

Poly[diaqua(μ -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N')- $(\mu$ -2,2'-(*p*-phenylenedioxy)diacetato- κ^2 O:O']cadmium]

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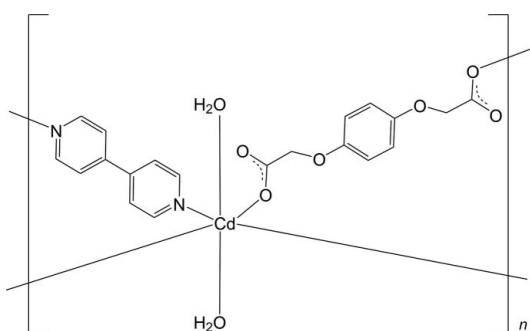
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.005$ Å;
 R factor = 0.027; wR factor = 0.067; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.9.

In the title compound, $[Cd(C_{10}H_8O_6)(C_{10}H_8N_2)(H_2O)_2]_n$, the Cd^{II} ion has inversion symmetry and is coordinated by O atoms from two water molecules and two bridging 2,2'-(*p*-phenylenedioxy)diacetate ligands and two N atoms from two 4,4'-bipyridine ligands, giving a slightly distorted octahedral geometry. The diacetate and 4,4'-bipyridine ligands also lie across inversion centers. The bridging ligands form layers parallel to (11̄1), with adjacent layers interconnected via O—H···O hydrogen bonds between the coordinated water molecules and the carboxylate O atoms, giving a three-dimensional supramolecular architecture.

Related literature

Benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetic acid is often used to construct coordination polymers owing to the flexibility of the two phenoxyacetate groups, see: Gong *et al.* (2010); Li *et al.* (2010); Zhang & Li (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[Cd(C_{10}H_8O_6)(C_{10}H_8N_2)(H_2O)_2]$

$M_r = 528.78$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$V = 491.91 (9)$ Å ³
$a = 5.8612 (6)$ Å	$Z = 1$
$b = 8.2313 (8)$ Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$c = 10.8659 (11)$ Å	$\mu = 1.16$ mm ⁻¹
$\alpha = 105.640 (1)$ °	$T = 296$ K
$\beta = 97.6785 (12)$ °	$0.21 \times 0.11 \times 0.04$ mm
$\gamma = 97.931 (1)$ °	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	2533 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2001)	1691 independent reflections
	1667 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$
	$T_{\min} = 0.789$, $T_{\max} = 0.956$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$	142 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.067$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.14$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45$ e Å ⁻³
1691 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
O1W—H2W···O2 ⁱ	0.85	1.81	2.636 (4)	165
O1W—H1W···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.05	2.858 (4)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2132).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m1248 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811031400]

Poly[diaqua(μ -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N')[μ -2,2'-(*p*-phenylenedioxy)diacetato- κ^2 O:O']cadmium]

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S1. Comment

Due to the flexibility of the two phenoxyacetate groups, benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetic acid is often used to construct coordination polymers (Zhang & Li, 2010; Gong *et al.*, 2010; Li *et al.*, 2010;). The title coordination polymer $[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{O}_6)(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]_n$ (I) was obtained under hydrothermal conditions, and its crystal structure is reported here.

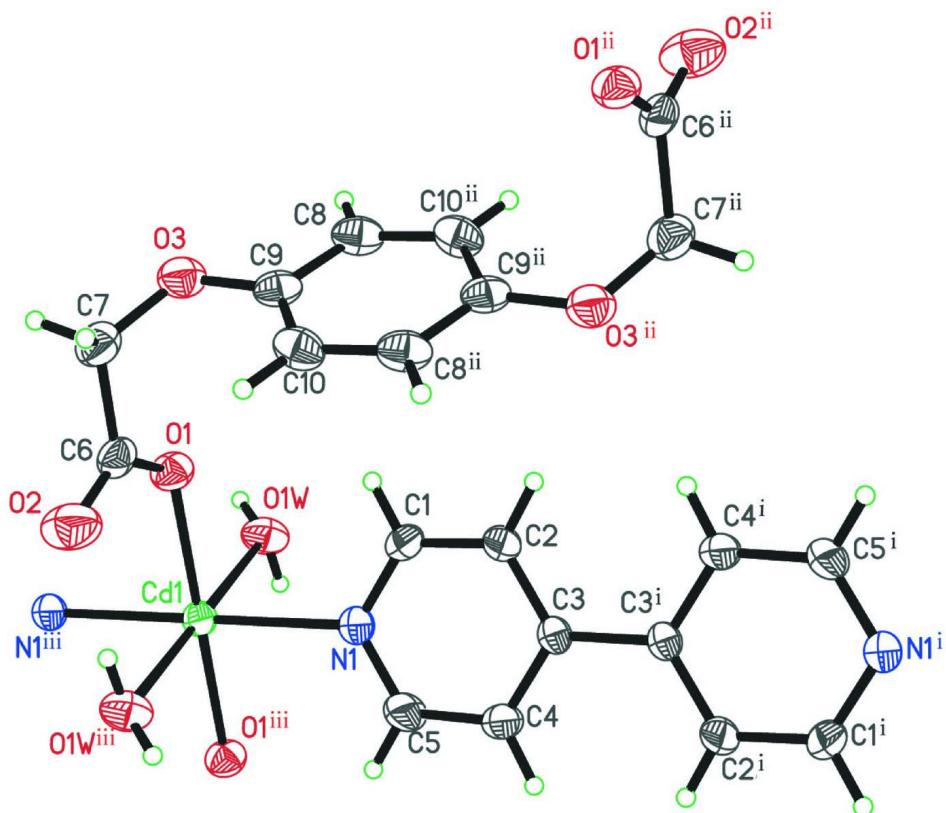
The asymmetric unit of (I) is composed of one Cd^{II} cation lying on a crystallographic inversion centre, half a benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetate anion, half a 4,4'-bipyridine molecule and one water molecule. The Cd^{II} ion is coordinated by O atoms from two water molecules [Cd—O, 2.313 (3) Å] and two from bridging benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetate ligands [Cd—O, 2.253 (2) Å] and two N atoms from two 4,4'-bipyridine ligands [Cd—N, 2.317 (3) Å], giving a slightly distorted octahedral geometry (Fig. 1). The benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetate and 4,4'-bipyridine ligands also lie across inversion centers, with both bridging the Cd^{II} cations to form two-dimensional layers parallel to the (1 1 -1) plane (Fig. 2). These layers are further interconnected *via* O—H···O hydrogen bonds between the coordinated water molecules and the carboxylate O atoms, resulting in a three-dimensional supramolecular architecture (Table 1, Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

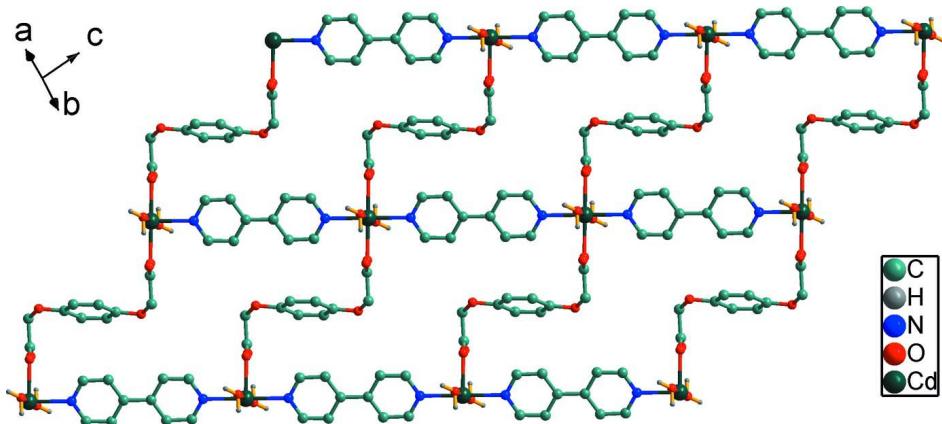
A mixture of benzene-1,4-dioxydiacetic acid (0.023 g, 0.1 mmol), 4,4'-bipyridine (0.016 g, 0.1 mmol), NaOH (0.008 g, 0.2 mmol) and Cd(NO₃)₂ · 4H₂O (0.038 g, 0.1 mmol) in H₂O (7.0 ml) was placed in a 16 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel vessel and heated to 160 °C for 72 h, then cooled to room temperature at a rate of -5 °C/h. Colorless plate crystals are obtained after filtration.

S3. Refinement

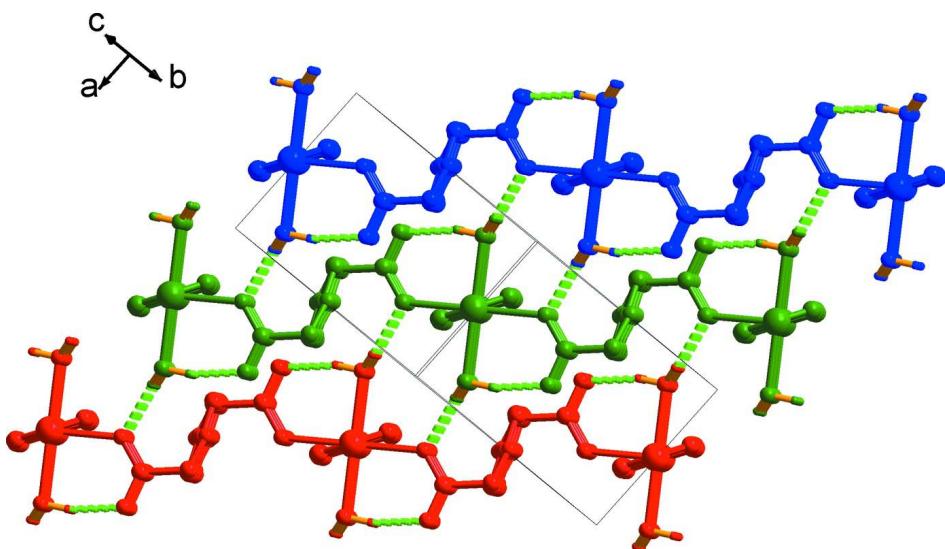
All H atoms bonded to C atoms were added according to theoretical models, assigned isotropic displacement parameters and allowed to ride on their respective parent atoms [C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$]. The H atoms attached to O atoms of the water were located from the Fourier map with the O—H distances being fixed at 0.85 Å and allowed to ride on their parent oxygen atoms in the final cycles of refinement, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

Anisotropic displacement ellipsoid plot of (I) at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented by circles of arbitrary size. Symmetry code: (i)- $x + 1, -y, -z$; (ii)- $x, -y + 1, -z$; (iii)- $x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

**Figure 2**

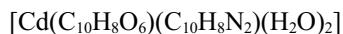
The two-dimensional layered substructure of (I). H atoms are omitted except for those of the water molecules.

**Figure 3**

The overall packing diagram of (I) showing hydrogen-bonding interactions as dashed lines.

Poly[diaqua(μ -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N')] $[\mu$ -2,2'-(ρ -phenylenedioxy)diacetato- κ^2 O:O']cadmium]

Crystal data



$M_r = 528.78$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.8612 (6)$ Å

$b = 8.2313 (8)$ Å

$c = 10.8659 (11)$ Å

$\alpha = 105.640 (1)^\circ$

$\beta = 97.6785 (12)^\circ$

$\gamma = 97.931 (1)^\circ$

$V = 491.91 (9)$ Å³

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 266$

$D_x = 1.785 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1861 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.8^\circ$

$\mu = 1.16 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296$ K

Plate, colorless

$0.21 \times 0.11 \times 0.04$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.789$, $T_{\max} = 0.956$

2533 measured reflections

1691 independent reflections

1667 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -6\text{--}5$

$k = -9\text{--}9$

$l = -12\text{--}12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$

$wR(F^2) = 0.067$

$S = 1.14$

1691 reflections

142 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0276P)^2 + 0.6011P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3288 (6)	0.2750 (4)	0.2007 (3)	0.0314 (7)
H1	0.2097	0.3389	0.2098	0.038*
C2	0.3250 (6)	0.1600 (4)	0.0818 (3)	0.0313 (7)
H2	0.2047	0.1479	0.0130	0.038*
C3	0.4983 (5)	0.0624 (4)	0.0637 (3)	0.0221 (6)
C4	0.6685 (6)	0.0859 (5)	0.1715 (3)	0.0371 (8)
H4	0.7881	0.0223	0.1656	0.044*
C5	0.6607 (6)	0.2037 (5)	0.2877 (3)	0.0386 (8)
H5	0.7771	0.2169	0.3586	0.046*
C6	0.3586 (6)	0.7739 (4)	0.3662 (3)	0.0294 (7)
C7	0.1802 (6)	0.8591 (4)	0.3031 (3)	0.0358 (8)
H7A	0.1348	0.9458	0.3706	0.043*
H7B	0.2542	0.9168	0.2478	0.043*
C8	-0.1959 (6)	0.4972 (5)	0.0564 (3)	0.0334 (8)
H8	-0.3285	0.4941	0.0948	0.040*
C9	-0.0019 (6)	0.6241 (4)	0.1162 (3)	0.0296 (7)
C10	0.1962 (6)	0.6247 (4)	0.0590 (3)	0.0336 (8)
H10	0.3294	0.7076	0.0986	0.040*
N1	0.4958 (5)	0.2990 (3)	0.3034 (2)	0.0271 (6)
O1	0.2781 (4)	0.6403 (3)	0.3942 (2)	0.0314 (5)
O2	0.5658 (5)	0.8448 (3)	0.3879 (3)	0.0511 (7)
O3	-0.0252 (4)	0.7435 (3)	0.2275 (2)	0.0362 (5)
O1W	0.1584 (4)	0.3373 (3)	0.5183 (2)	0.0385 (6)
H1W	0.0509	0.3664	0.5598	0.046*
H2W	0.2264	0.2728	0.5543	0.046*
Cd1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02535 (13)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0336 (18)	0.0297 (17)	0.0304 (17)	0.0152 (14)	0.0023 (14)	0.0051 (14)
C2	0.0350 (19)	0.0312 (17)	0.0244 (16)	0.0121 (14)	-0.0063 (13)	0.0049 (13)

C3	0.0242 (16)	0.0216 (14)	0.0195 (15)	0.0021 (12)	0.0033 (12)	0.0057 (12)
C4	0.0302 (18)	0.050 (2)	0.0268 (17)	0.0192 (16)	-0.0002 (14)	-0.0001 (15)
C5	0.035 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0215 (16)	0.0162 (17)	-0.0027 (14)	0.0008 (15)
C6	0.0330 (19)	0.0304 (17)	0.0256 (16)	0.0132 (15)	0.0093 (14)	0.0038 (13)
C7	0.042 (2)	0.0319 (18)	0.0371 (19)	0.0124 (16)	0.0072 (16)	0.0128 (15)
C8	0.0250 (17)	0.048 (2)	0.0336 (18)	0.0095 (15)	0.0092 (14)	0.0195 (16)
C9	0.0302 (18)	0.0369 (18)	0.0292 (17)	0.0125 (15)	0.0055 (14)	0.0187 (14)
C10	0.0268 (17)	0.0386 (18)	0.0363 (19)	-0.0002 (14)	0.0025 (14)	0.0170 (15)
N1	0.0279 (14)	0.0280 (13)	0.0237 (13)	0.0062 (11)	0.0038 (11)	0.0043 (11)
O1	0.0348 (13)	0.0325 (12)	0.0306 (12)	0.0111 (10)	0.0048 (10)	0.0136 (10)
O2	0.0339 (15)	0.0488 (16)	0.078 (2)	0.0089 (12)	0.0097 (13)	0.0296 (15)
O3	0.0324 (13)	0.0453 (14)	0.0327 (12)	0.0138 (11)	0.0062 (10)	0.0108 (11)
O1W	0.0268 (13)	0.0500 (15)	0.0409 (14)	0.0076 (11)	0.0066 (10)	0.0164 (12)
Cd1	0.0268 (2)	0.02717 (19)	0.02091 (18)	0.00758 (13)	0.00313 (12)	0.00441 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N1	1.334 (4)	C7—H7B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.376 (5)	C8—C10 ⁱⁱ	1.379 (5)
C1—H1	0.9300	C8—C9	1.384 (5)
C2—C3	1.382 (4)	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—O3	1.374 (4)
C3—C4	1.385 (4)	C9—C10	1.388 (5)
C3—C3 ⁱ	1.489 (6)	C10—C8 ⁱⁱ	1.379 (5)
C4—C5	1.379 (5)	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	N1—Cd1	2.317 (3)
C5—N1	1.327 (4)	O1—Cd1	2.253 (2)
C5—H5	0.9300	O1W—Cd1	2.313 (3)
C6—O2	1.234 (4)	O1W—H1W	0.8467
C6—O1	1.265 (4)	O1W—H2W	0.8499
C6—C7	1.526 (5)	Cd1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.253 (2)
C7—O3	1.424 (4)	Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	2.313 (3)
C7—H7A	0.9700	Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.317 (3)
N1—C1—C2	122.9 (3)	O3—C9—C10	125.2 (3)
N1—C1—H1	118.5	C8—C9—C10	118.7 (3)
C2—C1—H1	118.5	C8 ⁱⁱ —C10—C9	120.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3	120.6 (3)	C8 ⁱⁱ —C10—H10	119.9
C1—C2—H2	119.7	C9—C10—H10	119.9
C3—C2—H2	119.7	C5—N1—C1	117.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4	116.1 (3)	C5—N1—Cd1	121.5 (2)
C2—C3—C3 ⁱ	122.3 (3)	C1—N1—Cd1	121.6 (2)
C4—C3—C3 ⁱ	121.6 (3)	C6—O1—Cd1	123.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	120.0 (3)	C9—O3—C7	117.8 (3)
C5—C4—H4	120.0	Cd1—O1W—H1W	130.3
C3—C4—H4	120.0	Cd1—O1W—H2W	95.3
N1—C5—C4	123.4 (3)	H1W—O1W—H2W	107.2
N1—C5—H5	118.3	O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—O1	180.000 (1)

C4—C5—H5	118.3	O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—O1W	91.72 (10)
O2—C6—O1	126.7 (3)	O1—Cd1—O1W	88.28 (10)
O2—C6—C7	116.8 (3)	O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	88.28 (10)
O1—C6—C7	116.5 (3)	O1—Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	91.72 (10)
O3—C7—C6	114.1 (3)	O1W—Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	180.0
O3—C7—H7A	108.7	O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—N1	90.66 (9)
C6—C7—H7A	108.7	O1—Cd1—N1	89.34 (9)
O3—C7—H7B	108.7	O1W—Cd1—N1	88.66 (9)
C6—C7—H7B	108.7	O1W ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—N1	91.34 (9)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.6	O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	89.34 (9)
C10 ⁱⁱ —C8—C9	121.2 (3)	O1—Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	90.66 (9)
C10 ⁱⁱ —C8—H8	119.4	O1W—Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.34 (9)
C9—C8—H8	119.4	O1W ⁱⁱⁱ —Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	88.66 (9)
O3—C9—C8	116.2 (3)	N1—Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)
N1—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (5)	C7—C6—O1—Cd1	-175.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.1 (5)	C8—C9—O3—C7	170.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C3 ⁱ	-179.4 (3)	C10—C9—O3—C7	-11.8 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.1 (5)	C6—C7—O3—C9	-66.8 (4)
C3 ⁱ —C3—C4—C5	179.5 (4)	C6—O1—Cd1—O1W	170.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-0.1 (6)	C6—O1—Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	-9.5 (2)
O2—C6—C7—O3	152.4 (3)	C6—O1—Cd1—N1	-100.8 (2)
O1—C6—C7—O3	-29.5 (4)	C6—O1—Cd1—N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	79.2 (2)
C10 ⁱⁱ —C8—C9—O3	177.0 (3)	C5—N1—Cd1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-22.8 (3)
C10 ⁱⁱ —C8—C9—C10	-1.3 (5)	C1—N1—Cd1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	157.9 (3)
O3—C9—C10—C8 ⁱⁱ	-176.8 (3)	C5—N1—Cd1—O1	157.2 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C8 ⁱⁱ	1.3 (5)	C1—N1—Cd1—O1	-22.1 (3)
C4—C5—N1—C1	1.2 (5)	C5—N1—Cd1—O1W	-114.5 (3)
C4—C5—N1—Cd1	-178.2 (3)	C1—N1—Cd1—O1W	66.2 (3)
C2—C1—N1—C5	-1.1 (5)	C5—N1—Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	65.5 (3)
C2—C1—N1—Cd1	178.2 (3)	C1—N1—Cd1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	-113.8 (3)
O2—C6—O1—Cd1	2.1 (5)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z$; (ii) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O1W—H2W \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	1.81	2.636 (4)	165
O1W—H1W \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.85	2.05	2.858 (4)	159

Symmetry codes: (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.