

3-Chloro-N'-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide**Zhen Zhang**

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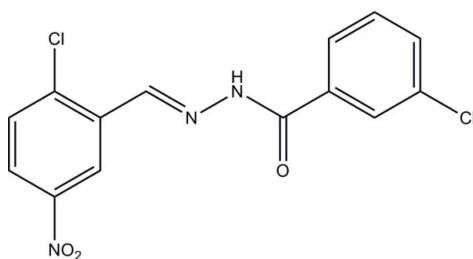
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.152; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

The title molecule, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$, has an *E* configuration with respect to the methylidene unit. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is $12.3(3)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked via bifurcated $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots(\text{O}, \text{N})$ hydrogen bonds into chains along [001].

Related literature

For the biological applications of hydrazone compounds, see: Ajani *et al.* (2010); Avaji *et al.* (2009); Fan *et al.* (2010); Rasras *et al.* (2010). For related hydrazone structures, see: Zhang (2011a,b); Ahmad *et al.* (2010); Ban (2010); Ji & Lu (2010); Shalash *et al.* (2010).

**Experimental***Crystal data* $M_r = 338.14$ Monoclinic, P_{2_1}/c $a = 7.770(2)\text{ \AA}$ $b = 24.254(6)\text{ \AA}$ $c = 7.889(2)\text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 95.383(3)^\circ$ $V = 1480.1(7)\text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.45\text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 298\text{ K}$ $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.30\text{ mm}$ **Data collection**

Bruker SMART APEX CCD

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.868, T_{\max} = 0.876$

7538 measured reflections

3016 independent reflections

1607 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$ **Refinement** $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$ $wR(F^2) = 0.152$ $S = 1.04$

3016 reflections

202 parameters

1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N2—H2···N1 ⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.43 (2)	3.139 (4)	137 (3)
N2—H2···O3 ⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.27 (2)	3.095 (4)	154 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5264).

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Experimental*Crystal data* $M_r = 338.14$ Monoclinic, P_{2_1}/c $a = 7.770(2)\text{ \AA}$ $b = 24.254(6)\text{ \AA}$ $c = 7.889(2)\text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 95.383(3)^\circ$

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1639 [doi:10.1107/S160053681102157X]

3-Chloro-N'-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide

Zhen Zhang

S1. Comment

Hydrazone compounds have received much attention due to their potential applications in biological chemistry (Ajani *et al.*, 2010; Avaji *et al.*, 2009; Fan *et al.*, 2010; Rasras *et al.*, 2010). As a continuation of our work related to hydrazone compounds, the crystal structure of the title compound is reported herein.

The molecule is in an *E* configuration with respect to the methyldene unit (Fig. 1). The bond lengths are comparable to those observed in similar hydrazone compounds (Zhang, 2011*a,b*; Ahmad *et al.*, 2010; Ban, 2010; Ji & Lu, 2010; Shalash *et al.*, 2010). The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 12.3 (3)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked via bifurcated N—H···(O, N) hydrogen bonds to form chains along [001] (Table 1, Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A methanol solution (50 ml) of 3-chlorobenzohydrazide (0.01 mol) and 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzaldehyde (0.01 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min to give a yellow solution. Yellow block-shaped single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were formed by slow evaporation of the solution in air.

S3. Refinement

The amino atom, H2, was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

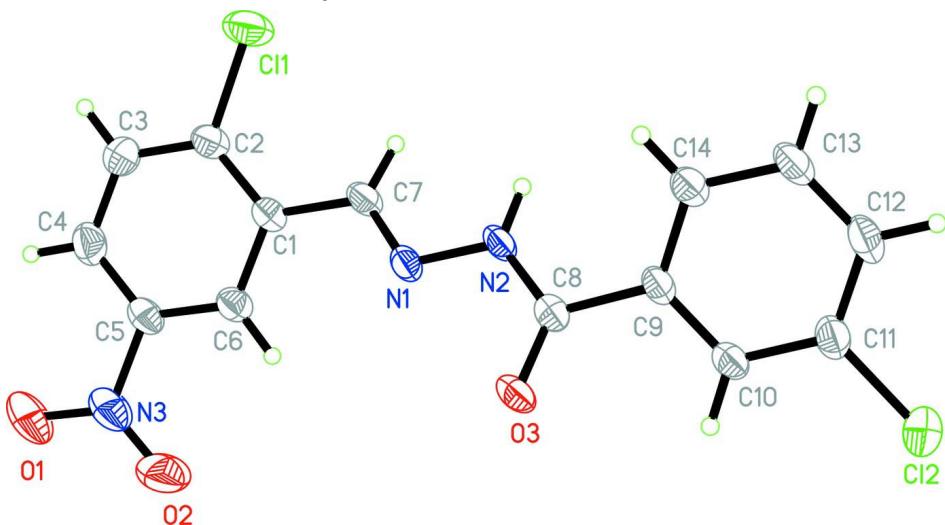
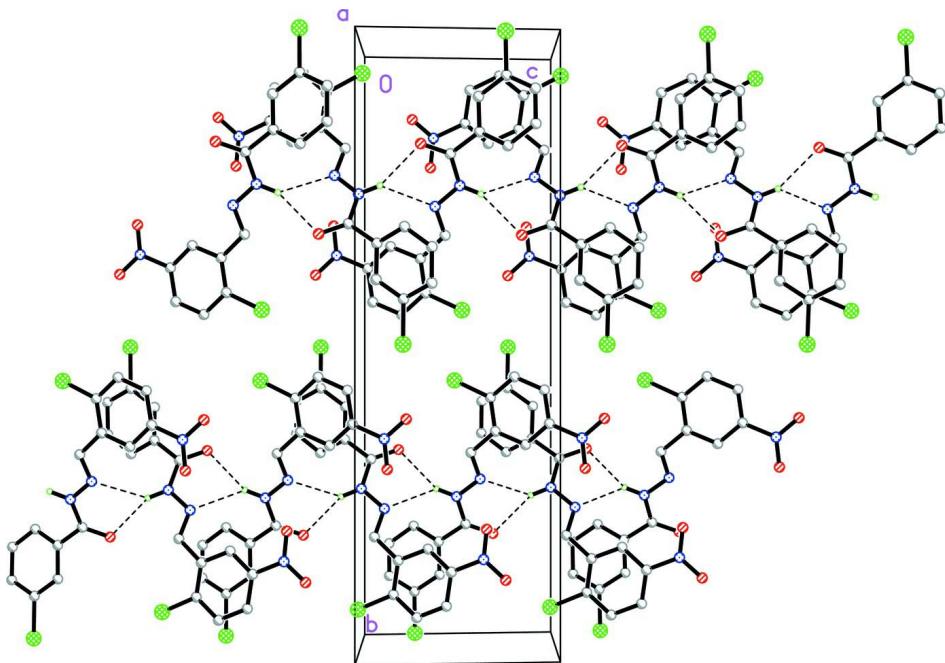


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

The packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonds are shown.

3-Chloro-N'-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Cl_2N_3O_3$

$M_r = 338.14$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.770 (2)$ Å

$b = 24.254 (6)$ Å

$c = 7.889 (2)$ Å

$\beta = 95.383 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1480.1 (7)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.868$, $T_{\max} = 0.876$

$F(000) = 688$

$D_x = 1.517 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 814 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}24.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.45 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, yellow

$0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.30$ mm

7538 measured reflections

3016 independent reflections

1607 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$

$h = -5 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -30 \rightarrow 30$

$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.152$$

$$S = 1.04$$

3016 reflections

202 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0443P)^2 + 0.2711P]$$
$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.33815 (15)	0.55819 (4)	0.48098 (13)	0.0786 (4)
Cl2	0.02262 (16)	0.99758 (4)	0.26818 (14)	0.0827 (4)
N1	0.2837 (3)	0.72544 (12)	0.6153 (3)	0.0429 (7)
N2	0.1950 (4)	0.75727 (12)	0.4918 (3)	0.0459 (7)
N3	0.6550 (5)	0.65111 (19)	1.1284 (4)	0.0771 (11)
O1	0.7009 (5)	0.61872 (16)	1.2395 (4)	0.1306 (15)
O2	0.6670 (5)	0.70061 (16)	1.1441 (4)	0.1060 (12)
O3	0.1450 (4)	0.82247 (10)	0.6847 (3)	0.0701 (8)
C1	0.4302 (4)	0.64304 (14)	0.6916 (4)	0.0425 (8)
C2	0.4361 (4)	0.58649 (14)	0.6668 (4)	0.0493 (9)
C3	0.5135 (5)	0.55147 (15)	0.7884 (5)	0.0591 (10)
H3	0.5166	0.5137	0.7681	0.071*
C4	0.5859 (5)	0.57270 (16)	0.9396 (5)	0.0602 (10)
H4	0.6375	0.5495	1.0235	0.072*
C5	0.5812 (4)	0.62850 (16)	0.9653 (4)	0.0513 (9)
C6	0.5069 (4)	0.66400 (14)	0.8457 (4)	0.0464 (9)
H6	0.5073	0.7017	0.8665	0.056*
C7	0.3405 (4)	0.67978 (15)	0.5662 (4)	0.0469 (9)
H7	0.3252	0.6698	0.4519	0.056*
C8	0.1301 (5)	0.80617 (14)	0.5386 (4)	0.0467 (9)
C9	0.0426 (4)	0.83855 (13)	0.3958 (4)	0.0427 (8)
C10	0.0624 (4)	0.89538 (14)	0.4003 (4)	0.0475 (9)
H10	0.1224	0.9123	0.4938	0.057*
C11	-0.0076 (5)	0.92655 (15)	0.2651 (4)	0.0520 (9)

C12	-0.1003 (5)	0.90243 (17)	0.1273 (5)	0.0587 (10)
H12	-0.1459	0.9239	0.0362	0.070*
C13	-0.1246 (5)	0.84646 (16)	0.1259 (4)	0.0574 (10)
H13	-0.1891	0.8300	0.0342	0.069*
C14	-0.0544 (4)	0.81411 (15)	0.2593 (4)	0.0472 (9)
H14	-0.0720	0.7762	0.2576	0.057*
H2	0.193 (4)	0.7439 (12)	0.386 (2)	0.057*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0933 (9)	0.0746 (7)	0.0636 (7)	0.0081 (6)	-0.0147 (6)	-0.0264 (6)
Cl2	0.1195 (10)	0.0564 (7)	0.0692 (7)	0.0114 (6)	-0.0070 (7)	0.0126 (5)
N1	0.0476 (17)	0.0491 (17)	0.0306 (15)	0.0043 (14)	-0.0040 (13)	0.0048 (13)
N2	0.0595 (19)	0.0541 (19)	0.0229 (14)	0.0092 (15)	-0.0032 (13)	0.0008 (13)
N3	0.084 (3)	0.092 (3)	0.050 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.0218 (19)	0.002 (2)
O1	0.195 (4)	0.126 (3)	0.058 (2)	0.012 (3)	-0.058 (2)	0.018 (2)
O2	0.134 (3)	0.094 (3)	0.080 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.044 (2)	-0.024 (2)
O3	0.114 (2)	0.0647 (17)	0.0285 (13)	0.0229 (16)	-0.0129 (14)	-0.0066 (12)
C1	0.041 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0342 (18)	0.0037 (16)	-0.0001 (15)	-0.0010 (15)
C2	0.051 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0050 (18)	-0.0016 (17)	-0.0074 (17)
C3	0.070 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.060 (3)	0.0069 (19)	0.001 (2)	0.0013 (18)
C4	0.066 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.013 (2)
C5	0.048 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.0007 (18)	-0.0092 (17)	0.0020 (18)
C6	0.046 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0069 (17)	-0.0018 (17)	-0.0033 (16)
C7	0.054 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0293 (18)	0.0050 (19)	-0.0023 (16)	-0.0036 (16)
C8	0.056 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0029 (18)	-0.0014 (17)	0.0023 (16)
C9	0.047 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0289 (18)	0.0104 (17)	-0.0008 (15)	0.0027 (15)
C10	0.058 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0304 (19)	0.0052 (18)	-0.0012 (16)	-0.0006 (16)
C11	0.060 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0103 (19)	0.0020 (18)	0.0079 (17)
C12	0.060 (3)	0.074 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.0058 (19)	0.0102 (19)
C13	0.061 (2)	0.074 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.0105 (18)	-0.0010 (19)
C14	0.049 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.0365 (19)	0.0067 (17)	0.0002 (17)	-0.0011 (16)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

C11—C2	1.729 (3)	C4—C5	1.370 (5)
Cl2—C11	1.738 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C7	1.266 (4)	C5—C6	1.365 (4)
N1—N2	1.376 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C8	1.354 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—H2	0.893 (10)	C8—C9	1.485 (4)
N3—O1	1.206 (4)	C9—C10	1.387 (4)
N3—O2	1.210 (4)	C9—C14	1.388 (4)
N3—C5	1.465 (5)	C10—C11	1.377 (4)
O3—C8	1.214 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C2	1.387 (5)	C11—C12	1.377 (5)
C1—C6	1.398 (4)	C12—C13	1.371 (5)

C1—C7	1.460 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.377 (5)	C13—C14	1.383 (4)
C3—C4	1.371 (5)	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C7—N1—N2	116.1 (3)	N1—C7—C1	119.0 (3)
C8—N2—N1	118.2 (3)	N1—C7—H7	120.5
C8—N2—H2	127 (2)	C1—C7—H7	120.5
N1—N2—H2	115 (2)	O3—C8—N2	122.7 (3)
O1—N3—O2	123.9 (4)	O3—C8—C9	123.0 (3)
O1—N3—C5	117.3 (4)	N2—C8—C9	114.3 (3)
O2—N3—C5	118.8 (3)	C10—C9—C14	119.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6	117.7 (3)	C10—C9—C8	117.7 (3)
C2—C1—C7	121.9 (3)	C14—C9—C8	122.6 (3)
C6—C1—C7	120.3 (3)	C11—C10—C9	119.4 (3)
C3—C2—C1	122.0 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
C3—C2—Cl1	118.3 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.3
C1—C2—Cl1	119.7 (3)	C12—C11—C10	121.2 (4)
C4—C3—C2	119.4 (3)	C12—C11—Cl2	119.5 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.3	C10—C11—Cl2	119.4 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.3	C13—C12—C11	119.3 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.1 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C5—C4—H4	120.5	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C3—C4—H4	120.5	C12—C13—C14	120.8 (3)
C6—C5—C4	122.4 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C6—C5—N3	118.5 (4)	C14—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C5—N3	119.1 (3)	C13—C14—C9	119.7 (3)
C5—C6—C1	119.3 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.2
C5—C6—H6	120.3	C9—C14—H14	120.2
C1—C6—H6	120.3		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···N1 ⁱ	0.89 (1)	2.43 (2)	3.139 (4)	137 (3)
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