

N,N'-Bis[(E)-2,4,6-trimethylbenzylidene]-ethane-1,2-diamine

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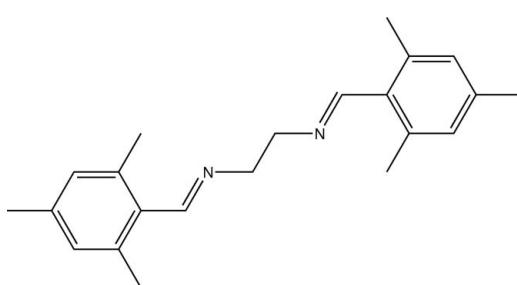
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 200\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.047; wR factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.5.

The title compound, $C_{22}H_{28}N_2$, which is a double imine derived from ethane-1,2-diamine and mesityl aldehyde, has crystallographic inversion symmetry, with both $\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$ bonds *E* configured. The dihedral angle between the mesityl ring system and the imide functional group is $23.89(17)^\circ$.

Related literature

For background to applications of chelate complexes, see: Gade (1998). For the crystal structure of a palladium coordination compound involving the title compound as a ligand, see: Arici *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{22}H_{28}N_2$	$V = 926.21(7)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 320.46$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 11.1346(5)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.07\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 5.2082(2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 200\text{ K}$
$c = 15.9958(7)\text{ \AA}$	$0.21 \times 0.09 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 93.154(2)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	2298 independent reflections
8541 measured reflections	1205 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	112 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.113$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.89$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2298 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2010); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2010); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank Mr Gunther Hufnagel for helpful discussions.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2130).

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

Chelate ligands have found widespread use in coordination chemistry due to the enhanced thermodynamic stability of resultant metal complexes in relation to those compounds involving comparable monodentate ligands exclusively (Gade, 1998). In our continuing efforts in elucidating the rules governing the formation of metal complexes with nitrogen-containing chelate ligands, we determined the structure of the title compound, C₂₂H₂₈N₂, to allow comparative studies on designed coordination compounds. Structural information on a palladium(II) complex featuring the title compound as a ligand is found in the literature (Arici *et al.*, 2006).

The title compound has crystallographic inversion symmetry, the asymmetric unit comprising half a molecule, with both double-bonds (*E*)-configured (Fig. 1). Mesomeric interaction between the aromatic systems and the imine groups is hampered by the presence of the bulky methyl groups in the mesityl moiety which is evident in the out-of-plane orientation of the functional group of the Schiff-base. The dihedral angle between the least-squares planes defined by the carbon atoms of the mesityl group and those of the imine functional group (C—N=C) is 23.89 (17)°.

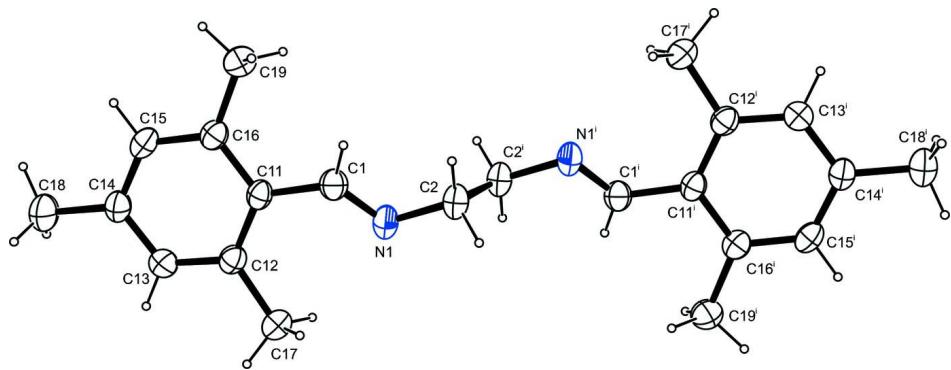
In the crystal structure, no significant intermolecular interactions are present (Fig. 2). The shortest inter-centroid distance between two aromatic ring systems was found to be 5.6101 (9) Å.

S2. Experimental

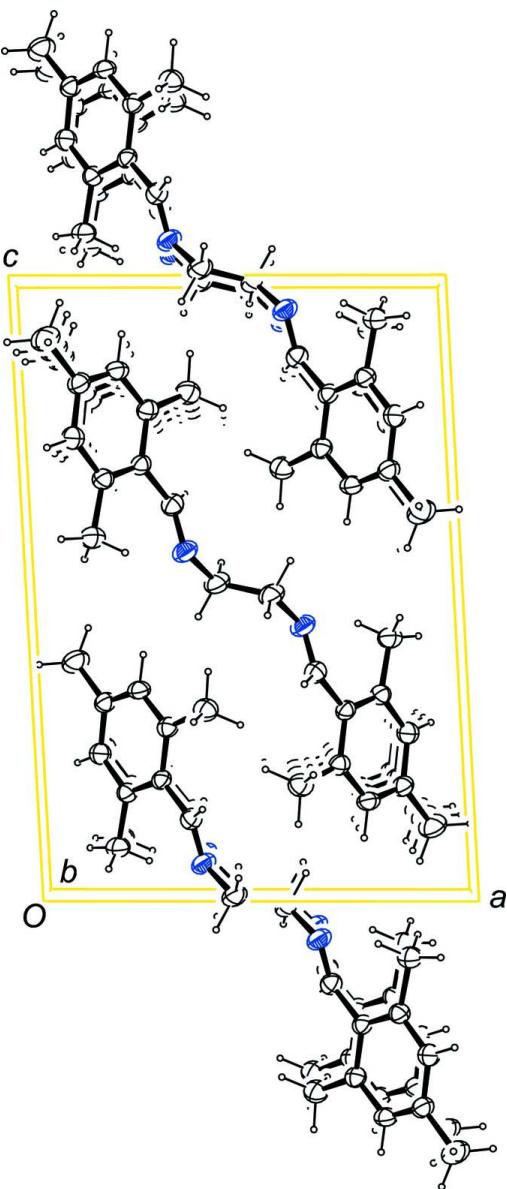
The title compound was prepared from the reaction of ethylenediamine (0.017 mol) and 2,4,6-trimethylbenzaldehyde (0.034 mol) at room temperature for two hours. The colourless title compound was filtered and recrystallized from methanol.

S3. Refinement

Carbon-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{iso}(\text{H})$ set to 1.2 U_{eq} (aromatic and methylene C) or 1.5 U_{eq} (methyl C). The H atoms of the methyl groups were allowed to rotate.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and anisotropic displacement ellipsoids (drawn at the 50% probability level). For symmetry code (i): $-x + 1, -y, -z$.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of the title compound, viewed along [0 1 0] (anisotropic displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level).

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Crystal data

$C_{22}H_{28}N_2$

$M_r = 320.46$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 11.1346 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.2082 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 15.9958 (7) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 93.154 (2)^\circ$

$V = 926.21 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 348$

$D_x = 1.149 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1409 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}25.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 200\text{ K}$
Rod, colourless

$0.21 \times 0.09 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
8541 measured reflections
2298 independent reflections

1205 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.3^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^\circ$
 $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$
 $S = 0.89$
2298 reflections
112 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0511P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.37236 (13)	0.1259 (3)	0.05808 (8)	0.0384 (4)
C1	0.34978 (14)	0.0574 (3)	0.13110 (10)	0.0315 (4)
H1	0.3771	-0.1078	0.1486	0.038*
C2	0.43958 (14)	-0.0558 (3)	0.00940 (10)	0.0400 (5)
H2A	0.3934	-0.0954	-0.0437	0.048*
H2B	0.4514	-0.2177	0.0412	0.048*
C11	0.28497 (13)	0.2094 (3)	0.19186 (9)	0.0275 (4)
C12	0.20161 (14)	0.4033 (3)	0.16864 (9)	0.0297 (4)
C13	0.14202 (14)	0.5283 (3)	0.23055 (9)	0.0340 (4)
H13	0.0859	0.6593	0.2147	0.041*
C14	0.16123 (14)	0.4694 (3)	0.31499 (10)	0.0322 (4)
C15	0.24383 (14)	0.2802 (3)	0.33654 (9)	0.0320 (4)
H15	0.2584	0.2385	0.3940	0.038*
C16	0.30645 (14)	0.1486 (3)	0.27741 (9)	0.0290 (4)
C17	0.17222 (15)	0.4778 (3)	0.07837 (10)	0.0398 (5)
H17A	0.1050	0.5996	0.0756	0.060*
H17B	0.1498	0.3240	0.0458	0.060*
H17C	0.2428	0.5579	0.0552	0.060*
C18	0.09542 (17)	0.6100 (3)	0.38071 (11)	0.0487 (5)
H18A	0.1299	0.5635	0.4364	0.073*
H18B	0.0101	0.5625	0.3762	0.073*
H18C	0.1034	0.7955	0.3723	0.073*
C19	0.39721 (15)	-0.0503 (3)	0.30684 (10)	0.0394 (4)
H19A	0.4074	-0.0454	0.3681	0.059*

H19B	0.4744	-0.0142	0.2827	0.059*
H19C	0.3689	-0.2209	0.2889	0.059*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0414 (8)	0.0446 (9)	0.0303 (8)	0.0052 (7)	0.0114 (6)	-0.0025 (7)
C1	0.0324 (9)	0.0305 (9)	0.0319 (9)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0039 (7)	-0.0024 (7)
C2	0.0443 (11)	0.0457 (11)	0.0308 (9)	0.0052 (9)	0.0099 (8)	-0.0067 (8)
C11	0.0271 (8)	0.0303 (9)	0.0255 (8)	-0.0059 (7)	0.0049 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C12	0.0297 (9)	0.0327 (9)	0.0267 (9)	-0.0040 (7)	0.0023 (7)	0.0001 (7)
C13	0.0332 (9)	0.0365 (10)	0.0321 (9)	0.0045 (8)	0.0014 (7)	-0.0005 (8)
C14	0.0330 (9)	0.0355 (10)	0.0286 (9)	-0.0016 (8)	0.0058 (7)	-0.0048 (7)
C15	0.0372 (10)	0.0367 (10)	0.0224 (8)	-0.0068 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0017 (7)
C16	0.0309 (9)	0.0283 (9)	0.0281 (9)	-0.0051 (7)	0.0037 (7)	0.0022 (7)
C17	0.0418 (10)	0.0490 (11)	0.0288 (9)	0.0045 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0044 (8)
C18	0.0547 (12)	0.0546 (13)	0.0377 (11)	0.0095 (10)	0.0118 (9)	-0.0082 (9)
C19	0.0425 (10)	0.0408 (10)	0.0349 (10)	0.0029 (9)	0.0024 (8)	0.0065 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

N1—C1	1.2597 (19)	C14—C18	1.504 (2)
N1—C2	1.458 (2)	C15—C16	1.387 (2)
C1—C11	1.473 (2)	C15—H15	0.9500
C1—H1	0.9500	C16—C19	1.505 (2)
C2—C2 ⁱ	1.511 (3)	C17—H17A	0.9800
C2—H2A	0.9900	C17—H17B	0.9800
C2—H2B	0.9900	C17—H17C	0.9800
C11—C12	1.408 (2)	C18—H18A	0.9800
C11—C16	1.412 (2)	C18—H18B	0.9800
C12—C13	1.385 (2)	C18—H18C	0.9800
C12—C17	1.513 (2)	C19—H19A	0.9800
C13—C14	1.390 (2)	C19—H19B	0.9800
C13—H13	0.9500	C19—H19C	0.9800
C14—C15	1.379 (2)		
C1—N1—C2	116.49 (14)	C14—C15—H15	118.8
N1—C1—C11	126.14 (15)	C16—C15—H15	118.8
N1—C1—H1	116.9	C15—C16—C11	119.02 (15)
C11—C1—H1	116.9	C15—C16—C19	118.77 (15)
N1—C2—C2 ⁱ	110.22 (17)	C11—C16—C19	122.19 (14)
N1—C2—H2A	109.6	C12—C17—H17A	109.5
C2 ⁱ —C2—H2A	109.6	C12—C17—H17B	109.5
N1—C2—H2B	109.6	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C2 ⁱ —C2—H2B	109.6	C12—C17—H17C	109.5
H2A—C2—H2B	108.1	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C12—C11—C16	119.39 (14)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C12—C11—C1	123.46 (14)	C14—C18—H18A	109.5

C16—C11—C1	117.12 (14)	C14—C18—H18B	109.5
C13—C12—C11	118.92 (14)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C13—C12—C17	118.36 (15)	C14—C18—H18C	109.5
C11—C12—C17	122.71 (14)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C12—C13—C14	122.47 (16)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C12—C13—H13	118.8	C16—C19—H19A	109.5
C14—C13—H13	118.8	C16—C19—H19B	109.5
C15—C14—C13	117.75 (14)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C15—C14—C18	121.14 (15)	C16—C19—H19C	109.5
C13—C14—C18	121.11 (16)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C14—C15—C16	122.43 (15)	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C2—N1—C1—C11	179.13 (14)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.5 (2)
C1—N1—C2—C2 ⁱ	-115.7 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C18	179.66 (16)
N1—C1—C11—C12	25.0 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.4 (2)
N1—C1—C11—C16	-156.94 (15)	C18—C14—C15—C16	-179.55 (16)
C16—C11—C12—C13	-0.5 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.1 (2)
C1—C11—C12—C13	177.53 (15)	C14—C15—C16—C19	178.47 (15)
C16—C11—C12—C17	-179.17 (14)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.6 (2)
C1—C11—C12—C17	-1.2 (2)	C1—C11—C16—C15	-177.54 (14)
C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.1 (2)	C12—C11—C16—C19	-177.96 (14)
C17—C12—C13—C14	178.66 (14)	C1—C11—C16—C19	3.9 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z$.