

## 8-Chloro-6-iodo-2-phenylchromeno-[4,3-c]pyrazol-4(2H)-one *N,N*-dimethyl-formamide monosolvate

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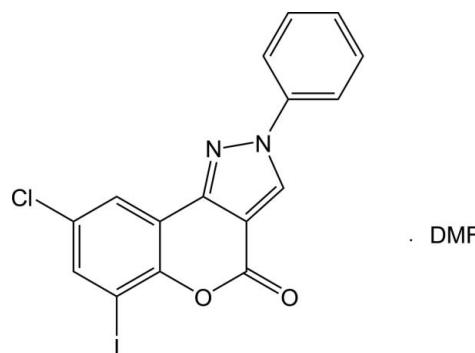
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.023;  $wR$  factor = 0.052; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_8\text{ClIN}_2\text{O}_2\cdot\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}$ , the fused tricyclic pyrazolocoumarin ring and the *N*-phenyl ring are almost coplanar, the dihedral angle between them being  $1.86(9)^\circ$ . In the crystal, these rings stack on top of each other *via*  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [centroid–centroid distances =  $3.489(2)$ ,  $3.637(2)$ ,  $3.505(2)$  and  $3.662(2)\text{ \AA}$ ], forming infinite chains along the  $a$  axis. The chains are connected into layers parallel to  $ac$  plane through  $\text{I}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions [ $3.0011(18)\text{ \AA}$ ] between pairs of symmetry-related molecules. The DMF solvent molecules are  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  bonded to this network.

### Related literature

For related structures, see: Strakova *et al.* (2003); Kanwal *et al.* (2007). For a crystal structure (*p*-iodobenzaldehyde) having  $\text{I}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions, see: Britton & Young (1997). For a background to the  $\text{I}_2/\text{DMSO}$  reagent, see: Lokhande *et al.* (2005).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_8\text{ClIN}_2\text{O}_2\cdot\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}$	$\gamma = 90.968(1)^\circ$
$M_r = 495.69$	$V = 921.86(7)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 7.7297(5)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.5196(2)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.91\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 12.0326(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 100\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 118.484(1)^\circ$	$0.30 \times 0.10 \times 0.02\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 99.841(1)^\circ$	

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	7205 measured reflections
diffractometer	3392 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	3075 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{\min} = 0.598$ , $T_{\max} = 0.963$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$	246 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.052$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.10$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.58\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3392 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C10—H10 $\cdots$ O3	0.95	2.19	3.122 (3)	167
C16—H16 $\cdots$ O3	0.95	2.49	3.415 (3)	164

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The University of Malaya is acknowledged for providing the X-ray facilities.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GO2013).

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# supporting information

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## 8-Chloro-6-iodo-2-phenylchromeno[4,3-c]pyrazol-4(2H)-one *N,N*-dimethyl-formamide monosolvate

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### S1. Comment

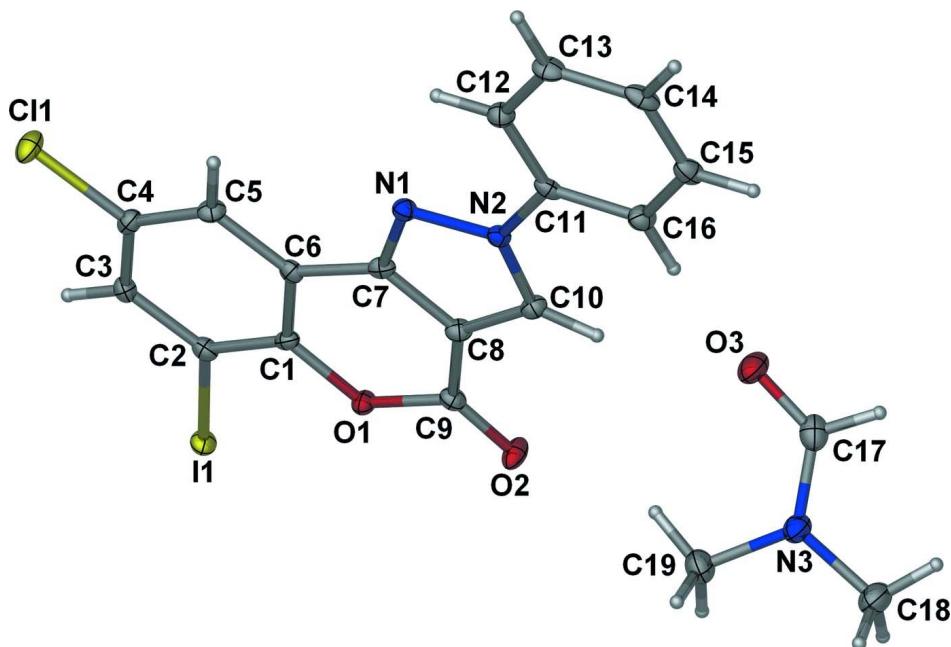
The title compound was obtained through a cyclization/iodination reaction, using I<sub>2</sub>/DMSO reagent (Lokhande *et al.*, 2005). The crystal structure consists of the heterocyclic molecules, solvated by DMF molecules. The pyrazolocoumarin moiety is essentially planar (r.m.s deviation of the tricyclic ring atoms = 0.018 Å) as is in the similar structures (Strakova *et al.*, 2003; Kanwal *et al.*, 2007). The plane of the tricyclic ring is inclined slightly with respect to the *N*-phenyl ring, making an angle of 1.86 (9)°. The iodine atom and the carbonyl O atom of the symmetry related molecule at -*x*, -*y* + 2, -*z* + 1 are brought close together with I1···O2 distance of 3.0011 (18) Å which is significantly shorter than the sum of the Van der Waals radii of the relevant atoms (3.50 Å). Similar intermolecular interactions have been reported for the structure of *p*-iodobenzaldehyde (Britton & Young, 1997) with I···O distances of 3.068 (4) and 3.074 (4) Å and suggested to be an interaction between the Lewis base, —CHO, and the Lewis acid, I. The crystal packing consists of layers parallel to the *ac* plane formed by the I···O and the π-π interactions [*Cg*1···*Cg*1<sup>i</sup> = 3.489 (2) Å; *Cg*1···*Cg*3<sup>ii</sup> = 3.637 (2) Å; *Cg*2···*Cg*4<sup>i</sup> = 3.505 (2) Å; *Cg*4···*Cg*4<sup>i</sup> = 3.662 (2) Å, where *Cg*1, *Cg*2, *Cg*3 and *Cg*4 are the centroids of the rings N1/N2/C7/C8/C10, O1/C6—C9, C1—C6 and C11—C16, respectively, for *i*: -*x* + 1, -*y* + 2, -*z* + 2; *ii*: -*x*, -*y* + 2, -*z* + 2]. The DMF solvent molecules are hydrogen bonded to the layers (Table 1).

### S2. Experimental

A solution of 5-chloro-2-hydroxyacetophenone (2.4 mmol, 0.41 g) and phenylhydrazine (2.4 mmol, 0.62 g) in methanol (40 ml), was refluxed for 2 hr to give 5-chloro-2-hydroxy acetophenone phenylhydrazone as a yellow solid (91%). To a solution of the obtained hydrazone (2 mmol, 0.52 g) in DMF (15 ml), POCl<sub>3</sub> (6 mmol, 0.918 g) was added dropwise at 0 °C. After completion of the addition, the mixture was heated at 60–70 °C for 2.5–3 hr, then poured onto crushed ice and neutralized with 10% aqueous NaOH solution. The precipitate was filtered, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol to give 3-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde (85%). To a solution of this solid (1 mmol, 0.298 g) in DMSO (20 ml), iodine (1.2 equivalent, 0.304 g) and 4–5 drops of concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> was added. The mixture was heated at 120 °C for 3 hr, then cooled to room temperature and poured into ice-cooled water. The separated solid was filtered and washed with a cold dilute sodium thiosulfate solution and recrystallized from DMF to give the colorless crystals of the title compound.

### S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as riding atoms with distances of H—C(sp<sup>2</sup>) = 0.95 and H—C(methyl) = 0.98 Å and with *U*<sub>iso</sub>(H) set to 1.2(1.5 for methyl)*U*<sub>eq</sub>(C). The most disagreeable reflections with delta(*F*<sup>2</sup>)/e.s.d. >10 were omitted (5 reflections).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound (50% probability ellipsoids). Hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

### 8-Chloro-6-iodo-2-phenylchromeno[4,3-c]pyrazol-4(2H)-one *N,N*-dimethylformamide monosolvate

#### Crystal data



$M_r = 495.69$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.7297 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 11.5196 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.0326 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 118.484 (1)^\circ$

$\beta = 99.841 (1)^\circ$

$\gamma = 90.968 (1)^\circ$

$V = 921.86 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 488$

$D_x = 1.786 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 4487 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}30.3^\circ$

$\mu = 1.91 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Needle, colorless

$0.30 \times 0.10 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.598$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.963$

7205 measured reflections

3392 independent reflections

3075 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 14$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$  $wR(F^2) = 0.052$  $S = 1.10$ 

3392 reflections

246 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0269P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.003$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.58 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
I1	-0.11384 (2)	1.169294 (17)	0.628935 (17)	0.01600 (7)
C11	-0.02765 (10)	1.45032 (7)	1.17754 (7)	0.02134 (15)
O1	0.0778 (2)	0.97585 (17)	0.70964 (18)	0.0149 (4)
O2	0.1906 (3)	0.78881 (18)	0.60164 (18)	0.0198 (4)
N1	0.2949 (3)	0.9833 (2)	1.0488 (2)	0.0135 (5)
N2	0.3677 (3)	0.8654 (2)	0.9952 (2)	0.0123 (5)
C1	0.0571 (3)	1.0858 (2)	0.8236 (2)	0.0127 (5)
C2	-0.0335 (3)	1.1827 (3)	0.8102 (3)	0.0147 (6)
C3	-0.0607 (3)	1.2950 (3)	0.9203 (3)	0.0146 (6)
H3	-0.1242	1.3617	0.9128	0.017*
C4	0.0055 (3)	1.3084 (3)	1.0406 (3)	0.0153 (6)
C5	0.0988 (3)	1.2139 (3)	1.0556 (3)	0.0148 (6)
H5	0.1450	1.2260	1.1393	0.018*
C6	0.1240 (3)	1.1004 (3)	0.9457 (3)	0.0130 (5)
C7	0.2193 (3)	0.9941 (3)	0.9470 (3)	0.0127 (5)
C8	0.2419 (3)	0.8862 (3)	0.8304 (3)	0.0142 (5)
C9	0.1744 (3)	0.8750 (3)	0.7064 (3)	0.0144 (6)
C10	0.3400 (3)	0.8053 (3)	0.8657 (3)	0.0142 (5)
H10	0.3796	0.7239	0.8098	0.017*
C11	0.4601 (3)	0.8195 (3)	1.0783 (3)	0.0139 (5)
C12	0.4788 (3)	0.8972 (3)	1.2102 (3)	0.0163 (6)
H12	0.4323	0.9804	1.2456	0.020*
C13	0.5671 (4)	0.8521 (3)	1.2909 (3)	0.0186 (6)
H13	0.5817	0.9050	1.3820	0.022*
C14	0.6333 (3)	0.7306 (3)	1.2387 (3)	0.0190 (6)

H14	0.6921	0.6996	1.2939	0.023*
C15	0.6140 (4)	0.6541 (3)	1.1063 (3)	0.0187 (6)
H15	0.6606	0.5711	1.0709	0.022*
C16	0.5267 (3)	0.6980 (3)	1.0246 (3)	0.0170 (6)
H16	0.5131	0.6456	0.9336	0.020*
O3	0.5295 (3)	0.5613 (2)	0.70310 (19)	0.0253 (5)
N3	0.3732 (3)	0.3775 (2)	0.5253 (2)	0.0204 (5)
C17	0.5161 (4)	0.4454 (3)	0.6173 (3)	0.0228 (7)
H17	0.6171	0.3993	0.6162	0.027*
C18	0.3726 (4)	0.2405 (3)	0.4280 (3)	0.0292 (7)
H18A	0.4855	0.2090	0.4459	0.044*
H18B	0.3559	0.2342	0.3426	0.044*
H18C	0.2759	0.1854	0.4295	0.044*
C19	0.2124 (4)	0.4393 (3)	0.5173 (3)	0.0274 (7)
H19A	0.2335	0.5340	0.5816	0.041*
H19B	0.1176	0.3961	0.5341	0.041*
H19C	0.1779	0.4295	0.4307	0.041*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
I1	0.01706 (10)	0.01850 (10)	0.01258 (10)	0.00408 (7)	0.00108 (7)	0.00823 (8)
C11	0.0319 (4)	0.0175 (3)	0.0138 (3)	0.0083 (3)	0.0068 (3)	0.0061 (3)
O1	0.0175 (9)	0.0147 (9)	0.0114 (10)	0.0039 (8)	0.0018 (8)	0.0057 (8)
O2	0.0308 (11)	0.0178 (10)	0.0112 (10)	0.0104 (9)	0.0056 (9)	0.0068 (9)
N1	0.0135 (11)	0.0133 (11)	0.0135 (12)	0.0010 (9)	0.0012 (9)	0.0068 (10)
N2	0.0122 (11)	0.0120 (11)	0.0130 (12)	0.0005 (9)	0.0010 (9)	0.0069 (10)
C1	0.0121 (13)	0.0131 (13)	0.0099 (13)	-0.0015 (10)	0.0019 (11)	0.0035 (11)
C2	0.0121 (13)	0.0180 (14)	0.0150 (15)	0.0005 (11)	0.0017 (11)	0.0093 (12)
C3	0.0130 (13)	0.0156 (14)	0.0168 (15)	0.0031 (11)	0.0037 (11)	0.0090 (12)
C4	0.0169 (13)	0.0127 (13)	0.0145 (14)	0.0010 (11)	0.0051 (12)	0.0047 (12)
C5	0.0177 (14)	0.0163 (13)	0.0102 (14)	-0.0004 (11)	0.0014 (11)	0.0070 (12)
C6	0.0103 (12)	0.0152 (13)	0.0149 (14)	0.0006 (10)	0.0029 (11)	0.0084 (12)
C7	0.0131 (12)	0.0139 (13)	0.0119 (14)	-0.0030 (10)	0.0027 (11)	0.0069 (11)
C8	0.0159 (13)	0.0151 (13)	0.0120 (14)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0014 (11)	0.0074 (11)
C9	0.0132 (13)	0.0165 (14)	0.0146 (15)	0.0006 (11)	0.0009 (11)	0.0092 (12)
C10	0.0168 (13)	0.0134 (13)	0.0123 (14)	0.0002 (11)	0.0034 (11)	0.0060 (11)
C11	0.0095 (12)	0.0173 (14)	0.0177 (15)	-0.0024 (10)	-0.0011 (11)	0.0121 (12)
C12	0.0171 (14)	0.0175 (14)	0.0143 (14)	0.0007 (11)	0.0023 (12)	0.0080 (12)
C13	0.0180 (14)	0.0265 (15)	0.0121 (14)	-0.0012 (12)	-0.0003 (12)	0.0112 (13)
C14	0.0144 (13)	0.0268 (16)	0.0221 (16)	-0.0032 (12)	-0.0029 (12)	0.0191 (14)
C15	0.0155 (13)	0.0162 (14)	0.0256 (17)	-0.0015 (11)	-0.0003 (12)	0.0127 (13)
C16	0.0189 (14)	0.0159 (14)	0.0162 (15)	0.0015 (11)	0.0008 (12)	0.0088 (12)
O3	0.0324 (12)	0.0209 (11)	0.0172 (11)	0.0065 (9)	0.0037 (10)	0.0053 (10)
N3	0.0241 (13)	0.0185 (12)	0.0163 (13)	0.0046 (10)	0.0033 (11)	0.0068 (11)
C17	0.0267 (16)	0.0267 (17)	0.0217 (17)	0.0097 (13)	0.0093 (14)	0.0155 (15)
C18	0.0326 (18)	0.0234 (16)	0.0236 (18)	0.0047 (14)	0.0034 (15)	0.0059 (14)
C19	0.0230 (16)	0.0296 (17)	0.0278 (18)	0.0081 (13)	0.0046 (14)	0.0126 (15)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^{\circ}}$ )

I1—C2	2.092 (3)	C11—C12	1.380 (4)
Cl1—C4	1.744 (3)	C11—C16	1.384 (4)
O1—C9	1.380 (3)	C12—C13	1.395 (4)
O1—C1	1.391 (3)	C12—H12	0.9500
O2—C9	1.206 (3)	C13—C14	1.383 (4)
N1—C7	1.327 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
N1—N2	1.375 (3)	C14—C15	1.383 (4)
N2—C10	1.344 (3)	C14—H14	0.9500
N2—C11	1.436 (3)	C15—C16	1.392 (4)
C1—C2	1.387 (4)	C15—H15	0.9500
C1—C6	1.398 (4)	C16—H16	0.9500
C2—C3	1.394 (4)	O3—C17	1.227 (3)
C3—C4	1.383 (4)	N3—C17	1.335 (4)
C3—H3	0.9500	N3—C18	1.449 (4)
C4—C5	1.381 (4)	N3—C19	1.454 (4)
C5—C6	1.394 (4)	C17—H17	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	C18—H18A	0.9800
C6—C7	1.445 (4)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C7—C8	1.404 (4)	C18—H18C	0.9800
C8—C10	1.383 (4)	C19—H19A	0.9800
C8—C9	1.437 (4)	C19—H19B	0.9800
C10—H10	0.9500	C19—H19C	0.9800
C9—O1—C1	123.4 (2)	C12—C11—N2	119.0 (2)
C7—N1—N2	103.4 (2)	C16—C11—N2	119.5 (2)
C10—N2—N1	113.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13	119.1 (3)
C10—N2—C11	127.5 (2)	C11—C12—H12	120.5
N1—N2—C11	119.2 (2)	C13—C12—H12	120.5
C2—C1—O1	116.1 (2)	C14—C13—C12	120.1 (3)
C2—C1—C6	121.0 (2)	C14—C13—H13	119.9
O1—C1—C6	122.9 (2)	C12—C13—H13	119.9
C1—C2—C3	119.2 (2)	C15—C14—C13	120.0 (3)
C1—C2—I1	121.04 (19)	C15—C14—H14	120.0
C3—C2—I1	119.61 (19)	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C4—C3—C2	119.4 (2)	C14—C15—C16	120.5 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.3	C14—C15—H15	119.8
C2—C3—H3	120.3	C16—C15—H15	119.8
C5—C4—C3	122.1 (3)	C11—C16—C15	118.8 (3)
C5—C4—Cl1	119.1 (2)	C11—C16—H16	120.6
C3—C4—Cl1	118.8 (2)	C15—C16—H16	120.6
C4—C5—C6	118.8 (3)	C17—N3—C18	121.6 (2)
C4—C5—H5	120.6	C17—N3—C19	121.2 (2)
C6—C5—H5	120.6	C18—N3—C19	117.2 (3)
C5—C6—C1	119.5 (2)	O3—C17—N3	126.3 (3)
C5—C6—C7	124.8 (2)	O3—C17—H17	116.8
C1—C6—C7	115.7 (2)	N3—C17—H17	116.8

N1—C7—C8	112.2 (2)	N3—C18—H18A	109.5
N1—C7—C6	127.8 (2)	N3—C18—H18B	109.5
C8—C7—C6	120.0 (2)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C10—C8—C7	105.3 (2)	N3—C18—H18C	109.5
C10—C8—C9	131.7 (3)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	123.0 (2)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
O2—C9—O1	117.0 (2)	N3—C19—H19A	109.5
O2—C9—C8	128.1 (2)	N3—C19—H19B	109.5
O1—C9—C8	114.8 (2)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
N2—C10—C8	105.8 (2)	N3—C19—H19C	109.5
N2—C10—H10	127.1	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C8—C10—H10	127.1	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C12—C11—C16	121.5 (2)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C10—H10···O3	0.95	2.19	3.122 (3)	167
C16—H16···O3	0.95	2.49	3.415 (3)	164