

1,1'-[4-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,6-di-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridine-3,5-diyl]-diethanone

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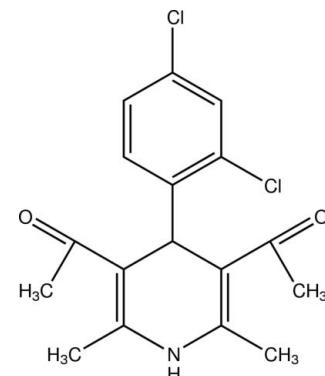
Received 12 December 2010; accepted 16 December 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$;
 R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.096; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2$, the central 1,4-dihydropyridine ring adopts a flattened-boat conformation. The ethanone substituents of the dihydropyridine ring at positions 3 and 5 have synperiplanar (*cis*) or antiperiplanar (*trans*) conformations with respect to the adjacent $\text{C}=\text{C}$ bonds in the dihydropyridine ring. The 2,4-dichlorophenyl ring is almost planar [r.m.s. deviation = 0.0045 (1) Å] and almost perpendicular [89.27 (3)°] to the mean plane of the dihydropyridine ring. In the crystal, an $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond links molecules into a zigzag chain along the *ac* diagonal. $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ contacts form centrosymmetric dimers and additional weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts further consolidate the packing.

Related literature

For background to the pharmaceutical applications of 1,4-dihydropyridine derivatives, see: Rose (1989, 1990); Salehi & Guo (2004). For structure–activity relationships among 1,4-dihydropyridines, see: Triggle *et al.* (1980); Janis & Triggle (1984); Langs & Triggle (1985).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2$	$V = 1599.0$ (8) \AA^3
$M_r = 338.22$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 10.307$ (4) \AA	$\mu = 0.41\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 13.745$ (3) \AA	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 11.312$ (2) \AA	$0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.18\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 93.80$ (2)°	

Data collection

Nonius MACH3 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.929$
3247 measured reflections

2811 independent reflections
2265 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$
3 standard reflections every 60 min
intensity decay: none

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.096$
 $S = 1.05$
2811 reflections
207 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.81 (2)	2.16 (2)	2.951 (2)	163 (2)
C8—H8B···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.56	3.397 (3)	147
C10—H10C···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.43	3.341 (3)	158
C17—H17···Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93 (1)	2.92 (1)	3.796 (2)	158 (1)
Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$.				

Data collection: CAD-4 EXPRESS (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: CAD-4 EXPRESS; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms & Wocadlo, 1996); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

JK thanks the UGC for the RFSMS fellowship. SN thanks the CSIR for funding provided under the Emeritus Scientist Scheme. VV is grateful to the DST–India for funding through the Young Scientist Scheme (Fast Track Proposal).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5076).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o380–o381 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810052839]

1,1'-[4-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihdropyridine-3,5-diyl]diethanone

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S1. Comment

1,4-Dihdropyridine derivatives have yielded many drugs which act as calcium channel agonists or antagonists (Rose, 1989, 1990) and various bioactive compounds such as vasodilator, antiatherosclerotic, antitumor, geroprotective, heptaprotective and antidiabetic agents (Salehi & Guo, 2004). Triggle and co-workers (Triggle *et al.*, 1980; Janis & Triggle, 1984; Langs & Triggle, 1985) have identified some important structural requirements for biological activity. We have studied the crystal structure of 1,1'-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2,6-dimethyl-1,4-dihdropyridine- 3,5-diyl]diethanone.

In the title compound (I)(Fig. 1), $C_{17}H_{17}Cl_2NO_2$, the central 1, 4-dihdropyridine ring adopts a flattened boat conformation. The ethanone substituents of the dihydropyridine ring at positions 3 and 5 have different (*cis/trans*) configurations with respect to the double bonds in the pyridine ring. Each group is oriented in a synperiplanar (*cis*) or antiperiplanar (*trans*) conformation with respect to the adjacent $C=C$ in the dihydropyridine ring, which is evident from the torsion angles of $C6—C5—C11—O2$ [31.44 (40) $^\circ$] and $C2—C3—C9—O1$ [172.43 (20) $^\circ$], respectively.

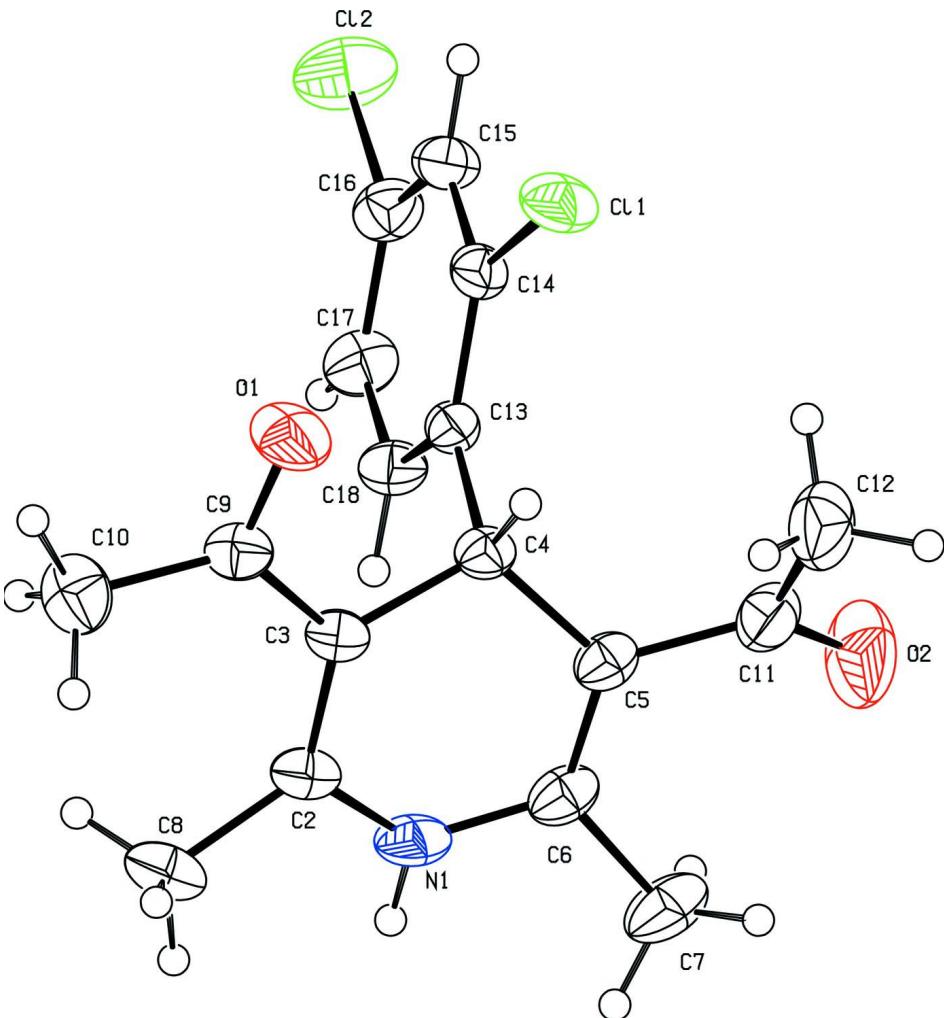
The methyl groups attached at C2 and C6 positions of the pyridine ring adopt equatorial orientation as can be seen from the torsion angles [$C7—C6—N1—C2$] 165.54 (20) $^\circ$ and [$C8—C2—N1—C6$] -164.62 (20) $^\circ$. The 2,4-dichlorophenyl ring is planar and almost perpendicular to the mean plane of the dihydropyridine ring with the plane angle: 89.27 (3) $^\circ$. This close to perpendicular orientation of the dichlorophenyl ring to the dihydropyridine ring can be ascribed to the greater steric hinderance with the two ethanone groups at C3 and C5. Atom $N1(x,y,z)$ of the pyridine ring make a intermolecular hydrogen bond with the atom $O1(-1/2 + x, 1/2 + y, -1/2 + z)$, leading to a zigzag chain running along the diagonal of the *ac* - plane (Fig. 2). $C17—H17\cdots Cl2$ contacts form centrosymmetric dimers and additional weak $C—H\cdots O$ contacts further stabilise the structure, Table 1.

S2. Experimental

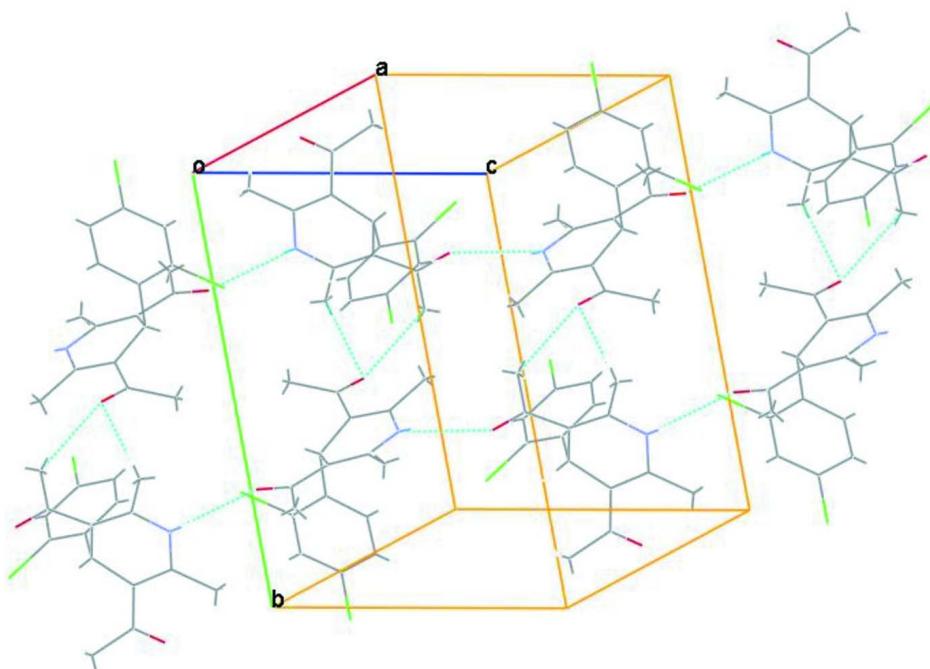
2,4,dichlorobenzaldehyde (10 mmol), acetylacetone (20 mmol) and ammonium acetate (10 mmol) in ethanol were heated on a steam bath until the color of the solution changed to reddish-orange. The mixture was cooled in ice to yield a solid product, which was extracted using diethylether. The purity of the crude product was checked through TLC and recrystallized from acetone/ether 1:1 [yield: 60%, m.p. 218–220°C].

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed at calculated positions and allowed to ride on their carrier atoms with $C—H = 0.93\text{--}0.97 \text{ \AA}$, and $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH_2 and CH groups and $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH_3 group. The N-bound H atom is located in a difference Fourier map and its positional parameters were refined.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

**Figure 2**

Packing of the crystal structure (I), viewed down the *a* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

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Crystal data



$M_r = 338.22$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 10.307(4)$ Å

$b = 13.745(3)$ Å

$c = 11.312(2)$ Å

$\beta = 93.80(2)^\circ$

$V = 1599.0(8)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

Data collection

Nonius MACH3
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω - 2θ scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.929$

3247 measured reflections

$F(000) = 704$

$D_x = 1.405$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 2-25^\circ$

$\mu = 0.41$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, colourless

0.23 × 0.21 × 0.18 mm

2811 independent reflections

2265 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$

$h = 0 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -1 \rightarrow 16$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

3 standard reflections every 60 min

intensity decay: none

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.096$$

$$S = 1.05$$

2811 reflections

207 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0451P)^2 + 0.6776P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^* / U_{\text{eq}}$
C2	0.09331 (17)	0.23909 (14)	0.35680 (16)	0.0368 (4)
C3	0.21210 (16)	0.23609 (13)	0.41766 (15)	0.0333 (4)
C4	0.32545 (16)	0.18638 (13)	0.36213 (15)	0.0325 (4)
H4	0.3770	0.1517	0.4247	0.039*
C5	0.27979 (18)	0.11313 (13)	0.26722 (15)	0.0371 (4)
C6	0.16077 (19)	0.12296 (14)	0.21010 (16)	0.0405 (4)
C7	0.1058 (2)	0.06292 (16)	0.1077 (2)	0.0573 (6)
H7A	0.0130	0.0706	0.0998	0.069*
H7B	0.1267	-0.0043	0.1216	0.069*
H7C	0.1424	0.0841	0.0362	0.069*
C8	-0.02898 (18)	0.28757 (18)	0.3917 (2)	0.0536 (6)
H8A	-0.0961	0.2797	0.3295	0.064*
H8B	-0.0128	0.3556	0.4050	0.064*
H8C	-0.0562	0.2584	0.4631	0.064*
C9	0.24581 (18)	0.28036 (14)	0.53385 (16)	0.0388 (4)
C10	0.1592 (2)	0.34902 (17)	0.59460 (18)	0.0538 (6)
H10A	0.2028	0.3711	0.6673	0.065*
H10B	0.0803	0.3162	0.6114	0.065*
H10C	0.1390	0.4038	0.5440	0.065*
C11	0.3678 (2)	0.03428 (15)	0.23582 (19)	0.0485 (5)
C12	0.4571 (3)	-0.00851 (18)	0.3312 (2)	0.0695 (7)
H12A	0.4768	-0.0745	0.3114	0.083*
H12B	0.4159	-0.0072	0.4049	0.083*
H12C	0.5360	0.0287	0.3389	0.083*

C13	0.41271 (16)	0.26267 (13)	0.30834 (15)	0.0313 (4)
C14	0.54362 (16)	0.27779 (13)	0.34248 (15)	0.0348 (4)
C15	0.61739 (18)	0.34868 (15)	0.29079 (17)	0.0422 (5)
H15	0.7041	0.3580	0.3166	0.051*
C16	0.56114 (19)	0.40453 (15)	0.20163 (17)	0.0446 (5)
C17	0.4322 (2)	0.39221 (15)	0.16311 (17)	0.0457 (5)
H17	0.3943	0.4302	0.1022	0.055*
C18	0.36099 (18)	0.32216 (14)	0.21721 (16)	0.0394 (4)
H18	0.2740	0.3142	0.1916	0.047*
Cl1	0.62411 (4)	0.20669 (4)	0.45204 (5)	0.05059 (17)
Cl2	0.65383 (6)	0.49418 (5)	0.13777 (6)	0.0727 (2)
N1	0.07592 (16)	0.19087 (13)	0.25047 (15)	0.0438 (4)
O1	0.35315 (14)	0.26245 (14)	0.58271 (14)	0.0638 (5)
O2	0.3688 (2)	0.00154 (15)	0.13564 (16)	0.0885 (7)
H1	0.006 (2)	0.1959 (17)	0.213 (2)	0.053 (7)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C2	0.0286 (9)	0.0424 (10)	0.0386 (10)	-0.0049 (8)	-0.0028 (7)	0.0092 (8)
C3	0.0286 (9)	0.0395 (10)	0.0314 (9)	-0.0029 (7)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0038 (7)
C4	0.0304 (9)	0.0363 (9)	0.0297 (9)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0065 (7)	0.0013 (7)
C5	0.0417 (10)	0.0348 (10)	0.0339 (9)	-0.0050 (8)	-0.0049 (8)	0.0011 (8)
C6	0.0483 (11)	0.0366 (10)	0.0351 (10)	-0.0091 (9)	-0.0095 (8)	0.0048 (8)
C7	0.0707 (15)	0.0496 (13)	0.0480 (12)	-0.0153 (11)	-0.0231 (11)	-0.0001 (10)
C8	0.0283 (10)	0.0693 (15)	0.0624 (13)	0.0005 (10)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0081 (11)
C9	0.0347 (10)	0.0472 (11)	0.0345 (9)	-0.0049 (8)	0.0019 (8)	0.0016 (8)
C10	0.0600 (13)	0.0636 (14)	0.0379 (11)	0.0095 (11)	0.0043 (9)	-0.0027 (10)
C11	0.0546 (12)	0.0396 (11)	0.0503 (12)	-0.0021 (9)	-0.0034 (9)	-0.0076 (9)
C12	0.0770 (17)	0.0506 (14)	0.0778 (17)	0.0214 (12)	-0.0178 (14)	-0.0106 (12)
C13	0.0282 (9)	0.0359 (9)	0.0295 (8)	0.0005 (7)	-0.0009 (7)	-0.0063 (7)
C14	0.0294 (9)	0.0392 (10)	0.0351 (9)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0025 (7)	-0.0043 (8)
C15	0.0290 (9)	0.0505 (12)	0.0469 (11)	-0.0040 (8)	0.0010 (8)	-0.0042 (9)
C16	0.0454 (11)	0.0459 (11)	0.0431 (11)	-0.0097 (9)	0.0076 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C17	0.0492 (11)	0.0492 (12)	0.0377 (10)	-0.0045 (9)	-0.0051 (9)	0.0058 (9)
C18	0.0333 (9)	0.0474 (11)	0.0365 (10)	-0.0038 (8)	-0.0060 (8)	-0.0003 (8)
Cl1	0.0328 (3)	0.0580 (3)	0.0589 (3)	0.0034 (2)	-0.0119 (2)	0.0099 (2)
Cl2	0.0696 (4)	0.0779 (5)	0.0706 (4)	-0.0307 (3)	0.0044 (3)	0.0198 (3)
N1	0.0329 (9)	0.0529 (10)	0.0431 (9)	-0.0060 (7)	-0.0163 (7)	0.0043 (8)
O1	0.0408 (8)	0.0997 (13)	0.0485 (9)	0.0097 (8)	-0.0152 (7)	-0.0258 (9)
O2	0.1091 (16)	0.0922 (15)	0.0621 (11)	0.0329 (12)	-0.0095 (10)	-0.0350 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C2—C3	1.365 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C2—N1	1.375 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C2—C8	1.502 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—C9	1.469 (3)	C11—O2	1.220 (3)

C3—C4	1.524 (2)	C11—C12	1.492 (3)
C4—C5	1.524 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C4—C13	1.533 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9800	C12—H12C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.355 (3)	C13—C18	1.394 (3)
C5—C11	1.472 (3)	C13—C14	1.394 (2)
C6—N1	1.378 (3)	C14—C15	1.389 (3)
C6—C7	1.503 (3)	C14—Cl1	1.7444 (18)
C7—H7A	0.9600	C15—C16	1.366 (3)
C7—H7B	0.9600	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—H7C	0.9600	C16—C17	1.382 (3)
C8—H8A	0.9600	C16—Cl2	1.745 (2)
C8—H8B	0.9600	C17—C18	1.378 (3)
C8—H8C	0.9600	C17—H17	0.9300
C9—O1	1.228 (2)	C18—H18	0.9300
C9—C10	1.497 (3)	N1—H1	0.81 (2)
C3—C2—N1	119.17 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C2—C8	128.40 (18)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C2—C8	112.41 (16)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C3—C9	126.14 (17)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C3—C4	119.48 (16)	O2—C11—C5	122.6 (2)
C9—C3—C4	114.33 (15)	O2—C11—C12	118.9 (2)
C5—C4—C3	112.16 (14)	C5—C11—C12	118.43 (18)
C5—C4—C13	109.52 (14)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C3—C4—C13	110.04 (14)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C5—C4—H4	108.3	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	108.3	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
C13—C4—H4	108.3	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—C11	120.76 (17)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	119.86 (17)	C18—C13—C14	115.67 (16)
C11—C5—C4	119.35 (16)	C18—C13—C4	119.28 (15)
C5—C6—N1	118.96 (17)	C14—C13—C4	125.05 (16)
C5—C6—C7	126.61 (19)	C15—C14—C13	122.33 (17)
N1—C6—C7	114.35 (18)	C15—C14—Cl1	116.38 (13)
C6—C7—H7A	109.5	C13—C14—Cl1	121.28 (14)
C6—C7—H7B	109.5	C16—C15—C14	119.20 (17)
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C16—C15—H15	120.4
C6—C7—H7C	109.5	C14—C15—H15	120.4
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	C15—C16—C17	121.10 (18)
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	C15—C16—Cl2	119.04 (15)
C2—C8—H8A	109.5	C17—C16—Cl2	119.85 (16)
C2—C8—H8B	109.5	C18—C17—C16	118.35 (18)
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	C18—C17—H17	120.8
C2—C8—H8C	109.5	C16—C17—H17	120.8
H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	C17—C18—C13	123.34 (17)
H8B—C8—H8C	109.5	C17—C18—H18	118.3
O1—C9—C3	118.17 (17)	C13—C18—H18	118.3

O1—C9—C10	117.81 (17)	C2—N1—C6	124.61 (16)
C3—C9—C10	123.98 (17)	C2—N1—H1	118.2 (16)
C9—C10—H10A	109.5	C6—N1—H1	116.5 (16)
C9—C10—H10B	109.5		
N1—C2—C3—C9	-177.66 (17)	C4—C5—C11—C12	34.8 (3)
C8—C2—C3—C9	0.5 (3)	C5—C4—C13—C18	62.3 (2)
N1—C2—C3—C4	4.8 (3)	C3—C4—C13—C18	-61.4 (2)
C8—C2—C3—C4	-177.01 (18)	C5—C4—C13—C14	-116.97 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-22.3 (2)	C3—C4—C13—C14	119.30 (18)
C9—C3—C4—C5	159.92 (15)	C18—C13—C14—C15	1.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C13	99.89 (18)	C4—C13—C14—C15	-179.54 (16)
C9—C3—C4—C13	-77.89 (18)	C18—C13—C14—Cl1	-177.96 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	24.6 (2)	C4—C13—C14—Cl1	1.3 (2)
C13—C4—C5—C6	-97.9 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C11	-157.55 (16)	Cl1—C14—C15—C16	177.78 (15)
C13—C4—C5—C11	80.0 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.6 (3)
C11—C5—C6—N1	173.01 (18)	C14—C15—C16—Cl2	179.48 (15)
C4—C5—C6—N1	-9.1 (3)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.2 (3)
C11—C5—C6—C7	-3.6 (3)	Cl2—C16—C17—C18	-178.61 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	174.23 (18)	C16—C17—C18—C13	-0.4 (3)
C2—C3—C9—O1	172.37 (19)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-0.3 (3)
C4—C3—C9—O1	-10.0 (3)	C4—C13—C18—C17	-179.59 (18)
C2—C3—C9—C10	-10.0 (3)	C3—C2—N1—C6	13.8 (3)
C4—C3—C9—C10	167.64 (18)	C8—C2—N1—C6	-164.67 (18)
C6—C5—C11—O2	31.2 (3)	C5—C6—N1—C2	-11.5 (3)
C4—C5—C11—O2	-146.6 (2)	C7—C6—N1—C2	165.50 (18)
C6—C5—C11—C12	-147.4 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.81 (2)	2.16 (2)	2.951 (2)	163 (2)
C8—H8B···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.56	3.397 (3)	147
C10—H10C···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.43	3.341 (3)	158
C4—H4···Cl1	0.98	2.65	3.190 (2)	115
C17—H17···Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93 (1)	2.92 (1)	3.796 (2)	158 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (ii) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$.