

$(\mu$ -4,4'-Bipyridine- $\kappa^2N:N'$)bis[bis(*N,N*-dimethyldithiocarbamate- κ^2S,S')zinc(II)]

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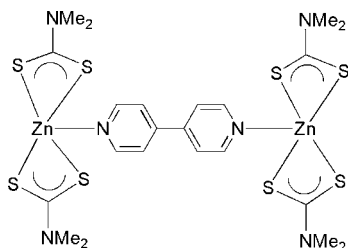
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.101; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.1.

The title dinuclear Zn^{II} complex, $[Zn_2(C_3H_6NS_2)_4(C_{10}H_8N_2)]$, is centrosymmetric; the mid-point of the C—C bond linking the two pyridine rings is located on an inversion center. The pyridine N atom coordinates to the Zn^{II} cation, which is also chelated by two dimethyldithiocarbamate anions, giving a trigonal-bipyramidal $ZnNS_4$ geometry. Weak intermolecular C—H \cdots S hydrogen bonding is present in the crystal structure.

Related literature

Dialkyldithiocarbamates have strong metal-binding properties as well as biological functions, see: Jian *et al.* (2002); Arora *et al.* (2003); Hogarth & Richards (2006). For related zinc(II) dithiocarbamate compounds, see: Lai *et al.* (2002); Chen *et al.* (2006); Benson *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[Zn_2(C_3H_6NS_2)_4(C_{10}H_8N_2)]$
 $M_r = 767.76$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.0490$ (8) Å

 $b = 13.8770$ (14) Å

 $c = 14.8134$ (14) Å

 $\beta = 100.070$ (1) $^\circ$
 $V = 1629.1$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 2.01$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K

 $0.34 \times 0.26 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

 $T_{\min} = 0.540$, $T_{\max} = 0.770$

14059 measured reflections

3754 independent reflections

 3205 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.044$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.101$
 $S = 1.04$

3754 reflections

170 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.95$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Zn1—N1	2.064 (2)	Zn1—S3	2.3495 (8)
Zn1—S1	2.5909 (9)	Zn1—S4	2.6239 (9)
Zn1—S2	2.3488 (9)		

Table 2

 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ$).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4A \cdots S3 ⁱ	0.95	2.86	3.782 (3)	164

 Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5042).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m1465 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810042650]

(*μ*-4,4'-Bipyridine- $\kappa^2N:N'$)bis[bis(*N,N*-dimethyldithiocarbamato- κ^2S,S')zinc(II)]**Mei-Qin Zha, Xing Li, Yue Bing and Yue Lu****S1. Comment**

Dialkyldithiocarbamates, (R₂dtc) (where R is an alkyl group such as methyl, ethyl or propyl), have strong metal-binding properties as well as biological functions (Jian *et al.*, 2002; Arora *et al.*, 2003; Hogarth & Richards, 2006). Crystal engineering studies of zinc(II) dithiocarbamates (S_2CNR_2) are less well developed (Lai *et al.*, 2002; Chen *et al.*, 2006; Benson *et al.*, 2007), this is likely due to the stronger chelating ability of the dithiocarbamate ligand which tends to preclude incorporation of multiple bridging ligands within the Zn atom coordination sphere. Here, we report the crystal structure of the title zinc complex with 4,4'-bipy and dimethyldithiocarbamate (Me₂dtc), [Zn₂(C₃H₆NS₂)₄(C₁₀H₈N₂)], (I).

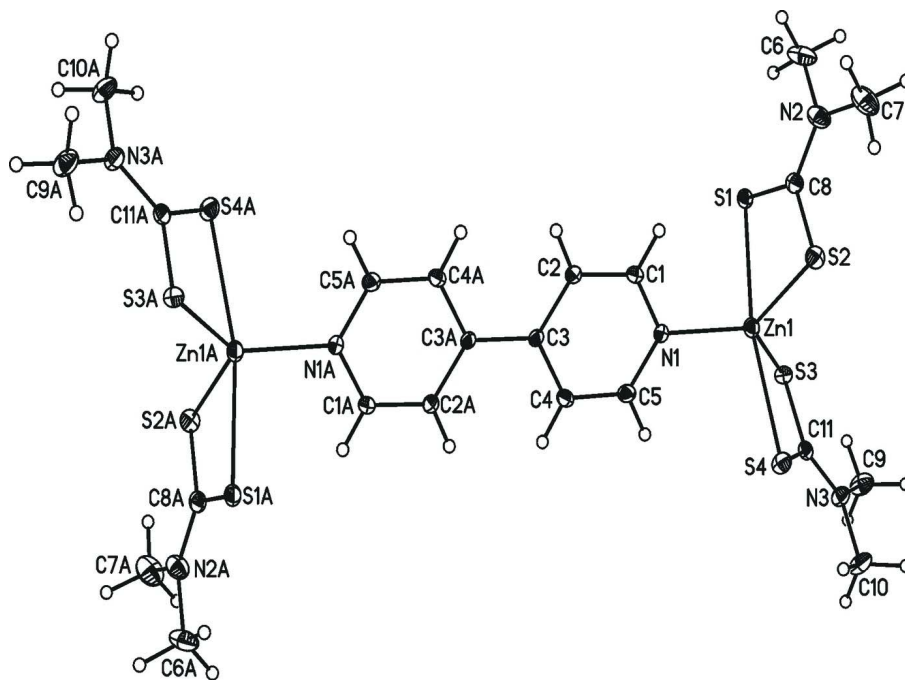
Complex (I) is a binuclear structure, in which Zn1A is symmetrical component related by Zn1 (Symmetry code: $-x, y + 1/2, -z + 3/2$), and the two Zn²⁺ ions possess the same coordination environment (Fig. 1). The Zn²⁺ ion adopts a distorted square-pyramidal coordination geometry comprising two S,S'- bidentate dimethyldithiocarbamate (Me₂dtc) ligands, one N atom from 4,4'-bipy ligand, the N atom in the apical site, Zn—O distances ranging from 2.349 to 2.624 Å and Cd—N distance being 2.064 Å. In the crystal, the molecules are generate to a one-dimensional chain, which is further extended into two-dimensional supramolecular network *via* weak C—H⋯S contacts (Fig. 2), and finally assembled into three-dimensional supramolecular network by C—H⋯ π interactions (Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

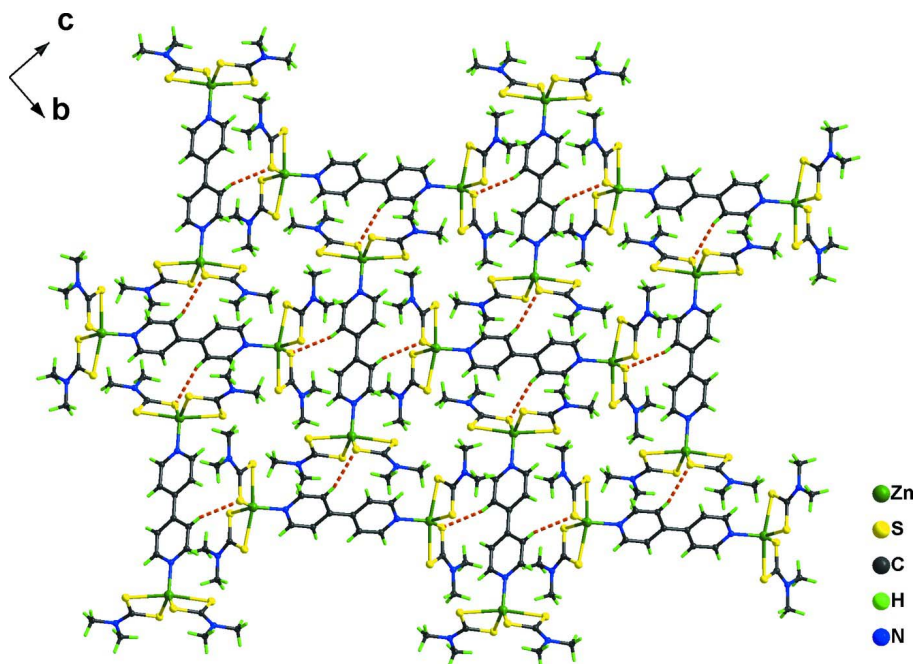
Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (5.0 mg, 0.024 mmol) dissolved in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) (2 ml) was mixed with a DMF solution (1 ml) of 4,4'-bipy (2.38 mg, 0.012 mmol) and stirred for 20 min at room temperature. A DMF solution (0.2 ml) of Zn(NO₃)₂·6H₂O (3.57 mg, 0.012 mmol) was then added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to react for 15 min. The solution was left at room temperature to allow slow evaporation. After a few days, pale yellow block crystals of (I) were obtained from the mother liquor.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated using a riding-model approximation with C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å and U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C) or 1.5U_{eq}(C).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Two-dimensional supramolecular framework for (I) by C—H \cdots S interactions (orange dashed lines).

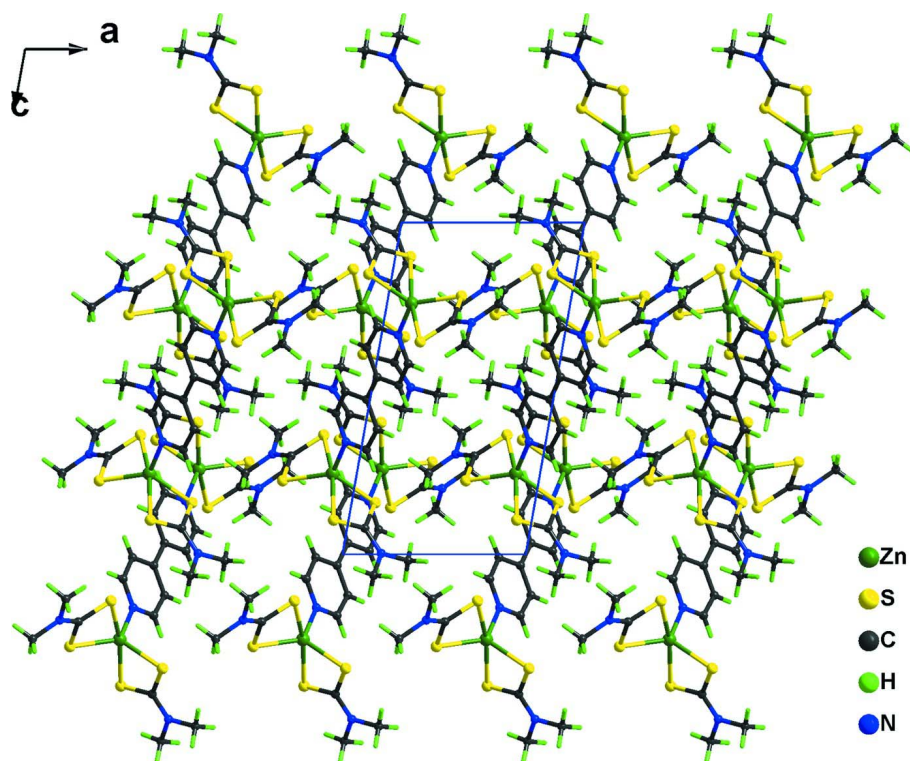


Figure 3
Unit-cell contents for (I) viewed in projection down the *b* axis.

(μ -4,4'-Bipyridine- $\kappa^2N:N'$)bis[bis(*N,N*-dimethyldithiocarbamato- κ^2S,S')zinc(II)]

Crystal data

[Zn₂(C₃H₆NS₂)₄(C₁₀H₈N₂)]

$M_r = 767.76$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.0490$ (8) Å

$b = 13.8770$ (14) Å

$c = 14.8134$ (14) Å

$\beta = 100.070$ (1)°

$V = 1629.1$ (3) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 788$

$D_x = 1.565$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 14059 reflections

$\theta = 2.0$ – 27.5°

$\mu = 2.01$ mm⁻¹

$T = 173$ K

Block, yellow

$0.34 \times 0.26 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.540$, $T_{\max} = 0.770$

14059 measured reflections

3754 independent reflections

3205 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.044$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -18 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.101$
 $S = 1.04$
 3754 reflections
 170 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0365P)^2 + 3.8184P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.95 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.13314 (4)	0.27435 (3)	0.24330 (2)	0.02256 (11)
S1	0.08181 (9)	0.16003 (5)	0.10290 (5)	0.02256 (11)
S2	-0.12799 (10)	0.31820 (6)	0.15575 (6)	0.02636 (18)
S3	0.39861 (9)	0.33093 (6)	0.22187 (5)	0.02260 (17)
S4	0.21808 (10)	0.41611 (6)	0.35942 (6)	0.02694 (18)
C1	-0.0291 (4)	0.1060 (2)	0.3154 (2)	0.0286 (7)
H1A	-0.0887	0.1049	0.2541	0.034*
C2	-0.0689 (4)	0.0385 (2)	0.3764 (2)	0.0292 (7)
H2A	-0.1562	-0.0069	0.3570	0.035*
C3	0.0183 (4)	0.0363 (2)	0.46632 (19)	0.0183 (6)
C4	0.1429 (4)	0.1065 (2)	0.4901 (2)	0.0236 (6)
H4A	0.2065	0.1084	0.5504	0.028*
C5	0.1731 (4)	0.1731 (2)	0.4255 (2)	0.0235 (6)
H5A	0.2568	0.2209	0.4434	0.028*
C6	-0.1905 (5)	0.1389 (3)	-0.0636 (3)	0.0444 (10)
H6A	-0.0751	0.1136	-0.0503	0.067*
H6B	-0.2123	0.1658	-0.1257	0.067*
H6C	-0.2706	0.0867	-0.0591	0.067*
C7	-0.3640 (5)	0.2736 (4)	-0.0185 (3)	0.0495 (11)
H7A	-0.4042	0.2895	0.0385	0.074*
H7B	-0.4514	0.2375	-0.0591	0.074*
H7C	-0.3387	0.3332	-0.0489	0.074*
C8	-0.0971 (4)	0.2285 (2)	0.0785 (2)	0.0230 (6)
C9	0.6095 (5)	0.5119 (3)	0.2449 (3)	0.0372 (8)
H9A	0.5971	0.4609	0.1985	0.056*

H9B	0.7211	0.5072	0.2836	0.056*
H9C	0.5976	0.5750	0.2147	0.056*
C10	0.4667 (5)	0.5812 (3)	0.3652 (3)	0.0362 (8)
H10A	0.3668	0.5723	0.3939	0.054*
H10B	0.4570	0.6421	0.3312	0.054*
H10C	0.5680	0.5825	0.4127	0.054*
C11	0.3763 (4)	0.4248 (2)	0.2965 (2)	0.0206 (6)
N1	0.0906 (3)	0.17348 (17)	0.33906 (17)	0.0203 (5)
N2	-0.2105 (3)	0.2147 (2)	0.0027 (2)	0.0331 (7)
N3	0.4789 (3)	0.50091 (19)	0.30182 (18)	0.0255 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.02293 (17)	0.02255 (18)	0.02164 (18)	-0.00291 (12)	0.00229 (12)	0.00392 (12)
S1	0.02293 (17)	0.02255 (18)	0.02164 (18)	-0.00291 (12)	0.00229 (12)	0.00392 (12)
S2	0.0227 (4)	0.0276 (4)	0.0287 (4)	0.0040 (3)	0.0042 (3)	0.0005 (3)
S3	0.0212 (3)	0.0237 (4)	0.0230 (4)	-0.0016 (3)	0.0042 (3)	-0.0034 (3)
S4	0.0300 (4)	0.0249 (4)	0.0284 (4)	-0.0040 (3)	0.0119 (3)	-0.0024 (3)
C1	0.0389 (18)	0.0250 (16)	0.0183 (15)	-0.0113 (13)	-0.0045 (13)	0.0017 (12)
C2	0.0391 (18)	0.0238 (16)	0.0216 (15)	-0.0152 (14)	-0.0032 (13)	0.0036 (12)
C3	0.0251 (14)	0.0133 (13)	0.0171 (13)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0055 (11)	-0.0020 (11)
C4	0.0269 (15)	0.0259 (16)	0.0167 (14)	-0.0071 (12)	0.0002 (11)	0.0008 (12)
C5	0.0240 (14)	0.0245 (16)	0.0217 (15)	-0.0074 (12)	0.0032 (12)	-0.0016 (12)
C6	0.039 (2)	0.065 (3)	0.0268 (18)	-0.0130 (19)	0.0011 (15)	-0.0150 (18)
C7	0.0289 (19)	0.072 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.0039 (19)	-0.0056 (17)	0.006 (2)
C8	0.0222 (14)	0.0263 (16)	0.0213 (15)	-0.0054 (12)	0.0057 (11)	0.0024 (12)
C9	0.0364 (18)	0.036 (2)	0.043 (2)	-0.0150 (15)	0.0175 (16)	-0.0078 (16)
C10	0.042 (2)	0.0242 (17)	0.045 (2)	-0.0088 (15)	0.0146 (16)	-0.0106 (15)
C11	0.0202 (13)	0.0212 (14)	0.0190 (14)	0.0016 (11)	-0.0004 (11)	0.0035 (11)
N1	0.0254 (12)	0.0168 (12)	0.0186 (12)	-0.0027 (10)	0.0034 (10)	0.0014 (9)
N2	0.0236 (13)	0.0464 (18)	0.0279 (15)	-0.0042 (12)	0.0005 (11)	0.0005 (13)
N3	0.0268 (13)	0.0219 (13)	0.0290 (14)	-0.0045 (10)	0.0082 (11)	-0.0022 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—N1	2.064 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9500
Zn1—S1	2.5909 (9)	C6—N2	1.467 (5)
Zn1—S2	2.3488 (9)	C6—H6A	0.9800
Zn1—S3	2.3495 (8)	C6—H6B	0.9800
Zn1—S4	2.6239 (9)	C6—H6C	0.9800
S1—C8	1.710 (3)	C7—N2	1.468 (5)
S2—C8	1.738 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9800
S3—C11	1.738 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9800
S4—C11	1.708 (3)	C7—H7C	0.9800
C1—N1	1.345 (4)	C8—N2	1.331 (4)
C1—C2	1.378 (4)	C9—N3	1.466 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9500	C9—H9A	0.9800

C2—C3	1.393 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9800
C2—H2A	0.9500	C9—H9C	0.9800
C3—C4	1.398 (4)	C10—N3	1.471 (4)
C3—C3 ⁱ	1.483 (6)	C10—H10A	0.9800
C4—C5	1.383 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9800
C4—H4A	0.9500	C10—H10C	0.9800
C5—N1	1.335 (4)	C11—N3	1.334 (4)
N1—Zn1—S2	108.37 (7)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
N1—Zn1—S3	125.72 (7)	N2—C7—H7A	109.5
S2—Zn1—S3	125.87 (3)	N2—C7—H7B	109.5
N1—Zn1—S1	96.55 (7)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
S2—Zn1—S1	73.36 (3)	N2—C7—H7C	109.5
S3—Zn1—S1	96.74 (3)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
N1—Zn1—S4	96.52 (7)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
S2—Zn1—S4	105.85 (3)	N2—C8—S1	121.7 (3)
S3—Zn1—S4	72.49 (3)	N2—C8—S2	120.2 (3)
S1—Zn1—S4	166.41 (3)	S1—C8—S2	118.10 (18)
C8—S1—Zn1	80.77 (11)	N3—C9—H9A	109.5
C8—S2—Zn1	87.75 (11)	N3—C9—H9B	109.5
C11—S3—Zn1	88.10 (10)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C11—S4—Zn1	80.15 (10)	N3—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C1—C2	122.7 (3)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
N1—C1—H1A	118.6	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	118.6	N3—C10—H10A	109.5
C1—C2—C3	120.4 (3)	N3—C10—H10B	109.5
C1—C2—H2A	119.8	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	119.8	N3—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C3—C4	116.4 (3)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C3—C3 ⁱ	122.1 (3)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C3—C3 ⁱ	121.5 (3)	N3—C11—S4	122.4 (2)
C5—C4—C3	119.8 (3)	N3—C11—S3	119.9 (2)
C5—C4—H4A	120.1	S4—C11—S3	117.64 (17)
C3—C4—H4A	120.1	C5—N1—C1	117.4 (3)
N1—C5—C4	123.2 (3)	C5—N1—Zn1	123.2 (2)
N1—C5—H5A	118.4	C1—N1—Zn1	119.4 (2)
C4—C5—H5A	118.4	C8—N2—C6	121.9 (3)
N2—C6—H6A	109.5	C8—N2—C7	121.8 (3)
N2—C6—H6B	109.5	C6—N2—C7	116.3 (3)
H6A—C6—H6B	109.5	C11—N3—C9	123.2 (3)
N2—C6—H6C	109.5	C11—N3—C10	121.8 (3)
H6A—C6—H6C	109.5	C9—N3—C10	115.0 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
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C4—H4A···S3 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.86	3.782 (3)	164
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Symmetry code: (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.