 (7)	0.0057 (7)
C3	0.0344 (8)	0.0269 (7)	0.0275 (7)	-0.0027 (6)	0.0038 (6)	-0.0025 (6)
C4	0.0378 (9)	0.0334 (8)	0.0373 (9)	0.0048 (7)	0.0067 (7)	0.0048 (7)
C5	0.0541 (11)	0.0383 (9)	0.0381 (9)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0103 (9)	0.0073 (8)
C6	0.0323 (8)	0.0278 (8)	0.0301 (8)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0026 (7)	0.0007 (6)
C7	0.0332 (9)	0.0333 (8)	0.0280 (8)	-0.0021 (7)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C8	0.0277 (8)	0.0350 (8)	0.0268 (7)	0.0037 (6)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0026 (7)
C9	0.0353 (9)	0.0464 (10)	0.0351 (9)	-0.0022 (8)	-0.0037 (7)	-0.0041 (8)
C10	0.0281 (8)	0.0508 (11)	0.0481 (10)	-0.0051 (8)	-0.0035 (8)	0.0056 (9)
C11	0.0283 (8)	0.0622 (12)	0.0451 (10)	0.0024 (8)	0.0101 (8)	0.0113 (9)
C12	0.0399 (10)	0.0475 (10)	0.0340 (8)	0.0093 (8)	0.0064 (8)	-0.0011 (8)
C13	0.0325 (8)	0.0323 (8)	0.0279 (8)	0.0052 (7)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0040 (7)
C14	0.0523 (11)	0.0339 (9)	0.0393 (9)	0.0047 (8)	-0.0032 (8)	-0.0066 (8)
C15	0.0337 (8)	0.0383 (8)	0.0348 (8)	-0.0010 (7)	-0.0024 (7)	-0.0064 (8)
N1	0.0413 (8)	0.0468 (9)	0.0380 (8)	-0.0091 (7)	0.0111 (7)	0.0012 (8)
N2	0.0370 (7)	0.0245 (6)	0.0374 (7)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0110 (6)	0.0001 (6)
N3	0.0345 (7)	0.0330 (7)	0.0344 (7)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0085 (6)	0.0017 (6)
O1	0.0527 (7)	0.0247 (6)	0.0571 (7)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0169 (6)	0.0047 (6)
O2	0.0426 (7)	0.0373 (6)	0.0304 (6)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0027 (5)
O3	0.0763 (10)	0.0575 (9)	0.0378 (7)	0.0115 (8)	0.0043 (7)	-0.0142 (7)
O4	0.0540 (8)	0.0562 (8)	0.0331 (6)	0.0224 (6)	-0.0052 (6)	-0.0021 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

C1—N1	1.332 (2)	C9—C10	1.368 (2)
C1—C2	1.377 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C10—C11	1.379 (3)
C2—C3	1.384 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.387 (3)
C3—C4	1.387 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C6	1.505 (2)	C12—C13	1.388 (2)
C4—C5	1.375 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—O2	1.3699 (19)

C5—N1	1.336 (2)	C14—O2	1.421 (2)
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—C15	1.511 (3)
C6—O1	1.2226 (19)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C6—N2	1.343 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9700
C7—N3	1.273 (2)	C15—O3	1.201 (2)
C7—C8	1.468 (2)	C15—O4	1.309 (2)
C7—H7	0.9300	N2—N3	1.3828 (18)
C8—C9	1.391 (2)	N2—H2A	0.8600
C8—C13	1.405 (2)	O4—H4A	0.8200
N1—C1—C2	123.09 (16)	C9—C10—H10	120.1
N1—C1—H1	118.5	C11—C10—H10	120.1
C2—C1—H1	118.5	C10—C11—C12	120.53 (16)
C1—C2—C3	119.32 (16)	C10—C11—H11	119.7
C1—C2—H2	120.3	C12—C11—H11	119.7
C3—C2—H2	120.3	C13—C12—C11	119.79 (16)
C2—C3—C4	118.02 (15)	C13—C12—H12	120.1
C2—C3—C6	119.35 (14)	C11—C12—H12	120.1
C4—C3—C6	122.59 (15)	O2—C13—C12	124.86 (15)
C5—C4—C3	118.59 (17)	O2—C13—C8	115.15 (13)
C5—C4—H4	120.7	C12—C13—C8	119.98 (15)
C3—C4—H4	120.7	O2—C14—C15	114.78 (14)
N1—C5—C4	123.72 (17)	O2—C14—H14A	108.6
N1—C5—H5	118.1	C15—C14—H14A	108.6
C4—C5—H5	118.1	O2—C14—H14B	108.6
O1—C6—N2	123.98 (15)	C15—C14—H14B	108.6
O1—C6—C3	121.04 (14)	H14A—C14—H14B	107.5
N2—C6—C3	114.97 (13)	O3—C15—O4	125.00 (18)
N3—C7—C8	120.21 (14)	O3—C15—C14	120.95 (16)
N3—C7—H7	119.9	O4—C15—C14	113.99 (15)
C8—C7—H7	119.9	C1—N1—C5	117.24 (15)
C9—C8—C13	118.44 (15)	C6—N2—N3	119.78 (13)
C9—C8—C7	121.77 (15)	C6—N2—H2A	120.1
C13—C8—C7	119.79 (14)	N3—N2—H2A	120.1
C10—C9—C8	121.54 (17)	C7—N3—N2	114.18 (13)
C10—C9—H9	119.2	C13—O2—C14	117.50 (14)
C8—C9—H9	119.2	C15—O4—H4A	109.5
C9—C10—C11	119.70 (17)		
N1—C1—C2—C3	-0.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13—O2	-178.35 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.8 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C6	178.57 (15)	C9—C8—C13—O2	177.56 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (2)	C7—C8—C13—O2	-2.4 (2)
C6—C3—C4—C5	-177.86 (16)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-1.4 (2)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-0.6 (3)	C7—C8—C13—C12	178.62 (15)
C2—C3—C6—O1	-36.1 (2)	O2—C14—C15—O3	-164.70 (17)
C4—C3—C6—O1	141.58 (18)	O2—C14—C15—O4	17.9 (2)
C2—C3—C6—N2	142.74 (15)	C2—C1—N1—C5	-0.1 (3)

C4—C3—C6—N2	−39.6 (2)	C4—C5—N1—C1	0.8 (3)
N3—C7—C8—C9	−28.5 (2)	O1—C6—N2—N3	−1.4 (3)
N3—C7—C8—C13	151.42 (15)	C3—C6—N2—N3	179.86 (13)
C13—C8—C9—C10	1.2 (3)	C8—C7—N3—N2	177.30 (14)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−178.87 (17)	C6—N2—N3—C7	163.73 (15)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.0 (3)	C12—C13—O2—C14	−0.1 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C12	−1.0 (3)	C8—C13—O2—C14	−178.99 (14)
C10—C11—C12—C13	0.7 (3)	C15—C14—O2—C13	74.9 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2A···O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.01	2.8599 (18)	168
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