

Diiiodidobis(*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethylthiourea- κ S)cadmium(II)

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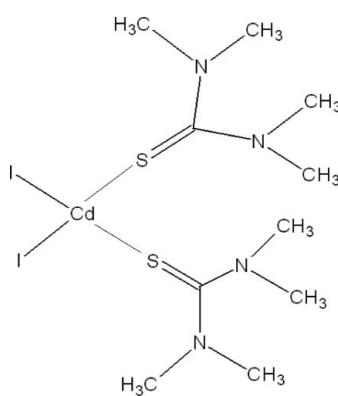
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 294\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{N}-\text{C}) = 0.006\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.023; wR factor = 0.054; data-to-parameter ratio = 28.1.

In the title compound, $[\text{CdI}_2(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{S})_2]$, the Cd^{II} ion is located on a twofold rotation axis and is coordinated in a distorted tetrahedral mode by two iodide ions and by two tetramethylthiourea (tmtu) ligands through their S atoms. The crystal structure is stabilized by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For background to thiourea complexes of group 12 elements, see: Ahmad *et al.* (2009); Bell *et al.* (2001, 2004); Lobana *et al.* (2008); Marcos *et al.* (1998); Matsunaga *et al.* (2005); Moloto *et al.* (2003); Wazeer *et al.* (2007). The structure of the title compound is isotypic with $[\text{Cd}(\text{tmtu})_2\text{Br}_2]$ (Nawaz *et al.*, 2010a) and $[\text{Hg}(\text{tmtu})_2\text{Cl}_2]$ (Nawaz *et al.*, 2010b).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{CdI}_2(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{S})_2]$
 $M_r = 630.65$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 18.985 (5)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.395 (3)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 13.719 (4)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 130.740 (4)^\circ$
 $V = 2051.4 (9)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 4.27\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 294\text{ K}$
 $0.33 \times 0.22 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.333$, $T_{\max} = 0.482$

13642 measured reflections
2557 independent reflections
2235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.054$
 $S = 1.04$
2557 reflections

91 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.67\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.58\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

| $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}$ | $\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| C2—H2A···N2 | 0.96 | 2.51 | 2.859 (6) | 101 |
| C4—H4A···N1 | 0.96 | 2.52 | 2.853 (5) | 100 |
| C5—H5A···S1 | 0.96 | 2.66 | 3.026 (5) | 103 |

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2373).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m951 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810028114]

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S1. Comment

A considerable amount of work has been done in recent years on the synthesis and characterization of cadmium(II) and mercury(II) complexes of thiourea type ligands due to their variable binding modes and because of the their importance in biological systems (Ahmad *et al.*, 2009; Bell *et al.*, 2001, 2004; Lobana *et al.*, 2008; Marcos *et al.*, 1998; Matsunaga *et al.*, 2005; Moloto *et al.*, 2003; Wazeer *et al.*, 2007). Cadmium(II) complexes with thiones possess a variety of structures ranging from four- to six-coordinate species with tetrahedral and octahedral environments for the Cd^{II} atom, respectively. In some cases, these units further aggregate to form polymeric structures (Bell *et al.*, 2001, 2004; Lobana *et al.*, 2008; Matsunaga *et al.*, 2005; Moloto, *et al.*, 2003; Wazeer *et al.*, 2007). We report here the crystal structure of a cadmium(II) iodide complex with tetramethylthiourea (tmtu).

In the title complex, the cadmium atom is bonded to two I⁻ ions and to two tetramethylthiourea ligands through the sulfur atoms in a distorted tetrahedral mode (Fig. 1). The compound is isotopic with [Cd(tmtu)₂Br₂] (Nawaz *et al.*, 2010a) and [Hg(tmtu)₂Cl₂] (Nawaz *et al.*, 2010b).

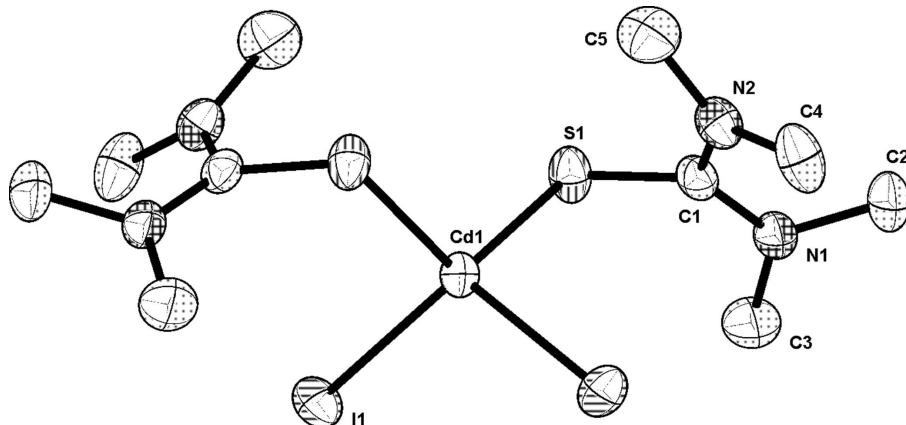
For a more detailed description of the structure, see: Nawaz *et al.* (2010a).

S2. Experimental

To 0.37 g (1.0 mmol) cadmium(II) iodide in 10 ml water was added to two equivalents of tetramethylthiourea in 15 ml methanol. A clear solution was obtained that was stirred for 30 minutes. The colorless solution was filtered and the filtrate was kept at room temperature for crystallization. As a result, a white crystalline product was obtained, that was washed with methanol and dried.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with a C—H distance of 0.96 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of title compound with atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. H-atoms were omitted for clarity.

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Crystal data

$[CdI_2(C_5H_{12}N_2S)_2]$

$M_r = 630.65$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 18.985 (5)$ Å

$b = 10.395 (3)$ Å

$c = 13.719 (4)$ Å

$\beta = 130.740 (4)^\circ$

$V = 2051.4 (9)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1192$

$D_x = 2.042$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 13642 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}28.3^\circ$

$\mu = 4.27$ mm⁻¹

$T = 294$ K

Block, colorless

$0.33 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: normal-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.333$, $T_{\max} = 0.482$

13642 measured reflections

2557 independent reflections

2235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -25 \rightarrow 25$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$

$wR(F^2) = 0.054$

$S = 1.04$

2557 reflections

91 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0229P)^2 + 2.9795P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.67$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.58$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | <i>x</i> | <i>y</i> | <i>z</i> | $U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$ |
|-----|---------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Cd1 | 1.0000 | 0.71325 (3) | 0.2500 | 0.04562 (8) |
| I1 | 1.155686 (14) | 0.56794 (2) | 0.35345 (2) | 0.06074 (8) |
| S1 | 1.03756 (5) | 0.84000 (9) | 0.43960 (7) | 0.05829 (19) |
| N1 | 0.92464 (19) | 0.7668 (2) | 0.4801 (3) | 0.0568 (6) |
| N2 | 0.85712 (18) | 0.8932 (3) | 0.3011 (2) | 0.0569 (6) |
| C1 | 0.93150 (19) | 0.8328 (3) | 0.4031 (3) | 0.0462 (6) |
| C2 | 0.8634 (3) | 0.8067 (4) | 0.5045 (4) | 0.0777 (10) |
| H2A | 0.8343 | 0.8869 | 0.4619 | 0.116* |
| H2B | 0.8992 | 0.8168 | 0.5954 | 0.116* |
| H2C | 0.8165 | 0.7423 | 0.4722 | 0.116* |
| C3 | 0.9920 (3) | 0.6671 (4) | 0.5676 (4) | 0.0870 (12) |
| H3A | 1.0154 | 0.6268 | 0.5308 | 0.130* |
| H3B | 0.9622 | 0.6037 | 0.5808 | 0.130* |
| H3C | 1.0425 | 0.7054 | 0.6486 | 0.130* |
| C4 | 0.7619 (2) | 0.8470 (4) | 0.2310 (4) | 0.0808 (11) |
| H4A | 0.7637 | 0.7632 | 0.2621 | 0.121* |
| H4B | 0.7299 | 0.8422 | 0.1408 | 0.121* |
| H4C | 0.7297 | 0.9054 | 0.2444 | 0.121* |
| C5 | 0.8660 (3) | 0.9963 (4) | 0.2369 (4) | 0.0840 (11) |
| H5A | 0.9259 | 1.0360 | 0.2972 | 0.126* |
| H5B | 0.8184 | 1.0594 | 0.2048 | 0.126* |
| H5C | 0.8594 | 0.9610 | 0.1666 | 0.126* |

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cd1 | 0.04989 (15) | 0.04876 (16) | 0.04920 (15) | 0.000 | 0.03717 (13) | 0.000 |
| I1 | 0.05619 (12) | 0.06315 (14) | 0.06036 (13) | 0.01437 (9) | 0.03692 (11) | 0.00562 (9) |
| S1 | 0.0509 (4) | 0.0769 (5) | 0.0529 (4) | -0.0122 (4) | 0.0365 (3) | -0.0185 (4) |
| N1 | 0.0677 (15) | 0.0552 (14) | 0.0648 (15) | 0.0083 (12) | 0.0508 (14) | 0.0065 (12) |
| N2 | 0.0576 (14) | 0.0651 (15) | 0.0490 (13) | 0.0072 (12) | 0.0352 (12) | -0.0014 (11) |
| C1 | 0.0517 (14) | 0.0473 (14) | 0.0470 (13) | -0.0003 (11) | 0.0355 (12) | -0.0087 (11) |
| C2 | 0.092 (3) | 0.090 (3) | 0.091 (3) | 0.005 (2) | 0.077 (2) | 0.003 (2) |
| C3 | 0.109 (3) | 0.067 (2) | 0.103 (3) | 0.025 (2) | 0.077 (3) | 0.030 (2) |
| C4 | 0.0502 (17) | 0.118 (3) | 0.068 (2) | 0.0085 (19) | 0.0360 (17) | -0.014 (2) |
| C5 | 0.102 (3) | 0.081 (3) | 0.064 (2) | 0.019 (2) | 0.052 (2) | 0.0211 (19) |

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|
| Cd1—S1 | 2.5670 (9) | C2—H2B | 0.9600 |
| Cd1—S1 ⁱ | 2.5670 (10) | C2—H2C | 0.9600 |
| Cd1—I1 ⁱ | 2.7489 (7) | C3—H3A | 0.9600 |
| Cd1—I1 | 2.7489 (7) | C3—H3B | 0.9600 |
| S1—C1 | 1.731 (3) | C3—H3C | 0.9600 |
| N1—C1 | 1.335 (4) | C4—H4A | 0.9600 |
| N1—C2 | 1.465 (4) | C4—H4B | 0.9600 |
| N1—C3 | 1.466 (4) | C4—H4C | 0.9600 |
| N2—C1 | 1.330 (4) | C5—H5A | 0.9600 |
| N2—C5 | 1.464 (5) | C5—H5B | 0.9600 |
| N2—C4 | 1.468 (4) | C5—H5C | 0.9600 |
| C2—H2A | 0.9600 | | |
| S1—Cd1—S1 ⁱ | 118.23 (5) | H2A—C2—H2C | 109.5 |
| S1—Cd1—I1 ⁱ | 107.41 (2) | H2B—C2—H2C | 109.5 |
| S1 ⁱ —Cd1—I1 ⁱ | 105.36 (2) | N1—C3—H3A | 109.5 |
| S1—Cd1—I1 | 105.36 (2) | N1—C3—H3B | 109.5 |
| S1 ⁱ —Cd1—I1 | 107.41 (2) | H3A—C3—H3B | 109.5 |
| I1 ⁱ —Cd1—I1 | 113.34 (3) | N1—C3—H3C | 109.5 |
| C1—S1—Cd1 | 100.59 (9) | H3A—C3—H3C | 109.5 |
| C1—N1—C2 | 122.5 (3) | H3B—C3—H3C | 109.5 |
| C1—N1—C3 | 121.9 (3) | N2—C4—H4A | 109.5 |
| C2—N1—C3 | 114.3 (3) | N2—C4—H4B | 109.5 |
| C1—N2—C5 | 121.3 (3) | H4A—C4—H4B | 109.5 |
| C1—N2—C4 | 122.9 (3) | N2—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| C5—N2—C4 | 114.9 (3) | H4A—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| N2—C1—N1 | 119.4 (3) | H4B—C4—H4C | 109.5 |
| N2—C1—S1 | 121.3 (2) | N2—C5—H5A | 109.5 |
| N1—C1—S1 | 119.3 (2) | N2—C5—H5B | 109.5 |
| N1—C2—H2A | 109.5 | H5A—C5—H5B | 109.5 |
| N1—C2—H2B | 109.5 | N2—C5—H5C | 109.5 |
| H2A—C2—H2B | 109.5 | H5A—C5—H5C | 109.5 |
| N1—C2—H2C | 109.5 | H5B—C5—H5C | 109.5 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y, -z+1/2$.Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

| $D\cdots H$ | $D—H$ | $H\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D—H\cdots A$ |
|--------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| C2—H2A \cdots N2 | 0.96 | 2.51 | 2.859 (6) | 101 |
| C4—H4A \cdots N1 | 0.96 | 2.52 | 2.853 (5) | 100 |
| C5—H5A \cdots S1 | 0.96 | 2.66 | 3.026 (5) | 103 |