

## 2-(5,6-Dihydrobenzimidazo[1,2-c]-quinazolin-6-yl)-5-methoxyphenol

Naser Eltaher Eltayeb,<sup>a,b</sup> Siang Guan Teoh,<sup>a</sup> Suchada Chantrapromma<sup>c</sup>‡ and Hoong-Kun Fun<sup>d,\*§</sup>

<sup>a</sup>School of Chemical Sciences, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, International University of Africa, Sudan, <sup>c</sup>Crystal Materials Research Unit, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Prince of Songkla University, Hat-Yai, Songkhla 90112, Thailand, and <sup>d</sup>X-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia  
Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

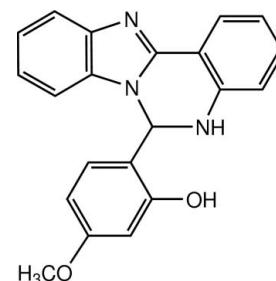
Received 16 August 2011; accepted 19 August 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.059;  $wR$  factor = 0.139; data-to-parameter ratio = 27.1.

In the title quinazoline derivative,  $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_2$ , the benzimidazole unit makes dihedral angles of 8.29 (5) and 81.79 (5) $^\circ$  with the benzene rings of the quinazoline and methoxyphenol units, respectively. The nitrogen-containing six-membered ring adopts a half-chair conformation. In the crystal, the molecules are linked through O—H···N hydrogen bonds into screw chains along the  $b$  axis; adjacent chains are further connected by N—H···O hydrogen bonds, thereby forming a two-dimensional network lying parallel to the  $bc$  plane. Weak C—H··· $\pi$  and  $\pi$ ··· $\pi$  interactions with centroid–centroid distances of 3.5258 (8) and 3.7184 (7)  $\text{\AA}$  are present and N···O [2.6816 (15) and 3.0519 (15)  $\text{\AA}$ ] short contacts also occur.

### Related literature

For background to benzoheterocyclic derivatives and their applications, see: Arienzo *et al.* (2007); Chassaing *et al.* (2008); Galarce *et al.* (2008); Kumar & Rajput (2009); Kung *et al.* (2009); Podunavac-Kuzmanovic & Cvetkovic (2010); Via *et al.* (2001); Xue *et al.* (2011); Zhang *et al.* (2009). For related structures, see: Eltayeb *et al.* (2007, 2009, 2011*a,b*). For reference bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For ring conformations, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_2$	$V = 1645.87 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 343.38$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.5408 (1)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 15.6503 (2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 100\text{ K}$
$c = 11.7609 (1)\text{ \AA}$	$0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.22\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 110.408 (1)^\circ$	

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	31713 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	6610 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.974$ , $T_{\max} = 0.980$	4637 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.139$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.43\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.30\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
6610 reflections	
244 parameters	

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

*Cg4* is the centroid of the C15–C20 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}3-\text{H1N}3\cdots\text{O}2^{\text{i}}$	0.907 (19)	2.211 (19)	3.0519 (15)	153.8 (17)
$\text{O}1-\text{H1O}1\cdots\text{N}2^{\text{ii}}$	0.98 (2)	1.72 (2)	2.6816 (15)	168 (2)
$\text{C}2-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{Cg4}$	0.95	2.85	3.6277 (16)	140

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the RU research grant No. 1001/PKIMIA/815067. NEE thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral fellowship and the International University of Africa (Sudan) for providing study leave. The authors also thank the Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160.

‡ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5085-2009.

§ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6371).

## References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Arienzo, R., Cramp, S., Dyke, H. J., Lockey, P. M., Norman, D., Roach, A. G., Smith, P., Wong, M. & Wren, S. P. (2007). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **17**, 1403–1407.
- Bruker (2005). *APEX2, SAINT and SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Chassaing, C., Berger, M., Heckeroth, A., Ilg, T., Jaeger, M., Kern, C., Schmid, K. & Uphoff, M. (2008). *J. Med. Chem.* **51**, 1111–1114.
- Cosier, J. & Glazer, A. M. (1986). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **19**, 105–107.
- Cremer, D. & Pople, J. A. (1975). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **97**, 1354–1358.
- Eltayeb, N. E., Teoh, S. G., Chantrapromma, S. & Fun, H.-K. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E* **63**, o4141–o4142.
- Eltayeb, N. E., Teoh, S. G., Chantrapromma, S. & Fun, H.-K. (2011a). *Acta Cryst. E* **67**, m1062–m1063.
- Eltayeb, N. E., Teoh, S. G., Chantrapromma, S. & Fun, H.-K. (2011b). *Acta Cryst. E* **67**, m1182–m1183.
- Eltayeb, N. E., Teoh, S. G., Quah, C. K., Fun, H.-K. & Adnan, R. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o1613–o1614.
- Galarce, G. D., Fonseca, R. E., Edwards, A. M., Pessoamahana, H., Mahana, C. D. P. & Ebensperger, R. A. (2008). *Biol. Res.* **41**, 43–50.
- Kumar, A. & Rajput, C. S. (2009). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **44**, 83–90.
- Kung, P., Casper, M. D., Cook, K. L., Lingardo, L. W., Risen, L. M., Vickers, T. A. & Genady, A. R. (2009). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **44**, 409–416.
- Podunavac-Kuzmanovic, S. & Cvetkovic, D. (2010). *Rev. Roum. Chim.* **55**, 363–367.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D* **65**, 148–155.
- Via, L. D., Gia, O., Mango, S. M., Settimio, A. D., Marini, A. M., Primofiore, G., Settimio, F. D. A. & Salerno, S. (2001). *Il Farmaco*, **56**, 159–167.
- Xue, F., Luo, X., Ye, C., Ye, W. & Wang, Y. (2011). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **19**, 2641–2649.
- Zhang, Y., Chen, Z., Lou, Y. & Yu, Y. (2009). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **44**, 448–452.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o2410–o2411 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811034027]

## 2-(5,6-Dihydrobenzimidazo[1,2-c]quinazolin-6-yl)-5-methoxyphenol

Naser Eltaher Eltayeb, Siang Guan Teoh, Suchada Chantrapromma and Hoong-Kun Fun

### S1. Comment

Benzoheterocyclic derivatives have been used widely in the pharmaceutical industry and medicine due to their diverse pharmaceutical activities (Arienzo *et al.*, 2007; Chassaing *et al.*, 2008; Kumar *et al.*, 2009; Kung *et al.*, 2009; Podunavac-Kuzmanovic & Cvetkovic, 2010; Zhang *et al.*, 2009) including inhibition against enteroviruses (Xue *et al.*, 2011) and potent antitumor activity (Galarcei *et al.*, 2008; Via *et al.*, 2001). Due to their interesting activities, the benzimidazole and quinazoline scaffolds were selected for our ongoing structural studies (Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007; 2009; 2011a; 2011b).

In the title compound (I) (Fig. 1), the benzimidazole ring system (C1–C7/N1–N2) is planar with the *r.m.s.* of 0.0086 (1) Å with the most deviation for atom C1 of 0.0183 (1) Å. The benzimidazole makes the dihedral angle of 8.29 (5)° with the C8–C13 benzene ring of the quinazoline moiety (C7–C14/N1/N3). The nitrogen six-membered ring adopts a half-chair conformation with the puckering parameter  $Q = 0.3941$  (13) Å,  $\theta = 59.34$  (19)° and  $\varphi = 277.7$  (2)° (Cremer & Pople, 1975). The orientation of the 5-methoxyphenol can be indicated by the dihedral angle between the phenol ring and benzimidazole of 81.79 (5)°. The methoxy substituted is slightly twisted from its attached benzene ring with the torsion angle C21–O2–C18–C19 = 8.93 (17)°. The bond lengths agree with the literature values (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

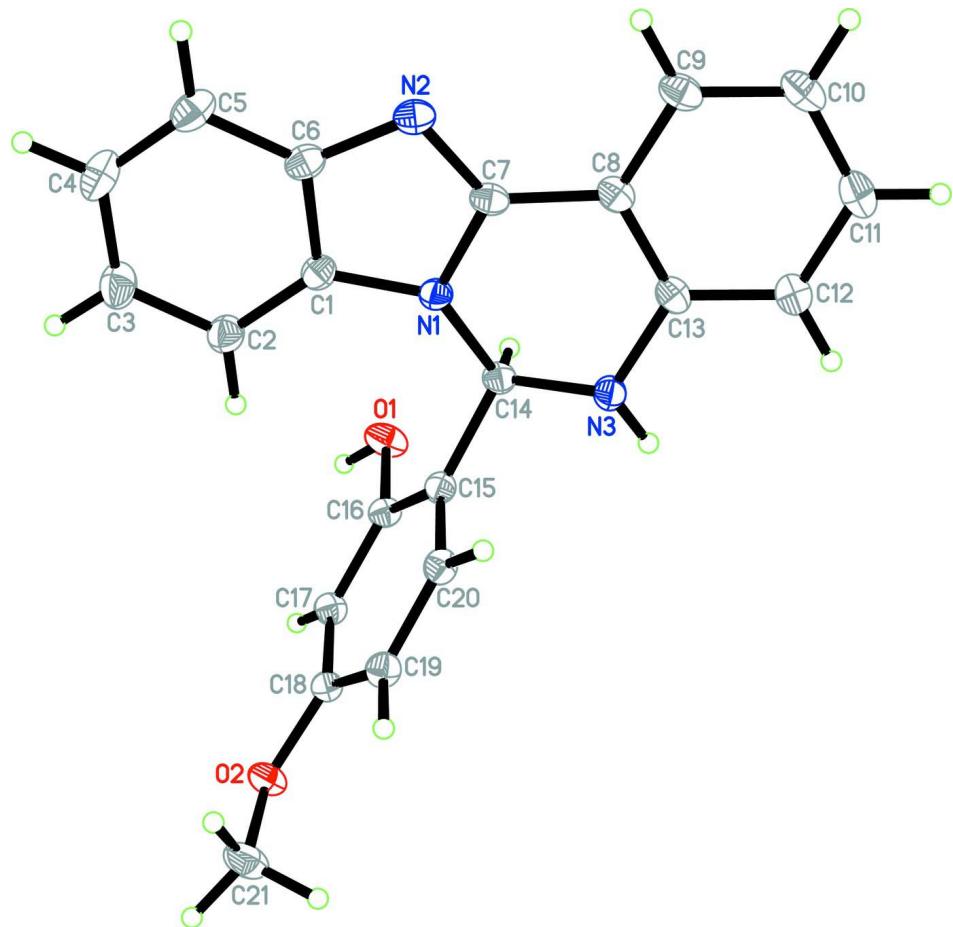
In the crystal structure of (I) as shown Fig. 2, the molecules are linked through O—H···N hydrogen bonds (Table 1) into screw chains along the *b* axis. The adjacent screw chains are further connected by N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) forming the two-dimensional network parallel to the *bc* plane. The crystal is further stabilized by C—H···π weak interactions (Table 1). π···π interactions were also observed with centroid···centroid distances:  $Cg_1\cdots Cg_3^{iii} = 3.7184$  (7) Å and  $Cg_2\cdots Cg_2^{iv} = 3.5258$  (8) Å;  $Cg_1$ ,  $Cg_2$  and  $Cg_3$  are the centroids of C1/C6/C7/N1–N2, C1–C6 and C8–C13 rings, respectively (symmetry codes: (iii) = -*x*, 1-*y*, -*z* and (iv) = -*x*, 1-*y*, 1-*z*). N···O[2.6816 (15) and 3.0519 (15) Å] short contacts were also observed.

### S2. Experimental

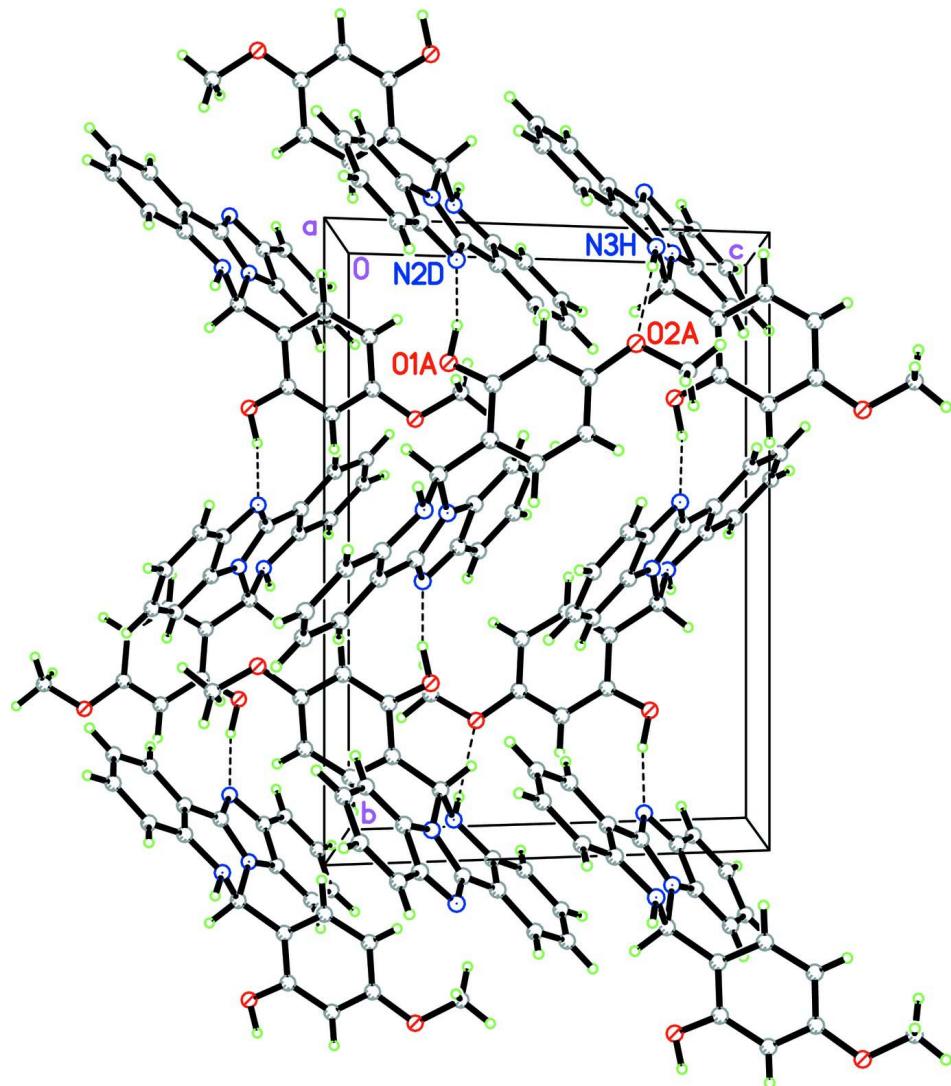
The title compound was synthesized by adding 2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzaldehyde (0.304 g, 2.0 mmol) to a solution of 2-(2-aminophenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazole (0.418 g, 2.0 mmol) in ethanol (30 mL). The mixture was refluxed with stirring for 2 hrs. The color of the resulting solution was pale-yellow. Pale-yellow blocks were formed after three weeks of slow evaporation of ethanol at room temperature.

### S3. Refinement

H atom attached to O1 and N3 were located in a difference maps and refined isotropically. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with  $d(C-H) = 0.95$  Å for aromatic and CH; and 0.98 Å for  $CH_3$ . The  $U_{iso}$  values were constrained to be  $1.5U_{eq}$  of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and  $1.2U_{eq}$  for the remaining H atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups. The highest residual electron density peak is located at 0.67 Å from C13 and the deepest hole is located at 0.45 Å from C14.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound viewed down the  $a$  axis, showing 2D network parallel to the  $bc$  plane. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

### 2-(5,6-dihydrobenzimidazo[1,2-c]quinazolin-6-yl)-5-methoxyphenol

#### *Crystal data*

$C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_2$

$M_r = 343.38$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 9.5408 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 15.6503 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 11.7609 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 110.408 (1)^\circ$

$V = 1645.87 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 720$

$D_x = 1.386 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 6610 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}33.8^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Block, pale yellow

$0.28 \times 0.25 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.974$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.980$

31713 measured reflections  
6610 independent reflections  
4637 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 33.8^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$   
 $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = -24 \rightarrow 22$   
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$   
 $S = 1.05$   
6610 reflections  
244 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0535P)^2 + 0.6883P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 120.0 (1) K.

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.14755 (11)	0.22525 (6)	0.27396 (8)	0.0225 (2)
O2	0.48793 (10)	0.20256 (6)	0.67860 (8)	0.01967 (19)
N1	0.09967 (11)	0.45602 (7)	0.26995 (9)	0.0155 (2)
N2	-0.06837 (12)	0.56241 (7)	0.21091 (10)	0.0195 (2)
N3	0.32315 (12)	0.45264 (7)	0.22680 (10)	0.0181 (2)
C1	-0.00334 (14)	0.44114 (8)	0.32723 (11)	0.0169 (2)
C2	-0.01453 (15)	0.37959 (9)	0.40964 (12)	0.0214 (3)
H2A	0.0559	0.3344	0.4361	0.026*
C3	-0.13327 (16)	0.38755 (9)	0.45104 (13)	0.0261 (3)
H3A	-0.1438	0.3471	0.5078	0.031*
C4	-0.23825 (16)	0.45360 (10)	0.41148 (14)	0.0276 (3)
H4A	-0.3193	0.4562	0.4407	0.033*
C5	-0.22662 (15)	0.51499 (9)	0.33108 (13)	0.0251 (3)
H5A	-0.2975	0.5600	0.3051	0.030*

C6	-0.10683 (14)	0.50852 (8)	0.28924 (11)	0.0185 (2)
C7	0.05266 (14)	0.52788 (8)	0.19987 (11)	0.0165 (2)
C8	0.13443 (14)	0.55651 (8)	0.12348 (11)	0.0170 (2)
C9	0.08353 (15)	0.62216 (8)	0.03824 (11)	0.0206 (3)
H9A	-0.0070	0.6510	0.0303	0.025*
C10	0.16415 (16)	0.64543 (9)	-0.03470 (11)	0.0230 (3)
H10A	0.1282	0.6894	-0.0935	0.028*
C11	0.29812 (16)	0.60404 (9)	-0.02133 (11)	0.0233 (3)
H11A	0.3534	0.6199	-0.0713	0.028*
C12	0.35181 (16)	0.53980 (9)	0.06425 (11)	0.0209 (3)
H12A	0.4444	0.5128	0.0737	0.025*
C13	0.26941 (14)	0.51475 (8)	0.13664 (11)	0.0171 (2)
C14	0.21403 (13)	0.39827 (8)	0.25378 (10)	0.0157 (2)
H14A	0.1659	0.3593	0.1836	0.019*
C15	0.29119 (13)	0.34584 (8)	0.36554 (10)	0.0148 (2)
C16	0.25404 (13)	0.25964 (8)	0.37158 (11)	0.0159 (2)
C17	0.32374 (13)	0.21322 (8)	0.47774 (10)	0.0162 (2)
H17A	0.2994	0.1547	0.4821	0.019*
C18	0.42921 (13)	0.25281 (8)	0.57752 (10)	0.0154 (2)
C19	0.46985 (14)	0.33780 (8)	0.57194 (11)	0.0171 (2)
H19A	0.5438	0.3643	0.6389	0.021*
C20	0.39884 (13)	0.38268 (8)	0.46523 (11)	0.0163 (2)
H20A	0.4251	0.4408	0.4605	0.020*
C21	0.57945 (16)	0.24524 (10)	0.78736 (12)	0.0258 (3)
H21A	0.6014	0.2060	0.8563	0.039*
H21B	0.5261	0.2953	0.8016	0.039*
H21C	0.6733	0.2635	0.7783	0.039*
H1N3	0.3958 (19)	0.4194 (12)	0.2166 (15)	0.028 (4)*
H1O1	0.126 (2)	0.1665 (15)	0.291 (2)	0.059 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0248 (5)	0.0166 (5)	0.0191 (4)	-0.0058 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0006 (3)
O2	0.0217 (4)	0.0185 (4)	0.0154 (4)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0021 (3)	0.0027 (3)
N1	0.0152 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0175 (4)	0.0018 (4)	0.0059 (4)	0.0019 (4)
N2	0.0190 (5)	0.0167 (5)	0.0214 (5)	0.0031 (4)	0.0054 (4)	0.0003 (4)
N3	0.0185 (5)	0.0166 (5)	0.0214 (5)	0.0033 (4)	0.0098 (4)	0.0042 (4)
C1	0.0155 (5)	0.0172 (6)	0.0180 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0057 (4)	-0.0019 (4)
C2	0.0211 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0253 (6)	0.0019 (5)	0.0103 (5)	0.0025 (5)
C3	0.0277 (7)	0.0241 (7)	0.0316 (7)	-0.0024 (6)	0.0166 (6)	0.0014 (5)
C4	0.0239 (7)	0.0271 (7)	0.0378 (8)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0184 (6)	-0.0052 (6)
C5	0.0201 (6)	0.0220 (7)	0.0345 (7)	0.0032 (5)	0.0113 (5)	-0.0031 (5)
C6	0.0168 (6)	0.0164 (6)	0.0214 (5)	0.0010 (5)	0.0054 (4)	-0.0025 (4)
C7	0.0175 (5)	0.0130 (5)	0.0165 (5)	0.0007 (4)	0.0028 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
C8	0.0203 (6)	0.0133 (5)	0.0160 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0048 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
C9	0.0243 (6)	0.0156 (6)	0.0185 (5)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0031 (5)	0.0011 (4)
C10	0.0311 (7)	0.0169 (6)	0.0169 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	0.0034 (5)	0.0021 (4)

C11	0.0313 (7)	0.0207 (6)	0.0181 (5)	-0.0069 (5)	0.0091 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
C12	0.0244 (6)	0.0194 (6)	0.0201 (6)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0094 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C13	0.0215 (6)	0.0134 (5)	0.0160 (5)	-0.0015 (4)	0.0061 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C14	0.0170 (5)	0.0134 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0063 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C15	0.0150 (5)	0.0127 (5)	0.0173 (5)	0.0009 (4)	0.0064 (4)	0.0009 (4)
C16	0.0144 (5)	0.0154 (5)	0.0166 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0039 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C17	0.0173 (5)	0.0126 (5)	0.0181 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	0.0056 (4)	0.0010 (4)
C18	0.0145 (5)	0.0162 (6)	0.0155 (5)	0.0014 (4)	0.0053 (4)	0.0013 (4)
C19	0.0169 (5)	0.0164 (6)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0027 (4)	0.0049 (4)	-0.0024 (4)
C20	0.0171 (5)	0.0124 (5)	0.0202 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0077 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
C21	0.0268 (7)	0.0277 (7)	0.0165 (5)	-0.0066 (6)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0030 (5)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C16	1.3516 (14)	C8—C13	1.4038 (18)
O1—H1O1	0.98 (2)	C9—C10	1.386 (2)
O2—C18	1.3716 (14)	C9—H9A	0.9500
O2—C21	1.4373 (15)	C10—C11	1.392 (2)
N1—C7	1.3739 (15)	C10—H10A	0.9500
N1—C1	1.3913 (16)	C11—C12	1.3880 (18)
N1—C14	1.4793 (15)	C11—H11A	0.9500
N2—C7	1.3217 (17)	C12—C13	1.4012 (18)
N2—C6	1.3894 (17)	C12—H12A	0.9500
N3—C13	1.3974 (16)	C14—C15	1.5060 (16)
N3—C14	1.4626 (16)	C14—H14A	1.0000
N3—H1N3	0.908 (18)	C15—C20	1.3863 (16)
C1—C2	1.3967 (18)	C15—C16	1.4030 (17)
C1—C6	1.4067 (18)	C16—C17	1.3964 (16)
C2—C3	1.3859 (19)	C17—C18	1.3964 (17)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C17—H17A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.401 (2)	C18—C19	1.3934 (17)
C3—H3A	0.9500	C19—C20	1.3909 (17)
C4—C5	1.379 (2)	C19—H19A	0.9500
C4—H4A	0.9500	C20—H20A	0.9500
C5—C6	1.3967 (19)	C21—H21A	0.9800
C5—H5A	0.9500	C21—H21B	0.9800
C7—C8	1.4509 (18)	C21—H21C	0.9800
C8—C9	1.3989 (17)		
C16—O1—H1O1	110.2 (13)	C12—C11—C10	120.74 (13)
C18—O2—C21	116.28 (10)	C12—C11—H11A	119.6
C7—N1—C1	106.83 (10)	C10—C11—H11A	119.6
C7—N1—C14	121.61 (10)	C11—C12—C13	119.99 (13)
C1—N1—C14	129.58 (10)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
C7—N2—C6	105.00 (10)	C13—C12—H12A	120.0
C13—N3—C14	117.95 (10)	N3—C13—C12	121.37 (12)
C13—N3—H1N3	113.2 (11)	N3—C13—C8	119.16 (11)
C14—N3—H1N3	109.2 (11)	C12—C13—C8	119.36 (11)

N1—C1—C2	133.57 (12)	N3—C14—N1	106.57 (10)
N1—C1—C6	104.88 (11)	N3—C14—C15	109.75 (10)
C2—C1—C6	121.49 (12)	N1—C14—C15	112.25 (9)
C3—C2—C1	116.84 (12)	N3—C14—H14A	109.4
C3—C2—H2A	121.6	N1—C14—H14A	109.4
C1—C2—H2A	121.6	C15—C14—H14A	109.4
C2—C3—C4	121.79 (13)	C20—C15—C16	118.87 (11)
C2—C3—H3A	119.1	C20—C15—C14	120.27 (11)
C4—C3—H3A	119.1	C16—C15—C14	120.85 (10)
C5—C4—C3	121.50 (13)	O1—C16—C17	122.33 (11)
C5—C4—H4A	119.3	O1—C16—C15	117.93 (11)
C3—C4—H4A	119.3	C17—C16—C15	119.71 (11)
C4—C5—C6	117.53 (13)	C16—C17—C18	119.96 (11)
C4—C5—H5A	121.2	C16—C17—H17A	120.0
C6—C5—H5A	121.2	C18—C17—H17A	120.0
N2—C6—C5	128.86 (12)	O2—C18—C19	123.50 (11)
N2—C6—C1	110.31 (11)	O2—C18—C17	115.52 (11)
C5—C6—C1	120.83 (12)	C19—C18—C17	120.98 (11)
N2—C7—N1	112.91 (11)	C20—C19—C18	117.94 (11)
N2—C7—C8	127.69 (11)	C20—C19—H19A	121.0
N1—C7—C8	119.39 (11)	C18—C19—H19A	121.0
C9—C8—C13	119.79 (12)	C15—C20—C19	122.49 (11)
C9—C8—C7	122.91 (12)	C15—C20—H20A	118.8
C13—C8—C7	117.30 (11)	C19—C20—H20A	118.8
C10—C9—C8	120.52 (13)	O2—C21—H21A	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	119.7	O2—C21—H21B	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	119.7	H21A—C21—H21B	109.5
C9—C10—C11	119.58 (12)	O2—C21—H21C	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	120.2	H21A—C21—H21C	109.5
C11—C10—H10A	120.2	H21B—C21—H21C	109.5
C7—N1—C1—C2	-178.82 (14)	C14—N3—C13—C8	35.42 (16)
C14—N1—C1—C2	17.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13—N3	-177.47 (12)
C7—N1—C1—C6	-1.59 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-1.42 (19)
C14—N1—C1—C6	-165.47 (11)	C9—C8—C13—N3	176.42 (11)
N1—C1—C2—C3	177.56 (13)	C7—C8—C13—N3	-4.28 (17)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.70 (19)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.28 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (2)	C7—C8—C13—C12	179.57 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.3 (2)	C13—N3—C14—N1	-49.22 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (2)	C13—N3—C14—C15	-171.00 (10)
C7—N2—C6—C5	-179.60 (13)	C7—N1—C14—N3	37.49 (14)
C7—N2—C6—C1	1.18 (14)	C1—N1—C14—N3	-160.71 (11)
C4—C5—C6—N2	-178.49 (13)	C7—N1—C14—C15	157.67 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.6 (2)	C1—N1—C14—C15	-40.53 (16)
N1—C1—C6—N2	0.28 (14)	N3—C14—C15—C20	42.18 (15)
C2—C1—C6—N2	177.93 (11)	N1—C14—C15—C20	-76.13 (14)
N1—C1—C6—C5	-179.00 (11)	N3—C14—C15—C16	-138.89 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.36 (19)	N1—C14—C15—C16	102.80 (13)

C6—N2—C7—N1	−2.29 (14)	C20—C15—C16—O1	179.23 (11)
C6—N2—C7—C8	176.73 (12)	C14—C15—C16—O1	0.28 (17)
C1—N1—C7—N2	2.53 (14)	C20—C15—C16—C17	1.05 (18)
C14—N1—C7—N2	167.97 (10)	C14—C15—C16—C17	−177.90 (11)
C1—N1—C7—C8	−176.58 (10)	O1—C16—C17—C18	−177.68 (11)
C14—N1—C7—C8	−11.14 (17)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.42 (18)
N2—C7—C8—C9	−7.4 (2)	C21—O2—C18—C19	8.93 (17)
N1—C7—C8—C9	171.60 (11)	C21—O2—C18—C17	−171.12 (11)
N2—C7—C8—C13	173.36 (12)	C16—C17—C18—O2	178.11 (11)
N1—C7—C8—C13	−7.68 (17)	C16—C17—C18—C19	−1.94 (18)
C13—C8—C9—C10	1.00 (19)	O2—C18—C19—C20	−178.13 (11)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−178.26 (12)	C17—C18—C19—C20	1.92 (18)
C8—C9—C10—C11	−1.12 (19)	C16—C15—C20—C19	−1.06 (18)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.0 (2)	C14—C15—C20—C19	177.89 (11)
C10—C11—C12—C13	1.3 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C15	−0.41 (18)
C14—N3—C13—C12	−148.52 (12)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg4 is the centroid of the C15—C20 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N3—H1N3···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.907 (19)	2.211 (19)	3.0519 (15)	153.8 (17)
O1—H1O1···N2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98 (2)	1.72 (2)	2.6816 (15)	168 (2)
C2—H2A···Cg4	0.95	2.85	3.6277 (16)	140

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ .