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## Structure Reports

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## (2E)-3-[4-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

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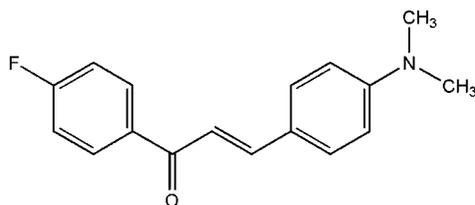
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 295$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.059;  $wR$  factor = 0.197; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.9.

The mean planes of the two benzene rings in the title compound,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{FNO}$ , are twisted slightly, making a dihedral angle of  $7.8(1)^\circ$ . The prop-2-en-1-one group is also twisted slightly with a  $\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{O}$  torsion angle of  $-11.6(3)^\circ$ . In the crystal, weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions link pairs of molecules, forming centrosymmetric dimers.

### Related literature

Chalcones are precursors of all flavonoid-type natural products in biosynthesis, see: Marais *et al.* (2005). For their pharmacological activity, see: Di Carlo *et al.* (1999) and for their antimalarial activity, see: Ram *et al.* (2000); Troeberg *et al.* (2000). For the synthesis and biological activity of some fluorinated chalcone derivatives, see: Nakamura *et al.* (2002). For a review of anti-infective and anti-inflammatory chalcones, see: Nowakowska (2007) and for recent advances in therapeutic chalcones, see: Ni *et al.* (2004). For related structures, see: Butcher *et al.* (2006, 2007a,b); Harrison *et al.* (2006); Jasinski *et al.* (2009); Jing (2009); Sarojini *et al.* (2007). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{FNO}$   
 $M_r = 269.31$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.8334(3)$  Å  
 $b = 12.3560(2)$  Å  
 $c = 9.3922(2)$  Å  
 $\beta = 105.965(2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1431.87(5)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 295$  K  
 $0.56 \times 0.47 \times 0.22$  mm

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.675$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
 6644 measured reflections  
 2929 independent reflections  
 2098 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.197$   
 $S = 1.10$   
 2929 reflections  
 184 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C17}-\text{H17A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.96	2.56	3.525 (3)	180

 Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5139).

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## supporting information

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**(2E)-3-[4-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one**

Jerry P. Jasinski, Ray J. Butcher, B. P. Siddaraju, B. Narayana and H. S. Yathirajan

**S1. Comment**

Chalcones are known as the precursors of all flavonoid type natural products in biosynthesis (Marais *et al.*, 2005). Chalcones, one of the major classes of natural products with widespread distribution in fruits, vegetables, spices, tea and soy based foodstuff have been recently subjects of interest for their interesting pharmacological activities (Di Carlo *et al.*, 1999). Many chalcones have been described for their high antimalarial activity, probably as a result of michael addition of nucleophilic species to the double bond of the enone (Troeborg *et al.*, 2000 & Ram *et al.*, 2000). Synthesis and biological activities of some fluorinated chalcone derivatives is published (Nakamura *et al.*, 2002). A review of anti-infective and anti-inflammatory chalcones (Nowakowska, 2007) and recent advances in therapeutic chalcones have been reported (Ni *et al.*, 2004). The crystal structures of few related fluoro chalcones *viz.*, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Butcher *et al.*, 2006), (2E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Butcher *et al.*, 2007a), (2E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Butcher *et al.*, 2007b), a second polymorph of (2E)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Jasinski, *et al.*, 2009), (E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-phenyl-2-propen-1-one (Jing, 2009), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Harrison *et al.*, 2006) and 3-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (Sarojini *et al.*, 2007) have been reported. In a continuation of our studies and in view of the importance of fluoro chalcones, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of a new chalcone, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FNO, (I).

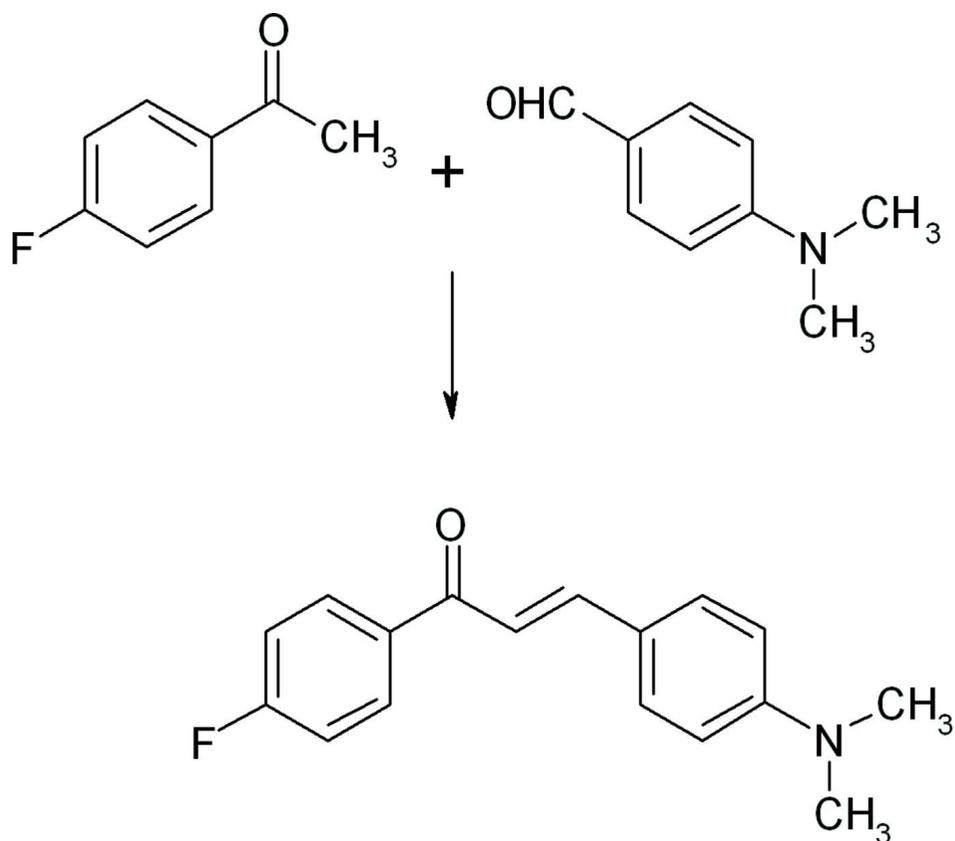
The mean planes of the two benzene rings in the title compound, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FNO, are twisted slightly being separated by 7.8 (0)° (Fig. 2). The prop-2-en-1-one group is also twisted slightly with a C2—C1—C7—O1 torsion angle of -11.6 (3)°. Bond distances and angles are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). A weak C—H···O intermolecular interaction (Table 1) contributes to crystal packing creating a centrosymmetric dimer (Fig. 3).

**S2. Experimental**

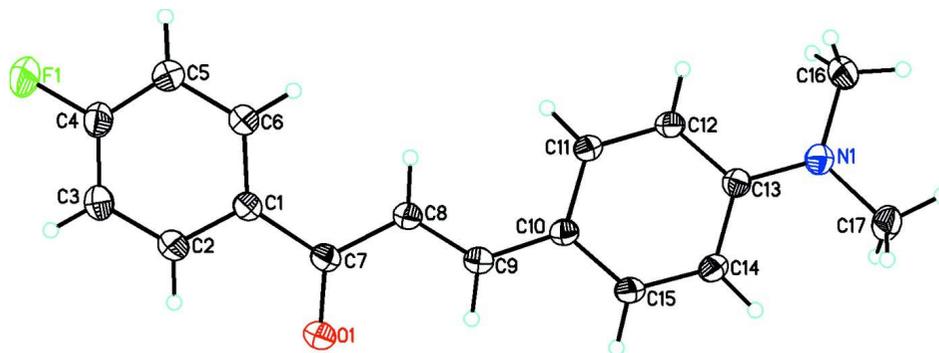
4-Fluoroacetophenone (1.38 g, 0.01 mol) was mixed with 4-(dimethylamino)benzaldehyde (1.49 g, 0.01 mol) and dissolved in ethanol (40 ml) (Fig. 1). To this solution 10 ml of KOH (30%) was added at 273 K. The reaction mixture stirred for 4 h and poured on to crushed ice. The resulting crude solid was filtered, washed successively with dilute HCl solution and distilled water and finally recrystallized from ethanol (95%) to give the pure chalcone. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction studies were grown by the slow evaporation of the solution of the compound in ethyl acetate (M.P.: 383–388 K). Composition: Found (Calculated) for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FNO; C: 75.77 (75.82%); H: 5.96 (5.99%); N: 5.16 (5.20%).

**S3. Refinement**

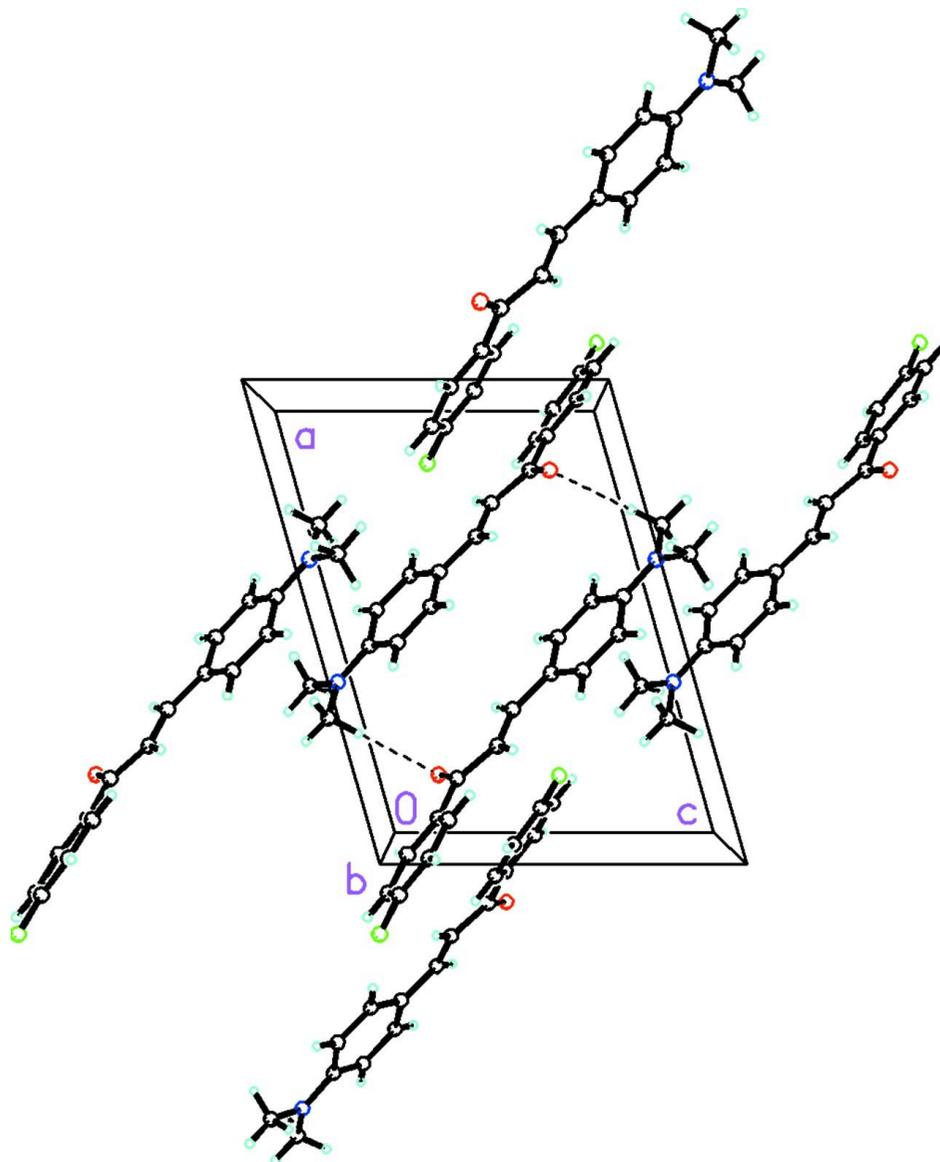
All of the H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic), or 0.96 Å (CH<sub>3</sub>). Isotropic displacement parameters for these atoms were set to 1.19–1.20 (aromatic) or 1.49 (CH<sub>3</sub>) times  $U_{eq}$  of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

Reaction scheme for  $C_{17}H_{16}FNO$ .

**Figure 2**

Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



**Figure 3**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed down the *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate weak a C—H...O intermolecular hydrogen bond interaction creating a layered structure along [101].

**(2*E*)-3-[4-(Dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one**

*Crystal data*

$C_{17}H_{16}FNO$

$M_r = 269.31$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 12.8334$  (3) Å

$b = 12.3560$  (2) Å

$c = 9.3922$  (2) Å

$\beta = 105.965$  (2)°

$V = 1431.87$  (5) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 568$

$D_x = 1.249$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 3513 reflections

$\theta = 2.4$ – $38.6$ °

$\mu = 0.09$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 295$  K

Irregular triangular plate, yellow

$0.56 \times 0.47 \times 0.22$  mm

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 10.5081 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.675$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

6644 measured reflections  
2929 independent reflections  
2098 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.7^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$   
 $h = -16 \rightarrow 15$   
 $k = -15 \rightarrow 15$   
 $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.197$   
 $S = 1.10$   
2929 reflections  
184 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1067P)^2 + 0.0852P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	1.15377 (18)	0.10045 (18)	1.0627 (2)	0.1881 (10)
O1	0.83748 (14)	0.47322 (14)	0.78907 (19)	0.1242 (6)
C1	0.92349 (14)	0.30455 (16)	0.8178 (2)	0.0850 (5)
C2	1.0044 (2)	0.3397 (2)	0.9375 (3)	0.1251 (9)
H2A	1.0064	0.4124	0.9635	0.150*
C3	1.0820 (3)	0.2720 (3)	1.0198 (4)	0.1402 (11)
H3A	1.1363	0.2978	1.0999	0.168*
C4	1.0777 (2)	0.1681 (3)	0.9820 (3)	0.1281 (9)
C5	0.9972 (3)	0.1257 (3)	0.8685 (4)	0.1464 (12)
H5A	0.9942	0.0519	0.8480	0.176*
C6	0.9209 (2)	0.1953 (2)	0.7859 (3)	0.1187 (8)
H6A	0.8665	0.1684	0.7068	0.142*
N1	0.36368 (14)	0.37392 (15)	-0.0182 (2)	0.0984 (5)
C7	0.84180 (15)	0.38300 (17)	0.7354 (2)	0.0894 (5)
C8	0.76857 (15)	0.35318 (16)	0.5923 (2)	0.0853 (5)
H8A	0.7756	0.2857	0.5520	0.102*

C9	0.69177 (16)	0.42082 (15)	0.5183 (2)	0.0861 (5)
H9A	0.6893	0.4870	0.5645	0.103*
C10	0.61231 (15)	0.40735 (14)	0.3784 (2)	0.0810 (5)
C11	0.60600 (15)	0.31682 (14)	0.2863 (2)	0.0831 (5)
H11A	0.6573	0.2621	0.3149	0.100*
C12	0.52677 (16)	0.30671 (15)	0.1558 (2)	0.0856 (5)
H12A	0.5265	0.2460	0.0972	0.103*
C13	0.44563 (15)	0.38556 (15)	0.1076 (2)	0.0828 (5)
C14	0.45373 (18)	0.47770 (16)	0.1973 (2)	0.0968 (6)
H14A	0.4037	0.5334	0.1684	0.116*
C15	0.53447 (19)	0.48642 (15)	0.3267 (2)	0.0963 (6)
H15A	0.5373	0.5488	0.3831	0.116*
C16	0.3540 (2)	0.2790 (2)	-0.1099 (3)	0.1289 (9)
H16A	0.4204	0.2681	-0.1364	0.193*
H16B	0.2955	0.2886	-0.1980	0.193*
H16C	0.3398	0.2171	-0.0563	0.193*
C17	0.2862 (2)	0.4610 (2)	-0.0696 (3)	0.1149 (7)
H17A	0.2522	0.4790	0.0065	0.172*
H17B	0.2321	0.4381	-0.1569	0.172*
H17C	0.3233	0.5234	-0.0922	0.172*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
F1	0.1983 (18)	0.1869 (19)	0.1399 (14)	0.0835 (16)	-0.0196 (14)	0.0050 (13)
O1	0.1291 (12)	0.1024 (11)	0.1227 (12)	0.0113 (9)	0.0033 (10)	-0.0346 (9)
C1	0.0812 (10)	0.0904 (12)	0.0836 (10)	-0.0030 (9)	0.0229 (8)	-0.0078 (9)
C2	0.1233 (17)	0.1070 (17)	0.1222 (18)	0.0007 (14)	-0.0045 (15)	-0.0236 (14)
C3	0.1254 (19)	0.138 (2)	0.125 (2)	0.0128 (18)	-0.0198 (16)	-0.0143 (18)
C4	0.1270 (18)	0.141 (2)	0.1022 (16)	0.0355 (17)	0.0072 (14)	0.0023 (16)
C5	0.176 (3)	0.1129 (19)	0.124 (2)	0.0376 (19)	-0.002 (2)	-0.0146 (16)
C6	0.1273 (17)	0.1016 (16)	0.1074 (15)	0.0120 (14)	-0.0010 (14)	-0.0146 (13)
N1	0.1038 (11)	0.0985 (12)	0.0866 (10)	0.0089 (9)	0.0158 (9)	0.0029 (8)
C7	0.0883 (11)	0.0872 (12)	0.0932 (11)	-0.0069 (9)	0.0257 (9)	-0.0135 (9)
C8	0.0905 (11)	0.0770 (10)	0.0880 (11)	-0.0035 (8)	0.0238 (9)	-0.0064 (8)
C9	0.0930 (11)	0.0749 (10)	0.0916 (11)	-0.0034 (8)	0.0275 (9)	-0.0068 (9)
C10	0.0902 (10)	0.0682 (9)	0.0866 (10)	-0.0003 (8)	0.0277 (9)	0.0002 (8)
C11	0.0892 (10)	0.0692 (9)	0.0913 (11)	0.0045 (8)	0.0253 (9)	0.0009 (8)
C12	0.0975 (11)	0.0703 (10)	0.0900 (11)	0.0007 (8)	0.0275 (9)	-0.0055 (8)
C13	0.0908 (10)	0.0794 (10)	0.0786 (10)	0.0002 (8)	0.0241 (8)	0.0067 (8)
C14	0.1093 (13)	0.0786 (11)	0.0981 (13)	0.0192 (10)	0.0211 (11)	0.0053 (10)
C15	0.1172 (14)	0.0709 (10)	0.0957 (12)	0.0115 (10)	0.0205 (11)	-0.0066 (9)
C16	0.1193 (17)	0.138 (2)	0.1126 (17)	0.0095 (16)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0324 (16)
C17	0.1095 (15)	0.1255 (19)	0.1013 (14)	0.0171 (14)	0.0150 (12)	0.0159 (13)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

F1—C4	1.349 (3)	C9—C10	1.434 (3)
O1—C7	1.231 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.374 (3)	C10—C15	1.386 (3)
C1—C6	1.381 (3)	C10—C11	1.403 (2)
C1—C7	1.481 (3)	C11—C12	1.366 (3)
C2—C3	1.366 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9300	C12—C13	1.407 (3)
C3—C4	1.330 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9300	C13—C14	1.403 (3)
C4—C5	1.368 (4)	C14—C15	1.368 (3)
C5—C6	1.371 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C5—H5A	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9300
C6—H6A	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9600
N1—C13	1.356 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9600
N1—C16	1.440 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9600
N1—C17	1.454 (3)	C17—H17A	0.9600
C7—C8	1.460 (3)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.333 (3)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C8—H8A	0.9300		
C2—C1—C6	117.0 (2)	C15—C10—C11	115.62 (17)
C2—C1—C7	119.2 (2)	C15—C10—C9	120.08 (17)
C6—C1—C7	123.72 (19)	C11—C10—C9	124.30 (17)
C3—C2—C1	122.6 (3)	C12—C11—C10	121.92 (17)
C3—C2—H2A	118.7	C12—C11—H11A	119.0
C1—C2—H2A	118.7	C10—C11—H11A	119.0
C4—C3—C2	118.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13	121.86 (17)
C4—C3—H3A	121.0	C11—C12—H12A	119.1
C2—C3—H3A	121.0	C13—C12—H12A	119.1
C3—C4—F1	118.5 (3)	N1—C13—C14	121.39 (17)
C3—C4—C5	123.0 (3)	N1—C13—C12	122.34 (18)
F1—C4—C5	118.4 (3)	C14—C13—C12	116.27 (17)
C4—C5—C6	118.0 (3)	C15—C14—C13	120.71 (18)
C4—C5—H5A	121.0	C15—C14—H14A	119.6
C6—C5—H5A	121.0	C13—C14—H14A	119.6
C5—C6—C1	121.3 (2)	C14—C15—C10	123.54 (18)
C5—C6—H6A	119.3	C14—C15—H15A	118.2
C1—C6—H6A	119.3	C10—C15—H15A	118.2
C13—N1—C16	121.72 (19)	N1—C16—H16A	109.5
C13—N1—C17	120.40 (18)	N1—C16—H16B	109.5
C16—N1—C17	117.76 (19)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
O1—C7—C8	121.0 (2)	N1—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C7—C1	118.93 (18)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C7—C1	120.03 (17)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	121.22 (18)	N1—C17—H17A	109.5
C9—C8—H8A	119.4	N1—C17—H17B	109.5

C7—C8—H8A	119.4	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C8—C9—C10	129.98 (18)	N1—C17—H17C	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	115.0	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	115.0	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.2 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C15	175.4 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-4.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (5)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-1.3 (3)
C2—C3—C4—F1	-179.8 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	178.19 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-2.5 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	3.4 (5)	C16—N1—C13—C14	-179.2 (2)
F1—C4—C5—C6	-179.2 (3)	C17—N1—C13—C14	4.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.5 (5)	C16—N1—C13—C12	0.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.2 (4)	C17—N1—C13—C12	-175.38 (19)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-178.2 (2)	C11—C12—C13—N1	-176.80 (18)
C2—C1—C7—O1	-11.6 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	3.1 (3)
C6—C1—C7—O1	165.4 (2)	N1—C13—C14—C15	177.5 (2)
C2—C1—C7—C8	167.9 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-2.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7—C8	-15.1 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.1 (3)
O1—C7—C8—C9	-2.9 (3)	C11—C10—C15—C14	2.0 (3)
C1—C7—C8—C9	177.56 (17)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-177.53 (19)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-179.71 (19)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
C17—H17A...O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.56	3.525 (3)	180

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .