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(S)-2-Amino-2-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclohexanone

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 173 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.023; wR factor = 0.059; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.3.

The crystal structure of the title compound, $C_{12}H_{14}CINO$, was determined in order to confirm that the chiral center of the molecule has an S configuration. The cyclohexanone ring adopts a chair conformation. The 2-chlorophenyl ring is slightly twisted from the axial C-N bond, with a N-C-C-C torsion angle of -5.7 (2)°. In the crystal, an intermolecular $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond links adjacent molecules into an infinite chain, which propagates in the b-axis direction.

Related literature

For background literature on the preparation and use of some anesthetics, see: Holtman *et al.* (2006); Heshmati *et al.* (2003); Kohrs & Durieux (1998). For information on the synthetic transformations used, see: Kolb *et al.* (1994); Parcell & Sanchez (1981); Senanayake *et al.* (1996); Yang & Davisson (1985).

Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{12}H_{14}CINO$ $M_r = 223.69$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ a = 7.2437 (5) Å b = 7.4244 (5) Å c = 20.4794 (15) Å $V = 1101.38 (13) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 2.84 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 173 K $0.43 \times 0.15 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX II diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.375, T_{\max} = 0.920$ 3449 measured reflections 1538 independent reflections 1521 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.022$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$ $wR(F^2) = 0.059$ S = 1.011538 reflections 136 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.14 \ {\rm e \ \mathring{A}^{-3}}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.15 \ {\rm e \ \mathring{A}^{-3}}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 545 Friedel pairs Flack parameter: 0.060 (13)

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

| D $ H$ $\cdot \cdot \cdot A$ | D-H | $H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ | $D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$ |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| $N1-H1A\cdots O1^{i}$ | 0.91 | 2.20 | 3.066 (2) | 160 |

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NK2080).

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(S)-2-Amino-2-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclohexanone

Manfred Biermann, Kenneth I. Hardcastle, Nikolai V. Moskalev and Peter A. Crooks

S1. Comment

KetalarTM, the racemic mixture of *R*- and *S*-Ketamines is becoming the sedative and anesthetic of choice for emergency sedation in children and victims with unknown medical history, *e.g.* from traffic accidents to battlefield conditions, because it causes minimal respiratory depression in comparison to other anesthetics (Heshmati *et al.*, 2003). *S*-Ketamine was found 3–4 times more potent as an anesthetic than its *R*-enantiomer, and twice as potent as KetalarTM with fewer side effects such as psychedelic, disorientation and anxiety (Kohrs & Durieux, 1998). *S*-Norketamine, the major metabolite of *S*-Ketamine in humans and animals, is emerging as a novel drug for treatment of neuropathic pain and for analgesia (Holtman *et al.*, 2006). To confirm the absolute configuration of (+)-norketamine, herein we report on the X-ray crystallographic characterization of crystalline *S*-norketamine.

The chirality of the molecule is confirmed (Figure 1). In the structure, the cyclohexanone ring adopts a chair conformation. The 2-chlorophenyl ring is slightly twisted from the axial C—N bond, with a torsion angle of -5.7 (2) $^{\circ}$. In the crystal, an N–H···O hydrogen bond links adjacent molecules into an infinite chain which propagates in the *b*-axis direction (Figure 2).

S2. Experimental

With 2-chlorophenyl-1-cyclohexene as pro-chiral starting material, the enantioselective synthesis of *S*-norketamine was first time accomplished *via* a 3-step synthesis route. In the first step the chiral quarternary C-1 atom of the ketamine parent structure was generated in utilizing an adapted Sharpless-Asymmetric Dihydroxylation method (Kolb *et al.*, 1994). Asymmetric dihydroxylation was conducted with osmiumtetroxide modified with hydroquinine 1,4-phthalazinediyl diether ((DHQ)2PHAL) as chiral ligand in *tert*-butanol yielding (-)-(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclohexane-1,2-diol in 92% yield and with 82–85% ee after crystallization from *n*-heptane. In the second step (-)-(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-(2-chlorophenyl) cyclohexane-1,2-diol was subjected to the condition of the Ritter Reaction (Senanayake *et al.*, 1996) which produced (-)-(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-amino-1(2-chlorophenyl) cyclohexane-2-ol, which was obtained with 95% ee after crystallization from *n*-hexane. In the third step modified Jones Oxidation (Yang *et al.*, 1985) of (-)-(1*S*, 2*S*)-1-amino-1(2-chlorophenyl) cyclohexane-2-ol produced (*S*)-2-amino-2-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclohexanone ((+)-*S*- norketamine) which was initially obtained as a solid white crystalline material after crystallization from *n*-heptane (Mp. 68–69°C) which was previously described as an oil (Parcell & Sanchez, 1981). The chiral purity was ee 99% determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD—H column). The specific rotation of the free *S*-norketamine base was established to be [*a*]_D +3.2° (c = 2, EtOH). Intermediates and end product were characterized by infrared, NMR and MS-spectroscopy.

S3. Refinement

All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms. The Flack parameter was determined from 545 Friedel pairs (Flack, 1983).

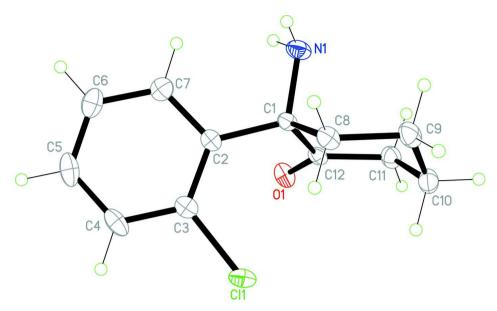


Figure 1The asymmetric unit, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

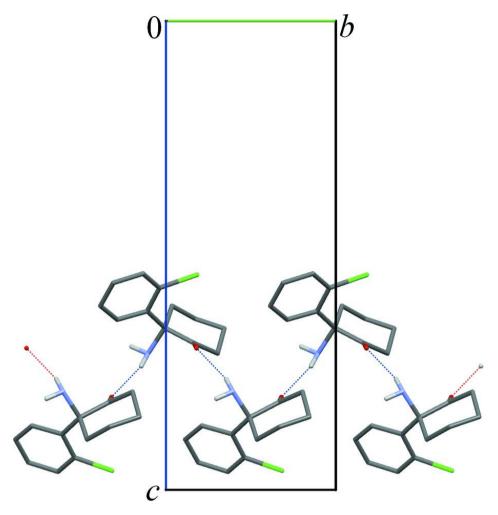


Figure 2
N-H···O hydrogen bonding interactions (blue dotted lines) in the crystal packing form an infinite chain.

(S)-2-Amino-2-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclohexanone

Crystal data

 $C_{12}H_{14}CINO$ $M_r = 223.69$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab a = 7.2437 (5) Å b = 7.4244 (5) Å c = 20.4794 (15) Å V = 1101.38 (13) Å³ Z = A

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX II diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω scans

F(000) = 472 $D_x = 1.349 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ $Cu \ K\alpha \text{ radiation}, \ \lambda = 1.54178 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 3161 reflections $\theta = 4.3-64.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 2.84 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 173 KBlock, colourless $0.43 \times 0.15 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.375$, $T_{\max} = 0.920$ 3449 measured reflections 1538 independent reflections

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| 1521 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ | $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$ |
|---|----------------------------|
| $R_{\rm int} = 0.022$ | $k = -8 \longrightarrow 8$ |
| $\theta_{\text{max}} = 64.7^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 4.3^{\circ}$ | $l = -24 \rightarrow 19$ |

Refinement Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: inferred from Least-squares matrix: full neighbouring sites $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$ H-atom parameters constrained $wR(F^2) = 0.059$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0302P)^2 + 0.1P]$ S = 1.01where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 1538 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ 136 parameters $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.14 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.15 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 545 Friedel direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Absolute structure parameter: 0.060 (13) map

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger. There were problems during data collection that were only realised after refinement of the results. The data were quite weak at high angle and although data were collected out to 0.85 Angstrons, the processed data were only 89% complete; however the overall statistics and quality of the results appeared quite good.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

| | x | у | Z | $U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$ | |
|-----|------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--|
| C1 | 0.2928 (2) | 0.4934(2) | 0.84577 (8) | 0.0241 (3) | |
| C2 | 0.4469 (2) | 0.3899 (2) | 0.88115 (7) | 0.0248 (4) | |
| C3 | 0.5543 (3) | 0.4618(2) | 0.93085 (7) | 0.0288 (4) | |
| C4 | 0.6938(3) | 0.3647 (2) | 0.96124 (9) | 0.0389 (4) | |
| H4 | 0.7637 | 0.4178 | 0.9954 | 0.047* | |
| C5 | 0.7303(3) | 0.1905(3) | 0.94148 (10) | 0.0463 (5) | |
| H5 | 0.8264 | 0.1236 | 0.9617 | 0.056* | |
| C6 | 0.6268(3) | 0.1144(2) | 0.89243 (10) | 0.0434 (5) | |
| H6 | 0.6508 | -0.0055 | 0.8787 | 0.052* | |
| C7 | 0.4874(3) | 0.2131 (2) | 0.86316 (8) | 0.0336 (4) | |
| H7 | 0.4166 | 0.1583 | 0.8295 | 0.040* | |
| C8 | 0.1313 (2) | 0.5361 (2) | 0.89240(8) | 0.0301 (4) | |
| H8A | 0.0653 | 0.4228 | 0.9026 | 0.036* | |
| H8B | 0.1822 | 0.5838 | 0.9338 | 0.036* | |
| C9 | -0.0066(2) | 0.6718 (2) | 0.86506 (9) | 0.0379 (4) | |
| H9A | -0.0712 | 0.6184 | 0.8271 | 0.045* | |
| H9B | -0.1001 | 0.7003 | 0.8988 | 0.045* | |

| C10 | 0.0903(3) | 0.8435 (2) | 0.84417 (9) | 0.0380(4) | |
|------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| H10A | 0.1524 | 0.8986 | 0.8823 | 0.046* | |
| H10B | -0.0018 | 0.9306 | 0.8274 | 0.046* | |
| C11 | 0.2330(3) | 0.8039(2) | 0.79098 (8) | 0.0340 (4) | |
| H11A | 0.1691 | 0.7598 | 0.7514 | 0.041* | |
| H11B | 0.2986 | 0.9165 | 0.7795 | 0.041* | |
| C12 | 0.3715 (2) | 0.6647 (2) | 0.81317 (7) | 0.0258 (4) | |
| Cl1 | 0.52113 (6) | 0.68279 (5) | 0.958904 (19) | 0.03641 (13) | |
| N1 | 0.2147 (2) | 0.39391 (19) | 0.79034 (7) | 0.0358(3) | |
| H1A | 0.3079 | 0.3550 | 0.7641 | 0.054* | |
| H1B | 0.1502 | 0.2974 | 0.8055 | 0.054* | |
| O1 | 0.53524 (16) | 0.67977 (16) | 0.80222 (6) | 0.0351 (3) | |
| | | | | | |

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| C1 | 0.0209 (9) | 0.0303 (7) | 0.0211 (8) | -0.0004 (7) | -0.0008 (7) | -0.0029 (6) |
| C2 | 0.0218 (9) | 0.0330(8) | 0.0197 (8) | -0.0022 (6) | 0.0041 (7) | 0.0037 (6) |
| C3 | 0.0267 (10) | 0.0373 (8) | 0.0223 (8) | -0.0045 (7) | 0.0038 (7) | 0.0031(6) |
| C4 | 0.0300 (10) | 0.0599 (11) | 0.0267 (9) | -0.0057(8) | -0.0052(8) | 0.0135 (8) |
| C5 | 0.0389 (11) | 0.0555 (11) | 0.0444 (11) | 0.0114 (10) | 0.0014 (9) | 0.0248 (9) |
| C6 | 0.0478 (13) | 0.0346 (9) | 0.0477 (12) | 0.0070(8) | 0.0074 (10) | 0.0117 (8) |
| C7 | 0.0382 (11) | 0.0326 (7) | 0.0300 (9) | -0.0014(8) | 0.0040(8) | 0.0029(6) |
| C8 | 0.0232 (9) | 0.0409 (9) | 0.0262 (9) | -0.0019(7) | 0.0036 (7) | -0.0012 (7) |
| C9 | 0.0234 (9) | 0.0546 (10) | 0.0357 (9) | 0.0059 (10) | 0.0011 (7) | -0.0063 (7) |
| C10 | 0.0345 (10) | 0.0427 (9) | 0.0367 (10) | 0.0112 (8) | -0.0040(8) | -0.0027(8) |
| C11 | 0.0351 (10) | 0.0375 (8) | 0.0293 (8) | 0.0039(8) | -0.0035(8) | 0.0031(7) |
| C12 | 0.0279 (10) | 0.0344 (8) | 0.0150(7) | 0.0001 (7) | -0.0020(6) | -0.0016(6) |
| C11 | 0.0387 (2) | 0.0428 (2) | 0.0278 (2) | -0.00777 (19) | -0.00231 (17) | -0.00948 (14) |
| N1 | 0.0314 (9) | 0.0453 (7) | 0.0307 (8) | -0.0022 (7) | -0.0032(7) | -0.0123 (6) |
| O1 | 0.0266 (7) | 0.0477 (6) | 0.0310(6) | -0.0013 (6) | 0.0023 (5) | 0.0107 (5) |

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

| C1—N1 | 1.468 (2) | C8—C9 | 1.525 (2) | |
|--------|-------------|----------|-----------|--|
| C1—C2 | 1.537 (2) | C8—H8A | 0.9900 | |
| C1—C8 | 1.543 (2) | C8—H8B | 0.9900 | |
| C1—C12 | 1.545 (2) | C9—C10 | 1.517 (3) | |
| C2—C3 | 1.388 (2) | C9—H9A | 0.9900 | |
| C2—C7 | 1.394 (2) | С9—Н9В | 0.9900 | |
| C3—C4 | 1.389 (3) | C10—C11 | 1.530 (3) | |
| C3—C11 | 1.7548 (16) | C10—H10A | 0.9900 | |
| C4—C5 | 1.380(3) | C10—H10B | 0.9900 | |
| C4—H4 | 0.9500 | C11—C12 | 1.511 (2) | |
| C5—C6 | 1.375 (3) | C11—H11A | 0.9900 | |
| C5—H5 | 0.9500 | C11—H11B | 0.9900 | |
| C6—C7 | 1.384(3) | C12—O1 | 1.212 (2) | |
| С6—Н6 | 0.9500 | N1—H1A | 0.9100 | |
| | | | | |

| С7—Н7 | 0.9500 | N1—H1B | 0.9100 |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| N1—C1—C2 | 113.13 (13) | C9—C8—H8B | 108.8 |
| N1—C1—C8 | 106.87 (14) | C1—C8—H8B | 108.8 |
| C2—C1—C8 | 111.20 (13) | H8A—C8—H8B | 107.7 |
| N1—C1—C12 | 102.84 (13) | C10—C9—C8 | 110.82 (15) |
| C2—C1—C12 | 110.31 (13) | C10—C9—H9A | 109.5 |
| C8—C1—C12 | 112.21 (13) | C8—C9—H9A | 109.5 |
| C3—C2—C7 | 115.98 (16) | C10—C9—H9B | 109.5 |
| C3—C2—C1 | 124.08 (15) | C8—C9—H9B | 109.5 |
| C7—C2—C1 | 119.93 (15) | H9A—C9—H9B | 108.1 |
| C2—C3—C4 | 122.46 (16) | C9—C10—C11 | 110.58 (15) |
| C2—C3—C11 | 121.54 (13) | C9—C10—H10A | 109.5 |
| C4—C3—C11 | 116.01 (14) | C11—C10—H10A | 109.5 |
| C5—C4—C3 | 119.62 (18) | C9—C10—H10B | 109.5 |
| C5—C4—H4 | 120.2 | C11—C10—H10B | 109.5 |
| C3—C4—H4 | 120.2 | H10A—C10—H10B | 108.1 |
| C6—C5—C4 | 119.67 (18) | C12—C11—C10 | 111.48 (14) |
| C6—C5—H5 | 120.2 | C12—C11—H11A | 109.3 |
| C4—C5—H5 | 120.2 | C10—C11—H11A | 109.3 |
| C5—C6—C7 | 119.77 (18) | C12—C11—H11B | 109.3 |
| C5—C6—H6 | 120.1 | C10—C11—H11B | 109.3 |
| C7—C6—H6 | 120.1 | H11A—C11—H11B | 108.0 |
| C6—C7—C2 | 122.49 (18) | O1—C12—C11 | 122.06 (16) |
| C6—C7—H7 | 118.8 | O1—C12—C1 | 121.14 (16) |
| C2—C7—H7 | 118.8 | C11—C12—C1 | 116.62 (15) |
| C9—C8—C1 | 113.91 (15) | C1—N1—H1A | 109.3 |
| C9—C8—H8A | 108.8 | C1—N1—H1B | 109.2 |
| C1—C8—H8A | 108.8 | H1A—N1—H1B | 109.5 |
| N1—C1—C2—C3 | 173.46 (15) | C1—C2—C7—C6 | 178.79 (17) |
| C8—C1—C2—C3 | -66.3 (2) | N1—C1—C8—C9 | -68.43 (18) |
| C12—C1—C2—C3 | 58.89 (19) | C2—C1—C8—C9 | 167.66 (14) |
| N1—C1—C2—C7 | -5.7(2) | C12—C1—C8—C9 | 43.57 (19) |
| C8—C1—C2—C7 | 114.58 (16) | C1—C8—C9—C10 | -54.5(2) |
| C12—C1—C2—C7 | -120.26 (15) | C8—C9—C10—C11 | 60.3 (2) |
| C7—C2—C3—C4 | -0.1(2) | C9—C10—C11—C12 | -56.4(2) |
| C1—C2—C3—C4 | -179.30 (15) | C10—C11—C12—O1 | -137.39(18) |
| C7—C2—C3—C11 | 179.79 (12) | C10—C11—C12—C1 | 47.45 (19) |
| C1—C2—C3—Cl1 | 0.6 (2) | N1—C1—C12—O1 | -101.44 (18) |
| C2—C3—C4—C5 | 0.7 (3) | C2—C1—C12—O1 | 19.5 (2) |
| C11—C3—C4—C5 | -179.21 (14) | C8—C1—C12—O1 | 144.07 (16) |
| C3—C4—C5—C6 | -0.7(3) | N1—C1—C12—C11 | 73.77 (17) |
| C4—C5—C6—C7 | 0.2 (3) | C2—C1—C12—C11 | -165.31 (14) |
| C5—C6—C7—C2 | 0.4 (3) | C8—C1—C12—C11 | -40.72 (19) |
| C3—C2—C7—C6 | -0.4(2) | | |

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

| <i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> —H | $H\cdots A$ | D··· A | D— H ··· A |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|
| N1—H1 <i>A</i> ···O1 ⁱ | 0.91 | 2.20 | 3.066 (2) | 160 |

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2.