

4-Amino-3-ammoniobenzenesulfonate

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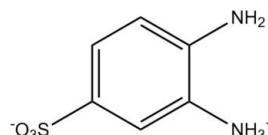
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.087; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.2.

The title compound, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$, crystallized as a sulfonate–aminium zwitterion. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds generate an extensive three-dimensional network, which consolidates the packing.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of isomers of the title compound, see: Rubin-Preminger & Bernstein (2003). For details of the synthesis, see: Miranda *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}$	$c = 16.221(3)\text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 188.20$	$\beta = 95.613(2)^\circ$
Monoclinic, $P\bar{2}_1/c$	$V = 760.9(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
$a = 5.602(1)\text{ \AA}$	$Z = 4$
$b = 8.4135(15)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.39\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 295\text{ K}$

$0.35 \times 0.25 \times 0.15\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.875$, $T_{\max} = 0.944$

4039 measured reflections
1490 independent reflections
1351 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.087$
 $S = 1.09$
1490 reflections
122 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1B···O1 ⁱ	0.92 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.778 (2)	178 (2)
N1—H1C···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.92 (3)	1.89 (3)	2.792 (2)	165 (2)
N1—H1A···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90 (2)	1.88 (3)	2.759 (2)	165 (2)
N2—H2B···O3 ^{iv}	0.86	2.46	3.047 (2)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z + 2$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$; (iv) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2799).

References

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supporting information

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4-Amino-3-ammoniobenzenesulfonate

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S1. Comment

The title compound (**I**) (Fig. 1) is a zwitterion of 4-amino-3-ammoniobenzenesulfonate. The bond lengths and angles in (**I**) are normal and comparable with those observed in the related compounds (Rubin-Preminger & Bernstein, 2003). In the crystal structure, intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds generate an extensive three-dimensional network which consolidate the crystal packing.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to the method reported in the literature (Miranda *et al.*, 2008). Orange single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of a water solution of the compound.

S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms and *N*(amino)-bound H atoms were geometrically positioned (C—H = 0.93 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å) and included in the riding model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$. H atoms attached to *N*(ammonio) were located from an electron density map, and isotropically refined with the N—H bond length restrained to 0.91 (3) Å.

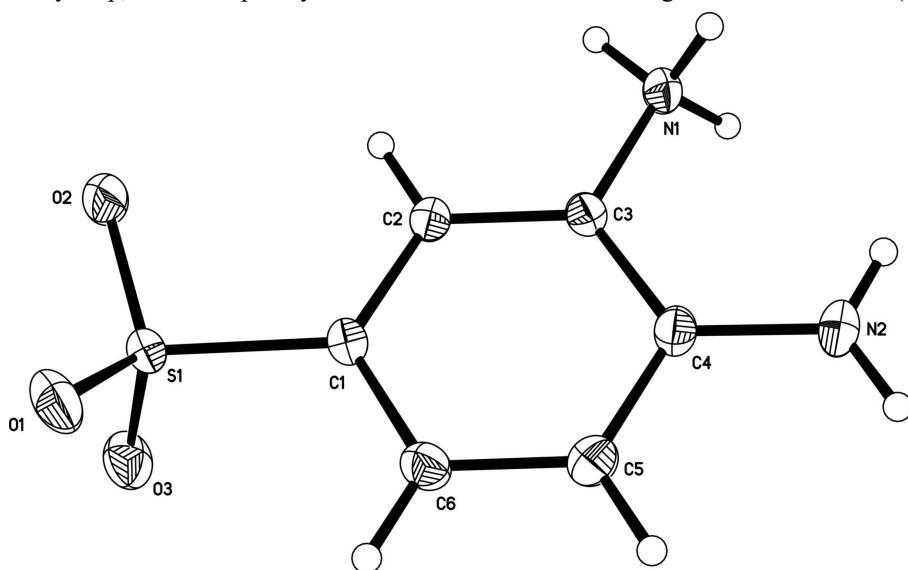


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (**I**), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

4-Amino-3-ammoniobenzenesulfonate*Crystal data*

$C_6H_8N_2O_3S$
 $M_r = 188.20$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 5.602$ (1) Å
 $b = 8.4135$ (15) Å
 $c = 16.221$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 95.613$ (2)°
 $V = 760.9$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 392$
 $D_x = 1.643$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 2332 reflections
 $\theta = 2.4\text{--}27.7^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.39$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 295$ K
Block, orange
0.35 × 0.25 × 0.15 mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
phi and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.875$, $T_{\max} = 0.944$

4039 measured reflections
1490 independent reflections
1351 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.087$
 $S = 1.09$
1490 reflections
122 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0446P)^2 + 0.3348P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33$ e Å⁻³
Extinction correction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick,
2008), $Fc^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Extinction coefficient: 0.022 (3)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.1329 (3)	0.2272 (2)	1.04906 (10)	0.0265 (4)
C2	0.1963 (3)	0.15996 (19)	0.97641 (10)	0.0263 (4)
H2	0.3348	0.0988	0.9769	0.032*

C3	0.0532 (3)	0.18407 (19)	0.90339 (10)	0.0263 (4)
C4	-0.1567 (3)	0.2754 (2)	0.90017 (10)	0.0300 (4)
C5	-0.2178 (3)	0.3403 (2)	0.97466 (11)	0.0341 (4)
H5	-0.3570	0.4005	0.9747	0.041*
C6	-0.0764 (3)	0.3168 (2)	1.04811 (11)	0.0314 (4)
H6	-0.1207	0.3608	1.0970	0.038*
H1A	0.266 (4)	0.065 (3)	0.8377 (14)	0.052 (7)*
H1B	0.132 (4)	0.185 (3)	0.7858 (16)	0.045 (6)*
H1C	0.012 (4)	0.033 (3)	0.8111 (15)	0.055 (7)*
N1	0.1219 (3)	0.1112 (2)	0.82725 (9)	0.0304 (3)
N2	-0.2985 (3)	0.3022 (2)	0.82732 (11)	0.0502 (5)
H2B	-0.4260	0.3592	0.8274	0.060*
H2A	-0.2597	0.2619	0.7818	0.060*
O1	0.1572 (3)	0.16078 (16)	1.20518 (8)	0.0413 (4)
O2	0.4779 (3)	0.07161 (18)	1.12735 (8)	0.0518 (4)
O3	0.4413 (2)	0.34942 (17)	1.16250 (8)	0.0424 (4)
S1	0.31916 (8)	0.20155 (5)	1.14202 (2)	0.02874 (18)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0281 (9)	0.0290 (8)	0.0218 (8)	0.0004 (6)	-0.0011 (6)	-0.0005 (6)
C2	0.0269 (8)	0.0274 (8)	0.0243 (8)	0.0028 (6)	0.0004 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C3	0.0302 (9)	0.0259 (8)	0.0222 (8)	0.0004 (6)	0.0005 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C4	0.0303 (9)	0.0298 (8)	0.0285 (9)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0045 (7)	0.0012 (7)
C5	0.0277 (9)	0.0369 (9)	0.0368 (10)	0.0073 (7)	-0.0004 (7)	-0.0027 (7)
C6	0.0309 (9)	0.0363 (9)	0.0275 (9)	0.0036 (7)	0.0045 (7)	-0.0054 (7)
N1	0.0352 (9)	0.0334 (8)	0.0217 (7)	0.0054 (7)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0001 (6)
N2	0.0538 (11)	0.0559 (11)	0.0364 (9)	0.0241 (9)	-0.0188 (8)	-0.0073 (8)
O1	0.0556 (9)	0.0457 (8)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0086 (6)	0.0054 (6)	-0.0029 (5)
O2	0.0625 (9)	0.0574 (9)	0.0324 (7)	0.0326 (8)	-0.0104 (6)	-0.0080 (6)
O3	0.0452 (8)	0.0432 (8)	0.0366 (7)	-0.0086 (6)	-0.0072 (6)	-0.0032 (6)
S1	0.0343 (3)	0.0307 (3)	0.0203 (2)	0.00447 (16)	-0.00195 (17)	-0.00273 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

C1—C2	1.385 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C6	1.393 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—S1	1.7611 (17)	N1—H1A	0.90 (2)
C2—C3	1.379 (2)	N1—H1B	0.92 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	N1—H1C	0.92 (3)
C3—C4	1.401 (2)	N2—H2B	0.8600
C3—N1	1.464 (2)	N2—H2A	0.8600
C4—N2	1.376 (2)	O1—S1	1.4739 (14)
C4—C5	1.399 (2)	O2—S1	1.4435 (14)
C5—C6	1.379 (2)	O3—S1	1.4428 (14)
C2—C1—C6	119.85 (15)	C1—C6—H6	120.0

C2—C1—S1	119.92 (13)	C3—N1—H1A	109.1 (15)
C6—C1—S1	120.23 (13)	C3—N1—H1B	111.8 (14)
C3—C2—C1	119.66 (15)	H1A—N1—H1B	108 (2)
C3—C2—H2	120.2	C3—N1—H1C	108.5 (14)
C1—C2—H2	120.2	H1A—N1—H1C	108 (2)
C2—C3—C4	121.88 (15)	H1B—N1—H1C	111 (2)
C2—C3—N1	118.96 (15)	C4—N2—H2B	120.0
C4—C3—N1	119.16 (15)	C4—N2—H2A	120.0
N2—C4—C5	120.55 (16)	H2B—N2—H2A	120.0
N2—C4—C3	122.25 (16)	O3—S1—O2	113.91 (10)
C5—C4—C3	117.20 (15)	O3—S1—O1	110.55 (8)
C6—C5—C4	121.48 (16)	O2—S1—O1	111.67 (9)
C6—C5—H5	119.3	O3—S1—C1	108.61 (8)
C4—C5—H5	119.3	O2—S1—C1	105.94 (8)
C5—C6—C1	119.93 (16)	O1—S1—C1	105.68 (8)
C5—C6—H6	120.0		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.9 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-178.25 (13)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.0 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (3)	S1—C1—C6—C5	178.15 (14)
C1—C2—C3—N1	-179.58 (15)	C2—C1—S1—O3	106.55 (15)
C2—C3—C4—N2	178.93 (17)	C6—C1—S1—O3	-72.59 (16)
N1—C3—C4—N2	-1.5 (3)	C2—C1—S1—O2	-16.19 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O2	164.66 (15)
N1—C3—C4—C5	178.80 (16)	C2—C1—S1—O1	-134.81 (14)
N2—C4—C5—C6	-179.04 (18)	C6—C1—S1—O1	46.04 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1B···O1 ⁱ	0.92 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.778 (2)	178 (2)
N1—H1C···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.92 (3)	1.89 (3)	2.792 (2)	165 (2)
N1—H1A···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90 (2)	1.88 (3)	2.759 (2)	165 (2)
N2—H2B···O3 ^{iv}	0.86	2.46	3.047 (2)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$; (iv) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$.