

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3-Methyl-6-trichloromethyl-1,2,4triazolo[3,4-b][1,3,4]thiadiazole

Wei-min Jia,^a Zhi-jian Wang,^a* Xiao-yu Jia,^b Jing-jing Zhang^b and Wei Wang^{a,b}

^aSchool of Perfume and Aroma Technology, Shanghai Istitute of Technology, Shanghai 200235, People's Republic of China, and ^bSchool of Chemical Engineering. University of Science and Technology LiaoNing, Anshan 114051, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zhao_submit@yahoo.com.cn

Received 30 March 2011; accepted 6 April 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 153 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.3.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $C_5H_3Cl_3N_4S$, two molecules related by a centre of symmetry demonstrate extremely short intermolecular S···N contacts of 2.783 (2) Å. The crystal packing also exhibits $\pi - \pi$ interactions indicated by a short distance of 3.340 (1) Å between the centroids of the triazole rings of neighbouring molecules.

Related literature

For the antimicrobial and anti-inflammatory activity of 1,2,4triazole and 1.3,4-thiodiazole derivatives, see: Karabasanagouda et al. (2007); Mathew et al. (2007); For related structures, see: Du et al. (2008); Khan et al. (2009); Haugwitz et al. (1977).



Experimental

Crystal data C5H3Cl3N4S

 $M_r=257.52$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	
a = 5.8732 (12) Å	
b = 9.4164 (19) Å	
c = 16.750 (3) Å	
$\beta = 91.82 \ (3)^{\circ}$	
V = 925.9 (3) Å ³	

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector	9841 measured reflections
diffractometer	2196 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1934 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(CrystalClear; Rigaku/MSC,	$R_{\rm int} = 0.038$
2005)	
$T_{\min} = 0.721, \ T_{\max} = 0.892$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	120 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.113$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.24	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.49 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2196 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku/MSC, 2005); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

We gratefully acknowledge financial support by the Key Laboratory Project of Liaoning Province (grant No. 2008S127) and the Doctor Starting Foundation of Liaoning Province (grant No. 20071103).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5070).

References

Du, H., Du, H., An, Y. & Li, S. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, 01402.

- Haugwitz, R. D., Toeplitz, B. & Gougoutas, J. Z. (1977). J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun. pp. 736-737.
- Karabasanagouda, T., Adhikari, A. V. & Shetty, S. N. (2007). Eur. J. Med. Chem. 42, 521-529.
- Khan, M.-H., Hameed, S., Tahir, M. N., Bokhari, T. H. & Khan, I. U. (2009). Acta Crvst. E65, 01437.
- Mathew, V., Keshavayya, J., Vaidya, V. P. & Giles, D. (2007). Eur. J. Med. Chem. 42, 823-840.

Rigaku/MSC (2005). CrystalClear. Molecular Structure Corporation, The Woodlands, Texas, USA, and Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Z = 4

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

 $\mu = 1.17 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 153 K

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1093 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811012748]

3-Methyl-6-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-b][1,3,4]thiadiazole

Wei-min Jia, Zhi-jian Wang, Xiao-yu Jia, Jing-jing Zhang and Wei Wang

S1. Comment

1,2,4-Triazole and 1,3,4-thiodiazole derivatives demonstrate various activities such as antimicrobial (Karabasanagouda *et al.*, 2007) and anti-inflammatory (Mathew *et al.*, 2007) activities. Herewith we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound (I), a new derivative from the aforementioned family.

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and correspond to those observed in the related structures (Du *et al.*, 2008; Khan *et al.*, 2009). The triazolothiadiazole ring system is essentially planar with an r.m.s derivation of 0.0087 (2)Å and maximum deviation of 0.0037 (2)Å for atom C2. In the crystal structure, π - π interactions (Table 1) consolidate the crystal packing, which exhibits short intermolecular S…N contacts of 2.783 (2) Å observed eralier in the related structure (Haugwitz *et al.*, 1977).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the reaction of 4-amino-3-methyl-4*H*-1,2,4-triazole-5-thiol (2.0 mmol) and trichloroacetic acid (2.0 mmol) in phosphoryl trichloride for 24 h. Crystals of (I) suitable for single-crystal X-ray analysis were grown by slow evaporation of a solution in chloroform-ethanol (1:1).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.98 Å) and refined as riding, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5 U_{eq}(parent)$.



Figure 1

View of the molecule of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 60% probability level.

3-Methyl-6-trichloromethyl-1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-b][1,3,4]thiadiazole

Crystal data

C₅H₃Cl₃N₄S $M_r = 257.52$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 5.8732 (12) Å b = 9.4164 (19) Å c = 16.750 (3) Å $\beta = 91.82$ (3)° V = 925.9 (3) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: rotating anode Multilayer monochromator Detector resolution: 7.31 pixels mm⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MSC, 2005) $T_{\min} = 0.721, T_{\max} = 0.892$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.113$ S = 1.24 F(000) = 512 $D_x = 1.847 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 2918 reflections $\theta = 3.3-27.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 1.17 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 153 KPrism, colorless $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

9841 measured reflections 2196 independent reflections 1934 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.038$ $\theta_{max} = 27.9^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.4^{\circ}$ $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

2196 reflections120 parameters0 restraintsPrimary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
S1	0.13777 (9)	0.52705 (5)	0.13657 (3)	0.01622 (19)
C11	0.55694 (10)	0.67616 (5)	0.27560 (3)	0.0242 (2)
C12	0.15047 (9)	0.53079 (6)	0.32341 (3)	0.02410 (19)
C13	0.58496 (8)	0.38759 (5)	0.33267 (3)	0.01648 (18)
N1	0.3533 (3)	0.30847 (19)	-0.04370 (11)	0.0193 (4)
N2	0.1853 (3)	0.40411 (19)	-0.01768 (11)	0.0191 (4)
N3	0.4320 (3)	0.35972 (16)	0.08095 (10)	0.0134 (4)
N4	0.5132 (3)	0.37661 (17)	0.15796 (10)	0.0133 (4)
C1	0.7018 (4)	0.1903 (2)	0.01481 (13)	0.0223 (5)
H1A	0.7271	0.1594	-0.0401	0.033*
H1B	0.6776	0.1070	0.0486	0.033*
H1C	0.8353	0.2430	0.0352	0.033*
C2	0.4981 (3)	0.2833 (2)	0.01591 (12)	0.0158 (4)
C3	0.2385 (3)	0.4306 (2)	0.05699 (12)	0.0151 (4)
C4	0.3744 (3)	0.46089 (19)	0.19257 (12)	0.0135 (4)
C5	0.4165 (3)	0.5096 (2)	0.27709 (11)	0.0136 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U ²²	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}	
S1	0.0153 (3)	0.0166 (3)	0.0165 (3)	0.00419 (18)	-0.0027 (2)	-0.00059 (17)	
Cl1	0.0359 (4)	0.0136 (3)	0.0227 (3)	-0.0086 (2)	-0.0055 (2)	0.00025 (18)	
Cl2	0.0186 (3)	0.0337 (4)	0.0202 (3)	0.0075 (2)	0.0050 (2)	-0.0021 (2)	
C13	0.0186 (3)	0.0164 (3)	0.0143 (3)	0.00304 (18)	-0.00199 (19)	0.00178 (16)	
N1	0.0204 (9)	0.0206 (9)	0.0169 (9)	-0.0011 (7)	-0.0001 (7)	-0.0020 (7)	
N2	0.0201 (9)	0.0214 (9)	0.0157 (9)	0.0021 (7)	-0.0023 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	
N3	0.0142 (8)	0.0127 (8)	0.0133 (8)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0002 (6)	
N4	0.0132 (8)	0.0145 (8)	0.0122 (8)	-0.0015 (6)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0002 (6)	
C1	0.0240 (12)	0.0254 (11)	0.0176 (10)	0.0059 (9)	0.0015 (8)	-0.0031 (8)	

supporting information

C2	0.0180 (10)	0.0155 (9)	0.0142 (9)	-0.0029 (8)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0013 (7)
C3	0.0133 (10)	0.0135 (9)	0.0184 (10)	0.0013 (8)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0022 (7)
C4	0.0145 (10)	0.0121 (9)	0.0136 (9)	-0.0009 (7)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0027 (7)
C5	0.0138 (9)	0.0110 (8)	0.0162 (10)	0.0023 (7)	0.0008 (7)	0.0009 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C3	1.732 (2)	N3—N4	1.370 (2)
S1—C4	1.765 (2)	N3—C2	1.372 (3)
Cl1—C5	1.772 (2)	N4—C4	1.289 (3)
Cl2—C5	1.778 (2)	C1—C2	1.483 (3)
Cl3—C5	1.763 (2)	C1—H1A	0.9800
N1—C2	1.313 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9800
N1—N2	1.415 (2)	C1—H1C	0.9800
N2—C3	1.304 (3)	C4—C5	1.501 (3)
N3—C3	1.367 (3)		
Cg1…Cg1 ⁱ	3.340 (1)	Cg1····Cg2 ⁱ	3.682 (1)
C3—S1—C4	86.65 (9)	N1—C2—C1	126.9 (2)
C2—N1—N2	108.78 (17)	N3—C2—C1	124.63 (18)
C3—N2—N1	105.63 (17)	N2—C3—N3	111.08 (18)
C3—N3—N4	118.75 (16)	N2—C3—S1	139.59 (16)
C3—N3—C2	106.06 (17)	N3—C3—S1	109.33 (14)
N4—N3—C2	135.19 (17)	N4—C4—C5	121.67 (18)
C4—N4—N3	106.78 (16)	N4—C4—S1	118.48 (15)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C5—C4—S1	119.77 (15)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C4—C5—Cl3	111.82 (14)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C4—C5—Cl1	108.66 (13)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	Cl3—C5—Cl1	109.30 (11)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C4—C5—Cl2	108.97 (14)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	Cl3—C5—Cl2	109.20 (10)
N1—C2—N3	108.44 (17)	Cl1—C5—Cl2	108.84 (10)
C2—N1—N2—C3	-0.4 (2)	C2—N3—C3—S1	178.46 (13)
C3—N3—N4—C4	0.9 (2)	C4—S1—C3—N2	179.8 (3)
C2—N3—N4—C4	-178.6 (2)	C4—S1—C3—N3	0.80 (14)
N2—N1—C2—N3	-0.2 (2)	N3—N4—C4—C5	-176.81 (17)
N2-N1-C2-C1	-179.41 (19)	N3—N4—C4—S1	-0.2 (2)
C3—N3—C2—N1	0.6 (2)	C3—S1—C4—N4	-0.36 (16)
N4—N3—C2—N1	-179.8 (2)	C3—S1—C4—C5	176.31 (16)
C3—N3—C2—C1	179.86 (19)	N4—C4—C5—C13	-25.8 (2)
N4—N3—C2—C1	-0.6 (3)	S1—C4—C5—Cl3	157.64 (11)
N1-N2-C3-N3	0.7 (2)	N4—C4—C5—C11	94.93 (19)
N1—N2—C3—S1	-178.24 (19)	S1—C4—C5—C11	-81.63 (16)
N4—N3—C3—N2	179.50 (16)	N4—C4—C5—C12	-146.61 (16)

supporting information

N4-N3-C3-S1 -1.2 (2)	C2—N3—C3—N2	-0.8 (2)	S1—C4—C5—Cl2	36.83 (18)
	N4—N3—C3—S1	-1.2 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z.