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3-Chloro-6-[2-(propan-2-ylidene)-hydrazinyl]pyridazine

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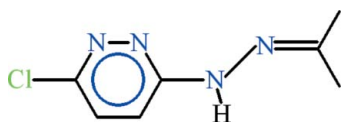
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_7\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_4$, the 3-chloro-6-hydrazinylpyridazine unit is planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0219 Å) and is oriented at a dihedral angle 4.66 (27)° with respect to the propan-2-ylidene group. In the crystal, the molecules are linked into non-planar dimers due to a crystallographic twofold rotation *via* $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds with $R_2^2(8)$ graph-set ring motifs.

Related literature

For a related structure, see: Ather *et al.* (2010). For graph-set notation, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_4$	$V = 1825.5$ (3) Å ³
$M_r = 184.63$	$Z = 8$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 20.6635$ (19) Å	$\mu = 0.37$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 7.8202$ (6) Å	$T = 296$ K
$c = 11.3266$ (8) Å	$0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.14$ mm
$\beta = 94.140$ (3)°	

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	6699 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	1658 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.982$, $T_{\max} = 0.988$	1176 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	111 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.114$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.02$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19$ e Å ⁻³
1658 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.86	2.33	3.083 (2)	146

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and PLATON.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SI2291).

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3-Chloro-6-[2-(propan-2-ylidene)hydrazinyl]pyridazine

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S1. Comment

In continuation to 3-chloro-6-hydrazinylpyridazine derivatives (Ather *et al.*, 2010), the title compound (I, Fig. 1) is being reported here.

In (I), the 3-chloro-6-hydrazinylpyridazine moiety A (C1—C4/N1—N4/CL1) is planar with r. m. s. deviation of 0.0219 Å. The propyl group B (C5/C6/C7) is certainly planar. The dihedral angle between A/B is 4.66 (27)°. The title compound consists of non-planar dimers due to N—H···N type of H-bonding (Table 1, Fig. 2) with $R_2^2(8)$ ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The dimers are formed due to a crystallographic twofold rotation axis parallel b and located in $c = 1/4$.

S2. Experimental

3-Chloro-6-hydrazinylpyridazine (0.5 g, 3.46 mmol), dissolved in acetone was refluxed for 15 min. The unreacted acetone was distilled off yielding in crude material. The product was re-crystallized in alcohol to afford the colorless needles of (I).

S3. Refinement

The H-atoms were positioned geometrically (N—H = 0.86, C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl and $x = 1.2$ for all other H-atoms.

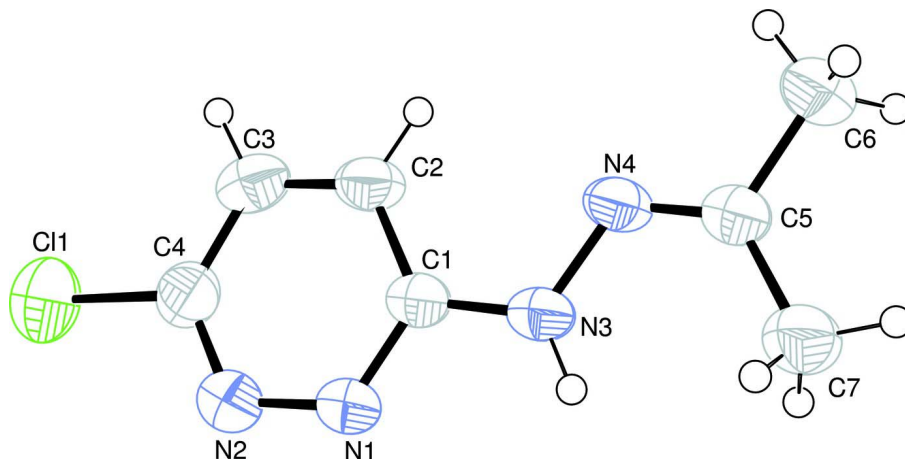


Figure 1

View of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. The thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H-atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

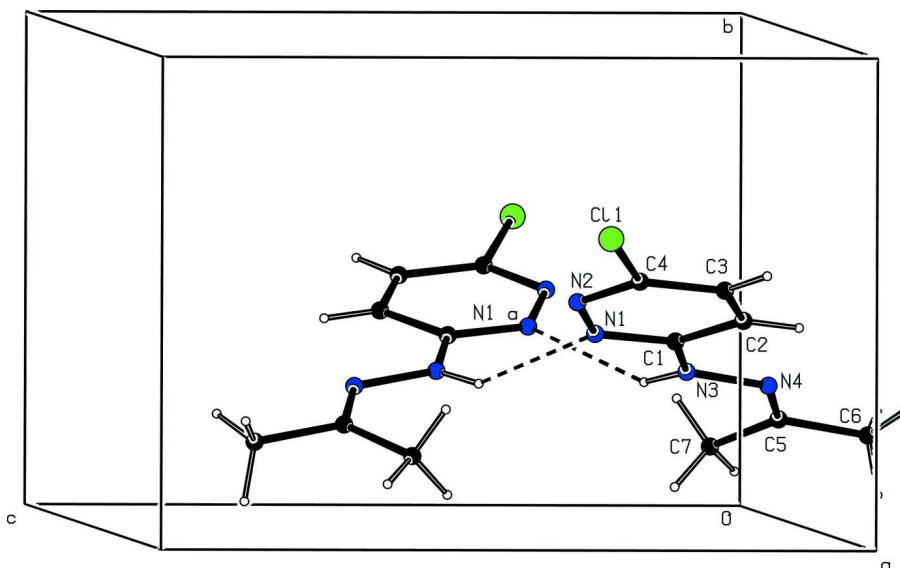


Figure 2

Perspective view of a pair of symmetry related title molecules with the N—H···N hydrogen bonds indicated by dashed lines [Symmetry code: $a = -x, y, -z + 1/2$].

3-Chloro-6-[2-(propan-2-ylidene)hydrazinyl]pyridazine

Crystal data

$C_7H_9ClN_4$

$M_r = 184.63$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C\ 2yc$

$a = 20.6635$ (19) Å

$b = 7.8202$ (6) Å

$c = 11.3266$ (8) Å

$\beta = 94.140$ (3)°

$V = 1825.5$ (3) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 768$

$D_x = 1.344$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1176 reflections

$\theta = 2.0$ – 25.3 °

$\mu = 0.37$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Needle, colorless

$0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.14$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 8.10 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.982$, $T_{\max} = 0.988$

6699 measured reflections

1658 independent reflections

1176 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0$ °

$h = -23 \rightarrow 24$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$

$wR(F^2) = 0.114$

$S = 1.02$

1658 reflections

111 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0466P)^2 + 1.083P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.24961 (3)	0.56355 (11)	0.22863 (7)	0.0864 (3)
N1	0.08033 (8)	0.3556 (2)	0.21840 (14)	0.0503 (6)
N2	0.13843 (9)	0.4249 (2)	0.25439 (15)	0.0547 (7)
N3	0.00430 (8)	0.2720 (2)	0.07587 (14)	0.0528 (6)
N4	-0.01436 (9)	0.2424 (2)	-0.04230 (13)	0.0497 (6)
C1	0.06381 (10)	0.3389 (3)	0.10295 (16)	0.0429 (7)
C2	0.10598 (11)	0.3850 (3)	0.01608 (18)	0.0519 (8)
C3	0.16374 (12)	0.4516 (3)	0.0531 (2)	0.0583 (9)
C4	0.17733 (11)	0.4706 (3)	0.1745 (2)	0.0537 (8)
C5	-0.06866 (11)	0.1693 (3)	-0.06689 (17)	0.0469 (7)
C6	-0.08681 (12)	0.1354 (3)	-0.19521 (18)	0.0628 (9)
C7	-0.11442 (12)	0.1098 (3)	0.0200 (2)	0.0663 (9)
H2	0.09422	0.36991	-0.06405	0.0622*
H3	0.19359	0.48381	-0.00039	0.0699*
H3A	-0.02122	0.24848	0.13034	0.0634*
H6A	-0.05590	0.18936	-0.24248	0.0942*
H6B	-0.12926	0.18084	-0.21605	0.0942*
H6C	-0.08688	0.01439	-0.20933	0.0942*
H7A	-0.09286	0.02922	0.07329	0.0994*
H7B	-0.15116	0.05591	-0.02135	0.0994*
H7C	-0.12876	0.20582	0.06396	0.0994*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0588 (5)	0.1068 (6)	0.0929 (6)	-0.0195 (4)	0.0002 (3)	-0.0051 (4)
N1	0.0506 (11)	0.0648 (12)	0.0357 (10)	-0.0027 (9)	0.0055 (8)	0.0008 (8)
N2	0.0537 (12)	0.0650 (12)	0.0451 (10)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0026 (9)	-0.0020 (9)
N3	0.0547 (12)	0.0714 (12)	0.0332 (9)	-0.0086 (10)	0.0089 (8)	-0.0016 (9)
N4	0.0558 (12)	0.0615 (11)	0.0321 (9)	0.0040 (9)	0.0046 (8)	-0.0021 (8)
C1	0.0483 (13)	0.0454 (11)	0.0355 (11)	0.0028 (9)	0.0062 (9)	-0.0001 (9)

C2	0.0598 (15)	0.0606 (14)	0.0363 (11)	-0.0014 (11)	0.0109 (10)	0.0009 (10)
C3	0.0591 (16)	0.0653 (15)	0.0527 (14)	-0.0003 (12)	0.0197 (11)	0.0042 (12)
C4	0.0485 (14)	0.0565 (13)	0.0562 (14)	0.0010 (10)	0.0056 (10)	0.0012 (11)
C5	0.0535 (14)	0.0484 (12)	0.0389 (11)	0.0056 (10)	0.0040 (10)	-0.0003 (10)
C6	0.0659 (16)	0.0787 (17)	0.0431 (12)	0.0017 (13)	-0.0011 (11)	-0.0038 (12)
C7	0.0731 (17)	0.0757 (16)	0.0507 (14)	-0.0198 (14)	0.0088 (12)	-0.0024 (12)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C4	1.733 (2)	C5—C6	1.498 (3)
N1—N2	1.353 (2)	C5—C7	1.488 (3)
N1—C1	1.334 (2)	C2—H2	0.9300
N2—C4	1.303 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
N3—N4	1.385 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9600
N3—C1	1.351 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9600
N4—C5	1.272 (3)	C6—H6C	0.9600
N3—H3A	0.8600	C7—H7A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.408 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.341 (3)	C7—H7C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.391 (3)		
N1…N3 ⁱ	3.083 (2)	H3A…C7	2.4700
N2…C2 ⁱⁱ	3.425 (3)	H3A…H7A	2.3300
N3…N1 ⁱ	3.083 (2)	H3A…H7C	2.3200
N1…H3A ⁱ	2.3300	H3A…N1 ⁱ	2.3300
N1…H6C ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9000	H6A…H6A ^{vii}	2.3300
N1…H7C ⁱ	2.8500	H6B…H7B	2.4800
N2…H7C ⁱ	2.7000	H6B…C4 ^v	2.9500
N2…H2 ⁱⁱ	2.8100	H6C…N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9000
N3…H7A	2.7600	H6C…C1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.0400
N3…H7C	2.7900	H6C…H7A ^{vi}	2.4800
N4…H2	2.4800	H7A…N3	2.7600
C2…N2 ^{iv}	3.425 (3)	H7A…H3A	2.3300
C3…C5 ^v	3.566 (3)	H7A…C6 ^{viii}	2.9200
C5…C3 ^v	3.566 (3)	H7A…H6C ^{viii}	2.4800
C1…H6C ⁱⁱⁱ	3.0400	H7B…H6B	2.4800
C3…H7C ^v	3.0500	H7C…N3	2.7900
C4…H6B ^v	2.9500	H7C…H3A	2.3200
C6…H7A ^{vi}	2.9200	H7C…N1 ⁱ	2.8500
C7…H3A	2.4700	H7C…N2 ⁱ	2.7000
H2…N4	2.4800	H7C…C3 ^v	3.0500
H2…N2 ^{iv}	2.8100		
N2—N1—C1	119.56 (17)	C1—C2—H2	121.00
N1—N2—C4	118.63 (17)	C3—C2—H2	121.00
N4—N3—C1	117.99 (16)	C2—C3—H3	121.00
N3—N4—C5	117.79 (16)	C4—C3—H3	121.00
N4—N3—H3A	121.00	C5—C6—H6A	109.00

C1—N3—H3A	121.00	C5—C6—H6B	109.00
N1—C1—N3	115.14 (17)	C5—C6—H6C	109.00
N1—C1—C2	122.19 (19)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.00
N3—C1—C2	122.66 (17)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.00
C1—C2—C3	117.56 (19)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.00
C2—C3—C4	117.5 (2)	C5—C7—H7A	109.00
Cl1—C4—C3	120.12 (18)	C5—C7—H7B	109.00
N2—C4—C3	124.5 (2)	C5—C7—H7C	109.00
Cl1—C4—N2	115.37 (17)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.00
C6—C5—C7	117.4 (2)	H7A—C7—H7C	110.00
N4—C5—C6	116.55 (19)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.00
N4—C5—C7	126.04 (18)		
C1—N1—N2—C4	-1.3 (3)	N3—N4—C5—C6	-178.64 (18)
N2—N1—C1—N3	-178.55 (17)	N3—N4—C5—C7	-0.8 (3)
N2—N1—C1—C2	2.5 (3)	N1—C1—C2—C3	-1.7 (3)
N1—N2—C4—Cl1	178.26 (14)	N3—C1—C2—C3	179.5 (2)
N1—N2—C4—C3	-0.7 (3)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)
C1—N3—N4—C5	175.6 (2)	C2—C3—C4—Cl1	-177.43 (19)
N4—N3—C1—N1	-176.46 (17)	C2—C3—C4—N2	1.5 (4)
N4—N3—C1—C2	2.5 (3)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y, -z+1/2$; (ii) $x, -y+1, z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z$; (iv) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$; (v) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (vi) $x, -y, z-1/2$; (vii) $-x, y, -z-1/2$; (viii) $x, -y, z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N3—H3A \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.86	2.33	3.083 (2)	146

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.