organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

5-Fluoro-3-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)indolin-2-one

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Received 2 March 2011; accepted 22 April 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.153; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.7.

In the title compound, C14H10FN3O, the six- and fivemembered rings of the isatin moiety and the six-membered ring of phenylhydrazone are nearly planar with r.m.s. deviations of 0.0003, 0.0004 and 0.007 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between the phenyl ring and the isatin ring system is 6.09 (9) $^{\circ}$. The molecular structure is stabilized by a strong intramolecular N-H···O hydrogen bond, leading to the formation of a pseudo-six-membered ring, generating an S(6) ring. The crystal structure features intermolecular N- $H \cdots O$ interactions.

Related literature

For the biological activity of isatin derivatives, see: Samus et al. (2004). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). For the preparation, see: Vine et al. (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data C14H10FN3O

 $M_r = 255.25$

Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	V = 599.3 (2) Å ³
a = 6.4840 (13) Å	Z = 2
b = 8.7250 (17) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
c = 11.672 (2) Å	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 69.98 \ (3)^{\circ}$	T = 293 K
$\beta = 75.43 \ (3)^{\circ}$	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm
$\gamma = 88.33 \ (3)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4	2202 independent reflections
diffractometer	1767 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: ψ scan	$R_{\rm int} = 0.014$
(North et al., 1968)	3 standard reflections every 200
$T_{\min} = 0.970, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$	reflections
2413 measured reflections	intensity decay: 1%
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	173 parameters

K[T > 20(T)] = 0.044	175 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.153$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.00	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.21 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2202 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1A \cdots O1^{i}$ $N3 - H3A \cdots O1$	0.86 0.86	2.05 2.09	2.861 (2) 2.760 (2)	157 135

Symmetry code: (i) -x - 1, -y + 1, -z + 2.

Data collection: CAD-4 EXPRESS (Enraf-Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: CAD-4 EXPRESS; data reduction: CAD-4 EXPRESS; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis of Nanjing University for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AA2004).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1294 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811015285]

5-Fluoro-3-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)indolin-2-one

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S1. Comment

5-fluoro-3-(2-phenylhydrazono)indolin-2-one is one of isatin derivatives which are reported to show a variety of biological activities such as antibacterial, antimicrobial, antifungal and anti-HIV activities (Samus *et al.*, 2004). We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig 1), the bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). the six- and five-membered rings of the isatin moiety and the six-membered ring of phenylhydrazone are very nearly planar. Rings A (C3—C8) and B(N1/C1/C2/C8/C7) are nearly coplanar, and they are oriented at dihedral angles of A/B = $1.13 (11)^{\circ}$. Rings A (C3—C8) and C(C9—C14) are oriented at dihedral angles of A/C = $6.30 (11)^{\circ}$, and rings B(N1/C1/C2/C8/C7) and C(C9—C14) are oriented at dihedral angles of B/C = $5.90 (11)^{\circ}$.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N1—H1A···O1 = 2.861 Å interaction may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. The planarity of the molecules was stabilized by a strong intramolecular hydrogen bond N3—H3A···O1 = 2.760 Å leading to the formation of the pseudo six-membered ring(N3/N2/C2/C1/O1/H3A).

S2. Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound, phenylhydrozone was reacted with equimolar amounts of isatin in ethanol, following the standard procedure (Vine *et al.*, 2007). The product precipitated as yellow crystals in 30 min, and was collected by filtration and washed with cold ethanol. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an acetone:ethyl acetate =2:1 solution (yield: 91%, m.p. 543 K).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N—H = 0.86 Å (for NH) and C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,N)$.



Figure 1

View of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

Packing diagram.

5-Fluoro-3-(2-phenylhydrazinylidene)indolin-2-one

Crystal data

C₁₄H₁₀FN₃O $M_r = 255.25$ Triclinic, *P*1 Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 6.4840 (13) Å b = 8.7250 (17) Å c = 11.672 (2) Å $a = 69.98 (3)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 75.43 (3)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 88.33 (3)^{\circ}$ $V = 599.3 (2) \text{ Å}^{3}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator $\omega/2\theta$ scans Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968) $T_{\min} = 0.970, T_{\max} = 0.980$ 2413 measured reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ $wR(F^2) = 0.153$ S = 1.002202 reflections 173 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

F(000) = 264 $D_x = 1.415 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 543 K Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 25 reflections $\theta = 10-13^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KBlock, yellow $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Z = 2

2202 independent reflections 1767 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.014$ $\theta_{max} = 25.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 1.9^{\circ}$ $h = 0 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $I = -13 \rightarrow 14$ 3 standard reflections every 200 reflections intensity decay: 1%

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2 + 0.108P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.20$ e Å⁻³ Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.058 (11)

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	-0.3760 (2)	0.63511 (17)	1.06116 (14)	0.0569 (4)	
F1	0.5373 (2)	0.7060 (2)	0.55092 (14)	0.0974 (6)	
N1	-0.2569 (2)	0.5813 (2)	0.87432 (15)	0.0520 (4)	
H1A	-0.3724	0.5353	0.8743	0.062*	
C1	-0.2376 (3)	0.6408 (2)	0.96456 (18)	0.0462 (5)	
N2	0.0754 (2)	0.77749 (18)	0.98762 (14)	0.0453 (4)	
C2	-0.0150 (3)	0.7110 (2)	0.92643 (17)	0.0438 (4)	
N3	-0.0413 (2)	0.78890 (19)	1.09465 (15)	0.0494 (4)	
H3A	-0.1751	0.7592	1.1191	0.059*	
C3	0.2929 (3)	0.7207 (2)	0.73265 (18)	0.0539 (5)	
H3B	0.3971	0.7736	0.7502	0.065*	
C4	0.3360 (3)	0.6740 (3)	0.6286 (2)	0.0634 (6)	
C5	0.1875 (4)	0.5940 (3)	0.5986 (2)	0.0671 (6)	
H5A	0.2252	0.5640	0.5273	0.081*	
C6	-0.0170 (4)	0.5592 (3)	0.6761 (2)	0.0587 (5)	
H6A	-0.1202	0.5065	0.6576	0.070*	
C7	-0.0645 (3)	0.6043 (2)	0.78105 (18)	0.0472 (5)	
C8	0.0879 (3)	0.6855 (2)	0.81030 (17)	0.0451 (5)	
C9	0.0503 (3)	0.8486 (2)	1.16853 (17)	0.0451 (5)	
C10	0.2649 (3)	0.8988 (2)	1.13266 (19)	0.0529 (5)	
H10A	0.3526	0.8928	1.0580	0.063*	
C11	0.3471 (4)	0.9576 (3)	1.2088 (2)	0.0632 (6)	
H11A	0.4906	0.9929	1.1841	0.076*	
C12	0.2208 (4)	0.9652 (3)	1.3206 (2)	0.0662 (6)	
H12A	0.2783	1.0050	1.3711	0.079*	
C13	0.0094 (4)	0.9132 (3)	1.3566 (2)	0.0658 (6)	
H13A	-0.0764	0.9169	1.4324	0.079*	
C14	-0.0778 (3)	0.8555 (2)	1.28156 (19)	0.0555 (5)	
H14A	-0.2218	0.8213	1.3066	0.067*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0418 (7)	0.0615 (9)	0.0674 (9)	-0.0080 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	-0.0292 (7)
F1	0.0676 (9)	0.1417 (15)	0.0798 (10)	-0.0157 (9)	0.0153 (7)	-0.0571 (10)
N1	0.0429 (9)	0.0550 (9)	0.0631 (10)	-0.0075 (7)	-0.0141 (7)	-0.0255 (8)
C1	0.0401 (9)	0.0430 (9)	0.0556 (11)	-0.0028 (7)	-0.0109 (8)	-0.0176 (8)
N2	0.0416 (8)	0.0456 (9)	0.0487 (9)	-0.0035 (6)	-0.0083 (7)	-0.0182 (7)
C2	0.0390 (9)	0.0426 (9)	0.0498 (10)	-0.0031 (7)	-0.0098 (8)	-0.0167 (8)
N3	0.0402 (8)	0.0559 (9)	0.0520 (9)	-0.0075 (7)	-0.0044 (7)	-0.0230 (7)
C3	0.0469 (10)	0.0590 (12)	0.0554 (11)	-0.0061 (9)	-0.0076 (9)	-0.0225 (9)
C4	0.0560 (12)	0.0751 (14)	0.0538 (12)	-0.0024 (10)	0.0003 (9)	-0.0254 (10)
C5	0.0780 (15)	0.0738 (14)	0.0538 (12)	-0.0002 (12)	-0.0111 (11)	-0.0312 (11)
C6	0.0658 (13)	0.0603 (12)	0.0580 (12)	-0.0040 (10)	-0.0212 (10)	-0.0260 (10)
C7	0.0472 (10)	0.0419 (9)	0.0524 (11)	-0.0011 (8)	-0.0155 (8)	-0.0141 (8)

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C8	0.0447 (10)	0.0409 (9)	0.0501 (10)	-0.0006 (7)	-0.0126 (8)	-0.0159 (8)
C9	0.0465 (10)	0.0404 (9)	0.0469 (10)	-0.0015 (7)	-0.0089 (8)	-0.0152 (8)
C10	0.0466 (10)	0.0628 (12)	0.0512 (11)	-0.0037 (9)	-0.0053 (8)	-0.0268 (9)
C11	0.0548 (12)	0.0778 (15)	0.0636 (13)	-0.0071 (10)	-0.0150 (10)	-0.0319 (11)
C12	0.0752 (15)	0.0741 (15)	0.0583 (13)	-0.0067 (12)	-0.0200 (11)	-0.0312 (11)
C13	0.0795 (15)	0.0686 (14)	0.0480 (11)	-0.0029 (11)	-0.0046 (11)	-0.0264 (10)
C14	0.0516 (11)	0.0555 (11)	0.0549 (11)	-0.0047 (9)	-0.0035 (9)	-0.0200 (9)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01	1.239 (2)	С5—Н5А	0.9300
F1—C4	1.363 (2)	C6—C7	1.373 (3)
N1—C1	1.356 (2)	С6—Н6А	0.9300
N1—C7	1.401 (2)	C7—C8	1.404 (2)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C9—C10	1.386 (3)
C1—C2	1.483 (2)	C9—C14	1.391 (3)
N2—C2	1.306 (2)	C10—C11	1.380 (3)
N2—N3	1.322 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C2—C8	1.441 (3)	C11—C12	1.377 (3)
N3—C9	1.396 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.8600	C12—C13	1.370 (3)
C3—C4	1.371 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C3—C8	1.382 (3)	C13—C14	1.382 (3)
С3—Н3В	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.382 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C5—C6	1.378 (3)		
C1—N1—C7	111.36 (15)	C6—C7—N1	129.42 (18)
C1—N1—H1A	124.3	C6—C7—C8	121.89 (19)
C7—N1—H1A	124.3	N1—C7—C8	108.69 (16)
O1—C1—N1	127.23 (16)	C3—C8—C7	119.75 (18)
O1—C1—C2	126.46 (17)	C3—C8—C2	133.33 (17)
N1—C1—C2	106.29 (16)	C7—C8—C2	106.90 (16)
C2—N2—N3	118.21 (15)	C10—C9—C14	119.59 (18)
N2—C2—C8	125.87 (16)	C10—C9—N3	121.66 (17)
N2—C2—C1	127.33 (17)	C14—C9—N3	118.75 (17)
C8—C2—C1	106.74 (15)	C11—C10—C9	119.34 (19)
N2—N3—C9	120.78 (15)	C11—C10—H10A	120.3
N2—N3—H3A	119.6	C9—C10—H10A	120.3
C9—N3—H3A	119.6	C12—C11—C10	121.3 (2)
C4—C3—C8	117.08 (19)	C12—C11—H11A	119.4
С4—С3—Н3В	121.5	C10-C11-H11A	119.4
C8—C3—H3B	121.5	C13—C12—C11	119.2 (2)
F1—C4—C3	118.3 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	120.4
F1—C4—C5	117.90 (19)	C11—C12—H12A	120.4
C3—C4—C5	123.8 (2)	C12—C13—C14	120.8 (2)
C6—C5—C4	119.1 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	119.6
C6—C5—H5A	120.5	C14—C13—H13A	119.6

C4—C5—H5A C7—C6—C5 C7—C6—H6A C5—C6—H6A	120.5 118.42 (19) 120.8 120.8	C13—C14—C9 C13—C14—H14A C9—C14—H14A	119.79 (19) 120.1 120.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-177.71 (18) 0.9 (2) -178.66 (16) -1.7 (3) 0.7 (3) -177.91 (17) 178.17 (18) -0.5 (2) 175.62 (16) -179.48 (19) -0.5 (3) 179.6 (2) 0.6 (4) -0.7 (3) -179.05 (19) 0.7 (3) 178.71 (19)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$178.50 (19) \\ -0.6 (3) \\ 179.20 (16) \\ -179.09 (17) \\ 0.7 (2) \\ -0.9 (3) \\ -178.4 (2) \\ 177.35 (17) \\ -0.1 (2) \\ 0.4 (3) \\ -178.79 (16) \\ -1.2 (3) \\ 179.65 (17) \\ 1.0 (3) \\ -0.1 (4) \\ -0.7 (4) \\ 0.5 (3) \\ 0.4 (3) \\ $
C4—C3—C8—C7	0.4 (3)	N3—C9—C14—C13	179.65 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H··· A
N1—H1A···O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.05	2.861 (2)	157
N3—H3A…O1	0.86	2.09	2.760 (2)	135

Symmetry code: (i) -x-1, -y+1, -z+2.