

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Poly[aqua(dimethyl sulfoxide)(μ₄pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylato)calcium(II)]

Hoda Pasdar,^a Zahra Safari,^a* Hossein Aghabozorg,^a Behrouz Notash^b and Masoud Mirzaei^c

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Islamic Azad University, North Tehran Branch, Tehran, Iran, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Shahid Beheshti University, G. C., Evin, Tehran, 1983963113, Iran, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, School of Sciences, Ferdowsi University of Mashhad, Mashhad, Iran

Correspondence e-mail: z.safari515@yahoo.com

Received 19 December 2010; accepted 26 December 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.1.

In the polymeric title compound, $[Ca(C_7H_3NO_4)(H_2O)-(C_2H_6OS)]_n$, the Ca^{II} ion is coordinated in a distorted pentagonal-bipyramidal CdNO₆ geometry. The crystal packing is stabilized by O-H···O hydrogen bonds and π - π stacking interactions between the aromatic rings of pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylate with centroid–centroid distances of 3.6166 (13) Å.

Related literature

For related coordination polymers involving pyridine-2,5dicarboxylic acid, see: Aghabozorg, Derikvand *et al.* (2008); Aghabozorg, Manteghi & Sheshmani (2008); Xu *et al.* (2008); Sun *et al.* (2006); Çolak *et al.* (2010); Wang *et al.* (2009); Xie *et al.* (2009).



2718 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.041$

Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{bmatrix} Ca(C_7H_3NO_4)(H_2O)(C_2H_6OS) \end{bmatrix} & V = 1228.7 \text{ (4) } \text{Å}^3 \\ M_r = 301.34 & Z = 4 \\ \text{Monoclinic, } P2_1/c & \text{Mo } K\alpha \text{ radiation} \\ a = 10.449 \text{ (2) } \text{\AA} & \mu = 0.70 \text{ mm}^{-1} \\ b = 11.450 \text{ (2) } \text{\AA} & T = 298 \text{ K} \\ c = 10.325 \text{ (2) } \text{\AA} & 0.27 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm} \\ \beta = 95.93 \text{ (3)}^{\circ} \end{array}$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS II diffractometer 8616 measured reflections 3302 independent reflections

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ wR(F ²) = 0.097	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained
S = 1.11	refinement
3302 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.44 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
173 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{l} O6-H6B\cdots O3^{i} \\ O6-H6A\cdots O1^{ii} \end{array}$	0.84 (3) 0.82 (4)	2.00 (3) 1.96 (4)	2.782 (2) 2.739 (2)	155 (3) 158 (3)
Symmetry codes: (i) x	$-v + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$	ii) $r - v + \frac{5}{2} - z - \frac{5}{2} $	1	

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{5}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2005); cell refinement: X-AREA; data reduction: X-AREA; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

The authors gratefully acknowledge the Islamic Azad University, North Tehran Branch, for financial support and Shahid Beheshti University for the provision of X-ray facilities.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5441).

References

- Aghabozorg, H., Derikvand, Z., Nemati, A., Bahrami, Z. & Attar Gharamaleki, J. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, m111.
- Aghabozorg, H., Manteghi, F. & Sheshmani, S. (2008). J. Iran. Chem. Soc. 5, 184–227.
- Çolak, A. T., Yeşilel, O. Z. & Büyükgüngör, O. (2010). J. Inorg. Organomet. Polym. 20, 26–31.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). J. Appl. Cryst. 30, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). J. Appl. Cryst. 32, 837-838.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Stoe & Cie (2005). X-AREA. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany.
- Sun, L.-P., Niu, S.-Y., Jin, J., Yang, G.-D. & Ye, L. (2006). Eur. J. Inorg. Chem. pp. 5130–5137.
- Wang, D.-E., Tian, Z.-F., Wang, F., Wen, L.-L. & Li, D.-F. (2009). J. Inorg. Organomet. Polym. 19, 196–201.
- Xie, C., Zhou, Q. & Xu, J. (2009). J. Chem. Crystallogr. 39, 799-803.
- Xu, H.-Y., Ma, H.-L., Xu, M.-T., Zhao, W.-X. & Guo, B.-G. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, m413.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m221 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810054334]

Poly[aqua(dimethyl sulfoxide)(µ₄-pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylato)calcium(II)]

Hoda Pasdar, Zahra Safari, Hossein Aghabozorg, Behrouz Notash and Masoud Mirzaei

S1. Comment

Extended frameworks of coordination polymers based on transition metal ions and multifunctional bridging ligands are currently of great interest because of their intriguing topologies and their potential applications (Sun *et al.*, 2006; Wang *et al.*, 2009; Xie, *et al.*, 2009). Pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylic acid (py-2,5- dcH₂) has unique features because of the presence of two carboxylate groups (O donor atoms) and the pyridine ring (N donor atom), which aids to increase the dimensionality of the assembled covalent network. Therefore, it is most likely that py-2,5-dcH₂ will form low symmetric structures with metals (Aghabozorg, Derikvand, *et al.*, 2008; Xu *et al.*, 2008; Çolak *et al.*, 2010). Our research group has recently focused on one-pot synthesis of water soluble self-assembly systems that can function as suitable ligands in the synthesis of metal complexes (Aghabozorg, Manteghi & Sheshmani, 2008).

The title compound consists of one deprotonated 2,5-pydc unit, one water molecule, and one dimethylsulfoxide molecule. The asymmetric unit of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. In the the title compound, Ca^{II} ion is 7- coordinated in a NO₆ environment. Its geometry is distorted pentagonal bipyramidal. Pentagonal plane is constructed by one oxygen from water, one nitrogen and three oxygen atoms from the (py-2,5-dc)²⁻ and axial positions occupied by two oxygen atoms from (py-2,5-dc)²⁻ and dimethylsulfoxide moieties. A perspective view of the coordination environment around the Ca^{II} ion is shown in Fig. 2. The crystal structure of title compound shows that the compound is a two-dimensional polymer [Ca(C₇H₃NO₄)(H₂O)(C₂H₆SO)]_n. The polymeric structure of title compound is shown in Fig. 3. There are O—H···O hydrogen bonds between hydrogen atoms of water molecules and oxygen atoms of py-2,5-dc (Table 2). There is also π - π stacking interactions (Fig. 4) between two aromatic rings of (py-2,5-dc)²⁻ with centroid–centroid distances of 3.6166 (13) Å.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of $CaCl_2$ (0.627 g), pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylic acid (0.1519 g), 1,4-butanediammine (1 ml) in 6 ml DMSO was stirred at room temprature for 2 hrs. The solution was filtered, and the filtrate was stand at room temprature. After two days, colorless block shape crystals of the title compound were obtained (m.p 249°C).

S3. Refinement

The hydrogen atoms of the water molecule were found in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. The C—H protons were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms with C—H = 0.93 Å and Uiso(H) = 1.2 Ueq(C) for aromatic C—H and C—H = 0.96 Å and Uiso(H) = 1.5 Ueq(C) for methyl groups.



Figure 1

The asymetric unit of title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 50% probability level.



Figure 2

The coordination environment around the Ca(II) ion in the title compound.



Figure 3

A view of the two-dimensional structure of the title compound down the *a*-axis. Hydrogen atoms have been ommited for clarity.



Figure 4

The packing diagram of title compound showing intermolecular π - π interaction (dashed lines) between pyridine rings of py-2,5-dc.

Poly[aqua(dimethyl sulfoxide)(μ_4 -pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylato)calcium(II)]

$V = 1228.7 (4) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4
F(000) = 624.0
$D_{\rm x} = 1.629 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 3302 reflections
$\theta = 2.7 - 29.1^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.70~\mathrm{mm^{-1}}$

T = 298 K	$0.27 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$
Block, colorless	
Data collection	
Stoe IPDS II diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 0.15 mm pixels mm ⁻¹ rotation method scans 8616 measured reflections	3302 independent reflections 2718 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.041$ $\theta_{max} = 29.1^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.7^{\circ}$ $h = -14 \rightarrow 13$ $k = -13 \rightarrow 15$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ $wR(F^2) = 0.097$ S = 1.11 3302 reflections 173 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0423P)^2 + 0.5537P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.44$ e Å ⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.30$ e Å ⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cal	0.67926 (4)	1.08747 (3)	0.15351 (3)	0.01937 (10)	
S1	1.00299 (7)	0.95463 (8)	0.23803 (8)	0.0533 (2)	
05	0.89654 (19)	1.04175 (19)	0.2093 (2)	0.0525 (5)	
C9	0.9931 (4)	0.8533 (4)	0.1082 (4)	0.0836 (13)	
H9A	0.9068	0.8237	0.0933	0.125*	
H9B	1.0515	0.7899	0.1298	0.125*	
H9C	1.0155	0.8914	0.0308	0.125*	
C8	0.9511 (5)	0.8595 (5)	0.3569 (5)	0.114 (2)	
H8A	0.9386	0.9031	0.4340	0.171*	
H8B	1.0151	0.8003	0.3777	0.171*	
H8C	0.8715	0.8234	0.3237	0.171*	
N1	0.63254 (17)	0.97721 (13)	0.36682 (15)	0.0212 (3)	
C5	0.6057 (2)	0.86315 (16)	0.37822 (17)	0.0207 (4)	
Н5	0.5735	0.8228	0.3037	0.025*	

C1	0.67172 (18)	1.03533 (15)	0.47695 (17)	0.0176 (3)	
C3	0.6660 (2)	0.86337 (17)	0.60687 (18)	0.0245 (4)	
H3	0.6803	0.8252	0.6866	0.029*	
C2	0.6872 (2)	0.98248 (17)	0.59788 (18)	0.0237 (4)	
H2	0.7114	1.0262	0.6723	0.028*	
C4	0.62317 (19)	0.80212 (15)	0.49489 (17)	0.0191 (3)	
C7	0.59970 (19)	0.67151 (16)	0.49754 (18)	0.0203 (4)	
03	0.53823 (15)	0.62711 (12)	0.39822 (14)	0.0265 (3)	
O4	0.64566 (17)	0.61761 (13)	0.59638 (14)	0.0311 (4)	
O2	0.72123 (17)	1.22148 (12)	0.56666 (14)	0.0307 (3)	
01	0.69341 (17)	1.20480 (12)	0.34958 (13)	0.0307 (3)	
C6	0.6974 (2)	1.16520 (15)	0.46351 (18)	0.0209 (4)	
06	0.7022 (2)	1.06481 (15)	-0.07874 (15)	0.0350 (4)	
H6A	0.685 (3)	1.127 (3)	-0.116 (3)	0.055 (9)*	
H6B	0.643 (3)	1.019 (3)	-0.106 (3)	0.043 (8)*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ca1	0.0298 (2)	0.01175 (16)	0.01607 (16)	0.00106 (14)	-0.00007 (13)	0.00002 (13)
S 1	0.0306 (3)	0.0622 (5)	0.0649 (5)	0.0089 (3)	-0.0054 (3)	-0.0029 (4)
05	0.0371 (10)	0.0517 (12)	0.0662 (13)	0.0085 (9)	-0.0062 (9)	-0.0013 (10)
C9	0.077 (3)	0.074 (3)	0.103 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.026 (2)
C8	0.109 (4)	0.128 (4)	0.109 (4)	0.062 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.066 (3)
N1	0.0341 (9)	0.0119 (7)	0.0173 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0011 (6)	0.0000 (5)
C5	0.0321 (10)	0.0128 (8)	0.0169 (8)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0013 (6)
C1	0.0235 (9)	0.0118 (8)	0.0177 (8)	0.0012 (6)	0.0026 (7)	-0.0012 (6)
C3	0.0383 (11)	0.0187 (9)	0.0159 (8)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0000 (8)	0.0034 (7)
C2	0.0371 (11)	0.0170 (8)	0.0165 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	0.0000 (7)	-0.0022 (7)
C4	0.0252 (9)	0.0122 (8)	0.0200 (8)	0.0005 (7)	0.0034 (7)	0.0013 (6)
C7	0.0280 (10)	0.0133 (8)	0.0200 (8)	0.0001 (7)	0.0049 (7)	0.0014 (6)
O3	0.0342 (8)	0.0172 (6)	0.0272 (7)	-0.0041 (6)	-0.0019 (6)	-0.0016 (5)
O4	0.0573 (10)	0.0150 (6)	0.0203 (7)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0039 (5)
O2	0.0549 (10)	0.0151 (6)	0.0212 (7)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0003 (6)	-0.0042 (5)
01	0.0598 (10)	0.0131 (6)	0.0191 (6)	-0.0043 (6)	0.0029 (7)	0.0003 (5)
C6	0.0307 (10)	0.0116 (8)	0.0206 (8)	0.0003 (7)	0.0031 (7)	-0.0021 (6)
O6	0.0622 (12)	0.0181 (7)	0.0253 (7)	-0.0083 (8)	0.0076 (7)	-0.0010 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Ca1—O3 ⁱ	2.3249 (16)	C5—C4	1.388 (2)	
Cal—O5	2.343 (2)	С5—Н5	0.9300	
Cal—Ol	2.4214 (15)	C1—C2	1.382 (3)	
Cal—O2 ⁱⁱ	2.4215 (15)	C1—C6	1.520 (2)	
Ca1—O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.4377 (15)	C3—C2	1.386 (3)	
Cal—O6	2.4484 (17)	C3—C4	1.386 (3)	
Cal—N1	2.6278 (16)	С3—Н3	0.9300	
Ca1—H6B	2.78 (3)	C2—H2	0.9300	

S1—O5	1.501 (2)	C4—C7	1.516 (2)
S1—C8	1.768 (5)	C7—O4	1.246 (2)
S1—C9	1.768 (4)	С7—О3	1.260 (2)
С9—Н9А	0.9600	O3—Ca1 ^{iv}	2.3249 (16)
С9—Н9В	0.9600	O4—Ca1 ^v	2.4377 (15)
C9—H9C	0 9600	02	1 248 (2)
C8—H8A	0.9600	Ω^2 —Ca1 ^{vi}	24215(15)
C8—H8B	0.9600	01-C6	1.257(2)
	0.9600	06 H6A	0.82(4)
N1 C5	1.344(2)	06 H6B	0.82(4)
N1_C1	1.344(2)	00—110В	0.04 (3)
NI-CI	1.344 (2)		
03 ⁱ —Ca1—O5	178.05 (7)	S1—C8—H8A	109.5
O3 ⁱ —Ca1—O1	93.30 (6)	S1—C8—H8B	109.5
O5—Ca1—O1	86.82 (7)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
O3 ⁱ —Ca1—O2 ⁱⁱ	87.06 (6)	S1—C8—H8C	109.5
$O5$ —Ca1— $O2^{ii}$	94.87 (7)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
01 — $Ca1$ — 02^{ii}	79.09 (5)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
$O3^{i}$ —Ca1—O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.12 (6)	C5—N1—C1	117.08 (16)
$05-Ca1-04^{iii}$	87 47 (7)	C5-N1-Cal	126.80 (12)
01— $Ca1$ — 04 ⁱⁱⁱ	137.02(5)	C1-N1-Ca1	113.85(11)
02^{ii} Cal 04^{iii}	143 87 (5)	N1-C5-C4	123,73(17)
$O_{2^{i}}$ O_{2	89 31 (7)	N1-C5-H5	118.1
$05 C_{21} 06$	01.53 (8)	CA = C5 = H5	118.1
$01 - C_{21} - 06$	150.03 (5)	N1 C1 C2	122.00 (16)
$O_1^{ii} = C_{01} = O_0^{ii}$	130.93 (3) 72 13 (5)	N1 = C1 = C2	122.33(10)
02 - Ca1 - 00	72.13(5)	$C_2 = C_1 = C_6$	110.04(10)
$O_{4} = Ca_{1} = O_{0}$	(1.77) (3)	$C_2 = C_1 = C_0$	120.37(10)
O5 Cal N1	91.41(0)	$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	118.80 (17)
O3-Cal-NI	80.89 (7)	C2-C3-H3	120.6
	64.30 (5)	C4 - C3 - H3	120.6
O2 ⁿ —Ca1—N1	143.22 (5)	C1 - C2 - C3	119.12 (18)
O4 ^m —Ca1—N1	72.87 (5)	C1—C2—H2	120.4
O6—Cal—NI	144.64 (5)	С3—С2—Н2	120.4
O3 ¹ —Ca1—H6B	78.5 (6)	C3—C4—C5	118.12 (17)
O5—Ca1—H6B	102.0 (6)	C3—C4—C7	121.52 (16)
O1—Ca1—H6B	162.4 (7)	C5—C4—C7	120.34 (17)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Ca1—H6B	84.9 (7)	O4—C7—O3	126.02 (18)
O4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ca1—H6B	59.5 (7)	O4—C7—C4	117.00 (18)
O6—Ca1—H6B	17.1 (7)	O3—C7—C4	116.95 (17)
N1—Ca1—H6B	130.7 (7)	C7—O3—Cal ^{iv}	132.07 (13)
O5—S1—C8	105.83 (18)	C7—O4—Cal ^v	135.17 (13)
O5—S1—C9	107.57 (19)	C6—O2—Ca1 ^{vi}	139.02 (14)
C8—S1—C9	97.1 (3)	C6—O1—Ca1	125.13 (12)
S1—O5—Ca1	151.24 (14)	O2—C6—O1	126.64 (17)
S1—C9—H9A	109.5	O2—C6—C1	116.68 (16)
S1—C9—H9B	109.5	O1—C6—C1	116.68 (16)
Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5	Ca1—O6—H6A	110 (2)
S1—C9—H9C	109.5	Ca1—O6—H6B	105 (2)

Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5	H6A—O6—H6B	106 (3)
Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5		
C8—S1—O5—Ca1	-51.3 (4)	C4—C3—C2—C1	-3.5 (3)
C9—S1—O5—Ca1	51.7 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (3)
O1—Ca1—O5—S1	124.5 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C7	179.23 (19)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Ca1—O5—S1	-156.7 (3)	N1—C5—C4—C3	2.6 (3)
O4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ca1—O5—S1	-12.9 (3)	N1—C5—C4—C7	-175.50 (18)
O6—Ca1—O5—S1	-84.5 (3)	C3—C4—C7—O4	-14.9 (3)
N1—Ca1—O5—S1	60.1 (3)	C5—C4—C7—O4	163.15 (18)
O3 ⁱ —Ca1—N1—C5	89.08 (17)	C3—C4—C7—O3	166.78 (19)
O5—Ca1—N1—C5	-89.97 (18)	C5—C4—C7—O3	-15.2 (3)
O1—Ca1—N1—C5	-177.93 (18)	O4—C7—O3—Ca1 ^{iv}	88.3 (2)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Ca1—N1—C5	176.05 (15)	C4C7O3Ca1 ^{iv}	-93.54 (19)
O4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ca1—N1—C5	-1.66 (16)	O3—C7—O4—Ca1 ^v	10.8 (3)
O6—Ca1—N1—C5	-1.7 (2)	C4—C7—O4—Ca1 ^v	-167.38 (13)
O3 ⁱ —Ca1—N1—C1	-108.68 (14)	O3 ⁱ —Ca1—O1—C6	103.41 (18)
O5—Ca1—N1—C1	72.27 (14)	O5—Ca1—O1—C6	-74.64 (18)
O1—Ca1—N1—C1	-15.69 (13)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Ca1—O1—C6	-170.23 (18)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Ca1—N1—C1	-21.71 (19)	O4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ca1—O1—C6	8.2 (2)
O4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Ca1—N1—C1	160.58 (14)	O6—Ca1—O1—C6	-162.06 (16)
O6—Ca1—N1—C1	160.53 (13)	N1—Ca1—O1—C6	13.44 (16)
C1—N1—C5—C4	-3.8 (3)	Ca1 ^{vi} —O2—C6—O1	37.1 (4)
Ca1—N1—C5—C4	157.96 (15)	Ca1 ^{vi} —O2—C6—C1	-143.44 (16)
C5—N1—C1—C2	1.2 (3)	Ca1—O1—C6—O2	170.04 (17)
Ca1—N1—C1—C2	-162.86 (15)	Ca1—O1—C6—C1	-9.4 (3)
C5—N1—C1—C6	-177.95 (17)	N1-C1-C6-O2	173.06 (18)
Cal—N1—C1—C6	18.0 (2)	C2-C1-C6-O2	-6.1 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	2.4 (3)	N1-C1-C6-01	-7.5 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-178.49 (18)	C2-C1-C6-01	173.34 (19)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) x, -y+5/2, z-1/2; (iii) x, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (iv) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (v) x, -y+3/2, z+1/2; (vi) x, -y+5/2, z+1/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
06—H6 <i>B</i> ···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84 (3)	2.00 (3)	2.782 (2)	155 (3)
06—H6A…O1 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (4)	1.96 (4)	2.739 (2)	158 (3)

Symmetry codes: (ii) x, -y+5/2, z-1/2; (iii) x, -y+3/2, z-1/2.