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## Structure Reports

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**(E)-N'-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-methoxybenzohydrazide**Shi-Yong Liu<sup>a\*</sup> and Zhonglu You<sup>b</sup><sup>a</sup>College of Chemistry & Pharmacy, Taizhou University, Taizhou Zhejiang 317000, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Liaoning Normal University, Dalian 116029, People's Republic of China

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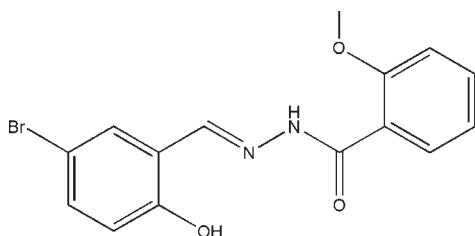
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.043;  $wR$  factor = 0.127; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3$ , the molecule adopts an *E* configuration about the  $\text{C}=\text{N}$  bond and the two benzene rings form a dihedral angle of  $20.3$  ( $3$ )°. In the molecule, there are two intramolecular hydrogen bonds, *viz.*  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ , involving the hydroxy substituent, the methoxy O atom and the hydrazide NH group and N atom. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked through  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming chains propagating along  $[010]$ .

## Related literature

For background to hydrazones and their medicinal applications, see: Hillmer *et al.* (2010); Zhu *et al.* (2009); Jimenez-Pulido *et al.* (2008); Raj *et al.* (2007); Zhong *et al.* (2007). For the crystal structures of hydrazones, see: Khaledi *et al.* (2009); Warad *et al.* (2009); Back *et al.* (2009); Vijayakumar *et al.* (2009). For similar compounds, see: Cao (2009); Xu *et al.* (2009); Shafiq *et al.* (2009).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3$   
 $M_r = 349.18$   
 Orthorhombic, *Pbca*  
 $a = 15.587$  (3) Å  
 $b = 9.1281$  (19) Å  
 $c = 20.399$  (4) Å

$V = 2902.3$  (10) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 2.84$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.23 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.561$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.600$   
 16311 measured reflections  
 3154 independent reflections  
 1496 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.074$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$   
 $S = 1.00$   
 3154 reflections  
 195 parameters  
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.64$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.78$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.89 (1)	2.14 (2)	2.978 (4)	157 (4)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O3}$	0.89 (1)	2.28 (4)	2.726 (4)	111 (3)
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.82	1.93	2.646 (4)	146

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2186).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o1658 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810022002]

**(E)-N'-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-methoxybenzohydrazide****Shi-Yong Liu and Zhonglu You****S1. Comment**

Considerable attention has been focused on hydrazones and their medicinal applications (Hillmer *et al.*, 2010; Zhu *et al.*, 2009; Jimenez-Pulido *et al.*, 2008; Raj *et al.*, 2007; Zhong *et al.*, 2007). The study of the crystal structures of such compounds is of particular interest (Khaledi *et al.*, 2009; Warad *et al.*, 2009; Back *et al.*, 2009; Vijayakumar *et al.*, 2009), and herein we report on the crystal structure of the new title hydrazone.

In the title molecule, illustrated in Fig. 1, the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 20.3 (3)°, indicating that the molecule is somewhat twisted. Atom C15 deviates from the plane of the benzene ring (C9-C14) by 0.075 (2) Å. All the bond lengths are comparable to those in similar compounds (Cao, 2009; Xu *et al.*, 2009; Shafiq *et al.*, 2009). In the molecule there are two intramolecular hydrogen bonds; O-H...N involving the hydroxyl group and the adjacent N hydrazide atom, and N-H...O involving the NH group and the adjacent O-atom of the methyl group (Table 1). The molecule has the E configuration about the C=N bond.

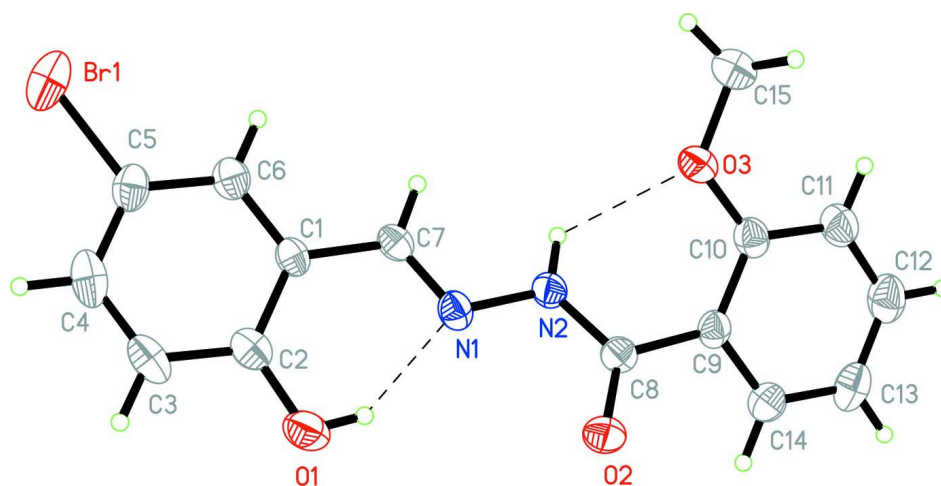
In the crystal structure, molecules are linked through N—H...O hydrogen bonds, to form chains running parallel to the *b* axis (Fig. 2, and Table 1).

**S2. Experimental**

The title compound was prepared by the condensation reaction of 5-bromosalicylaldehyde (0.05 mol, 10 g) and 2-methoxybenzohydrazide (0.05 mol, 8.3 g) in anhydrous methanol (200 mL) at RT. Colourless block-shaped single crystals, suitable for X-ray structure analysis, were obtained by slow evaporation of the solution over a period of a week.

**S3. Refinement**

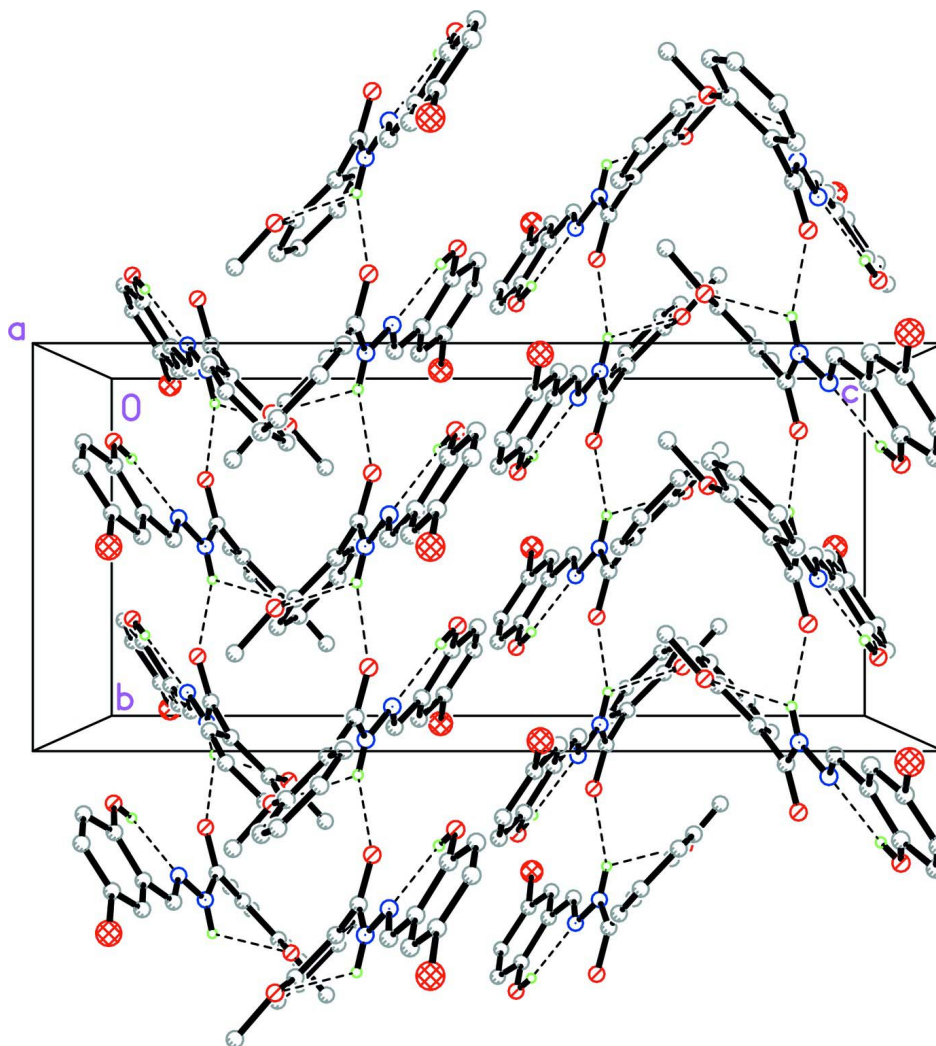
H-atom H2, attached to N2, was located from a difference Fourier map and refined with a distance restraint of N-H = 0.90 (1) Å. The other H-atoms were placed in idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms: C-H = 0.93 - 0.96 Å, O-H = 0.82 Å, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = k \times U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent C-, O-atom})$ , where  $k = 1.5$  for H-hydroxyl and H-methyl, and  $= 1.2$  for all other H-atoms.



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

Hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the *a* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details). Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

**(*E*)-*N'*-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-2-methoxybenzohydrazide**

*Crystal data*

$C_{15}H_{13}BrN_2O_3$

$M_r = 349.18$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

$a = 15.587 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 9.1281 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 20.399 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 2902.3 (10) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1408$

$D_x = 1.598 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1832 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}24.0^\circ$

$\mu = 2.84 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.23 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.561$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.600$

16311 measured reflections  
3154 independent reflections  
1496 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.074$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$   
 $h = -19 \rightarrow 18$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$   
 $l = -26 \rightarrow 23$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$   
 $S = 1.00$   
3154 reflections  
195 parameters  
1 restraint  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.6195P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.78 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	1.23601 (3)	0.49891 (6)	0.43968 (3)	0.0855 (2)
N1	0.8301 (2)	0.4179 (3)	0.38746 (13)	0.0464 (7)
N2	0.76415 (19)	0.4977 (3)	0.35837 (15)	0.0484 (7)
O1	0.89179 (19)	0.2082 (3)	0.46358 (15)	0.0674 (8)
H1	0.8543	0.2542	0.4443	0.101*
O2	0.67329 (16)	0.3058 (3)	0.36404 (13)	0.0598 (7)
O3	0.71532 (17)	0.6580 (3)	0.25197 (13)	0.0629 (8)
C1	0.9761 (2)	0.4067 (4)	0.42007 (16)	0.0425 (9)
C2	0.9676 (3)	0.2766 (4)	0.45609 (18)	0.0524 (10)
C3	1.0386 (3)	0.2181 (4)	0.4871 (2)	0.0659 (12)
H3	1.0329	0.1328	0.5117	0.079*
C4	1.1175 (3)	0.2842 (5)	0.4823 (2)	0.0662 (12)
H4	1.1644	0.2444	0.5041	0.079*
C5	1.1271 (2)	0.4091 (5)	0.44529 (18)	0.0547 (10)
C6	1.0566 (2)	0.4699 (4)	0.41518 (18)	0.0504 (10)

H6	1.0632	0.5554	0.3910	0.061*
C7	0.9037 (2)	0.4779 (4)	0.38856 (17)	0.0443 (9)
H7	0.9113	0.5689	0.3689	0.053*
C8	0.6876 (2)	0.4335 (4)	0.34843 (16)	0.0436 (9)
C9	0.6191 (2)	0.5270 (4)	0.31930 (18)	0.0446 (9)
C10	0.6332 (3)	0.6357 (4)	0.27206 (18)	0.0498 (9)
C11	0.5635 (3)	0.7133 (4)	0.2475 (2)	0.0636 (11)
H11	0.5723	0.7844	0.2155	0.076*
C12	0.4824 (3)	0.6865 (5)	0.2696 (2)	0.0698 (12)
H12	0.4368	0.7406	0.2530	0.084*
C13	0.4671 (3)	0.5804 (5)	0.3162 (2)	0.0674 (12)
H13	0.4117	0.5624	0.3311	0.081*
C14	0.5358 (3)	0.5011 (4)	0.34027 (18)	0.0557 (10)
H14	0.5259	0.4285	0.3714	0.067*
C15	0.7306 (3)	0.7746 (5)	0.2062 (2)	0.0778 (14)
H15A	0.7006	0.7548	0.1661	0.117*
H15B	0.7910	0.7816	0.1975	0.117*
H15C	0.7106	0.8653	0.2244	0.117*
H2	0.777 (3)	0.5907 (17)	0.3488 (19)	0.080*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0504 (3)	0.1095 (5)	0.0967 (4)	0.0050 (3)	-0.0067 (2)	-0.0282 (3)
N1	0.051 (2)	0.0402 (18)	0.0483 (18)	0.0045 (16)	-0.0080 (15)	0.0006 (14)
N2	0.0499 (18)	0.0346 (17)	0.0607 (19)	-0.0031 (17)	-0.0110 (15)	0.0081 (17)
O1	0.077 (2)	0.0522 (18)	0.073 (2)	0.0002 (16)	0.0031 (16)	0.0167 (15)
O2	0.0614 (17)	0.0400 (16)	0.0781 (19)	-0.0060 (13)	-0.0051 (14)	0.0116 (14)
O3	0.0557 (18)	0.0630 (18)	0.0700 (18)	0.0012 (14)	-0.0027 (14)	0.0282 (15)
C1	0.048 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0074 (18)	-0.0037 (17)	-0.0015 (17)
C2	0.066 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.000 (2)	-0.0005 (19)
C3	0.090 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.019 (3)	-0.010 (2)	0.007 (2)
C4	0.070 (3)	0.073 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.030 (3)	-0.017 (2)	-0.015 (2)
C5	0.048 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.0031 (19)	-0.013 (2)
C6	0.053 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0085 (19)	-0.0009 (18)	-0.0040 (19)
C7	0.053 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.0053 (18)	-0.0015 (17)	0.0026 (17)
C8	0.052 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.043 (2)	-0.0034 (18)	-0.0039 (17)	-0.0031 (18)
C9	0.045 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.051 (2)	-0.0002 (17)	-0.0100 (17)	-0.0037 (18)
C10	0.056 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0036 (19)	-0.010 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C11	0.064 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.006 (2)	-0.012 (2)	0.010 (2)
C12	0.060 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.015 (2)	-0.016 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C13	0.046 (3)	0.073 (3)	0.083 (3)	0.005 (2)	-0.010 (2)	-0.016 (3)
C14	0.056 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.057 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.0048 (18)	-0.002 (2)
C15	0.079 (3)	0.077 (3)	0.077 (3)	-0.009 (2)	-0.006 (2)	0.029 (2)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Br1—C5	1.888 (4)	C5—C6	1.376 (5)
N1—C7	1.271 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—N2	1.393 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C8	1.344 (4)	C8—C9	1.491 (5)
N2—H2	0.892 (10)	C9—C14	1.388 (5)
O1—C2	1.345 (5)	C9—C10	1.401 (5)
O1—H1	0.8200	C10—C11	1.390 (5)
O2—C8	1.229 (4)	C11—C12	1.364 (6)
O3—C10	1.359 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
O3—C15	1.436 (4)	C12—C13	1.377 (6)
C1—C6	1.386 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C2	1.403 (5)	C13—C14	1.382 (5)
C1—C7	1.451 (5)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.383 (5)	C14—H14	0.9300
C3—C4	1.372 (6)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.375 (5)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300		
C7—N1—N2	116.7 (3)	O2—C8—N2	122.4 (3)
C8—N2—N1	119.4 (3)	O2—C8—C9	121.1 (3)
C8—N2—H2	125 (3)	N2—C8—C9	116.5 (3)
N1—N2—H2	115 (3)	C14—C9—C10	118.7 (3)
C2—O1—H1	109.5	C14—C9—C8	116.7 (3)
C10—O3—C15	117.6 (3)	C10—C9—C8	124.6 (3)
C6—C1—C2	118.4 (3)	O3—C10—C11	123.4 (4)
C6—C1—C7	119.1 (3)	O3—C10—C9	117.5 (3)
C2—C1—C7	122.6 (4)	C11—C10—C9	119.1 (4)
O1—C2—C3	118.2 (4)	C12—C11—C10	120.9 (4)
O1—C2—C1	122.3 (4)	C12—C11—H11	119.5
C3—C2—C1	119.5 (4)	C10—C11—H11	119.5
C4—C3—C2	120.9 (4)	C11—C12—C13	120.9 (4)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C11—C12—H12	119.5
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C13—C12—H12	119.5
C3—C4—C5	120.1 (4)	C12—C13—C14	118.7 (4)
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C12—C13—H13	120.7
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C14—C13—H13	120.7
C4—C5—C6	119.5 (4)	C13—C14—C9	121.7 (4)
C4—C5—Br1	119.5 (3)	C13—C14—H14	119.2
C6—C5—Br1	121.0 (3)	C9—C14—H14	119.2
C5—C6—C1	121.6 (4)	O3—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.2	O3—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.2	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C1	121.1 (3)	O3—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	119.5	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C7—H7	119.5	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H2···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.89 (1)	2.14 (2)	2.978 (4)	157 (4)
N2—H2···O3	0.89 (1)	2.28 (4)	2.726 (4)	111 (3)
O1—H1···N1	0.82	1.93	2.646 (4)	146

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+3/2, y+1/2, z$ .