

**2-[(4-Chloroanilino)methyl]phenol****Li-Zhuang Chen**

School of Biology and Chemical Engineering, Jiangsu University of Science and Technology, Zhenjiang 212003, People's Republic of China  
 Correspondence e-mail: clz1977@sina.com

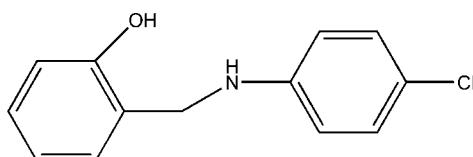
Received 13 July 2011; accepted 19 July 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.068;  $wR$  factor = 0.186; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}$ , the dihedral angle between the two benzene ring planes is  $68.71(8)^\circ$ . In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds into inversion dimers, which are further linked by intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions into a chain running parallel to the  $a$  axis.

**Related literature**

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Noda (1959). For related structures, see: Liu *et al.* (2007); Qu *et al.* (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}$	$c = 13.023(3)\text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 233.69$	$\alpha = 86.87(3)^\circ$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$\beta = 89.12(3)^\circ$
$a = 5.5842(11)\text{ \AA}$	$\gamma = 88.65(3)^\circ$
$b = 7.9485(16)\text{ \AA}$	$V = 577.0(2)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.31\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\text{ K}$   
 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
*(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)*  
 $T_{\min} = 0.895$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.940$

5968 measured reflections  
 2637 independent reflections  
 1383 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.061$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.186$   
 $S = 0.98$   
 2637 reflections  
 153 parameters  
 2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1B $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86 (1)	2.20 (1)	3.038 (3)	165 (3)
O1—H1A $\cdots$ N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (1)	1.93 (1)	2.777 (3)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by a start-up grant from Jiangsu University of Science and Technology, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2430).

**References**

- Liu, Y.-F., Xia, H.-T., Yang, S.-P. & Wang, D.-Q. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E63*, o3561.
- Noda, M. (1959). *J. Org. Chem.* **24**, 1209–1212.
- Qu, Y., Tian, L.-J. & Dong, J. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E63*, o4832.
- Rigaku (2005). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o2125 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811029047]

## 2-[(4-Chloroanilino)methyl]phenol

Li-Zhuang Chen

### S1. Comment

In the title compound (Fig. 1), which was synthesized by the reduction of 2-((4-chlorophenylimino)methyl)phenol, the dihedral angle between the two benzene ring planes is  $68.71(8)^\circ$ . In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked by intermolecular N—H···O, and O—H···N hydrogen bonds into a one-dimensional chain along the *a*-axis (Tab. 1 & Fig. 2).

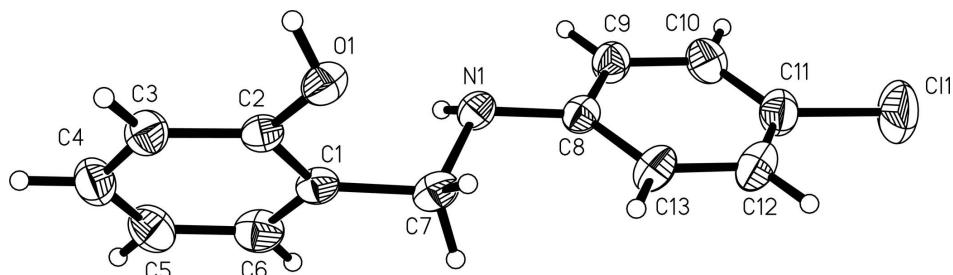
The crystal structure of compounds closely related to the title molecule, eg., 2-[(4-chlorophenyl)aminomethyl]-6-methoxyphenol (Liu *et al.*, 2007) and 2-(anilinomethyl)phenol (Qu *et al.*, 2007) have been reported.

### S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the reaction of 2-((4-chlorophenylimino)- methyl)phenol (2.31 g, 10 mmol) with NaBH<sub>4</sub> (0.38 g, 10 mmol) in 50 ml methanol according to the reported method (Noda, 1959). Crystals were obtained from an ethanolic (95%) solution by slow evaporation at room temperature.

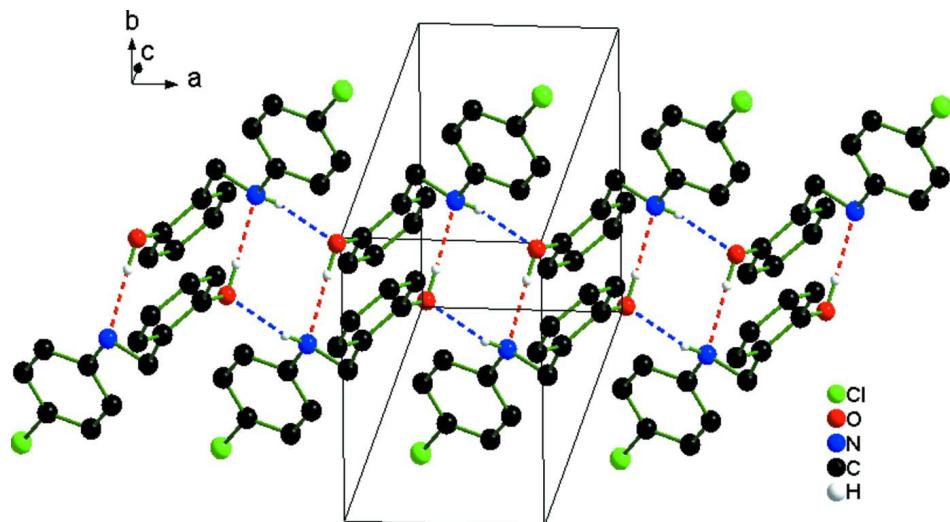
### S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to C were placed at calculated positions and were included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å, for aryl and methylene H atoms, respectively, and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . The H atoms on N and O atoms were located form a difference map and were allowed to refine freely.



**Figure 1**

A view of the title compound with atomic labels. Displacement ellipsoids were drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

The unit cell packing of the title compound viewed along the *a*-axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines and the H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been excluded for clarity.

### 2-[(4-Chloroanilino)methyl]phenol

#### Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{12}ClNO$   
 $M_r = 233.69$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
Hall symbol: -P 1  
 $a = 5.5842 (11) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 7.9485 (16) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 13.023 (3) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\alpha = 86.87 (3)^\circ$   
 $\beta = 89.12 (3)^\circ$   
 $\gamma = 88.65 (3)^\circ$   
 $V = 577.0 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$   
 $F(000) = 244$   
 $D_x = 1.345 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
Cell parameters from 4578 reflections  
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}27.5^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$   
Prism, colorless  
 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$   
CCD\_Profile\_fitting scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.895$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.940$

5968 measured reflections  
2637 independent reflections  
1383 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.061$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$   
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$   
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.186$   
 $S = 0.98$   
2637 reflections

153 parameters  
2 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0821P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.3943 (2)	0.26252 (15)	-0.02082 (7)	0.1029 (5)
O1	1.2068 (3)	0.3737 (2)	0.53931 (14)	0.0477 (5)
N1	0.6596 (4)	0.3048 (3)	0.41482 (17)	0.0427 (6)
C2	1.0518 (4)	0.2978 (3)	0.6089 (2)	0.0395 (6)
C1	0.8691 (4)	0.2033 (3)	0.5715 (2)	0.0431 (7)
C8	0.5997 (4)	0.2890 (3)	0.3104 (2)	0.0420 (6)
C3	1.0818 (5)	0.3070 (4)	0.7143 (2)	0.0504 (7)
H3	1.2079	0.3668	0.7391	0.061*
C7	0.8410 (5)	0.1848 (3)	0.4587 (2)	0.0500 (7)
H7A	0.9936	0.2038	0.4239	0.060*
H7B	0.7942	0.0707	0.4472	0.060*
C6	0.7158 (5)	0.1240 (4)	0.6421 (3)	0.0593 (8)
H6	0.5924	0.0604	0.6185	0.071*
C9	0.3944 (5)	0.3687 (4)	0.2737 (2)	0.0519 (7)
H9	0.2965	0.4278	0.3183	0.062*
C13	0.7429 (5)	0.2015 (4)	0.2433 (2)	0.0545 (8)
H13	0.8824	0.1469	0.2666	0.065*
C11	0.4753 (6)	0.2735 (4)	0.1065 (2)	0.0611 (8)
C10	0.3309 (6)	0.3627 (4)	0.1723 (2)	0.0621 (8)
H10	0.1924	0.4181	0.1485	0.074*
C4	0.9239 (5)	0.2272 (4)	0.7814 (2)	0.0589 (8)
H4	0.9426	0.2351	0.8519	0.071*
C12	0.6794 (6)	0.1947 (4)	0.1411 (2)	0.0642 (9)
H12	0.7768	0.1361	0.0960	0.077*
C5	0.7407 (6)	0.1367 (4)	0.7467 (2)	0.0633 (9)
H5	0.6338	0.0842	0.7928	0.076*
H1B	0.532 (3)	0.304 (4)	0.4527 (18)	0.058 (9)*
H1A	1.248 (6)	0.469 (2)	0.560 (2)	0.087 (12)*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.1313 (10)	0.1297 (10)	0.0496 (6)	-0.0068 (7)	-0.0160 (6)	-0.0149 (6)
O1	0.0482 (11)	0.0441 (12)	0.0517 (12)	-0.0070 (9)	0.0071 (9)	-0.0107 (10)
N1	0.0390 (13)	0.0442 (13)	0.0453 (14)	0.0033 (10)	0.0031 (10)	-0.0089 (11)
C2	0.0350 (14)	0.0364 (14)	0.0471 (16)	0.0057 (11)	0.0012 (12)	-0.0044 (12)
C1	0.0388 (14)	0.0375 (15)	0.0533 (17)	0.0010 (12)	-0.0030 (12)	-0.0051 (13)
C8	0.0393 (14)	0.0427 (15)	0.0446 (16)	-0.0074 (12)	0.0031 (12)	-0.0067 (12)
C3	0.0465 (16)	0.0530 (18)	0.0521 (18)	0.0009 (13)	-0.0077 (13)	-0.0044 (14)
C7	0.0440 (15)	0.0448 (16)	0.0622 (19)	0.0038 (13)	-0.0050 (13)	-0.0137 (14)
C6	0.0494 (18)	0.0526 (18)	0.076 (2)	-0.0090 (14)	-0.0072 (16)	-0.0022 (16)
C9	0.0522 (17)	0.0562 (18)	0.0474 (17)	0.0053 (14)	0.0028 (13)	-0.0061 (14)
C13	0.0460 (16)	0.0617 (18)	0.0578 (19)	0.0016 (14)	0.0018 (14)	-0.0214 (15)
C11	0.069 (2)	0.068 (2)	0.0471 (18)	-0.0102 (18)	-0.0011 (15)	-0.0069 (16)
C10	0.0618 (19)	0.069 (2)	0.0547 (19)	0.0018 (16)	-0.0088 (15)	0.0042 (16)
C4	0.067 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0448 (18)	0.0051 (17)	-0.0008 (15)	0.0032 (15)
C12	0.068 (2)	0.070 (2)	0.057 (2)	-0.0049 (17)	0.0073 (16)	-0.0234 (17)
C5	0.063 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.060 (2)	-0.0059 (17)	0.0085 (16)	0.0116 (17)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C11—C11	1.733 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9700
O1—C2	1.370 (3)	C6—C5	1.381 (4)
O1—H1A	0.853 (10)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C8	1.418 (3)	C9—C10	1.376 (4)
N1—C7	1.475 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
N1—H1B	0.858 (10)	C13—C12	1.387 (4)
C2—C1	1.391 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.391 (3)	C11—C12	1.358 (4)
C1—C6	1.383 (4)	C11—C10	1.381 (4)
C1—C7	1.495 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
C8—C9	1.376 (4)	C4—C5	1.361 (4)
C8—C13	1.381 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
C3—C4	1.374 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C5—H5	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9700		
C2—O1—H1A	110 (2)	C5—C6—H6	119.1
C8—N1—C7	117.0 (2)	C1—C6—H6	119.1
C8—N1—H1B	110.3 (19)	C8—C9—C10	121.4 (3)
C7—N1—H1B	110.4 (19)	C8—C9—H9	119.3
O1—C2—C1	118.1 (2)	C10—C9—H9	119.3
O1—C2—C3	121.4 (2)	C8—C13—C12	120.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3	120.4 (2)	C8—C13—H13	119.9
C6—C1—C2	117.9 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.9
C6—C1—C7	120.8 (2)	C12—C11—C10	120.4 (3)
C2—C1—C7	121.3 (2)	C12—C11—Cl1	120.1 (3)

C9—C8—C13	118.6 (3)	C10—C11—Cl1	119.5 (3)
C9—C8—N1	118.7 (2)	C9—C10—C11	119.2 (3)
C13—C8—N1	122.7 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.4
C4—C3—C2	119.5 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.4
C4—C3—H3	120.2	C5—C4—C3	121.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.2	C5—C4—H4	119.4
N1—C7—C1	111.6 (2)	C3—C4—H4	119.4
N1—C7—H7A	109.3	C11—C12—C13	120.2 (3)
C1—C7—H7A	109.3	C11—C12—H12	119.9
N1—C7—H7B	109.3	C13—C12—H12	119.9
C1—C7—H7B	109.3	C4—C5—C6	119.1 (3)
H7A—C7—H7B	108.0	C4—C5—H5	120.4
C5—C6—C1	121.8 (3)	C6—C5—H5	120.4
O1—C2—C1—C6	178.7 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-0.1 (4)
C3—C2—C1—C6	1.9 (4)	N1—C8—C9—C10	177.9 (2)
O1—C2—C1—C7	-0.2 (4)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.0 (4)
C3—C2—C1—C7	-177.0 (2)	N1—C8—C13—C12	-177.9 (2)
C7—N1—C8—C9	164.5 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.6 (5)
C7—N1—C8—C13	-17.7 (4)	C12—C11—C10—C9	-1.0 (5)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-179.2 (2)	C11—C11—C10—C9	179.0 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.5 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (4)
C8—N1—C7—C1	-174.1 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.8 (5)
C6—C1—C7—N1	83.6 (3)	C11—C11—C12—C13	-179.1 (2)
C2—C1—C7—N1	-97.5 (3)	C8—C13—C12—C11	-0.3 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (5)
C7—C1—C6—C5	178.8 (3)	C1—C6—C5—C4	-1.2 (5)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1B···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86 (1)	2.20 (1)	3.038 (3)	165 (3)
O1—H1A···N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (1)	1.93 (1)	2.777 (3)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ .