

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

N-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

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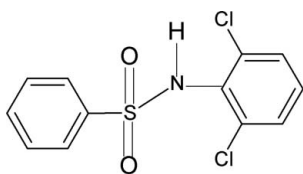
Received 28 October 2010; accepted 28 October 2010

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2\text{S}$, the molecule is bent at the S atom with a $\text{C}-\text{SO}_2-\text{NH}-\text{C}$ torsion angle of 82.5 (2)°. The benzene rings are tilted relative to each other by 43.5 (1)°. The crystal structure features chains linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For our study of the effect of substituents on the structures of *N*-(aryl)arylsulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008*a,b*, 2010). For related structures, see: Gelbrich *et al.* (2007); Perlovich *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2\text{S}$
 $M_r = 302.16$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 5.059$ (1) Å

$b = 17.143$ (4) Å
 $c = 15.351$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 90.43$ (2)°
 $V = 1331.3$ (5) Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.64$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.883$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$
4603 measured reflections
2423 independent reflections
1389 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.088$
 $S = 0.85$
2423 reflections
166 parameters
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.83 (2)	2.21 (2)	3.027 (3)	166 (3)

 Symmetry code: (i) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2247).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3061 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681004420X]

N-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

P. G. Nirmala, Sabine Foro, B. Thimme Gowda and Hartmut Fuess

S1. Comment

As part of a study of substituent effects on the structures of *N*-(aryl)arylsulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2008*a, b*, 2010), the structure of *N*-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamide (I) has been determined (Fig. 1). The molecule is bent at the *S* atom with the C—SO₂—NH—C torsion angle of 82.5 (2)°, compared to the values of -62.1 (3)° and 60.7 (3)°, in the two molecules of *N*-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide (II) (Gowda *et al.*, 2010), -68.1 (3)° in *N*-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamide (III) (Gowda *et al.*, 2008*b*) and -78.7 (2)° in *N*-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)benzenesulfonamide (IV) (Gowda *et al.*, 2008*a*).

The sulfonyl benzene and the aniline benzene rings in (I) are tilted relative to each other by 43.5 (1)°, compared to the values of 70.8 (1)° (molecule 1) and 74.8 (1)° (molecule 2) in (II), 57.0 (1)° in (III) and 44.9 (1)° in (IV). The other bond parameters in (I) are similar to those observed in (II)-(IV) and other aryl sulfonamides (Perlovich *et al.*, 2006; Gelbrich *et al.*, 2007).

The crystal packing of molecules in (I) *via* N—H···O(S) hydrogen bonds (Table 1) is shown in Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

The solution of benzene (10 ml) in chloroform (40 ml) was treated dropwise with chlorosulfonic acid (25 ml) at 0 °C. After the initial evolution of hydrogen chloride subsided, the reaction mixture was brought to room temperature and poured into crushed ice in a beaker. The chloroform layer was separated, washed with cold water and allowed to evaporate slowly. The residual benzenesulfonylchloride was treated with 2,6-dichloroaniline in the stoichiometric amounts and boiled for ten minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and added to ice cold water (100 ml). The resultant solid *N*-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide was filtered under suction and washed thoroughly with cold water. It was then recrystallized to constant melting point from dilute ethanol. The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra. The prism like colorless single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in ethanolic solution by evaporating it at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and later restrained to the distance N—H = 0.86 (2) Å. The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom).

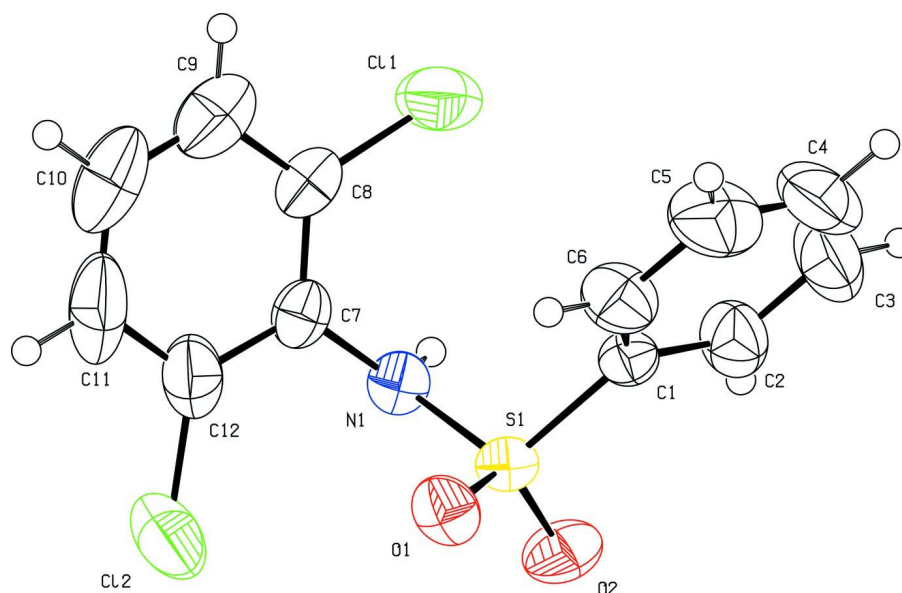


Figure 1

Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom labeling scheme and displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

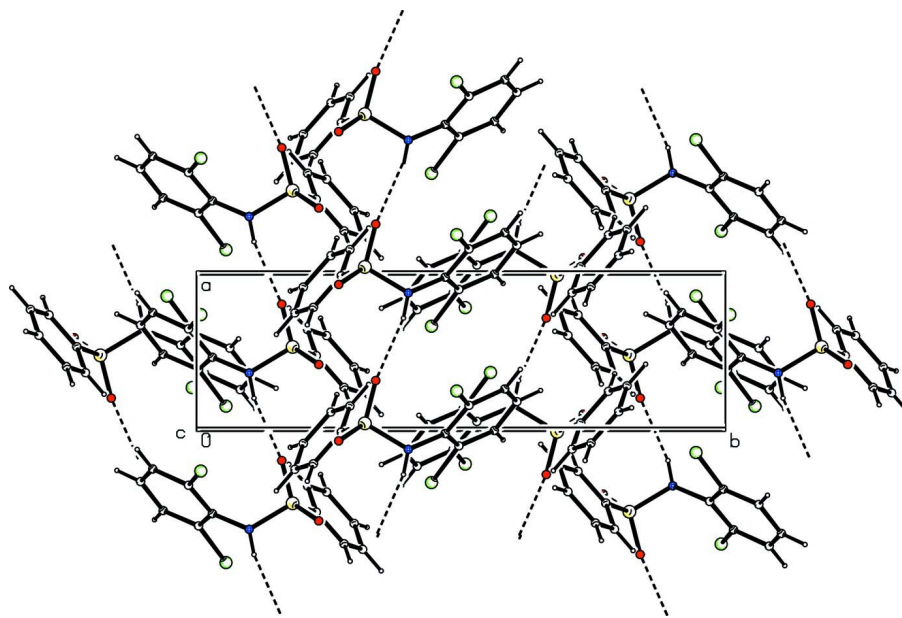


Figure 2

Molecular packing of (I) with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_9Cl_2NO_2S$

$M_r = 302.16$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: $-P 2_1n$

$a = 5.059 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 17.143 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 15.351 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 90.43 (2)^\circ$

$V = 1331.3 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
 $F(000) = 616$
 $D_x = 1.508 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 1612 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.9^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.64 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$
 Prism, colourless
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur
 diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Rotation method data acquisition using ω and
 phi scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.883$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$

4603 measured reflections
 2423 independent reflections
 1389 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 6$
 $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.088$
 $S = 0.85$
 2423 reflections
 166 parameters
 1 restraint
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0454P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in *SCALE3 ABSPACK* scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	-0.0324 (5)	0.27365 (16)	0.83013 (17)	0.0403 (7)
C2	-0.2352 (5)	0.22113 (18)	0.8401 (2)	0.0619 (9)
H2	-0.3479	0.2095	0.7937	0.074*
C3	-0.2686 (8)	0.1860 (2)	0.9200 (3)	0.0893 (13)
H3	-0.4066	0.1509	0.9277	0.107*
C4	-0.1019 (9)	0.2020 (3)	0.9883 (3)	0.0926 (14)
H4	-0.1254	0.1775	1.0417	0.111*

C5	0.0986 (8)	0.2541 (3)	0.9776 (2)	0.0850 (12)
H5	0.2113	0.2654	1.0241	0.102*
C6	0.1354 (6)	0.2900 (2)	0.89885 (19)	0.0610 (9)
H6	0.2732	0.3253	0.8918	0.073*
C7	-0.0445 (5)	0.46992 (17)	0.76239 (19)	0.0444 (7)
C8	-0.1209 (5)	0.49608 (17)	0.8443 (2)	0.0507 (8)
C9	-0.0221 (7)	0.5630 (2)	0.8804 (3)	0.0782 (11)
H9	-0.0799	0.5794	0.9348	0.094*
C10	0.1620 (9)	0.6057 (2)	0.8364 (4)	0.0954 (14)
H10	0.2337	0.6503	0.8616	0.115*
C11	0.2409 (8)	0.5827 (2)	0.7553 (4)	0.0965 (14)
H11	0.3652	0.6121	0.7254	0.116*
C12	0.1356 (6)	0.5151 (2)	0.7169 (2)	0.0657 (9)
N1	-0.1455 (4)	0.40045 (13)	0.72490 (14)	0.0410 (6)
H1N	-0.306 (3)	0.3913 (15)	0.7287 (17)	0.049*
O1	0.2938 (3)	0.33879 (11)	0.72465 (12)	0.0504 (5)
O2	-0.0928 (4)	0.26891 (12)	0.66336 (12)	0.0588 (6)
Cl1	-0.35415 (17)	0.44425 (5)	0.90206 (6)	0.0749 (3)
Cl2	0.2244 (2)	0.49191 (6)	0.61194 (7)	0.1076 (4)
S1	0.02094 (12)	0.31832 (4)	0.72850 (4)	0.0389 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0385 (14)	0.0401 (17)	0.0423 (16)	0.0057 (13)	0.0055 (12)	-0.0008 (14)
C2	0.0525 (18)	0.060 (2)	0.073 (2)	-0.0069 (17)	0.0083 (16)	0.0062 (19)
C3	0.087 (3)	0.076 (3)	0.106 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.040 (3)	0.032 (3)
C4	0.116 (4)	0.096 (4)	0.066 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.033 (3)
C5	0.102 (3)	0.104 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.025 (3)	-0.009 (2)	0.009 (2)
C6	0.067 (2)	0.073 (2)	0.0428 (18)	-0.0008 (18)	-0.0073 (15)	0.0026 (18)
C7	0.0396 (15)	0.0379 (17)	0.056 (2)	0.0038 (14)	-0.0061 (14)	0.0021 (16)
C8	0.0505 (17)	0.0408 (19)	0.061 (2)	0.0048 (15)	-0.0099 (15)	-0.0073 (16)
C9	0.089 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.006 (2)	-0.016 (2)	-0.016 (2)
C10	0.097 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.140 (4)	-0.012 (2)	-0.024 (3)	-0.013 (3)
C11	0.084 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.156 (4)	-0.016 (2)	0.010 (3)	0.028 (3)
C12	0.064 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.084 (3)	0.0000 (18)	0.0077 (18)	0.018 (2)
N1	0.0307 (12)	0.0445 (15)	0.0478 (14)	0.0024 (11)	-0.0032 (11)	0.0009 (12)
O1	0.0306 (10)	0.0601 (14)	0.0606 (13)	0.0023 (9)	0.0049 (8)	0.0080 (11)
O2	0.0684 (12)	0.0622 (14)	0.0456 (12)	0.0019 (11)	-0.0103 (10)	-0.0189 (11)
Cl1	0.0761 (6)	0.0825 (7)	0.0664 (6)	0.0001 (5)	0.0221 (4)	-0.0150 (5)
Cl2	0.1395 (9)	0.0857 (8)	0.0984 (8)	0.0114 (7)	0.0556 (7)	0.0354 (7)
S1	0.0372 (4)	0.0437 (4)	0.0358 (4)	0.0029 (3)	-0.0003 (3)	-0.0040 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.374 (4)	C7—N1	1.417 (3)
C1—C6	1.378 (4)	C8—C9	1.368 (4)
C1—S1	1.761 (3)	C8—Cl1	1.728 (3)

C2—C3	1.378 (4)	C9—C10	1.367 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—C4	1.367 (5)	C10—C11	1.368 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—C5	1.363 (5)	C11—C12	1.402 (5)
C4—H4	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C5—C6	1.370 (4)	C12—C12	1.723 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	N1—S1	1.641 (2)
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1N	0.832 (16)
C7—C12	1.388 (4)	O1—S1	1.4259 (17)
C7—C8	1.392 (4)	O2—S1	1.4284 (19)
C2—C1—C6	120.3 (3)	C7—C8—C11	119.6 (2)
C2—C1—S1	120.2 (2)	C10—C9—C8	119.8 (4)
C6—C1—S1	119.5 (2)	C10—C9—H9	120.1
C1—C2—C3	118.8 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.1
C1—C2—H2	120.6	C9—C10—C11	120.0 (4)
C3—C2—H2	120.6	C9—C10—H10	120.0
C4—C3—C2	121.0 (4)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C10—C11—C12	120.5 (4)
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C10—C11—H11	119.8
C5—C4—C3	119.7 (4)	C12—C11—H11	119.8
C5—C4—H4	120.2	C7—C12—C11	119.9 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.2	C7—C12—C12	121.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6	120.4 (4)	C11—C12—C12	118.8 (3)
C4—C5—H5	119.8	C7—N1—S1	121.60 (17)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	C7—N1—H1N	118.7 (19)
C5—C6—C1	119.8 (3)	S1—N1—H1N	109.7 (19)
C5—C6—H6	120.1	O1—S1—O2	120.14 (11)
C1—C6—H6	120.1	O1—S1—N1	106.50 (12)
C12—C7—C8	117.5 (3)	O2—S1—N1	106.33 (12)
C12—C7—N1	120.1 (3)	O1—S1—C1	107.38 (12)
C8—C7—N1	122.4 (3)	O2—S1—C1	107.38 (13)
C9—C8—C7	122.2 (3)	N1—S1—C1	108.71 (12)
C9—C8—C11	118.2 (3)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (4)	N1—C7—C12—C11	-178.2 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	178.8 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C12	-175.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (5)	N1—C7—C12—C12	4.2 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.8 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-1.8 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.6 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C12	175.8 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.4 (6)	C12—C7—N1—S1	81.8 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.5 (5)	C8—C7—N1—S1	-98.9 (3)
S1—C1—C6—C5	-178.5 (3)	C7—N1—S1—O1	-32.9 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-0.9 (4)	C7—N1—S1—O2	-162.2 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C9	179.7 (3)	C7—N1—S1—C1	82.5 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C11	177.5 (2)	C2—C1—S1—O1	-153.7 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C11	-1.9 (4)	C6—C1—S1—O1	24.4 (3)

C7—C8—C9—C10	-1.3 (5)	C2—C1—S1—O2	-23.2 (3)
C11—C8—C9—C10	-179.8 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O2	154.9 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C11	2.0 (6)	C2—C1—S1—N1	91.5 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (6)	C6—C1—S1—N1	-90.4 (2)
C8—C7—C12—C11	2.5 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1N...O1 ⁱ	0.83 (2)	2.21 (2)	3.027 (3)	166 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1, y, z$.