

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 6-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-isobutylimidazo[2,1-b][1,3,4]thiadiazole

 Hoong-Kun Fun,<sup>a,\*</sup> Madhukar Hemamalini,<sup>a</sup>  
 D. Jagadeesh Prasad,<sup>b</sup> G. K. Nagaraja<sup>b</sup> and V. V. Anitha<sup>b</sup>
<sup>a</sup>X-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalore, Karnataka, India

Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

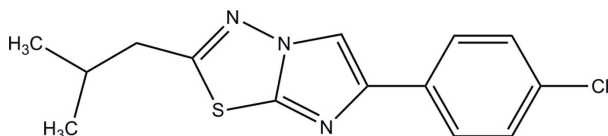
Received 14 December 2010; accepted 15 December 2010

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.050;  $wR$  factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.5.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}$ , the imidazo[2,1-*b*][1,3,4]-thiadiazole system is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.006 (2) Å. The dihedral angle between the imidazo[2,1-*b*][1,3,4]thiadiazole and chlorophenyl rings is 5.07 (8)°. In the crystal, there are no classical hydrogen bonds but stabilization is provided by weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  [centroid-centroid distance = 3.5697 (11) Å] and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions.

### Related literature

For applications of imidazo [2,1-*b*]-1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives, see: Terzioglu & Gursoy (2003); Kolavi *et al.* (2006); Gadad *et al.* (2000); Andotra *et al.* (1997); Khazi *et al.* (1996); Andreani *et al.* (1982,1987,1991); Eberle & Robert (1977).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClN}_3\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 291.79$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 5.7552$  (1) Å  
 $b = 26.4052$  (5) Å  
 $c = 9.7662$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 101.388$  (1)°

$V = 1454.92$  (5) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.40$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.47 \times 0.31 \times 0.28$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD  
 area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.835$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.897$   
 12320 measured reflections  
 3353 independent reflections  
 2646 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$   
 $S = 1.05$   
 3353 reflections  
 172 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $\text{Cg3}$  is the centroid of the  $\text{C1}-\text{C6}$  ring.

$\text{D}-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$\text{D}-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$\text{D}\cdots\text{A}$	$\text{D}-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
$\text{C11}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{Cg3}^{\text{i}}$	0.97	2.70	3.544 (2)	145

 Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 2, -y, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HKF and MH thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160. MH also thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5089).

### References

- Andotra, C. S., Langer, T. & Kotha, A. (1997). *J. Indian Chem. Soc.* **74**, 125–127.  
 Andreani, A., Bonazzi, D., Rambaldi, M., Fabbri, G. & Rainsford, K. D. (1982). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **17**, 271–274.  
 Andreani, A., Rambaldi, M., Locatelli, A. & Andreani, F. (1991). *Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun.* **56**, 2436–2447.  
 Andreani, A., Rambaldi, M., Mascellani, G. & Rugarli, P. (1987). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **22**, 19–22.  
 Bruker (2009). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Eberle, M. K. & Robert, E. M. (1977). US Patent No. 4 054 665.  
 Gadad, A. K., Mahajanshetti, C. S., Nimbalkar, S. & Raichurkar, A. (2000). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **35**, 853–857.  
 Khazi, I. A. M., Mahajanshetti, C. S., Gadad, A. K., Tamalli, A. D. & Sultanpur, C. M. (1996). *Arzneim. Forsch. Drug. Res.* **46**, 949–952.  
 Kolavi, G., Hegde, V., Khan, I. & Gadad, P. (2006). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **14**, 3069–3080.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
 Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.  
 Terzioglu, N. & Gursoy, A. (2003). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **38**, 781–786.

\* Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o207 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810052621]

**6-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-isobutylimidazo[2,1-*b*][1,3,4]thiadiazole**

**Hoong-Kun Fun, Madhukar Hemamalini, D. Jagadeesh Prasad, G. K. Nagaraja and V. V. Anitha**

**S1. Comment**

Imidazo [2,1-*b*]-1,3,4-thiadiazole derivatives are found to be biologically active compounds possessing anticancer (Terzioglu, 2003), antitubercular (Kolavi *et al.*, 2006), antibacterial (Gadad *et al.*, 2000), antifungal (Andotra *et al.*, 1997), anticonvulsant, analgesic (Khazi *et al.*, 1996), anti-inflammatory (Andreani *et al.*, 1982), diuretic (Andreani *et al.*, 1991) and herbicidal activities (Andreani *et al.*, 1991). Moreover 1,3,4-thiadiazoles have many interesting biological activities, for example, 2-amino-5-(trifluoromethylphenyl alkyl)-1,3,4 thidiazoles are used in the treatment of insomnia and anxiety (Eberle & Robert, 1977).

The asymmetric unit of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The imidazo[2,1-*b*] [1,3,4]thiadiazole (S1/N1–N3/C7–C10) ring is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.006 (2) Å for atom N3. The dihedral angle between the imidazo[2,1-*b*][1,3,4]thiadiazole (S1/N1–N3/C7–C10) ring and the chlorophenyl ring (C1–C6) is 5.07 (8)°.

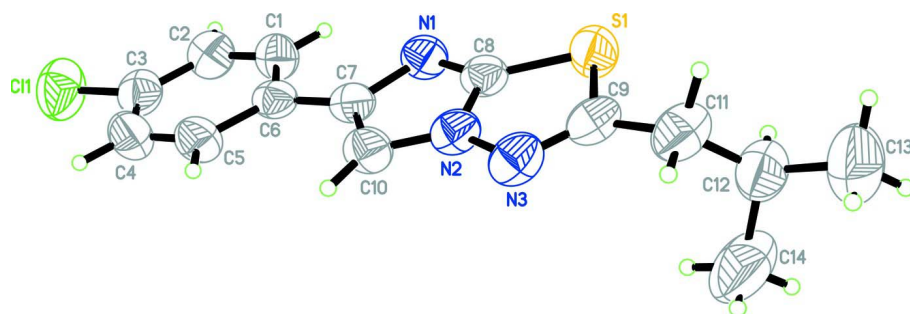
In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), there are no classical hydrogen bonds but stabilization is provided by weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions between the imidazole rings (N1–N2/C7–C8/C10) [centroid-to-centroid (2-*x*, -*y*, 2-*z*) distance = 3.5697 (11) Å]. Furthermore, the crystal structure is stabilized by C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  interactions (Table 1), involving the (C1–C6)(centroid Cg3) ring.

**S2. Experimental**

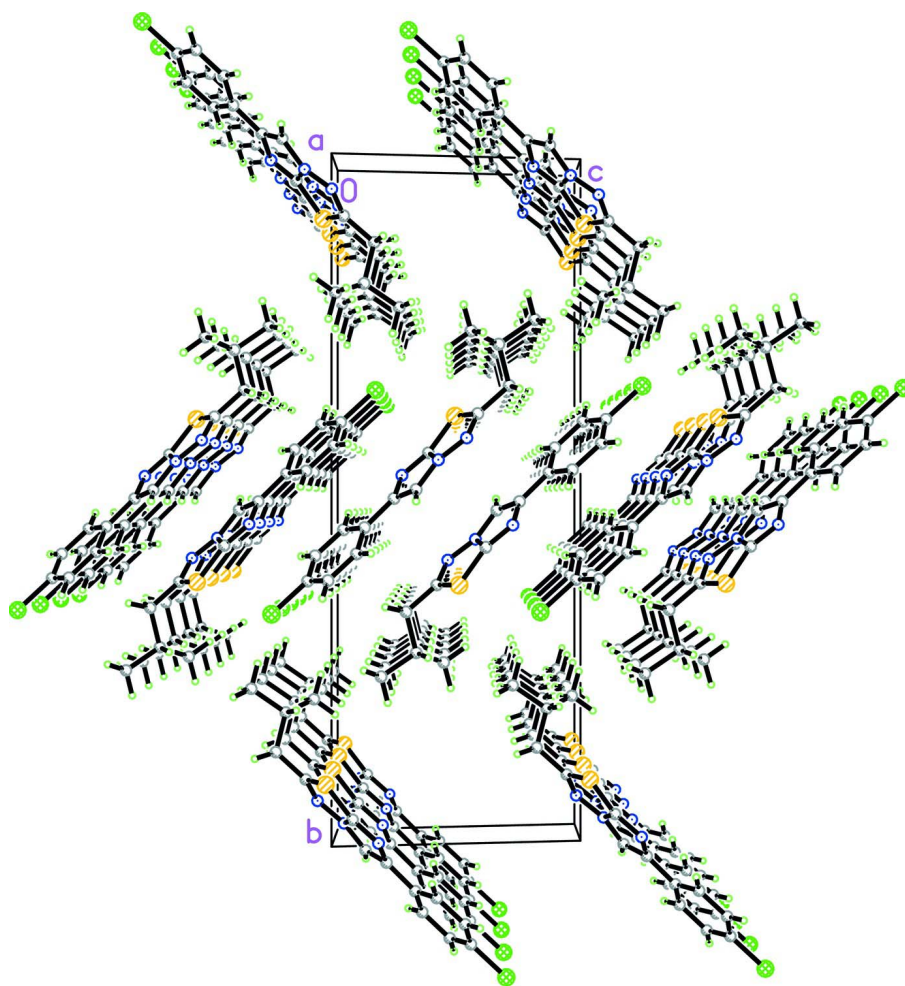
5-Isobutyl-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-amine( 1 equivalent) and 4-chlorophenacyl bromide (1 equivalent) are refluxed with ethanol for 4 hrs. The solvent was then distilled off and the reaction mass was poured onto crushed ice. The resulting solid, 6-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-isobutylimidazo[2,1-*b*] [1,3,4]thiadiazole, that separated out was filtered and dried. The compound was recrystallized using ethanol and DMF mixture. M.pt. 121–126 °C.

**S3. Refinement**

All the H atoms were positioned geometrically [C–H = 0.93–0.97 Å] and were refined using a riding model, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$  or  $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound (I).

6-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-isobutylimidazo[2,1-*b*][1,3,4]thiadiazole*Crystal data*C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S $M_r = 291.79$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ 

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

 $a = 5.7552 (1) \text{ \AA}$  $b = 26.4052 (5) \text{ \AA}$  $c = 9.7662 (2) \text{ \AA}$  $\beta = 101.388 (1)^\circ$  $V = 1454.92 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$  $Z = 4$  $F(000) = 608$  $D_x = 1.332 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ 

Cell parameters from 5357 reflections

 $\theta = 2.3\text{--}28.5^\circ$  $\mu = 0.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  $T = 296 \text{ K}$ 

Block, colourless

 $0.47 \times 0.31 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ *Data collection*Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.835$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.897$ 

12320 measured reflections

3353 independent reflections

2646 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$  $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$  $h = -6 \rightarrow 7$  $k = -23 \rightarrow 34$  $l = -12 \rightarrow 10$ *Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$  $wR(F^2) = 0.135$  $S = 1.05$ 

3353 reflections

172 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0605P)^2 + 0.4615P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.79047 (16)	-0.15309 (3)	0.31411 (7)	0.0936 (3)
S1	0.87829 (9)	0.11339 (2)	0.99277 (7)	0.0661 (2)
N1	0.8370 (3)	0.03334 (6)	0.79472 (18)	0.0536 (4)
N2	1.1813 (3)	0.05331 (6)	0.93125 (17)	0.0517 (4)

N3	1.3144 (3)	0.08204 (7)	1.03504 (19)	0.0609 (5)
C1	0.7404 (4)	-0.04026 (8)	0.5763 (2)	0.0544 (5)
H1A	0.6230	-0.0182	0.5931	0.065*
C2	0.6859 (4)	-0.07545 (8)	0.4702 (2)	0.0610 (5)
H2A	0.5347	-0.0767	0.4147	0.073*
C3	0.8587 (4)	-0.10854 (8)	0.4479 (2)	0.0617 (5)
C4	1.0837 (4)	-0.10677 (9)	0.5281 (3)	0.0686 (6)
H4A	1.1991	-0.1294	0.5116	0.082*
C5	1.1370 (4)	-0.07123 (8)	0.6331 (2)	0.0613 (5)
H5A	1.2889	-0.0701	0.6877	0.074*
C6	0.9657 (3)	-0.03694 (7)	0.65853 (19)	0.0471 (4)
C7	1.0177 (3)	0.00199 (7)	0.76767 (19)	0.0468 (4)
C8	0.9462 (3)	0.06335 (7)	0.8937 (2)	0.0507 (4)
C9	1.1782 (4)	0.11490 (8)	1.0758 (2)	0.0578 (5)
C10	1.2301 (3)	0.01388 (8)	0.8507 (2)	0.0544 (5)
H10A	1.3760	-0.0015	0.8522	0.065*
C11	1.2613 (5)	0.15173 (9)	1.1910 (2)	0.0731 (6)
H11A	1.4291	0.1461	1.2261	0.088*
H11B	1.1795	0.1445	1.2666	0.088*
C12	1.2254 (5)	0.20690 (10)	1.1527 (3)	0.0813 (7)
H12A	1.0588	0.2118	1.1082	0.098*
C13	1.2777 (9)	0.23946 (14)	1.2842 (4)	0.1384 (16)
H13A	1.1748	0.2297	1.3459	0.208*
H13B	1.2516	0.2745	1.2591	0.208*
H13C	1.4397	0.2347	1.3303	0.208*
C14	1.3764 (8)	0.22228 (13)	1.0505 (4)	0.1297 (15)
H14A	1.3400	0.2011	0.9691	0.195*
H14B	1.5407	0.2185	1.0930	0.195*
H14C	1.3448	0.2570	1.0240	0.195*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.1320 (7)	0.0746 (4)	0.0756 (4)	0.0014 (4)	0.0239 (4)	-0.0144 (3)
S1	0.0529 (3)	0.0606 (3)	0.0842 (4)	0.0008 (2)	0.0124 (3)	-0.0096 (3)
N1	0.0371 (8)	0.0555 (10)	0.0668 (10)	0.0018 (7)	0.0068 (7)	0.0014 (8)
N2	0.0405 (8)	0.0511 (9)	0.0604 (9)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0024 (7)	0.0085 (7)
N3	0.0512 (9)	0.0583 (10)	0.0671 (11)	-0.0053 (8)	-0.0031 (8)	0.0042 (8)
C1	0.0496 (10)	0.0545 (11)	0.0571 (11)	0.0090 (8)	0.0055 (8)	0.0064 (9)
C2	0.0614 (12)	0.0627 (13)	0.0556 (11)	0.0045 (10)	0.0034 (9)	0.0072 (10)
C3	0.0819 (15)	0.0540 (12)	0.0523 (11)	0.0005 (10)	0.0207 (10)	0.0066 (9)
C4	0.0682 (14)	0.0641 (14)	0.0796 (15)	0.0138 (11)	0.0292 (12)	0.0028 (11)
C5	0.0460 (10)	0.0638 (13)	0.0753 (14)	0.0076 (9)	0.0149 (10)	0.0042 (11)
C6	0.0441 (9)	0.0481 (10)	0.0503 (10)	0.0030 (7)	0.0122 (7)	0.0138 (8)
C7	0.0386 (9)	0.0475 (10)	0.0541 (10)	0.0027 (7)	0.0088 (7)	0.0129 (8)
C8	0.0392 (9)	0.0492 (10)	0.0637 (11)	-0.0002 (8)	0.0103 (8)	0.0074 (9)
C9	0.0599 (11)	0.0516 (11)	0.0594 (12)	-0.0095 (9)	0.0055 (9)	0.0108 (9)
C10	0.0398 (9)	0.0570 (11)	0.0650 (12)	0.0078 (8)	0.0069 (8)	0.0076 (9)

C11	0.0872 (17)	0.0662 (14)	0.0625 (13)	-0.0168 (12)	0.0068 (12)	0.0047 (11)
C12	0.0844 (17)	0.0661 (15)	0.0928 (18)	-0.0077 (13)	0.0157 (14)	-0.0147 (13)
C13	0.193 (4)	0.103 (3)	0.133 (3)	-0.032 (3)	0.066 (3)	-0.052 (2)
C14	0.208 (4)	0.088 (2)	0.104 (2)	-0.059 (2)	0.055 (3)	-0.0064 (18)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C3	1.744 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9300
S1—C8	1.727 (2)	C6—C7	1.468 (3)
S1—C9	1.757 (2)	C7—C10	1.363 (3)
N1—C8	1.311 (3)	C9—C11	1.492 (3)
N1—C7	1.395 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N2—C8	1.356 (2)	C11—C12	1.508 (3)
N2—C10	1.367 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
N2—N3	1.372 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9700
N3—C9	1.284 (3)	C12—C14	1.503 (4)
C1—C2	1.381 (3)	C12—C13	1.525 (4)
C1—C6	1.387 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C1—H1A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.373 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9300	C13—H13C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.376 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.379 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.397 (3)		
C8—S1—C9	88.02 (10)	N3—C9—C11	123.3 (2)
C8—N1—C7	103.40 (15)	N3—C9—S1	116.48 (16)
C8—N2—C10	107.48 (16)	C11—C9—S1	120.14 (18)
C8—N2—N3	118.26 (17)	C7—C10—N2	104.82 (16)
C10—N2—N3	134.26 (16)	C7—C10—H10A	127.6
C9—N3—N2	108.46 (16)	N2—C10—H10A	127.6
C2—C1—C6	121.66 (19)	C9—C11—C12	115.8 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	119.2	C9—C11—H11A	108.3
C6—C1—H1A	119.2	C12—C11—H11A	108.3
C3—C2—C1	118.9 (2)	C9—C11—H11B	108.3
C3—C2—H2A	120.6	C12—C11—H11B	108.3
C1—C2—H2A	120.6	H11A—C11—H11B	107.4
C2—C3—C4	121.2 (2)	C14—C12—C11	110.9 (3)
C2—C3—C11	118.99 (18)	C14—C12—C13	111.3 (3)
C4—C3—C11	119.80 (18)	C11—C12—C13	110.0 (3)
C3—C4—C5	119.5 (2)	C14—C12—H12A	108.2
C3—C4—H4A	120.2	C11—C12—H12A	108.2
C5—C4—H4A	120.2	C13—C12—H12A	108.2
C4—C5—C6	120.8 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	119.6	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	119.6	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	117.93 (19)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5

C1—C6—C7	119.84 (17)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	122.23 (17)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C10—C7—N1	111.42 (17)	C12—C14—H14A	109.5
C10—C7—C6	128.53 (17)	C12—C14—H14B	109.5
N1—C7—C6	120.03 (15)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
N1—C8—N2	112.88 (17)	C12—C14—H14C	109.5
N1—C8—S1	138.34 (15)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
N2—C8—S1	108.78 (14)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C8—N2—N3—C9	-0.8 (2)	C7—N1—C8—S1	179.56 (18)
C10—N2—N3—C9	179.7 (2)	C10—N2—C8—N1	0.2 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.3 (3)	N3—N2—C8—N1	-179.44 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (3)	C10—N2—C8—S1	-179.60 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C11	179.91 (16)	N3—N2—C8—S1	0.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (3)	C9—S1—C8—N1	179.9 (2)
C11—C3—C4—C5	179.57 (17)	C9—S1—C8—N2	-0.42 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (3)	N2—N3—C9—C11	178.09 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.4 (3)	N2—N3—C9—S1	0.4 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.29 (18)	C8—S1—C9—N3	-0.01 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.9 (3)	C8—S1—C9—C11	-177.76 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.82 (19)	N1—C7—C10—N2	0.1 (2)
C8—N1—C7—C10	0.0 (2)	C6—C7—C10—N2	178.64 (17)
C8—N1—C7—C6	-178.69 (16)	C8—N2—C10—C7	-0.1 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C10	-174.21 (19)	N3—N2—C10—C7	179.36 (19)
C5—C6—C7—C10	5.5 (3)	N3—C9—C11—C12	122.0 (3)
C1—C6—C7—N1	4.2 (3)	S1—C9—C11—C12	-60.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-176.07 (17)	C9—C11—C12—C14	-66.3 (3)
C7—N1—C8—N2	-0.1 (2)	C9—C11—C12—C13	170.2 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

Cg3 is the centroid of the C1—C6 ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C11—H11B $\cdots$ Cg3 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.70	3.544 (2)	145

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+2, -y, -z+2$ .