## Structure Reports

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## (E)-2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)hydrazinecarboxamide

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The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}$, was synthesized by the reaction of 4-methylbenzaldehyde with semicarbazide. The molecule adopts an $E$ configuration about the central $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ double bond and the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzene ring and the carboxamide groups is $17.05(9)^{\circ}$. The hydrazine N atoms are twisted slightly out of the plane of the carboxamide group $[\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N}$ torsion angle $=$ $178.39(14)^{\circ}$ ] and an intramolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ bond generates an $S(5)$ ring. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are connected via a pair of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating $R_{2}^{2}(8)$ loops, resulting in supramolecular [001] ribbons.

## Related literature

For applications of Schiff bases, see: Dhar et al. (1982); Przybylski et al. (2009); Bringmann et al. (2004); De Souza et al. (2007); Guo et al. (2007). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein et al. (1995).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O} \\
& M_{r}=177.21 \\
& \text { Monoclinic, } P 2_{1} / c \\
& a=17.2186(13) \AA
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=4.5304(3) \AA \\
& c=11.9846(9) \AA \\
& \beta=93.348(3)^{\circ} \\
& V=933.29(12) \AA^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$Z=4$
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$

Data collection
Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.937, T_{\text {max }}=0.996$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.048$
H atoms treated by a mixture of
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.149$
$S=1.09$
1833 reflections
131 parameters
$0.76 \times 0.23 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

6322 measured reflections 1833 independent reflections 1285 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.025$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N2-H1N2 $\cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.928(18)$ | $1.998(18)$ | $2.9260(19)$ | $177.7(17)$ |
| N3-H2N3 $\mathrm{N}^{1}$ | $0.93(2)$ | $2.22(2)$ | $2.667(2)$ | $108.6(16)$ |
| N3-H1N3 $\cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}{ }^{1}$ | $0.97(2)$ | $1.97(2)$ | $2.9106(19)$ | $163.5(17)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y,-z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{3}{2}$.
Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5772).

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# supporting information 

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## (E)-2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)hydrazinecarboxamide

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## S1. Comment

Schiff bases are formed from the reaction of a primary amine with aldehydes or ketones. They exhibit interesting biological activities, such as antifungal, antibacterial, antimalarial, antiproliferative, anti-inflammatory, antiviral and antipyretic properties (Dhar et al., 1982; Przybylski et al., 2009). The Imine functional group present in these compounds is responsible for their vast biological activities. In addition, Schiff bases are also employed as intermediates in the total synthesis of bioactive natural products (Bringmann et al., 2004; De Souza et al., 2007; Guo et al., 2007).
The asymmetric unit of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The molecule adopts an $E$ configuration about the central $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ double bond. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzene ( $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ ) ring and carboxamide ( $\mathrm{N} 1-$ $\mathrm{N} 3 / \mathrm{O} 1 / \mathrm{C} 8$ ) group is $17.05(9)^{\circ}$. The hydrazine N atoms are twisted slightly out of the plane of the carboxamide group [C6-C7-N1-N2 torsion angle $\left.=178.39(14)^{\circ}\right]$.
In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), the adjacent molecules are connected via pair of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating an $R_{2}{ }^{2}(8)$ ring motifs, resulting in supramolecular ribbons along the $c$-axis.

## S2. Experimental

A mixture of 4-methylbenzaldehyde $(0.1 \mathrm{~g}, 0.83 \mathrm{mmol})$ and semicarbazide $(0.062 \mathrm{~g}, 0.83 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in ethanol $(5.0 \mathrm{ml})$ and water $(1.0 \mathrm{ml})$ which was then refluxed in the presence of sodium hydroxide $(0.25 \mathrm{M})$ for $3-4$ hours. After completion of the reaction (through TLC monitoring), the mixture was poured into ice. The precipitate which was formed was filtered and washed with water. The pure solid was then recrystallised from ethanol to afford the title compound as colourless plates.

## S3. Refinement

Atoms H1N2 and H1N3 were located from a difference Fourier map and refined freely [ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}=0.93$ (2)-0.97 (2) $\AA$ ]. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically $[\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93-0.96 \AA]$ and were refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2$ or $1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$.


Figure 1
The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing $50 \%$ probability displacement ellipsoids.


Figure 2
A supramolecular ribbon generated by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

## (E)-2-(4-Methylbenzylidene)hydrazinecarboxamide

## Crystal data

## $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}$

$M_{r}=177.21$
Monoclinic, $P 2{ }_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2 ybc
$a=17.2186$ (13) $\AA$
$b=4.5304$ (3) $\AA$
$c=11.9846(9) \AA$
$\beta=93.348$ (3) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=933.29(12) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=376$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.261 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1533 reflections
$\theta=3.4-22.6^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
Plate, colourless
$0.76 \times 0.23 \times 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

## Bruker SMART APEXII CCD

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.937, T_{\text {max }}=0.996$

> 6322 measured reflections
> 1833 independent reflections
> 1285 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
> $R_{\text {int }}=0.025$
> $\theta_{\max }=26.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.4^{\circ}$
> $h=-21 \rightarrow 20$
> $k=-5 \rightarrow 5$
> $l=-14 \rightarrow 12$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.048$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.149$
$S=1.09$
1833 reflections
131 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

```
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
\(w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0825 P)^{2}+0.0212 P\right]\)
where \(P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3\)
\((\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.18 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.18\) e \(\AA^{-3}\)
```


## Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative $\mathrm{F}^{2}$. The threshold expression of $\mathrm{F}^{2}>2 \sigma\left(\mathrm{~F}^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.50913(6)$ | $0.2012(3)$ | $0.63337(10)$ | $0.0540(4)$ |
| N1 | $0.34815(7)$ | $0.3857(3)$ | $0.45522(11)$ | $0.0487(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.41216(8)$ | $0.2357(3)$ | $0.49998(12)$ | $0.0505(4)$ |
| H1N2 | $0.4366(10)$ | $0.093(4)$ | $0.4589(16)$ | $0.067(6)^{*}$ |
| N3 | $0.42019(9)$ | $0.5689(3)$ | $0.64575(12)$ | $0.0530(4)$ |
| H2N3 | $0.3792(10)$ | $0.660(5)$ | $0.6044(18)$ | $0.076(6)^{*}$ |
| H1N3 | $0.4490(10)$ | $0.643(4)$ | $0.7121(19)$ | $0.072(6)^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.20643(10)$ | $0.6318(5)$ | $0.35353(17)$ | $0.0676(6)$ |
| H1A | 0.2179 | 0.6835 | 0.4278 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.14128(11)$ | $0.7477(5)$ | $0.2966(2)$ | $0.0769(7)$ |
| H2A | 0.1093 | 0.8755 | 0.3337 | $0.092^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.12229(11)$ | $0.6785(5)$ | $0.18552(18)$ | $0.0663(6)$ |
| C4 | $0.17074(11)$ | $0.4889(5)$ | $0.13342(15)$ | $0.0671(6)$ |
| H4A | 0.1595 | 0.4394 | 0.0589 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.23599(10)$ | $0.3697(5)$ | $0.18930(15)$ | $0.0647(6)$ |


| H5A | 0.2677 | 0.2417 | 0.1519 | $0.078^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C6 | $0.25475(9)$ | $0.4387(4)$ | $0.30032(13)$ | $0.0520(5)$ |
| C7 | $0.32332(10)$ | $0.3054(4)$ | $0.35755(14)$ | $0.0531(5)$ |
| H7A | 0.3497 | 0.1574 | 0.3216 | $0.064^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.44997(9)$ | $0.3340(4)$ | $0.59601(13)$ | $0.0443(4)$ |
| C9 | $0.05146(12)$ | $0.8111(6)$ | $0.1244(2)$ | $0.0941(8)$ |
| H9A | 0.0215 | 0.6574 | 0.0873 | $0.141^{*}$ |
| H9B | 0.0676 | 0.9508 | 0.0702 | $0.141^{*}$ |
| H9C | 0.0202 | 0.9092 | 0.1769 | $0.141^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{\beta 3}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0579(7)$ | $0.0596(8)$ | $0.0426(7)$ | $0.0045(6)$ | $-0.0143(6)$ | $0.0028(5)$ |
| N1 | $0.0481(8)$ | $0.0571(9)$ | $0.0396(8)$ | $0.0016(6)$ | $-0.0072(6)$ | $0.0002(6)$ |
| N2 | $0.0525(8)$ | $0.0584(9)$ | $0.0388(8)$ | $0.0084(7)$ | $-0.0125(6)$ | $-0.0024(7)$ |
| N3 | $0.0623(9)$ | $0.0541(9)$ | $0.0410(8)$ | $0.0013(7)$ | $-0.0105(7)$ | $-0.0040(7)$ |
| C1 | $0.0656(11)$ | $0.0847(14)$ | $0.0503(11)$ | $0.0149(10)$ | $-0.0135(9)$ | $-0.0105(10)$ |
| C2 | $0.0643(12)$ | $0.0895(15)$ | $0.0749(15)$ | $0.0209(11)$ | $-0.0122(11)$ | $-0.0104(12)$ |
| C3 | $0.0569(11)$ | $0.0752(13)$ | $0.0642(12)$ | $-0.0046(10)$ | $-0.0192(10)$ | $0.0128(10)$ |
| C4 | $0.0674(11)$ | $0.0875(14)$ | $0.0443(10)$ | $-0.0055(11)$ | $-0.0160(9)$ | $0.0042(10)$ |
| C5 | $0.0612(11)$ | $0.0872(14)$ | $0.0445(10)$ | $0.0076(10)$ | $-0.0080(8)$ | $-0.0041(10)$ |
| C6 | $0.0497(9)$ | $0.0642(11)$ | $0.0412(9)$ | $-0.0002(8)$ | $-0.0056(7)$ | $0.0008(8)$ |
| C7 | $0.0523(9)$ | $0.0656(11)$ | $0.0405(9)$ | $0.0088(8)$ | $-0.0050(8)$ | $-0.0040(8)$ |
| C8 | $0.0491(9)$ | $0.0485(10)$ | $0.0343(8)$ | $-0.0080(7)$ | $-0.0058(7)$ | $0.0078(7)$ |
| C9 | $0.0724(14)$ | $0.1056(18)$ | $0.100(2)$ | $0.0093(13)$ | $-0.0354(13)$ | $0.0148(15)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Geometric parameters ( $A,{ }^{o}$ )

| O1-C8 | 1.2436 (18) | C2-H2A | 0.9300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-C7 | 1.275 (2) | C3-C4 | 1.373 (3) |
| N1-N2 | 1.3766 (18) | C3-C9 | 1.510 (2) |
| N2-C8 | 1.363 (2) | C4-C5 | 1.384 (2) |
| N2-H1N2 | 0.93 (2) | C4-H4A | 0.9300 |
| N3-C8 | 1.337 (2) | C5-C6 | 1.386 (2) |
| N3-H2N3 | 0.935 (19) | C5-H5A | 0.9300 |
| N3-H1N3 | 0.97 (2) | C6-C7 | 1.461 (2) |
| C1-C2 | 1.382 (2) | C7-H7A | 0.9300 |
| C1-C6 | 1.388 (3) | C9-H9A | 0.9600 |
| C1-H1A | 0.9300 | C9-H9B | 0.9600 |
| C2-C3 | 1.388 (3) | C9-H9C | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 115.78 (15) | C4-C5-C6 | 120.91 (19) |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 119.98 (15) | C4-C5-H5A | 119.5 |
| C8-N2-H1N2 | 117.8 (11) | C6-C5-H5A | 119.5 |
| N1-N2-H1N2 | 120.9 (11) | C5-C6-C1 | 118.08 (16) |
| C8-N3-H2N3 | 114.4 (13) | C5-C6-C7 | 119.61 (17) |
| C8-N3-H1N3 | 116.6 (11) | C1-C6-C7 | 122.30 (15) |


| $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~N} 3-\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~N} 3$ | $127.9(19)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $120.24(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $121.8(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $117.53(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $121.5(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $120.9(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $121.45(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 8$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $170.10(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $-0.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $0.1(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.11(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $0.2(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $179.42(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-0.1(3)$ |

N1-C7-C6
122.12 (16)

N1-C7-H7A
118.9

C6-C7-H7A
118.9

O1—C8—N3 123.50 (15)
O1-C8-N2
N3-C8-N2
C3-C9-H9A
C3-C9—H9B
H9A-C9—H9B
C3-C9—— 99 C
H9A-C9—— H 9 C
H9B-C9—H9C

C4-C5-C6-C7
C2-C1-C6-C5
C2-C1-C6-C7
N2-N1-C7-C6
C5-C6-C7-N1
C1-C6-C7-N1
$\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{O} 1$
N1—N2-C8-N3
119.12 (16)
117.37 (15)
109.5
109.5
109.5
109.5
109.5
109.5
178.99 (16)
0.7 (3)
-178.66 (19)
178.39 (14)
171.99 (17)
-8.7 (3)
$-177.76(13)$
3.0 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 1 N 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.928(18)$ | $1.998(18)$ | $2.9260(19)$ | $177.7(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 2 N 3 \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1$ | $0.93(2)$ | $2.22(2)$ | $2.667(2)$ | $108.6(16)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 1 N 3 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.97(2)$ | $1.97(2)$ | $2.9106(19)$ | $163.5(17)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y,-z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1 / 2,-z+3 / 2$.


[^0]:    $\ddagger$ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

