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## Ammonium 4,6-dioxo-2-sulfanylidene-1,3-diazinan-5-ide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=200 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.023 ; w R$ factor $=0.067$; data-to-parameter ratio $=13.8$.

In the title salt, $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}^{-}$, the asymmetric unit comprises two half-occupied ammonium positions and a 4,6-dioxo-2-sulfanylidene-1,3-diazinan-5-ide anion. The anion shows $C_{2}$ as well as $C_{\mathrm{s}}$ symmetry and is present in its diketonic tautomeric form. Intracyclic angles span a range from 116.64 (9)-124.67 (9) ${ }^{\circ}$. Intermolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds connect the cations and anions to form a threedimensional network.

## Related literature

For the crystal structures of 2-thiobarbituric acid, its hydrate and several of its tautomeric forms, see: Calas \& Martinez (1967); Chierotti et al. (2010). For graph-set analysis of hydrogen bonds, see: Etter et al. (1990); Bernstein et al. (1995).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}^{-}$
$M_{r}=161.19$
Monoclinic, $P 2 / c$
$a=11.3308$ (4) $\AA$
$b=3.9396$ (1) A
$c=14.6945$ (5) $\AA$
$\beta=98.644(1)^{\circ}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.876, T_{\text {max }}=1.000$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.023$
H atoms treated by a mixture of
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.067$ independent and constrained
$S=1.10$
1604 reflections
116 parameters

6071 measured reflections 1604 independent reflections 1476 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.017$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 71 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 0.832 (17) | 1.971 (17) | 2.8025 (12) | 179.0 (16) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 72 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.874 (16) | 1.976 (16) | 2.8483 (12) | 175.7 (15) |
| N90-H901 $\cdots$ S ${ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.902 (17) | 2.426 (16) | 3.3252 (8) | 174.8 (14) |
| N90-H902 . . $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 0.866 (17) | 1.927 (17) | 2.7929 (12) | 177.7 (16) |
| N91-H911...O1 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 0.88 (2) | 1.90 (2) | 2.7622 (13) | 166.0 (18) |
| N91-H912 . . $\mathrm{O}^{\text {v }}$ | 0.87 (2) | 2.66 (2) | 3.0669 (15) | 110.0 (16) |
| N91-H912 . ${ }^{\text {S }}{ }^{\text {vi }}$ | 0.87 (2) | 2.62 (2) | 3.3069 (3) | 136.0 (19) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y+2,-z+1$; (ii) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$; (iii)
$-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z ;$ (v) $-x, y,-z+\frac{1}{2}$; (vi) $x,-y+2, z-\frac{1}{2}$.
Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2010); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2010); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank Mrs Clair Noble for helpful discussions.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2297).

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## supporting information

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## Ammonium 4,6-dioxo-2-sulfanylidene-1,3-diazinan-5-ide

## Richard Betz and Thomas Gerber

## S1. Comment

Multidentate ligands play a major role in the synthesis of coordination polymers and metal-organic framework compounds (MOFs). Especially derivatives of benzoic acid have found widespread use in this aspect and a variety of these coordination polymers have been characterized in solution and in the solid state. Owing to the desire to synthesize functionalized MOFs whose poresizes or even complete architectural set-ups might easily be influenced upon variation of external parameters such as pH value or the presence and concentration of molecules that might reside inside the pores of these MOFs, chelating ligands related to benzoic acid but with the ability to change their bonding behaviour are necessary. In this aspect, 2-thiobarbituric acid seemed of interest since it may adopt several tautomeric forms whose persistence can be influenced by such external parameters. In order to gather structural information to allow for the tailored synthesis of MOFs based on thiobarbituric acid, we determined the crystal structure of its ammonium salt. The crystal structures of 2-thiobarbituric acid, its hydrate as well as several of its tautomeric forms are apparent in the literature (Calas \& Martinez (1967); Chierotti et al. (2010)).
The thiobarbituric acid anion is present in its diketonic tautomeric form according to $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ bond lengths. Deprotonation took place on the methylene group. The intracyclic angles span a range from 116.64 (9)-124.67 (9) ${ }^{\circ}$ with the biggest angles invariably found on the nitrogen atoms and the smallest angle present on the sulfur-bonded carbon atom. The unit cell comprises two half-occupied ammonium cations (Fig. 1). The small puckering amplitude of the six-membered ring precludes a conformation analysis.

The crystal structure is dominated by hydrogen bonds. All of the ammonium cations' hydrogen atoms act as donors while both ketonic oxygen atoms of the heterocycle as well as the sulfur atom act as acceptors. The intracyclic NH groups participate in hydrogen bonds as well, however, they only have the ketonic oxygen atoms as acceptors. The latter intermolecular interactions connect the thiobarbituric acid anions to chains along [llll 1010 where each dimeric subunit shows inversion symmetry (Fig. 2). In terms of graph-set analysis (Etter et al. (1990); Bernstein et al. (1995)), the descriptor for the hydrogen bonds giving rise to these chains is $R^{2}{ }_{2}(8) R^{2}{ }_{2}(8)$ on the unitary level. Taking into account the van-der-Waals radii of the atoms present in the crystal structure, the carbon-bond H atom participates in a $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ contact, which is, however, not very pronounced. In total, the molecules in the unit cell are connected to a threedimensional network where layers of thiobarbituric acid anions are orientated parallel as well as approximately perpendicular towards each other (Fig. 3).

The packing of the compound in the crystal is shown in Figure 4.

## S2. Experimental

2-Thiobarbituric acid was obtained commercially (Aldrich). Upon dissolution in hot, aqueous ammonia ( $c=1.0 \mathrm{M}$ ) and subsequent cooling to room temperature, crystals suitable for the X-ray diffraction study were obtained.

## S3. Refinement

The carbon-bound H -atom was placed in a calculated position ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} 0.95 \AA$ ) and was included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U(\mathrm{H})$ set to $1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$. All other H atoms were located on a difference map and refined as riding on their parent atoms with individual isotropic displacement parameters.




## Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and anisotropic displacement ellipsoids (drawn at $50 \%$ probability level).


Figure 2
Intermolecular contacts among the thiobarbituric acid anions, viewed along [0-10]. Symmetry operators: (i) $-x,-y+1$, $z+1$; (ii) $-x+1,-y+2,-z+1$.


Figure 3
Hydrogen bonding system in the crystal structure of the title compound, viewed along [0-10]. Colour code for the atoms: green - sulfur, red - oxygen, blue - nitrogen, black - carbon; hydrogen atoms are shown as end of sticks.








## Figure 4

Molecular packing of the title compound, viewed along [llll 010.

## Ammonium 4,6-dioxo-2-sulfanylidene-1,3-diazinan-5-ide

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}^{-}$
$M_{r}=161.19$
Monoclinic, P2/c
Hall symbol: -P 2yc
$a=11.3308$ (4) $\AA$
$b=3.9396$ (1) $\AA$
$c=14.6945(5) \AA$
$\beta=98.644(1)^{\circ}$
$V=648.49(4) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

$$
F(000)=336
$$

$$
D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.651 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}
$$

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1604 reflections
$\theta=3.1-28.3^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.44 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=200 \mathrm{~K}$
Rod, colourless
$0.53 \times 0.19 \times 0.08 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

## Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.876, T_{\text {max }}=1.000$

6071 measured reflections
1604 independent reflections
1476 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.017$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.3^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=1.8^{\circ}$
$h=-14 \rightarrow 15$
$k=-4 \rightarrow 5$
$l=-16 \rightarrow 19$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.023$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.067$
$S=1.10$
1604 reflections
116 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0357 P)^{2}+0.2247 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.33$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.20 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.25562(2)$ | $1.03184(7)$ | $0.667084(17)$ | $0.01875(10)$ |
| O1 | $0.05012(7)$ | $0.4191(2)$ | $0.39646(5)$ | $0.02247(19)$ |
| O2 | $0.44635(7)$ | $0.7956(3)$ | $0.39645(6)$ | $0.0262(2)$ |
| N1 | $0.34683(8)$ | $0.8796(3)$ | $0.51685(6)$ | $0.01740(19)$ |
| H71 | $0.4077(15)$ | $0.978(4)$ | $0.5427(12)$ | $0.027(4)^{*}$ |
| N2 | $0.15417(8)$ | $0.7040(2)$ | $0.51663(6)$ | $0.01649(19)$ |
| H72 | $0.0908(14)$ | $0.678(4)$ | $0.5433(10)$ | $0.024(4)^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.25140(9)$ | $0.8614(3)$ | $0.56115(7)$ | $0.0151(2)$ |
| C2 | $0.14770(9)$ | $0.5599(3)$ | $0.42919(7)$ | $0.0160(2)$ |
| C3 | $0.24801(9)$ | $0.5883(3)$ | $0.38550(7)$ | $0.0182(2)$ |
| H3 | 0.2466 | 0.4960 | 0.3256 | $0.022^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.35073(9)$ | $0.7513(3)$ | $0.42884(7)$ | $0.0177(2)$ |
| N90 | 0.5000 | $0.4019(4)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0202(3)$ |
| H901 | $0.5638(14)$ | $0.272(4)$ | $0.2710(11)$ | $0.034(4)^{*}$ |
| H902 | $0.4821(15)$ | $0.527(4)$ | $0.2944(11)$ | $0.031(4)^{*}$ |
| N91 | 0.0000 | $0.9763(4)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0234(3)$ |
| H911 | $0.0284(17)$ | $1.109(5)$ | $0.2961(13)$ | $0.048(5)^{*}$ |
| H912 | $0.0539(19)$ | $0.853(6)$ | $0.2290(15)$ | $0.064(6)^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.01756(15)$ | $0.02527(16)$ | $0.01378(14)$ | $0.00002(10)$ | $0.00348(10)$ | $-0.00417(9)$ |
| O1 | $0.0173(4)$ | $0.0325(4)$ | $0.0175(4)$ | $-0.0085(3)$ | $0.0023(3)$ | $-0.0039(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.0176(4)$ | $0.0417(5)$ | $0.0209(4)$ | $-0.0090(4)$ | $0.0085(3)$ | $-0.0104(4)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0138(4)$ | $0.0247(5)$ | $0.0139(4)$ | $-0.0039(4)$ | $0.0025(3)$ | $-0.0034(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.0136(4)$ | $0.0234(5)$ | $0.0130(4)$ | $-0.0027(3)$ | $0.0037(3)$ | $-0.0001(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.0153(4)$ | $0.0169(5)$ | $0.0131(4)$ | $0.0005(4)$ | $0.0020(4)$ | $0.0017(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.0159(4)$ | $0.0190(5)$ | $0.0127(5)$ | $-0.0013(4)$ | $0.0007(4)$ | $0.0012(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.0184(5)$ | $0.0237(5)$ | $0.0128(5)$ | $-0.0030(4)$ | $0.0031(4)$ | $-0.0022(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0167(5)$ | $0.0228(5)$ | $0.0141(4)$ | $-0.0014(4)$ | $0.0043(4)$ | $-0.0012(4)$ |
| N90 | $0.0193(6)$ | $0.0243(7)$ | $0.0170(6)$ | 0.000 | $0.0032(5)$ | 0.000 |
| N91 | $0.0251(7)$ | $0.0260(7)$ | $0.0204(7)$ | 0.000 | $0.0074(6)$ | 0.000 |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| S1-C1 | 1.6893 (10) | N2-H72 | 0.874 (16) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.2656 (13) | C2-C3 | 1.3914 (15) |
| O2-C4 | 1.2592 (13) | C3-C4 | 1.3963 (14) |
| N1-C1 | 1.3452 (14) | C3-H3 | 0.9500 |
| N1-C4 | 1.3955 (13) | N90-H901 | 0.902 (17) |
| N1-H71 | 0.832 (17) | N90-H902 | 0.866 (17) |
| N2-C1 | 1.3453 (13) | N91-H911 | 0.88 (2) |
| N2-C2 | 1.3965 (13) | N91-H912 | 0.87 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 124.67 (9) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 116.73 (10) |
| C1-N1-H71 | 118.4 (12) | C3-C2-N2 | 117.27 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 71$ | 116.9 (12) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 120.62 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 124.11 (9) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 72$ | 120.3 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 72$ | 115.5 (10) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 116.68 (9) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 116.64 (9) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 126.64 (10) |
| N1-C1-S1 | 120.74 (8) | N1-C4-C3 | 116.68 (9) |
| N2-C1-S1 | 122.62 (8) | H901-N90-H902 | 109.4 (14) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 125.99 (10) | H911-N91-H912 | 114.2 (19) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 0.76 (16) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 179.77 (11) |
| C4-N1-C1-S1 | -178.90 (8) | N2-C2-C3-C4 | 0.82 (16) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 0.48 (16) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 178.58 (11) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | -179.87 (8) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -1.12 (16) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{O} 1$ | 179.70 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 2$ | -179.40 (12) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -1.25 (16) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 0.27 (16) |

Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\hat{A},{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 71 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.832(17)$ | $1.971(17)$ | $2.8025(12)$ | $179.0(16)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 72 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.874(16)$ | $1.976(16)$ | $2.8483(12)$ | $175.7(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 90-\mathrm{H} 901 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.902(17)$ | $2.426(16)$ | $3.3252(8)$ | $174.8(14)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 90-\mathrm{H} 902 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2$ | $0.866(17)$ | $1.927(17)$ | $2.7929(12)$ | $177.7(16)$ |
| N91—H911 $\mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | $0.88(2)$ | $1.90(2)$ | $2.7622(13)$ | $166.0(18)$ |

## supporting information

| $\mathrm{N} 91-\mathrm{H} 912 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{v}}$ | $0.87(2)$ | $2.66(2)$ | $3.0669(15)$ | $110.0(16)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{N} 91 — \mathrm{H} 912 \cdots \mathrm{~S}^{\text {vi }}$ | $0.87(2)$ | $2.62(2)$ | $3.3069(3)$ | $136.0(19)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y+2,-z+1$; (ii) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$; (iii) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$; (v) $-x, y,-z+1 / 2$; (vi) $x,-y+2, z-1 / 2$.

