

6-Benzylxycoumarin

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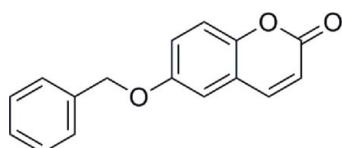
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.075; wR factor = 0.190; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

In the title compound, 6-benzylxyloxy-2*H*-1-benzopyran-2-one, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$, the coumarin unit and benzyl plane in the molecule are perpendicular to each other [86.92 (7) $^\circ$]. The crystal packing is stabilized by π - π stacking interactions, with an interplanar separation between inversion-related coumarin units of 3.618 (3) \AA . The crystal structure shows intermolecular C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonding between neighboring molecules.

Related literature

For general background to coumarin, see: Adfa *et al.* (2010); Gunnewegh *et al.* (1995); Li *et al.* (1998); Murray *et al.* (1982); Schönberg & Latif (1954). For related compounds, see: Chinnakali *et al.* (1998); Jasinski *et al.* (2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$	$V = 2578(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 252.26$	$Z = 8$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 20.391(12)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 6.732(4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 296\text{ K}$
$c = 18.844(11)\text{ \AA}$	$0.30 \times 0.10 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 94.833(8)^\circ$	

Data collection

Rigaku AFC7R Mercury CCD diffractometer	2912 independent reflections
10197 measured reflections	2070 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.075$	172 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.190$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.20$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2912 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C2—H2 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.472 (3)	153
C3—H3 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.58	3.461 (3)	159
C5—H5 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.59	3.501 (3)	168
C8—H8 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.54	3.460 (3)	170
C16—H16 \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.93	2.56	3.421 (3)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y - \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iv) $-x, -y, -z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MSC, 2001); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *Yadokari-XG 2009* (Wakita, 2001; Kabuto *et al.*, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *Yadokari-XG 2009* and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2289).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2190 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810029430]

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S1. Comment

Coumarin and its derivatives have been found to exhibit various biological and pharmacological activities, such as molluscicidal (Schönberg and Latif, 1954), termiticidal (Adfa *et al.*, 2010), rodenticidal, anthelmintic, antibacterial, antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and anti-cancer, and they have been used as anticoagulant agents and fluorescent brighteners (Murray *et al.*, 1982; Gunnewegh *et al.*, 1995; Li *et al.*, 1998). The title compound is one of the derivatives of coumarin. In order to investigate the structure activity relationship (SAR) of the compound for biological activities, it is essential to determine the configuration of 6-benzylxycoumarin.

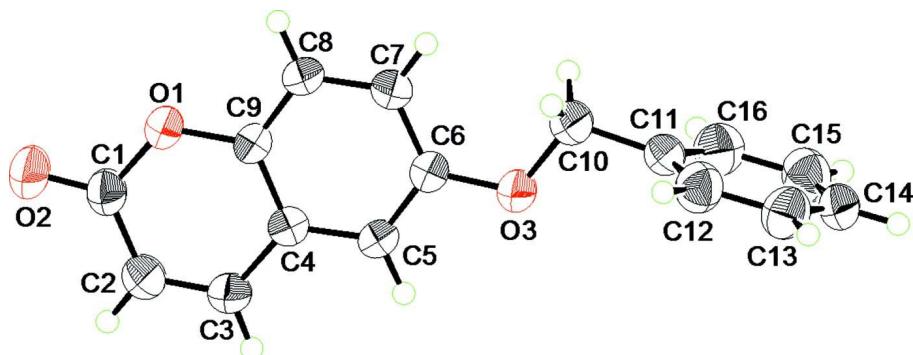
The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. The coumarin moiety and benzyl planes (r.m.s deviations 0.039 and 0.017 Å) in the molecule are perpendicular to each other with a dihedral angle between the plane of the atoms O1–O3, C1–C9 and that of C10–C15 of 86.92 (7)°. The structure shows intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonding between four neighboring molecules (Table 1 and Fig. 2): C3···O2ⁱ, C5···O1^j and C8ⁱ···O3 [symmetry code (i) $x, 1+y, z$; C3ⁱⁱ···O2, C5ⁱⁱ···O1 and C8···O3ⁱⁱ [symmetry code (ii) $x, -1+y, z$]; C2···O2ⁱⁱⁱ and C2ⁱⁱⁱ···O2 [symmetry code (iii) $1/2-x, -1/2-y, -z$]; C16···O2^{iv} and C16^{iv}···O2 [symmetry code (iv) $-x, -y, -z$]. There also exist $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions between the coumarin moieties with an interplanar separation of 3.618 (3) Å (based on all atoms but the phenyl ring C atoms, symmetry operator for the second molecule iv). Similar structural features are also observed in other coumarin derivatives (Chinnakali *et al.*, 1998; Jasinski *et al.*, 2003).

S2. Experimental

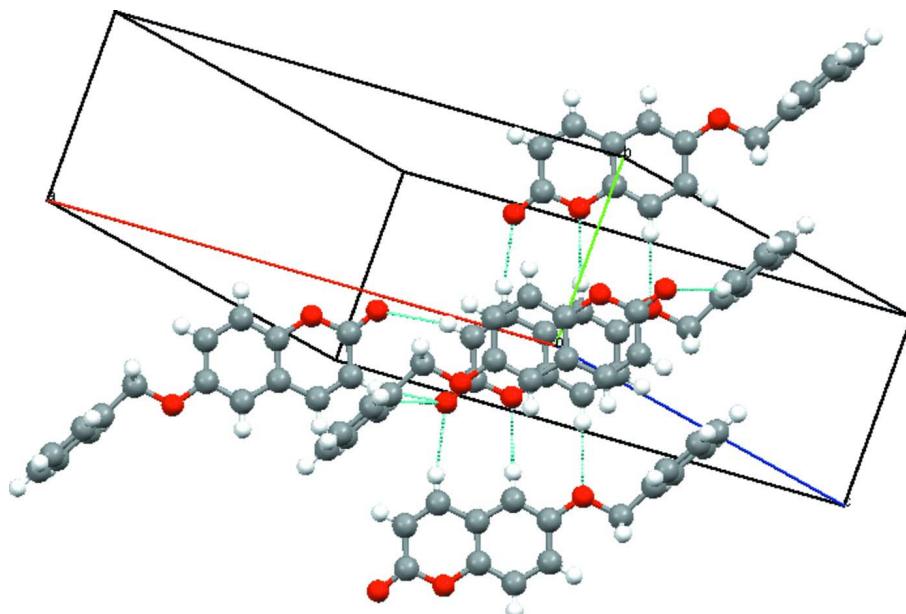
A mixture of 6-hydroxycoumarin (30 mg, 0.19 mmol), benzyl bromide (43.8 cm³, 0.37 mmol), and potassium carbonate (51 mg, 0.37 mmol) in DMF (5.0 cm³) was stirred at 353 K for 1.5 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with n-hexane/ethyl acetate (7:3) to give the title compound (40.3 mg, 86.4%) as colourless crystals, m.p. 385 K. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.10 (2H, s, CH₂), 6.42 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, $J=2.8$ Hz), 7.18 (1H, dd, $J=8.9$ and 2.8 Hz), 7.26 (1H, d, $J=8.9$ Hz), 7.34–7.44 (5H, m, Ar), 7.63 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz); ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 70.8, 111.5, 117.2, 118.1, 119.3, 120.3, 127.6, 128.4, 128.8, 136.4, 143.3, 148.7, 155.3, 161.1. Single crystals of 6-benzylxycoumarin were grown by recrystallization from a solution in chloroform-hexane (10:3).

S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms were placed in idealized positions and treated as riding atoms with C—H distances in the range 0.93–0.97 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for the H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure and atom-numbering scheme of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed perpendicular to the coumarin plane. The C—H···O hydrogen bonding interactions between the neighboring molecules are shown as dashed lines.

6-Benzylcoumarin

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}O_3$
 $M_r = 252.26$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
 $a = 20.391 (12) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 6.732 (4) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 18.844 (11) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 94.833 (8)^\circ$
 $V = 2578 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1056$
 $D_x = 1.300 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Melting point: 385 K
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71070 \text{ \AA}$
Cell parameters from 2417 reflections
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}27.5^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$
Prism, colourless
 $0.30 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku AFC7R Mercury CCD diffractometer
 Radiation source: Rotating Anode Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 14.6199 pixels mm⁻¹
 dtintegrate.ref scans
 10197 measured reflections

2912 independent reflections
 2070 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -23 \rightarrow 26$
 $k = -7 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -24 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.075$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.190$
 $S = 1.20$
 2912 reflections
 172 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0813P)^2 + 0.4589P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.08714 (7)	-0.28238 (19)	0.06726 (8)	0.0517 (4)
C1	0.14413 (11)	-0.2635 (3)	0.03418 (12)	0.0499 (5)
O2	0.17437 (9)	-0.4146 (2)	0.02481 (10)	0.0698 (5)
C2	0.16227 (12)	-0.0660 (3)	0.01380 (13)	0.0565 (6)
H2	0.1997	-0.0486	-0.0105	0.068*
C3	0.12678 (11)	0.0923 (3)	0.02892 (13)	0.0545 (6)
H3	0.1395	0.2176	0.0145	0.065*
C4	0.06915 (10)	0.0725 (3)	0.06722 (11)	0.0441 (5)
C5	0.03075 (11)	0.2315 (3)	0.08766 (12)	0.0499 (6)
H5	0.0418	0.3605	0.0757	0.060*
C6	-0.02290 (11)	0.1989 (3)	0.12518 (13)	0.0505 (5)
C7	-0.04011 (11)	0.0050 (3)	0.14279 (13)	0.0586 (6)
H7	-0.0765	-0.0173	0.1683	0.070*
C8	-0.00300 (11)	-0.1532 (3)	0.12231 (13)	0.0552 (6)
H8	-0.0144	-0.2823	0.1338	0.066*
C9	0.05060 (10)	-0.1191 (3)	0.08502 (11)	0.0438 (5)
O3	-0.05721 (8)	0.3649 (2)	0.14299 (11)	0.0687 (5)

C10	-0.11309 (13)	0.3365 (3)	0.18242 (16)	0.0676 (7)
H10A	-0.0995	0.2785	0.2284	0.081*
H10B	-0.1438	0.2461	0.1570	0.081*
C11	-0.14576 (11)	0.5327 (3)	0.19239 (12)	0.0512 (6)
C12	-0.13279 (13)	0.6408 (3)	0.25384 (13)	0.0612 (6)
H12	-0.1017	0.5947	0.2889	0.073*
C13	-0.16522 (14)	0.8164 (3)	0.26425 (14)	0.0652 (7)
H13	-0.1561	0.8872	0.3063	0.078*
C14	-0.21066 (13)	0.8871 (3)	0.21321 (14)	0.0609 (7)
H14	-0.2326	1.0056	0.2204	0.073*
C15	-0.22378 (13)	0.7825 (4)	0.15136 (14)	0.0676 (7)
H15	-0.2546	0.8303	0.1163	0.081*
C16	-0.19132 (14)	0.6060 (3)	0.14083 (13)	0.0633 (7)
H16	-0.2003	0.5361	0.0986	0.076*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0507 (9)	0.0364 (7)	0.0700 (10)	0.0055 (6)	0.0165 (7)	0.0010 (6)
C1	0.0495 (13)	0.0468 (11)	0.0544 (13)	0.0074 (9)	0.0111 (10)	-0.0030 (9)
O2	0.0723 (12)	0.0497 (9)	0.0911 (13)	0.0141 (8)	0.0283 (10)	-0.0049 (8)
C2	0.0532 (14)	0.0518 (12)	0.0673 (15)	0.0009 (10)	0.0221 (11)	0.0011 (10)
C3	0.0528 (14)	0.0423 (11)	0.0710 (15)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0213 (11)	0.0034 (10)
C4	0.0417 (12)	0.0379 (10)	0.0530 (12)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0064 (9)	0.0019 (8)
C5	0.0471 (13)	0.0324 (9)	0.0716 (15)	-0.0010 (8)	0.0139 (11)	0.0032 (9)
C6	0.0444 (12)	0.0366 (10)	0.0719 (15)	0.0018 (8)	0.0132 (10)	-0.0017 (9)
C7	0.0472 (13)	0.0428 (11)	0.0891 (17)	0.0001 (9)	0.0253 (12)	0.0079 (11)
C8	0.0497 (13)	0.0350 (10)	0.0832 (16)	-0.0009 (8)	0.0201 (11)	0.0081 (10)
C9	0.0428 (12)	0.0329 (9)	0.0559 (12)	0.0027 (8)	0.0062 (9)	0.0009 (8)
O3	0.0594 (11)	0.0386 (8)	0.1138 (14)	0.0039 (7)	0.0417 (10)	0.0007 (8)
C10	0.0616 (16)	0.0473 (12)	0.099 (2)	0.0020 (11)	0.0363 (14)	0.0014 (12)
C11	0.0481 (13)	0.0437 (11)	0.0648 (14)	0.0003 (9)	0.0223 (11)	-0.0001 (10)
C12	0.0580 (15)	0.0583 (13)	0.0663 (16)	0.0040 (11)	-0.0015 (12)	-0.0023 (11)
C13	0.0728 (18)	0.0573 (13)	0.0664 (15)	0.0008 (12)	0.0112 (13)	-0.0144 (12)
C14	0.0550 (15)	0.0485 (12)	0.0829 (18)	0.0063 (10)	0.0280 (13)	0.0006 (11)
C15	0.0596 (16)	0.0721 (16)	0.0709 (17)	0.0104 (12)	0.0045 (13)	0.0135 (13)
C16	0.0697 (17)	0.0645 (14)	0.0568 (14)	0.0001 (12)	0.0115 (12)	-0.0070 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.370 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
O1—C9	1.385 (2)	O3—C10	1.425 (3)
C1—O2	1.210 (2)	C10—C11	1.499 (3)
C1—C2	1.440 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.333 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.374 (3)
C3—C4	1.436 (3)	C11—C16	1.378 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—C13	1.377 (3)

C4—C9	1.393 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.399 (3)	C13—C14	1.364 (4)
C5—C6	1.369 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—C15	1.369 (4)
C6—O3	1.375 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—C7	1.399 (3)	C15—C16	1.382 (3)
C7—C8	1.380 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—H7	0.9300	C16—H16	0.9300
C8—C9	1.368 (3)		
C1—O1—C9	122.04 (15)	O1—C9—C4	120.94 (18)
O2—C1—O1	116.78 (18)	C6—O3—C10	117.63 (16)
O2—C1—C2	126.2 (2)	O3—C10—C11	109.29 (17)
O1—C1—C2	116.97 (17)	O3—C10—H10A	109.8
C3—C2—C1	121.7 (2)	C11—C10—H10A	109.8
C3—C2—H2	119.2	O3—C10—H10B	109.8
C1—C2—H2	119.2	C11—C10—H10B	109.8
C2—C3—C4	121.00 (18)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.3
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C12—C11—C16	118.4 (2)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C12—C11—C10	121.1 (2)
C9—C4—C5	118.17 (19)	C16—C11—C10	120.5 (2)
C9—C4—C3	117.23 (17)	C11—C12—C13	120.9 (2)
C5—C4—C3	124.61 (18)	C11—C12—H12	119.5
C6—C5—C4	120.65 (18)	C13—C12—H12	119.5
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—C12	120.3 (2)
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C6—O3	116.17 (17)	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C6—C7	119.94 (19)	C13—C14—C15	119.6 (2)
O3—C6—C7	123.9 (2)	C13—C14—H14	120.2
C8—C7—C6	119.9 (2)	C15—C14—H14	120.2
C8—C7—H7	120.0	C14—C15—C16	120.2 (2)
C6—C7—H7	120.0	C14—C15—H15	119.9
C9—C8—C7	119.67 (18)	C16—C15—H15	119.9
C9—C8—H8	120.2	C11—C16—C15	120.6 (2)
C7—C8—H8	120.2	C11—C16—H16	119.7
C8—C9—O1	117.41 (16)	C15—C16—H16	119.7
C8—C9—C4	121.62 (18)		
C9—O1—C1—O2	175.73 (19)	C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.9 (3)
C9—O1—C1—C2	-4.4 (3)	C3—C4—C9—C8	179.1 (2)
O2—C1—C2—C3	-177.5 (3)	C5—C4—C9—O1	-179.01 (18)
O1—C1—C2—C3	2.7 (3)	C3—C4—C9—O1	1.0 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.8 (4)	C5—C6—O3—C10	-179.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C9	-2.7 (3)	C7—C6—O3—C10	0.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	177.3 (2)	C6—O3—C10—C11	-176.5 (2)
C9—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (3)	O3—C10—C11—C12	-96.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-178.9 (2)	O3—C10—C11—C16	85.6 (3)
C4—C5—C6—O3	179.72 (19)	C16—C11—C12—C13	1.0 (4)

C4—C5—C6—C7	−0.6 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−176.9 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.0 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14	−0.5 (4)
O3—C6—C7—C8	179.6 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	−0.2 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.2 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.2 (4)
C7—C8—C9—O1	178.4 (2)	C12—C11—C16—C15	−1.0 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C4	0.3 (4)	C10—C11—C16—C15	177.0 (2)
C1—O1—C9—C8	−175.6 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C11	0.3 (4)
C1—O1—C9—C4	2.6 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C2—H2···O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.472 (3)	153
C3—H3···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.58	3.461 (3)	159
C5—H5···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.59	3.501 (3)	168
C8—H8···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.54	3.460 (3)	170
C16—H16···O2 ^{iv}	0.93	2.56	3.421 (3)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$; (iv) $-x, -y, -z$.