

## 3-Chloro-N'-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol solvate

Zhen Zhang

Experimental Center, Linyi University, Linyi Shandong 276005, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zhangzhen\_lynu@126.com

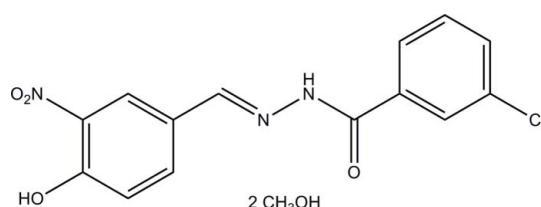
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.067;  $wR$  factor = 0.208; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_4\cdot2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ , the main molecule is in an *E* configuration with respect to the methylidene unit. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is  $1.9(3)^\circ$ . In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and bifurcated  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots(\text{O}, \text{O})$  hydrogen bonds link the components into sheets parallel to (100). An intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond is also present.

### Related literature

For the biological applications of hydrazone compounds, see: Ajani *et al.* (2010); Avaji *et al.* (2009); Fan *et al.* (2010); Rasras *et al.* (2010). For related hydrazone structures, see: Zhang (2011a,b); Ahmad *et al.* (2010); Ban (2010); Ji & Lu (2010); Shalash *et al.* (2010).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_4\cdot2\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  $M_r = 383.78$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  $a = 7.626(2)\text{ \AA}$  $b = 18.846(5)\text{ \AA}$  $c = 12.739(3)\text{ \AA}$  $\beta = 94.689(4)^\circ$  $V = 1824.6(8)\text{ \AA}^3$  $Z = 4$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation $\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298\text{ K}$  $0.23 \times 0.23 \times 0.21\text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.945$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.950$ 7726 measured reflections  
3695 independent reflections  
1842 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.208$   
 $S = 1.06$   
3695 reflections  
243 parameters  
1 restraintH atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.76\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ 

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
O3—H3A $\cdots$ O1	0.82	1.96	2.618 (4)	137
O3—H3A $\cdots$ O5	0.82	2.26	2.896 (4)	135
O6—H6 $\cdots$ O5	0.82	1.88	2.700 (5)	179
N3—H3 $\cdots$ O6 <sup>i</sup>	0.89 (1)	1.99 (2)	2.834 (4)	158 (4)
O5—H5 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.96	2.779 (4)	173

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5265).

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o1630 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811021568]

## 3-Chloro-N'-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol solvate

Zhen Zhang

### S1. Comment

Hydrazone compounds have received much attention due to their potential applications in biological chemistry (Ajani *et al.*, 2010; Avaji *et al.*, 2009; Fan *et al.*, 2010; Rasras *et al.*, 2010). As a continuation of this work on hydrazone compounds the structure of the title compound is reported herein.

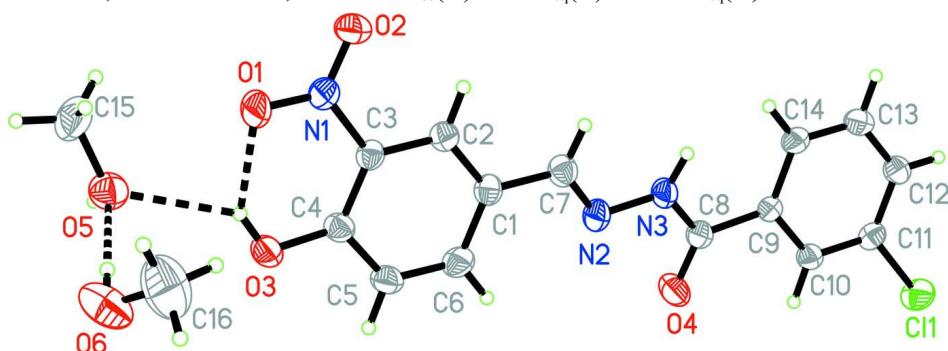
The asymmetric unit of title compound, Fig. 1, contains a hydrazone molecule and two methanol molecules. The hydrazone molecule assumes an *E* configuration with respect to the methylidene unit. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 1.9 (3)°. The bond lengths are comparable to those observed in similar hydrazone compounds (Zhang, 2011a,b; Ahmad *et al.*, 2010; Ban, 2010; Ji & Lu, 2010; Shalash *et al.*, 2010). In the crystal, intermolecular N—H···O and O—H···O hydrogen bonds link the components into two dimensional sheets parallel to (100). An intramolecular O—H···O hydrogen bond is also present (Table 1, Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

A methanol solution (50 ml) of 3-chlorobenzohydrazide (0.01 mol) and 4-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzaldehyde (0.01 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min to give a yellow solution. Yellow block-shaped single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were formed by slow evaporation of the solution in air.

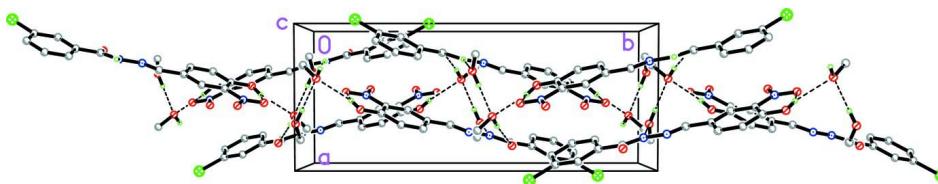
### S3. Refinement

The amino atom, H3, was found from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, O—H = 0.82 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  and  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**Figure 2**

The packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonds are shown.

### 3-Chloro-N'-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol disolvate

#### Crystal data



$M_r = 383.78$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.626 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 18.846 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.739 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.689 (4)^\circ$

$V = 1824.6 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 800$

$D_x = 1.397 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 954 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}24.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, yellow

$0.23 \times 0.23 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.945, T_{\max} = 0.950$

$7726 \text{ measured reflections}$

$3695 \text{ independent reflections}$

$1842 \text{ reflections with } I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.5^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -22 \rightarrow 23$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 8$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$

$wR(F^2) = 0.208$

$S = 1.06$

$3695 \text{ reflections}$

$243 \text{ parameters}$

$1 \text{ restraint}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0891P)^2]$ 

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.76 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	1.06078 (17)	-0.35391 (5)	0.03312 (9)	0.0708 (4)
N1	0.4832 (5)	0.32118 (17)	-0.0141 (3)	0.0546 (9)
N2	0.7478 (4)	0.02147 (15)	0.0491 (2)	0.0526 (9)
N3	0.7737 (5)	-0.03895 (16)	-0.0091 (2)	0.0518 (9)
O1	0.4617 (5)	0.37833 (14)	0.0290 (2)	0.0781 (10)
O2	0.4421 (4)	0.31188 (15)	-0.1072 (2)	0.0768 (10)
O3	0.5851 (4)	0.32945 (13)	0.21283 (19)	0.0652 (9)
H3A	0.5220	0.3575	0.1780	0.098*
O4	0.8426 (5)	-0.10265 (14)	0.1374 (2)	0.0773 (10)
O5	0.3664 (4)	0.45501 (16)	0.2154 (2)	0.0744 (9)
H5	0.3000	0.4414	0.2587	0.112*
O6	0.6850 (6)	0.5111 (2)	0.2745 (3)	0.1082 (14)
H6	0.5888	0.4937	0.2563	0.162*
C1	0.6684 (5)	0.14309 (18)	0.0505 (3)	0.0474 (10)
C2	0.5915 (5)	0.19991 (18)	-0.0036 (3)	0.0452 (9)
H2	0.5575	0.1957	-0.0751	0.054*
C3	0.5644 (5)	0.26316 (18)	0.0480 (3)	0.0437 (9)
C4	0.6108 (5)	0.27168 (19)	0.1552 (3)	0.0482 (10)
C5	0.6913 (6)	0.2144 (2)	0.2073 (3)	0.0566 (11)
H5A	0.7265	0.2186	0.2787	0.068*
C6	0.7208 (6)	0.1523 (2)	0.1581 (3)	0.0559 (11)
H6A	0.7765	0.1153	0.1959	0.067*
C7	0.6967 (5)	0.07624 (19)	-0.0032 (3)	0.0530 (10)
H7	0.6772	0.0736	-0.0761	0.064*
C8	0.8224 (5)	-0.09925 (19)	0.0410 (3)	0.0495 (10)
C9	0.8502 (5)	-0.16287 (17)	-0.0252 (3)	0.0402 (9)
C10	0.9332 (5)	-0.22067 (18)	0.0246 (3)	0.0459 (9)
H10	0.9724	-0.2180	0.0956	0.055*
C11	0.9576 (5)	-0.28200 (18)	-0.0311 (3)	0.0452 (9)
C12	0.9009 (5)	-0.2878 (2)	-0.1355 (3)	0.0543 (11)
H12	0.9173	-0.3296	-0.1722	0.065*
C13	0.8189 (6)	-0.2303 (2)	-0.1848 (3)	0.0564 (11)
H13	0.7805	-0.2333	-0.2558	0.068*
C14	0.7929 (5)	-0.16866 (19)	-0.1309 (3)	0.0498 (10)
H14	0.7365	-0.1305	-0.1656	0.060*
H3	0.771 (5)	-0.0374 (19)	-0.0792 (9)	0.060*
C15	0.2719 (8)	0.4968 (2)	0.1385 (4)	0.0930 (17)
H15A	0.2107	0.5338	0.1724	0.139*
H15B	0.1885	0.4676	0.0979	0.139*
H15C	0.3520	0.5175	0.0929	0.139*

C16	0.7983 (9)	0.5025 (3)	0.1930 (5)	0.132 (2)
H16A	0.7729	0.5382	0.1402	0.198*
H16B	0.7808	0.4563	0.1620	0.198*
H16C	0.9183	0.5071	0.2215	0.198*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0871 (10)	0.0429 (6)	0.0794 (8)	0.0123 (6)	-0.0122 (6)	0.0061 (5)
N1	0.064 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0092 (17)	0.0017 (17)	0.0028 (16)
N2	0.058 (2)	0.0397 (17)	0.0606 (19)	0.0051 (16)	0.0061 (16)	-0.0027 (15)
N3	0.064 (2)	0.0435 (18)	0.0480 (17)	0.0113 (16)	0.0056 (17)	-0.0019 (15)
O1	0.124 (3)	0.0458 (16)	0.0628 (18)	0.0307 (18)	-0.0022 (18)	-0.0022 (14)
O2	0.104 (3)	0.070 (2)	0.0520 (18)	0.0192 (18)	-0.0196 (17)	-0.0038 (14)
O3	0.095 (3)	0.0486 (16)	0.0492 (15)	0.0114 (16)	-0.0097 (15)	-0.0068 (13)
O4	0.127 (3)	0.0578 (17)	0.0454 (16)	0.0261 (18)	-0.0019 (17)	-0.0041 (13)
O5	0.086 (3)	0.077 (2)	0.0608 (19)	0.0012 (19)	0.0064 (17)	0.0053 (15)
O6	0.140 (4)	0.105 (3)	0.078 (2)	-0.042 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.014 (2)
C1	0.051 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0008 (19)	0.0063 (19)	0.0016 (17)
C2	0.045 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.047 (2)	-0.0023 (18)	0.0038 (17)	-0.0009 (16)
C3	0.049 (3)	0.0349 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.0026 (18)	0.0043 (18)	0.0056 (15)
C4	0.057 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.044 (2)	-0.0030 (19)	-0.0013 (19)	-0.0009 (17)
C5	0.070 (3)	0.054 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.0006 (18)
C6	0.064 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.0099 (18)
C7	0.060 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.0011 (18)
C8	0.057 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.0069 (19)	0.0000 (19)	-0.0014 (17)
C9	0.039 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0413 (19)	0.0031 (17)	0.0015 (16)	-0.0003 (15)
C10	0.049 (3)	0.044 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.0033 (19)	0.0000 (18)	-0.0002 (16)
C11	0.044 (2)	0.0346 (19)	0.057 (2)	-0.0009 (17)	0.0000 (18)	0.0045 (16)
C12	0.059 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.0118 (18)
C13	0.062 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.0042 (19)
C14	0.051 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.0079 (19)	-0.0027 (19)	0.0044 (17)
C15	0.113 (5)	0.074 (3)	0.092 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.018 (3)
C16	0.136 (6)	0.136 (6)	0.133 (5)	-0.021 (5)	0.061 (5)	-0.028 (5)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C11—C11	1.738 (3)	C5—C6	1.355 (5)
N1—O2	1.214 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—O1	1.226 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9300
N1—C3	1.458 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C7	1.272 (4)	C8—C9	1.491 (5)
N2—N3	1.382 (4)	C9—C14	1.386 (5)
N3—C8	1.341 (4)	C9—C10	1.387 (4)
N3—H3	0.893 (10)	C10—C11	1.377 (5)
O3—C4	1.336 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
O3—H3A	0.8200	C11—C12	1.369 (5)
O4—C8	1.227 (4)	C12—C13	1.377 (5)

O5—C15	1.409 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
O5—H5	0.8200	C13—C14	1.371 (5)
O6—C16	1.413 (6)	C13—H13	0.9300
O6—H6	0.8200	C14—H14	0.9300
C1—C2	1.378 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.406 (5)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C1—C7	1.458 (5)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.385 (5)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.392 (5)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.385 (5)		
O2—N1—O1	122.1 (3)	O4—C8—C9	120.8 (3)
O2—N1—C3	119.1 (3)	N3—C8—C9	117.4 (3)
O1—N1—C3	118.8 (3)	C14—C9—C10	118.6 (3)
C7—N2—N3	116.0 (3)	C14—C9—C8	124.4 (3)
C8—N3—N2	119.3 (3)	C10—C9—C8	117.0 (3)
C8—N3—H3	119 (2)	C11—C10—C9	119.9 (3)
N2—N3—H3	121 (2)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
C4—O3—H3A	109.5	C9—C10—H10	120.0
C15—O5—H5	109.5	C12—C11—C10	121.5 (3)
C16—O6—H6	109.5	C12—C11—Cl1	119.3 (3)
C2—C1—C6	117.8 (3)	C10—C11—Cl1	119.1 (3)
C2—C1—C7	120.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13	118.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7	121.5 (3)	C11—C12—H12	120.8
C1—C2—C3	120.4 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.8
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C14—C13—C12	121.2 (4)
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C14—C13—H13	119.4
C2—C3—C4	122.0 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C2—C3—N1	117.5 (3)	C13—C14—C9	120.4 (3)
C4—C3—N1	120.6 (3)	C13—C14—H14	119.8
O3—C4—C5	116.8 (3)	C9—C14—H14	119.8
O3—C4—C3	126.6 (3)	O5—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C4—C3	116.6 (3)	O5—C15—H15B	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.4 (4)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	118.8	O5—C15—H15C	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	118.8	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	120.9 (3)	H15B—C15—H16A	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	119.6	O6—C16—H16A	109.5
C1—C6—H6A	119.6	O6—C16—H16B	109.5
N2—C7—C1	120.4 (3)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
N2—C7—H7	119.8	O6—C16—H16C	109.5
C1—C7—H7	119.8	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O4—C8—N3	121.8 (3)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H···A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H···A</i>	<i>D···A</i>	<i>D—H···A</i>
O3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O1	0.82	1.96	2.618 (4)	137
O3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O5	0.82	2.26	2.896 (4)	135
O6—H6···O5	0.82	1.88	2.700 (5)	179
N3—H3···O6 <sup>i</sup>	0.89 (1)	1.99 (2)	2.834 (4)	158 (4)
O5—H5···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.96	2.779 (4)	173

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .