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## Structure Reports

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## 2-Chloro-5-(chloromethyl)pyridine

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Received 23 December 2010; accepted 6 January 2011
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.037 ; w R$ factor $=0.129$; data-to-parameter ratio $=15.7$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}$, is almost planar, with an r.m.s. deviation of $0.0146 \AA$ for all atoms except for the 5choloromethyl Cl atom. The offset Cl atom lies above this plane with a $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ angle of 111.11 (17) ${ }^{\circ}$. In the crystal, molecules are connected via intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds, forming dimers.

## Related literature

For the synthetic procedure, see: Nishihara et al. (1993). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). The title compound is an intermediate in the synthesis of imidacloprid [systematic name ( $E$ )-1-(6-chloro-3-pyridylmethyl)- $N$-nitroimidazolidin-2-ylideneamine], see: Shroff et al. (2007).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

## $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}$

$c=16.891(3) \AA$
$M_{r}=162.01$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{b} / c$
$a=4.0770$ (8) A
$b=10.322(2) \AA$
$\beta=95.95(3)^{\circ}$
$V=707.0(2) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mu & =0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
T & =293 \mathrm{~K}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan (North et al., 1968)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.791, T_{\text {max }}=0.853$
2886 measured reflections

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037 \quad 83$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.129 \quad \mathrm{H}$-atom parameters constrained
$S=1.00$
1299 reflections
$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \mathrm{~mm}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.19 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.18 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA{ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.97 | 2.57 | $3.453(3)$ | 151 |
| Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y-\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$. |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: CAD-4 Software (Enraf-Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: CAD-4 Software; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms \& Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2267).

## References

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## supporting information

## 2-Chloro-5-(chloromethyl)pyridine

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## S1. Comment

The tittle compound, 2-chloro-5-(chloromethyl)pyridine (I), is an important intermediate for the synthesis of imidacloprid (Shroff et al., 2007) and we report here its crystal structure.
The molecular structure of $(\mathrm{I})$ is shown in Fig. 1. The bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen et al., 1987). In the crystal structure, the molecules were connected together via weak $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ intermolecular hydrogen bonds forming dimers, which seems to be effective in the stabilization of the crystal structure.

## S2. Experimental

The title compound, (I) was prepared by a method reported in literature (Nishihara et al., 1993). The crystals were obtained by dissolving (I) ( $0.2 \mathrm{~g}, 1.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in ethanol ( 25 ml ) and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 5 d .

## S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically $\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93-0.97 \AA\right.$ ) and refined using a riding model with $U_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=x U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O})$, where $x=1.5$ for methyl and oxygen H -atoms and $x=1.2$ for all other H -atoms.


## Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level.


## Figure 2

A packing diagram for (I). $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds are shown by dashed lines.

## 2-Chloro-5-(chloromethyl)pyridine

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}$
$M_{r}=162.01$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=4.0770(8) \AA$
$b=10.322$ (2) $\AA$
$c=16.891$ (3) $\AA$
$\beta=95.95$ (3) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=707.0(2) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega / 2 \theta$ scans
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan
(North et al., 1968)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.791, T_{\text {max }}=0.853$
2886 measured reflections
$F(000)=328$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.522 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 25 reflections
$\theta=10-14^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, colorless
$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \mathrm{~mm}$

1299 independent reflections
1028 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.049$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=25.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.3^{\circ}$
$h=0 \rightarrow 4$
$k=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$l=-20 \rightarrow 20$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: $1 \%$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.129$
$S=1.00$
1299 reflections
83 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

> Hydrogen site location: inferred from $\quad$ neighbouring sites
> H -atom parameters constrained
> $w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.090 P)^{2}\right]$
> $\quad$ where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
> $(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
> $\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.19 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
> $\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.18 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
> Extinction correction: $S H E L X L 97($ Sheldrick, $\quad 2008), \mathrm{Fc}^{*}=\mathrm{kFc}\left[1+0.001 \mathrm{xFc}^{2} \lambda^{3} / \sin (2 \theta)\right]^{-1 / 4}$
> Extinction coefficient: $0.025(5)$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N | $0.1376(5)$ | $0.3311(2)$ | $0.19100(11)$ | $0.0614(5)$ |
| C 11 | $0.2101(2)$ | $0.54073(7)$ | $0.11039(4)$ | $0.0867(4)$ |
| C 1 | $0.1642(6)$ | $0.2038(2)$ | $0.20387(12)$ | $0.0573(6)$ |
| H 1 A | 0.0900 | 0.1710 | 0.2501 | $0.069^{*}$ |
| C12 | $0.11280(19)$ | $-0.12135(6)$ | $0.09764(4)$ | $0.0757(3)$ |
| C 2 | $0.2433(6)$ | $0.3739(2)$ | $0.12537(14)$ | $0.0559(6)$ |
| C3 | $0.3774(7)$ | $0.2985(2)$ | $0.0699(14)$ | $0.0598(6)$ |
| H3A | 0.4474 | 0.3344 | 0.0240 | $0.072^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.4038(6)$ | $0.1686(2)$ | $0.08483(13)$ | $0.0558(6)$ |
| H4A | 0.4954 | 0.1144 | 0.0491 | $0.067^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.2944(5)$ | $0.1178(2)$ | $0.15315(12)$ | $0.0490(5)$ |
| C6 | $0.3244(6)$ | $-0.0224(2)$ | $0.17406(15)$ | $0.0621(6)$ |
| H6A | 0.2322 | -0.0375 | 0.2239 | $0.075^{*}$ |
| H6B | 0.5556 | -0.0464 | 0.1812 | $0.075^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N | $0.0734(14)$ | $0.0648(12)$ | $0.0481(10)$ | $-0.0050(10)$ | $0.0169(9)$ | $-0.0118(9)$ |
| C 11 | $0.1250(8)$ | $0.0567(4)$ | $0.0825(6)$ | $0.0007(4)$ | $0.0292(5)$ | $-0.0030(3)$ |
| C 1 | $0.0626(14)$ | $0.0737(14)$ | $0.0374(11)$ | $-0.0081(12)$ | $0.0137(10)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ |
| Cl 2 | $0.0946(6)$ | $0.0576(4)$ | $0.0772(5)$ | $-0.0046(3)$ | $0.0203(4)$ | $-0.0059(3)$ |
| C 2 | $0.0645(14)$ | $0.0562(13)$ | $0.0477(11)$ | $-0.0062(10)$ | $0.0089(11)$ | $-0.0047(9)$ |

supporting information

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C3 | $0.0761(16)$ | $0.0632(13)$ | $0.0426(11)$ | $-0.0057(12)$ | $0.0187(11)$ | $0.0020(10)$ |
| C4 | $0.0640(14)$ | $0.0614(13)$ | $0.0444(12)$ | $0.0020(11)$ | $0.0166(10)$ | $-0.0048(9)$ |
| C5 | $0.0445(11)$ | $0.0614(12)$ | $0.0410(10)$ | $-0.0022(10)$ | $0.0044(9)$ | $0.0011(9)$ |
| C6 | $0.0638(15)$ | $0.0686(14)$ | $0.0545(13)$ | $0.0052(12)$ | $0.0088(11)$ | $0.0120(11)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.307 (3) | C3-C4 | 1.367 (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 1.334 (3) | C3-H3A | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{C} 11-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.743 (3) | C4-C5 | 1.383 (3) |
| C1-C5 | 1.378 (3) | C4-H4A | 0.9300 |
| C1-H1A | 0.9300 | C5-C6 | 1.491 (3) |
| C12-C6 | 1.795 (3) | C6-H6A | 0.9700 |
| C2-C3 | 1.375 (3) | C6-H6B | 0.9700 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 116.3 (2) | C3-C4-H4A | 120.0 |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 124.3 (2) | C5-C4-H4A | 120.0 |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 117.9 | C1-C5-C4 | 116.9 (2) |
| C5-C1-H1A | 117.9 | C1-C5-C6 | 120.3 (2) |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 125.1 (2) | C4-C5-C6 | 122.7 (2) |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl1}$ | 115.46 (18) | C5-C6-Cl2 | 111.11 (17) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl} 1$ | 119.40 (18) | C5-C6-H6A | 109.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 117.3 (2) | Cl2-C6-H6A | 109.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.3 | C5-C6-H6B | 109.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 121.3 | Cl2-C6-H6B | 109.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 120.0 (2) | H6A-C6-H6B | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 0.2 (4) | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 0.1 (4) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -0.1 (4) | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | 177.9 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{Cl1}$ | -179.33 (18) | C3-C4-C5-C1 | -0.6 (3) |
| $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | -0.4 (4) | C3-C4-C5-C6 | -178.3 (2) |
| C11-C2-C3-C4 | 178.9 (2) | C1-C5-C6- Cl 2 | 123.5 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 0.7 (4) | C4-C5-C6-Cl2 | -58.9 (3) |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA{ }^{\circ}{ }^{o}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D — \mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.97 | 2.57 | $3.453(3)$ | 151 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.

