organic compounds

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1-(3-Fluorophenyl)-4,4,6-trimethyl-3,4dihydropyrimidine-2(1*H*)-thione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.059; wR factor = 0.153; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.9.

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_{15}FN_2S$, the dihydropyrimidine ring is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.086 (3) Å from the mean plane of the rest of the ring for the dimethylated C atom. The benzene ring is almost perpendicular to the dihydropyrimidine ring, with a dihedral angle of 83.97 (14)°. The crystal packing is characterized by centrosymmetric dimers resulting from pairs of intermolecular N— H···S hydrogen bonds. There are also C—H··· π interactions.

Related literature

For the biological properties of related compounds, see: Rovnyak *et al.* (1995); Kappe (2000); Alam *et al.* (2005); Sriram *et al.* (2006); Leite *et al.* (2006). For related structures, see: Yamin *et al.* (2005); Ismail *et al.* (2007); Saeed *et al.* (2010); Yamin & Salem (2011). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{15}FN_2S$
$M_r = 250.33$
Monoclinic, P21/c
$a = 8.814 (3) \text{ Å}_{a}$
b = 14.997(5) Å
c = 10.215 (3) Å
$\beta = 95.711 \ (6)^{\circ}$

V = 1343.6 (7) Å ³
Z = 4
Mo Ka radiation
$\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 298 K
$0.50 \times 0.29 \times 0.20 \ \mathrm{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD areadetector diffractometer7116 measured reflectionsAbsorption correction: multi-scan2497 independent reflections(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)1764 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $T_{min} = 0.892, T_{max} = 0.954$ $R_{int} = 0.034$

Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.059 & 157 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.153 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.06 & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ 2497 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the N1/N2/C1-C4 pyrimidine ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1A \cdots S1^{i}$ $C9 - H9A \cdots Cg1^{ii}$	0.86 0.93	2.57 2.89	3.400 (3) 3.788 (4)	162 163

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (ii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*, *PARST* (Nardelli, 1995) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LD2016).

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1-(3-Fluorophenyl)-4,4,6-trimethyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2(1H)-thione

Bohari M. Yamin, Ruhana L. Lawi and Halima F. Salem

S1. Comment

Pyrimidine-2(1*H*)-ones/thiones are calcium channel blocker compounds (Rovnyak *et al.*, 1995). They also have other biological activities such as antibacterial, antifungal and antiviral (Kappe, 2000; Alam *et al.*, 2005; Sriram *et al.*, 2006; Leite *et al.*, 2006). The 4,4,6-trimethyl-1-aryl-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thiones open a new series of 3,4-dihydro pyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thione derivatives following publication of 4,4,6- trimethyl-1-phenyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thione (Yamin *et al.*, 2005; Ismail *et al.*, 2007). The title compound is isomorphous to 4,4,6-trimethyl-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thione (Yamin & Salem, 2011) and 4,4,6-trimethyl-1-(3-methylphenyl)-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thione (Saeed *et al.*, 2010). The dihydropyrimidine (N1,N2,C1—C4) ring is planar with maximum deviation of 0.086 (3)Å for C4 atom from the least square plane. The benzene ring is perpendicular to the dihydropyrimidine with dihedral angle of 83.97 (14)°, slightly smaller than that in the *meta*- chloro analog (86.62 (13)°). The bond lengths and angles are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and are comparable to those in the above mentioned analogs. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by N1—H1A…S1 intermolecular hydrogen bonds (see symmetry code in Table 2) to form centrosymmetric dimers parallel to the *ab* face (Fig 2). There is also a C9—H9A… π interaction involving the pyrimidine (C_g1: N1/N2/(C1—C4)) ring (Table 2).

S2. Experimental

A procedure similar to that used for the preparation of 4,4,6-Trimethyl-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2-(1*H*)-thione (Yamin & Salem,2011) was followed. Equimolar quantities of thiocyanic acid and 3-fluoroaniline (5.4 mmol) in acetone were stirred for 2–3 h. Colourless crystals of 78% yield were obtained after 3 days by evaporation at room temperature. Melting point 456.8–458.9 K.

S3. Refinement

H atoms on the C and N atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H= 0.93 (aromatic and olefinic), 0.96 Å (methyl) and N—H = 0.86 Å respectively, and constrained to ride and rotate (for Me groups) on their parent atoms with $U_{iso}=x_{eq}$ (parent atom) where x=1.2 for N, aromatic C and olefinic C and x=1.5 for methyl C. There is a highest peak and deepest hole of 0.45 from H10 and 0.76Å from F1 atom the respectively.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of (1), with the atomic-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoid are drawn at the 50% probablity level.



Figure 2

The packing of (1) viewed down the *c* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown by dashed lines.

1-(3-Fluorophenyl)-4,4,6-trimethyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidine-2(1H)-thione

Crystal data

C₁₃H₁₅FN₂S $M_r = 250.33$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 8.814 (3) Å b = 14.997 (5) Å c = 10.215 (3) Å $\beta = 95.711$ (6)° V = 1343.6 (7) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector	7116 measured reflections
diffractometer	2497 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1764 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int}=0.034$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)	$k = -16 \rightarrow 18$
$T_{\min} = 0.892, \ T_{\max} = 0.954$	$l = -12 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.153$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.06	H-atom parameters constrained
2497 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0666P)^2 + 0.4935P]$
157 parameters	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.37$ e Å ⁻³
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

F(000) = 528

 $\theta = 2.3 - 25.5^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Block, colourless

 $0.50 \times 0.29 \times 0.20$ mm

T = 298 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.238 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Melting point = 458.9-456.8 K

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2497 reflections

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
F1	0.9699 (2)	0.40143 (14)	0.6648 (2)	0.0938 (7)
S1	0.65807 (8)	0.11011 (5)	0.47356 (8)	0.0623 (3)
N1	0.3831 (3)	0.11471 (16)	0.5539 (2)	0.0620 (7)
H1A	0.3939	0.0577	0.5561	0.074*

N2	0.4991 (2)	0.25140 (15)	0.5427 (2)	0.0519 (6)
C1	0.5038 (3)	0.1608 (2)	0.5251 (3)	0.0506 (7)
C2	0.3725 (3)	0.2932 (2)	0.5938 (3)	0.0601 (8)
C3	0.2523 (4)	0.2442 (2)	0.6138 (4)	0.0780 (10)
H3A	0.1727	0.2723	0.6507	0.094*
C4	0.2343 (3)	0.1480 (2)	0.5824 (3)	0.0644 (8)
C5	0.3852 (4)	0.3902 (2)	0.6208 (4)	0.0895 (12)
H5A	0.2904	0.4120	0.6471	0.134*
H5B	0.4085	0.4209	0.5428	0.134*
H5C	0.4650	0.4006	0.6902	0.134*
C6	0.1856 (5)	0.0964 (3)	0.6999 (5)	0.1206 (18)
H6A	0.2611	0.1035	0.7736	0.181*
H6B	0.1757	0.0343	0.6777	0.181*
H6C	0.0895	0.1188	0.7222	0.181*
C7	0.1209 (5)	0.1335 (3)	0.4636 (5)	0.1154 (16)
H7A	0.1512	0.1673	0.3908	0.173*
H7B	0.0217	0.1525	0.4832	0.173*
H7C	0.1177	0.0713	0.4412	0.173*
C8	0.6272 (3)	0.30394 (18)	0.5099 (3)	0.0493 (7)
C9	0.6358 (4)	0.3306 (2)	0.3822 (3)	0.0653 (8)
H9A	0.5581	0.3160	0.3174	0.078*
C10	0.7597 (5)	0.3789 (2)	0.3506 (4)	0.0802 (11)
H10A	0.7663	0.3960	0.2638	0.096*
C11	0.8726 (4)	0.4018 (2)	0.4449 (4)	0.0747 (10)
H11A	0.9569	0.4341	0.4238	0.090*
C12	0.8593 (3)	0.3763 (2)	0.5706 (3)	0.0606 (8)
C13	0.7392 (3)	0.32727 (19)	0.6068 (3)	0.0538 (7)
H13A	0.7338	0.3104	0.6938	0.065*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0710 (13)	0.0981 (17)	0.1111 (16)	-0.0189 (11)	0.0028 (12)	-0.0109 (12)
S 1	0.0536 (4)	0.0493 (5)	0.0878 (6)	-0.0031 (3)	0.0263 (4)	-0.0071 (4)
N1	0.0512 (14)	0.0491 (15)	0.0893 (18)	-0.0086 (11)	0.0249 (13)	-0.0059 (13)
N2	0.0487 (12)	0.0461 (14)	0.0630 (14)	-0.0021 (11)	0.0151 (11)	-0.0044 (11)
C1	0.0491 (15)	0.0509 (18)	0.0527 (16)	-0.0045 (13)	0.0093 (13)	-0.0007 (13)
C2	0.0531 (17)	0.0572 (19)	0.0717 (19)	0.0065 (14)	0.0151 (15)	-0.0071 (16)
C3	0.0562 (18)	0.072 (2)	0.110 (3)	0.0044 (17)	0.0322 (19)	-0.011 (2)
C4	0.0487 (16)	0.066 (2)	0.082 (2)	-0.0057 (15)	0.0223 (16)	-0.0062 (17)
C5	0.073 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.137 (3)	0.0071 (17)	0.032 (2)	-0.021 (2)
C6	0.125 (4)	0.109 (4)	0.142 (4)	0.007 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.021 (3)
C7	0.071 (3)	0.134 (4)	0.137 (4)	-0.004 (2)	-0.010 (3)	-0.038 (3)
C8	0.0523 (16)	0.0392 (16)	0.0582 (17)	-0.0004 (12)	0.0142 (14)	-0.0044 (13)
C9	0.079 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.0577 (18)	-0.0084 (17)	0.0093 (16)	-0.0043 (15)
C10	0.116 (3)	0.059 (2)	0.071 (2)	-0.019 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0013 (17)
C11	0.090 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.088 (3)	-0.0223 (17)	0.042 (2)	-0.0133 (18)
C12	0.0552 (17)	0.0483 (18)	0.079 (2)	-0.0063 (14)	0.0102 (16)	-0.0146 (15)

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109.5

H5A—C5—H5C

C13	0.0556 (16)	0.0470 (17)	0.0605 (17)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0138 (14)	0.0029 (14)
Geomet	ric parameters (Á	, °)				
F1-C1	2	1.353 (3)		С6—Н6А		0.9600
S1-C1		1.687 (3)		C6—H6B		0.9600
N1—C1	1	1.326 (3)		С6—Н6С		0.9600
N1-C4	4	1.460 (4)		С7—Н7А		0.9600
N1—H	1A	0.8600		С7—Н7В		0.9600
N2—C1	1	1.372 (4)		C7—H7C		0.9600
N2-C2	2	1.423 (3)		C8—C13		1.372 (4)
N2-C8	3	1.443 (3)		C8—C9		1.374 (4)
C2—C3	3	1.321 (4)		C9—C10		1.376 (5)
C2—C5	5	1.483 (4)		С9—Н9А		0.9300
C3—C4	1	1.483 (5)		C10-C11		1.359 (5)
С3—Н3	3A	0.9300		C10—H10A		0.9300
C4—C7	7	1.509 (5)		C11—C12		1.356 (5)
C4—C6	5	1.526 (5)		C11—H11A		0.9300
С5—Н5	5A	0.9600		C12—C13		1.369 (4)
С5—Н5	5B	0.9600		C13—H13A		0.9300
С5—Н5	5C	0.9600				
C1—N1	l—C4	128.5 (3)		Н6А—С6—Н6В		109.5
C1—N1	I—H1A	115.7		С4—С6—Н6С		109.5
C4—N1	I—H1A	115.7		H6A—C6—H6C		109.5
C1—N2	2—С2	121.3 (2)		H6B—C6—H6C		109.5
C1—N2	2—С8	118.4 (2)		С4—С7—Н7А		109.5
C2—N2	2—С8	120.3 (2)		С4—С7—Н7В		109.5
N1—C1	l—N2	116.8 (2)		H7A—C7—H7B		109.5
N1-C1	I—S1	121.6 (2)		С4—С7—Н7С		109.5
N2C1	I—S1	121.5 (2)		H7A—C7—H7C		109.5
C3—C2	2—N2	118.8 (3)		H7B—C7—H7C		109.5
C3—C2	2—C5	124.3 (3)		С13—С8—С9		120.5 (3)
N2-C2	2—С5	116.9 (3)		C13—C8—N2		119.7 (2)
C2—C3	3—C4	125.3 (3)		C9—C8—N2		119.8 (3)
C2—C3	3—НЗА	117.4		C8—C9—C10		119.8 (3)
C4—C3	3—НЗА	117.4		С8—С9—Н9А		120.1
N1-C4	4—C3	107.3 (2)		С10—С9—Н9А		120.1
N1-C4	4—C7	109.1 (3)		С11—С10—С9		120.6 (3)
C3—C4	I—C7	111.3 (3)		C11-C10-H10A		119.7
N1-C4	4—C6	108.1 (3)		C9-C10-H10A		119.7
C3—C4	4—C6	110.9 (3)		C12—C11—C10		118.3 (3)
C7—C4	4—C6	110.1 (3)		C12-C11-H11A		120.9
C2—C5	5—H5A	109.5		C10-C11-H11A		120.9
C2—C5	5—H5B	109.5		F1-C12-C11		118.0 (3)
H5A—0	С5—Н5В	109.5		F1—C12—C13		118.7 (3)
C2—C5	5—Н5С	109.5		C11—C12—C13		123.3 (3)

С12—С13—С8

117.5 (3)

H5B—C5—H5C C4—C6—H6A C4—C6—H6B	109.5 109.5 109.5	C12—C13—H13A C8—C13—H13A	121.2 121.2
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10.7 (4) -171.0 (2) 2.1 (4) -178.8 (2) -176.1 (2) 2.9 (3) -5.8 (4) 175.2 (3) 174.3 (3) -4.7 (4) -2.6 (5) 177.3 (4) -16.9 (4) 103.7 (4) -136.5 (3) 12.2 (5)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-107.0 (4) 130.1 (4) -96.2 (3) 82.9 (3) 84.1 (3) -96.8 (3) 1.8 (5) -178.5 (3) -1.1 (5) -0.4 (5) -178.1 (3) 1.2 (5) 178.9 (2) -0.5 (5) -1.0 (4) 179.3 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the N1/N2/C1–C4 pyrimidine ring.

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1A···S1 ⁱ	0.86	2.57	3.400 (3)	162
C9—H9A···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.89	3.788 (4)	163

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y, -z+1; (ii) x, -y-1/2, z-3/2.