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## Disordered structure of propane-1,2diaminium dichloride

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=120 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; disorder in main residue; $R$ factor $=0.034 ; w R$ factor $=0.098$; data-to-parameter ratio $=15.2$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{2+} \cdot 2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$, the cations are disordered over two well resolved positions in a 0.525 (13):0.475 (13) ratio. The disorder involves two C atoms which assume positions that make an almost mirror-symmetrical system. Similar disorder is observed both at room temperature and at 120 (1) K. The conformation of the NCCN chain in both components is close to trans (the torsion angles $c a \pm 170^{\circ}$ ), while that of CCCN chain is close to gauche $\left( \pm 50^{\circ}\right)$. In the crystal, a network of relatively strong $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds connects the cations and anions into one-cation-deep layers parallel to (001); there are $R_{2}^{4}(8)$ and $R_{2}^{4}(11)$ ring motifs within the plane. The planes are only loosely connected by van der Waals contacts and electrostatic interactions between cations and anions.

## Related literature

For general literature on polyamines, see, for example: Hosseinkhani et al. (2004); Pospieszna-Markiewicz et al. (2006, 2007); Ziebarth \& Wang (2009); Itaka et al. (2010). For the crystal structures of simple salts of propane-1,2-diaminium, see: Aghabozorg et al. (2008); Gerrard \& Weller (2002); Lee \& Harrison (2003); Todd \& Harrison (2005).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{2+} .2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
$M_{r}=147.05$
Orthorhombic, Pna2 $_{1}$
$a=10.985$ (3) £
$b=7.079$ (2) $\AA$
$c=9.698(2) \AA$
$V=754.1(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$\mathrm{Cu} K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=6.95 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=120 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.25 \times 0.1 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.640, T_{\text {max }}=1.000$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.034$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.098$
$S=1.13$
1306 reflections
86 parameters
1 restraint

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.33 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.34 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
473 Friedel pairs
Flack parameter: 0.09 (3)

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 D \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.91 | 2.25 | $3.161(3)$ | 175 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 E \cdots \mathrm{C} 22^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.91 | 2.37 | $3.192(3)$ | 151 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 F \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 2$ | 0.91 | 2.31 | $3.187(3)$ | 161 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 1$ | 0.91 | 2.42 | $3.186(3)$ | 142 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 1^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.91 | 2.27 | $3.136(3)$ | 160 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 C \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 2^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 0.91 | 2.21 | $3.123(2)$ | 178 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{3}{2}, z$; (iii) $x+\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2}, z$; (iv) $x, y-1, z$.

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis PRO; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR92 (Altomare et al., 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008) and Mercury (Macrae et al., 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

[^0] IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5036).

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## supporting information

## Disordered structure of propane-1,2-diaminium dichloride

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## S1. Comment

The study of polycation structure, counterions and the nature of the interaction between low-molecular-weight salts with some electrolites in solutions are very important to understanding behaviour biogenic polyamines under normal physiological conditions. Aliphatic biogenic polyamines in biological systems exist as polycations which interact with nucleic acid polyanions. The crystal structure of the salts of these amines are therefore essential in the modeling of nucleic acids. Complexes formed from DNA and polycations containing primary amine grups are relevant because of their potential use in gene therapy, modifying the conformation and the state of aggregation of DNA (Hosseinkhani et al., 2004; Ziebarth et al., 2009; Itaka et al., 2010). During our study on metal promoted synthesis ofSchiff base complexes derived from various polyamines and salicylaldehyde we isolated the crystals of some salts of polyamines (PospiesznaMarkiewicz et al., 2006, 2007). Here we report another salt, propane-1,2-diaminium dichloride (I, Scheme 1).
It turned out that in the crystal structure the cation is heavily disordered - disorder involves two carbon atoms - between the two positions with the site occupation factors of 0.525 (13) and 0.475 (13). Both alternative positions refined quite well (anisotropically) without any kind of restraints. Fig. 1 shows one of the alternatives (most occupied) and Fig. 2 - the comparison of both disordered cations. Similar disorder is observed at room temperature with s.o.f.'s of 0.57 (4) and 0.43 (4), so this disorder is rather of statistical nature.

Both alternative cations have opposite signs of torsion angles. The conformation of $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ chain is extended (torsion angles are $172.0(4)^{\circ}$ and $-168.5(4)^{\circ}$ for more and less occupied part, respectively) while the $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2$ - C3-N4 torsion angles are $50.0(10)^{\circ}$ and $-47.0(11)^{\circ}$. Such conformation - we will call it $t g$ - is the most popular among the simple propane-1,2-diaminium salts (for instance it was found in the structures of hydrogenarsenate (Todd \& Harrison, 2005), bis(6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylate) (Aghabozorg et al., 2008), or tetrafluoro-beryllium (Gerrard \& Weller, 2002). The other possibilities are also observed, for instance in some simple hydrates (e.g. arsenate monohydrate, Lee \& Harrison, 2003) the $g^{+} g$ - combination is also reported.
In the crystal structure the strong $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ hydrogen bond connects molecules into two-dimensional, one-molecule deep layers parallel to (001) plane (Fig. 3). The motifs formed can be described, using graph set notations, as rings $R_{2}{ }^{4}(8)$ and $R_{2}{ }^{4}(11)$. It might be noted that for both alternatives the hydrogen atoms involved in these interactions are practically in the same positions. Each chloride anion accepts three hydrogen bonds, in flattened trigonal pyramid coordination. The layers in turn are loosely connected probably by electrostatic interactions between the charged species (Fig. 4).

## S2. Experimental

To a methanol solution $(10 \mathrm{ml})$ of salicylaldehyde $(0.043 \mathrm{ml}, 0.4 \mathrm{mmol})$ a methanol solution ( 10 ml ) of 1,2-diaminepropane $(0.017 \mathrm{ml}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added dropwise with stirring. After 5 minutes a methanol solution ( 20 ml ) of $\mathrm{ErCl}_{3} .6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.0764 \mathrm{~g}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added. The reaction was carried out at room temperature for 75 minutes. The
solution volume was than reduced to 10 ml by roto-evaporation and after $7-14$ days of slow diffusion of THF into the solution at $6{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ white crystals suitable for X-ray were formed.

## S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were located geometrically ( $C($ methyl $)-\mathrm{H} 0.98 \AA, \mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 1.00 \AA, \mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 0.99 \AA, \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H} 0.91 \AA)$ and refined in a riding model approximation; the $U_{\text {iso }}$ values of H atoms were set at $1.2\left(1.5\right.$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ groups) times $U_{\text {eq }}$ of their carrier atom.


## Figure 1

Anisotropic ellipsoid representation of $\mathbf{I}$ together with atom labelling scheme. The ellipsoids are drawn at $50 \%$ probability level, hydrogen atoms are depicted as spheres with arbitrary radii; hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Only major part of the disordered cation is shown.


Figure 2
The disordered cation in $\mathbf{I}$ : the major part is drawn with solid lines, the minor one - with open lines.


Figure 3
The single layer as seen along direction [100]. Only the cations of major part are shown. Hydrogen bonds are depicted as dashed lines.


## Figure 4

The crystal packing as seen along direction [001]. Only the cations of major part are shown. Hydrogen bonds are depicted as dashed lines.

## propane-1,2-diaminium dichloride

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2}{ }^{2+} .2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
$M_{r}=147.05$
Orthorhombic, $\mathrm{Pna}_{1}$
Hall symbol: P 2c - 2 n
$a=10.985$ (3) $\AA$
$b=7.079$ (2) $\AA$
$c=9.698(2) \AA$
$V=754.1(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos
diffractometer
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 16.1544 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis PRO; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
$T_{\min }=0.640, T_{\max }=1.000$
$F(000)=312$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.295 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
$\mathrm{Cu} K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=1.54178 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2191 reflections
$\theta=4.0-75.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=6.95 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=120 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, colourless
$0.25 \times 0.1 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

2817 measured reflections
1306 independent reflections
1265 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.032$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=75.7^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=7.4^{\circ}$
$h=-12 \rightarrow 13$
$k=-8 \rightarrow 8$
$l=-11 \rightarrow 12$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.034$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.098$
$S=1.13$
1306 reflections
86 parameters
1 restraint
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

> Hydrogen site location: inferred from $\quad$ neighbouring sites
> H-atom parameters constrained
> $w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0669 P)^{2}+0.1755 P\right]$
> $\quad$ where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
> $(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001$
> $\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.33$ e $\AA^{-3}$
> $\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.34$ e $\AA^{-3}$

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 473 Friedel pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.09 (3)

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} *^{\prime} U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ | Occ. $(<1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.2839(2)$ | $0.7068(3)$ | $0.5952(3)$ | $0.0290(5)$ |  |
| H1A | 0.2462 | 0.7953 | 0.5422 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H1B | 0.2269 | 0.6348 | 0.6386 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H1C | 0.3313 | 0.7653 | 0.6592 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H1D | 0.2547 | 0.8030 | 0.5424 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H1E | 0.2252 | 0.6685 | 0.6552 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H1F | 0.3501 | 0.7474 | 0.6432 | $0.043^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| C2 | $0.3589(9)$ | $0.5771(12)$ | $0.5034(11)$ | $0.027(2)$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H2 | 0.4390 | 0.6396 | 0.4858 | $0.032^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| C21 | $0.2954(9)$ | $0.5541(8)$ | $0.3682(7)$ | $0.034(2)$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H21A | 0.2133 | 0.5043 | 0.3838 | $0.051^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H21B | 0.3412 | 0.4660 | 0.3101 | $0.051^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H21C | 0.2899 | 0.6769 | 0.3219 | $0.051^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| C2A | $0.3142(10)$ | $0.5396(15)$ | $0.5026(12)$ | $0.027(2)$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H2A | 0.2358 | 0.4795 | 0.4737 | $0.032^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| C21A | $0.3753(8)$ | $0.6147(11)$ | $0.3760(8)$ | $0.035(2)$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H21D | 0.4024 | 0.5091 | 0.3184 | $0.052^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H21E | 0.4458 | 0.6913 | 0.4028 | $0.052^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| H21F | 0.3178 | 0.6929 | 0.3241 | $0.052^{*}$ | $0.475(13)$ |
| C3 | $0.3821(3)$ | $0.4007(4)$ | $0.5893(4)$ | $0.0328(7)$ |  |
| H3A | 0.3024 | 0.3566 | 0.6246 | $0.039^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H3B | 0.4341 | 0.4308 | 0.6697 | $0.039^{*}$ | $0.525(13)$ |
| H3C | 0.4454 | 0.4649 | 0.6448 | $0.475(13)$ |  |


|  |  |  |  |  | $0.475(13)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H3D | 0.3222 | 0.3452 | 0.6540 | $0.039^{*}$ | $0.0253(5)$ |
| N4 | $0.4396(2)$ | $0.2468(3)$ | $0.5090(3)$ | $0.038^{*}$ |  |
| H4A | 0.5061 | 0.2925 | 0.4640 | $0.038^{*}$ |  |
| H4B | 0.3854 | 0.2007 | 0.4466 | $0.038^{*}$ |  |
| H4C | 0.4629 | 0.1526 | 0.5672 | $0.0279(2)$ |  |
| Cl1 | $0.18604(6)$ | $0.05885(8)$ | $0.42805(6)$ | $0.0328(2)$ |  |
| C12 | $0.52155(6)$ | $0.91848(8)$ | $0.70308(9)$ |  |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0357(13)$ | $0.0183(12)$ | $0.0329(12)$ | $0.0056(9)$ | $0.0017(10)$ | $-0.0040(9)$ |
| C2 | $0.036(5)$ | $0.009(4)$ | $0.035(4)$ | $0.005(3)$ | $-0.003(4)$ | $0.000(3)$ |
| C21 | $0.053(5)$ | $0.015(3)$ | $0.034(4)$ | $0.007(3)$ | $-0.014(3)$ | $0.002(2)$ |
| C2A | $0.033(5)$ | $0.014(5)$ | $0.033(4)$ | $0.004(4)$ | $0.009(4)$ | $-0.002(3)$ |
| C21A | $0.049(5)$ | $0.022(3)$ | $0.033(3)$ | $0.015(3)$ | $0.008(3)$ | $0.011(3)$ |
| C3 | $0.0530(18)$ | $0.0185(13)$ | $0.0269(14)$ | $0.0108(12)$ | $0.0001(13)$ | $0.0005(10)$ |
| N4 | $0.0319(12)$ | $0.0141(11)$ | $0.0298(12)$ | $0.0028(9)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ | $-0.0012(8)$ |
| C11 | $0.0323(3)$ | $0.0199(3)$ | $0.0314(3)$ | $0.0026(2)$ | $-0.0011(3)$ | $-0.0003(2)$ |
| C12 | $0.0350(4)$ | $0.0252(3)$ | $0.0383(4)$ | $-0.0001(2)$ | $-0.0050(3)$ | $0.0103(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| N1-C2 | 1.522 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 1.493 (12) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-C2A | 1.523 (10) | C2A-C21A | 1.496 (14) |
| N1-H1A | 0.9100 | $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1.0000 |
| N1-H1B | 0.9100 | C21A-H21D | 0.9800 |
| N1-H1C | 0.9101 | C21A-H21E | 0.9800 |
| N1-H1D | 0.9101 | C21A-H21F | 0.9800 |
| N1-H1E | 0.9100 | C3-N4 | 1.481 (4) |
| N1-H1F | 0.9100 | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9900 |
| C2-C21 | 1.495 (13) | С3-H3B | 0.9900 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 1.523 (10) | C3-H3C | 0.9900 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 1.0000 | C3-H3D | 0.9899 |
| C21-H21A | 0.9800 | N4-H4A | 0.9100 |
| C21-H21B | 0.9800 | N4-H4B | 0.9100 |
| C21-H21C | 0.9800 | N4-H4C | 0.9100 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.3 | C2A-C21A-H21D | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.5 | C2A-C21A-H21E | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 107.7 | H21D-C21A-H21E | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 89.3 | $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 21 \mathrm{~F}$ | 109.5 |
| H1A-N1-H1B | 109.5 | H21D-C21A-H21F | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 111.3 | H21E-C21A-H21F | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 129.1 | N4-C3-C2A | 113.7 (5) |
| H1A-N1-H1C | 109.5 | $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 112.8 (4) |
| H1B-N1-H1C | 109.5 | N4-C3-H3A | 109.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{D}$ | 109.0 | $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 87.7 |


| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{E}$ | 107.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{E}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~F}$ | 111.9 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~F}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{E}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~F}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $109.0(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $118.0(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $105.4(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 108.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}$ | $118.2(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $106.8(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $107.8(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.9 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 21$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $54.9(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-72.6(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}$ | $78.5(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $-49.4(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $-47.0(11)$ |


| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 126.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 110.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 107.8 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C}$ | 108.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C}$ | 110.7 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{D}$ | 109.0 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{D}$ | 106.6 |
| $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{D}$ | 107.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |


| $\mathrm{C} 21 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $45.2(16)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $-76.3(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $50.0(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $172.0(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 21-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | $-47.0(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | $74.9(18)$ |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 D \cdots \mathrm{Cl1}{ }^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.91 | 2.25 | $3.161(3)$ | 175 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 E \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 2^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.91 | 2.37 | $3.192(3)$ | 151 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 F \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 2$ | 0.91 | 2.31 | $3.187(3)$ | 161 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4 — \mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{Cl1}$ | 0.91 | 2.42 | $3.186(3)$ | 142 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{Cl1} 1 \mathrm{iii}$ | 0.91 | 2.27 | $3.136(3)$ | 160 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4 — \mathrm{H} 4 C \cdots \mathrm{Cl2} 2^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 0.91 | 2.21 | $3.123(2)$ | 178 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $x-1 / 2,-y+3 / 2, z$; (iii) $x+1 / 2,-y+1 / 2, z$; (iv) $x, y-1, z$.


[^0]:    Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the

