

1,5-Bis(2-methylphenyl)-3-nitroformazan

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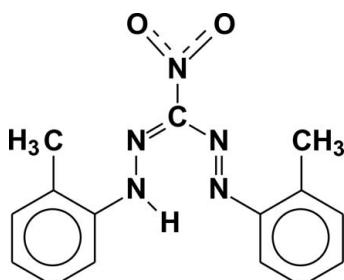
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 200$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$ Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.180; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

In the title compound, $C_{15}H_{15}N_5O_2$, the nitro O atoms are disordered over two sets of sites with an occupancy ratio of 0.75 (4):0.25 (4). Amine–imine tautomerism is observed in the formazan group. This was evident from the similar C–N bond distances in the formazan [1.319 (2) and 1.332 (3) Å], as well as the distribution of the imine proton in the Fourier difference map which refined to a 0.53 (3):0.47 (3) ratio. C–H···O and π – π interactions [centroid–centroid distances = 3.4813 (1) and 3.3976 (1) Å] are observed in the crystal packing.

Related literature

For related structures of nitroformazan derivatives, see: Gilroy *et al.* (2008); Mito *et al.* (1997) and for a related dithizone structure, see: Laing (1977). For the synthesis and chemistry of nitroformazans, see: Pelkis *et al.* (1957); Irving (1977). For DFT and electrochemistry studies of dithiones, see: Von Eschwege & Swarts (2010); Von Eschwege *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{15}N_5O_2$
 $M_r = 297.32$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 14.6525$ (3) Å

$b = 10.2523$ (3) Å
 $c = 19.2425$ (4) Å
 $V = 2890.64$ (12) Å³
 $Z = 8$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 200$ K
 $0.43 \times 0.19 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.982$

24031 measured reflections
3619 independent reflections
2487 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.180$
 $S = 1.05$
3619 reflections
221 parameters

48 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.51$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4···O1A ⁱ	0.95	2.42	3.239 (9)	145

Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}$, $-y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SIR97 (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: SHEXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2378).

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

During synthesis of the versatile trace metal analysis dithizone reagent, aniline is first diazotized and then treated with nitromethane to form the bright orange-red nitroformazan product (Pelkis *et al.*, 1957). Ammonia and hydrogen sulfide gas is used to substitute the nitro group with sulfur towards the formation of dithizone, the chemistry of which is extensively described by Irving, 1977. Single crystal X-ray structures of nitroformazan derivatives were determined by Gilroy *et al.*, 2008; Mito *et al.*, 1997, and the dithizone structure by Laing, 1977, while we performed extensive DFT (Von Eschwege *et al.*, 2011) and electrochemistry studies (Von Eschwege & Swarts, 2010) on the free ligand. We recently embarked on a study during which we synthesized a series of electronically altered dithizones for the purpose of investigating its altered redox and structural properties. During this process orange 1,5-bis(2-methylphenyl)-3-nitroformazan crystals suitable for X-ray structure analysis were grown from an acetone solution overlaid with n-hexane.

The title compound (Fig. 1) crystallises with the 2-methylphenyl moieties in different orientations, *i.e.* C1—C7 and C9—C15 have dihedral angles of 12.64 (9) $^{\circ}$ and 3.27 (9) $^{\circ}$ respectively with the N=N=C=N=N backbone. The preferred orientations are probably due to the observed C—H \cdots O interactions as well as the π -stacking of 2-methylphenyl aromatic rings (Tables 1 and 2, Fig. 2) with neighbouring N=N=C=N=N conjugates creating a zigzag packing motif (Fig. 3).

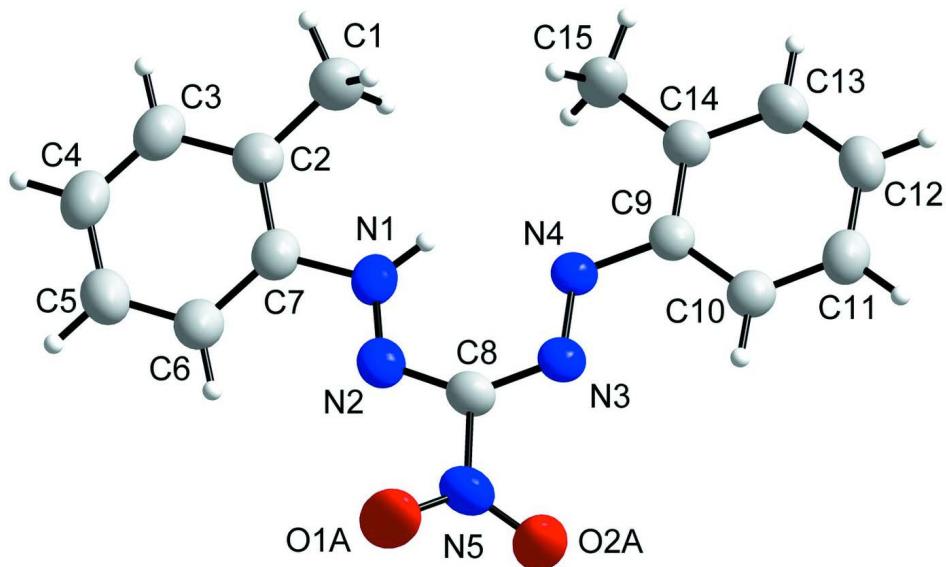
The structure showed large thermal vibrations at the NO₂ moiety and was treated for disorder. From the Fourier difference map the imine hydrogen was also detected as being disordered over two nitrogen atoms. Details of these can be found in the refinement section.

S2. Experimental

Solvents (AR) purchased from Merck and reagents from Sigma-Aldrich were used without further purification. The *ortho*-methyl derivative of nitroformazan was prepared according to the procedure reported by Pelkis *et al.*, 1957.

S3. Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were positioned in geometrically idealized positions with 0.98 Å (methyl), 0.95 Å (aromatic) and C—H = 0.86 Å (imine). All hydrogen atoms were allowed to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$, except for the methyl where $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ was utilized. The initial positions of methyl hydrogen atoms were located from a Fourier difference map and refined as fixed rotor. The amine hydrogen atom was refined as disordered over N1 and N4. The occupancy was connected to a free variable to add to unity. This refined to a 0.53 (3):0.47 (3) ratio. The NO₂ moiety showed large displacement ellipsoids on O1 and O2. These were also treated for disorder. Geometrical (SADI) and displacement (SIMU and DELU) restraints were applied. A free variable, to refine the disordered sites to unity, gave a distribution of 0.75 (4):0.25 (4).

**Figure 1**

View of the title compound with labelling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at a 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms and minor components of disorders not shown for clarity.

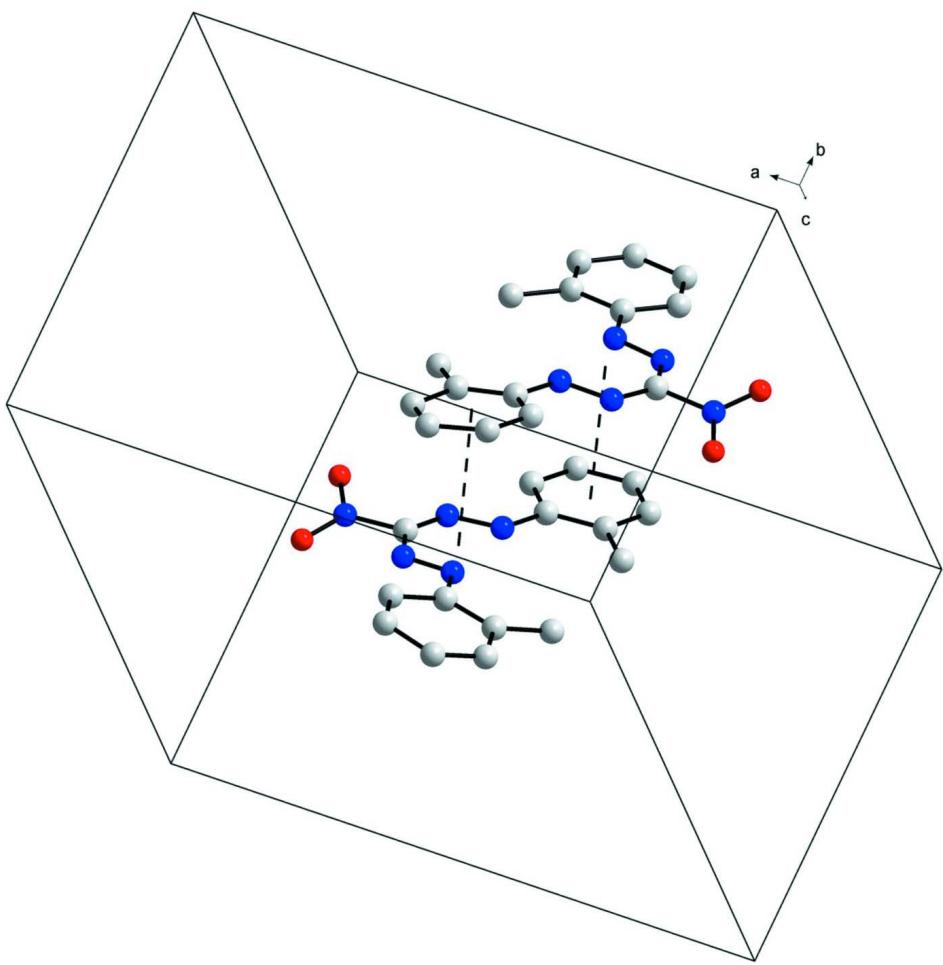
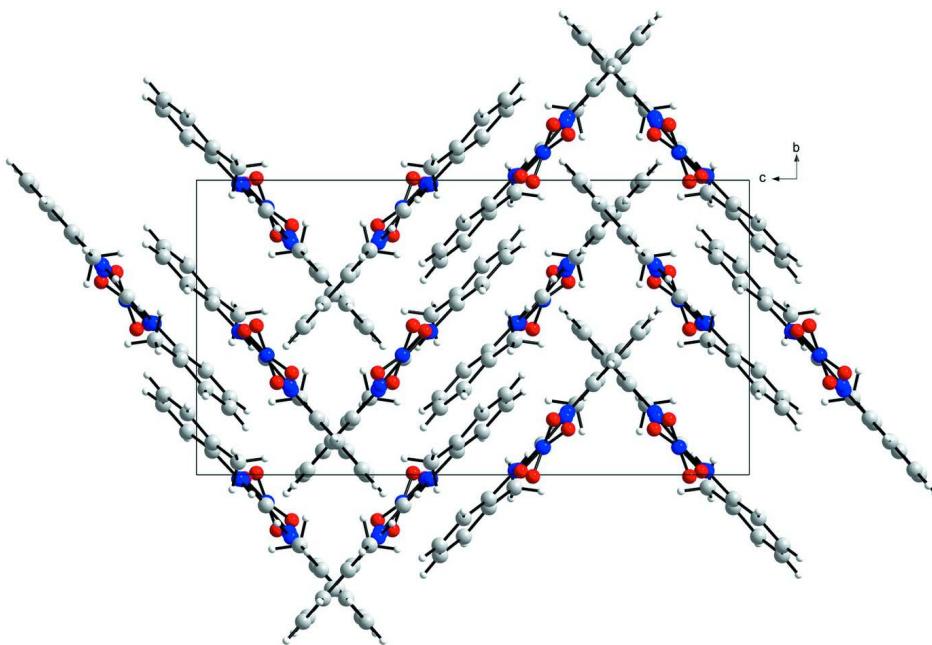


Figure 2

Partial packing diagram of title compound indicating the $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions.

**Figure 3**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along the *a* axis illustrating the zigzag packing motif.

2-[(2-methylphenyl)amino]-3-[(2-methylphenyl)imino]-1,1-dioxoguanidine

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{15}N_5O_2$
 $M_r = 297.32$
Orthorhombic, *Pbca*
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
 $a = 14.6525 (3)$ Å
 $b = 10.2523 (3)$ Å
 $c = 19.2425 (4)$ Å
 $V = 2890.64 (12)$ Å³
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1248$
 $D_x = 1.366 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 8384 reflections
 $\theta = 2.7\text{--}28.3^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 200 \text{ K}$
Needle, red
 $0.43 \times 0.19 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 8.4 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.982$

24031 measured reflections
3619 independent reflections
2487 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 28.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.1^\circ$
 $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 13$
 $l = -25 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.180$
 $S = 1.05$
3619 reflections

221 parameters
48 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.070P)^2 + 1.8629P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.51 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. The intensity data was collected on a Bruker *APEX-II* CCD diffractometer using an exposure time of 60 s/frame. A total of 1062 frames were collected with a frame width of 0.5° covering up to $\theta = 28.40^\circ$ with 99.6% completeness accomplished.

Analytical data: $M.p.$ 154 °C. λ_{\max} (dichloromethane) 319, 440 nm. ^1H (600 MHz, CDCl_3) 14.32 (1 H, 1 × s, 1 × NH), 2.58 (6 H, 1 × s, 2 × CH_3), 7.92 – 7.29 (8 H, 2 × m, 2 × C_6H_4)

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
N1	0.26169 (12)	0.01378 (16)	0.07679 (8)	0.0441 (4)	
HN1	0.2252	0.0663	0.0999	0.053*	0.53 (3)
N2	0.34854 (12)	0.01558 (17)	0.08281 (8)	0.0458 (4)	
N3	0.35427 (11)	0.19544 (16)	0.16744 (8)	0.0408 (4)	
N4	0.26631 (10)	0.21162 (16)	0.17126 (8)	0.0385 (4)	
HN4	0.2283	0.1648	0.1462	0.046*	0.47 (3)
N5	0.48561 (13)	0.0936 (2)	0.12737 (11)	0.0580 (5)	
O1A	0.5222 (5)	-0.0056 (8)	0.1083 (9)	0.094 (3)	0.75 (4)
O2A	0.5302 (5)	0.1873 (10)	0.1454 (10)	0.087 (3)	0.75 (4)
O1B	0.512 (2)	0.012 (3)	0.087 (2)	0.107 (8)	0.25 (4)
O2B	0.5218 (19)	0.155 (4)	0.172 (2)	0.097 (6)	0.25 (4)
C1	0.07297 (15)	-0.0431 (3)	0.07535 (13)	0.0596 (6)	
H1A	0.092	-0.0557	0.1237	0.089*	
H1B	0.0118	-0.0797	0.0687	0.089*	
H1C	0.072	0.0503	0.0646	0.089*	
C2	0.13763 (15)	-0.1095 (2)	0.02891 (10)	0.0485 (5)	
C3	0.10754 (17)	-0.2092 (2)	-0.01616 (11)	0.0549 (6)	
H3	0.0448	-0.2327	-0.0162	0.066*	
C4	0.16569 (18)	-0.2723 (2)	-0.05938 (12)	0.0590 (6)	
H4	0.1436	-0.3392	-0.0891	0.071*	
C5	0.25748 (19)	-0.2394 (2)	-0.06022 (12)	0.0629 (6)	
H5	0.2978	-0.2822	-0.0915	0.075*	
C6	0.28997 (16)	-0.1465 (2)	-0.01666 (11)	0.0543 (5)	
H6	0.353	-0.1251	-0.0169	0.065*	
C7	0.22993 (15)	-0.0819 (2)	0.02888 (10)	0.0464 (5)	
C8	0.38492 (13)	0.1033 (2)	0.12568 (9)	0.0425 (4)	

C9	0.23522 (12)	0.30827 (18)	0.21773 (9)	0.0375 (4)
C10	0.29585 (14)	0.3870 (2)	0.25478 (10)	0.0448 (5)
H10	0.3598	0.3751	0.2496	0.054*
C11	0.26305 (16)	0.4823 (2)	0.29902 (10)	0.0501 (5)
H11	0.3043	0.5367	0.3238	0.06*
C12	0.16987 (16)	0.4981 (2)	0.30707 (11)	0.0510 (5)
H12	0.1469	0.5632	0.3375	0.061*
C13	0.11046 (15)	0.4192 (2)	0.27091 (11)	0.0511 (5)
H13	0.0467	0.431	0.2771	0.061*
C14	0.14087 (13)	0.3228 (2)	0.22551 (10)	0.0429 (4)
C15	0.07500 (14)	0.2388 (3)	0.18674 (14)	0.0619 (6)
H15A	0.0125	0.2619	0.2001	0.093*
H15B	0.0864	0.147	0.198	0.093*
H15C	0.0829	0.2523	0.1367	0.093*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0552 (10)	0.0391 (9)	0.0381 (8)	-0.0027 (7)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0037 (7)
N2	0.0527 (9)	0.0440 (9)	0.0405 (8)	0.0019 (8)	0.0020 (7)	0.0042 (7)
N3	0.0402 (8)	0.0431 (9)	0.0392 (8)	0.0031 (7)	0.0009 (6)	0.0042 (7)
N4	0.0381 (8)	0.0405 (9)	0.0369 (7)	0.0013 (6)	0.0012 (6)	0.0042 (6)
N5	0.0436 (10)	0.0637 (13)	0.0666 (12)	0.0095 (9)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0043 (10)
O1A	0.045 (2)	0.070 (3)	0.168 (7)	0.0139 (19)	0.001 (3)	-0.030 (3)
O2A	0.0410 (16)	0.094 (4)	0.125 (6)	-0.0035 (18)	-0.004 (3)	-0.048 (4)
O1B	0.085 (11)	0.124 (13)	0.112 (14)	0.049 (10)	0.039 (9)	-0.025 (9)
O2B	0.049 (7)	0.141 (14)	0.101 (12)	-0.003 (8)	-0.011 (8)	-0.027 (11)
C1	0.0484 (12)	0.0678 (15)	0.0626 (13)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0058 (10)	-0.0057 (12)
C2	0.0552 (12)	0.0461 (12)	0.0440 (10)	0.0007 (9)	0.0014 (9)	0.0074 (9)
C3	0.0651 (13)	0.0518 (13)	0.0479 (11)	-0.0098 (11)	-0.0066 (10)	0.0042 (10)
C4	0.0763 (15)	0.0480 (13)	0.0528 (12)	-0.0119 (11)	-0.0020 (11)	-0.0008 (10)
C5	0.0755 (16)	0.0577 (14)	0.0555 (13)	-0.0040 (12)	0.0140 (12)	-0.0069 (11)
C6	0.0601 (13)	0.0548 (13)	0.0481 (11)	-0.0088 (10)	0.0075 (9)	-0.0021 (10)
C7	0.0567 (12)	0.0431 (11)	0.0394 (9)	-0.0034 (9)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0056 (8)
C8	0.0400 (9)	0.0454 (11)	0.0420 (9)	0.0042 (8)	0.0020 (8)	0.0043 (8)
C9	0.0431 (9)	0.0360 (9)	0.0334 (8)	0.0018 (7)	0.0008 (7)	0.0066 (7)
C10	0.0465 (10)	0.0472 (11)	0.0407 (9)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0003 (8)	0.0031 (8)
C11	0.0625 (13)	0.0466 (12)	0.0413 (10)	-0.0026 (10)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0009 (9)
C12	0.0644 (13)	0.0438 (12)	0.0449 (11)	0.0059 (10)	0.0036 (9)	-0.0019 (9)
C13	0.0495 (11)	0.0474 (12)	0.0564 (12)	0.0082 (9)	0.0065 (9)	0.0001 (10)
C14	0.0438 (10)	0.0404 (10)	0.0445 (10)	0.0035 (8)	0.0008 (8)	0.0029 (8)
C15	0.0408 (10)	0.0639 (15)	0.0811 (16)	0.0020 (10)	-0.0016 (10)	-0.0208 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

N1—N2	1.278 (2)	C4—C5	1.387 (4)
N1—C7	1.424 (3)	C4—H4	0.95
N1—HN1	0.88	C5—C6	1.355 (3)

N2—C8	1.332 (3)	C5—H5	0.95
N3—N4	1.302 (2)	C6—C7	1.407 (3)
N3—C8	1.319 (2)	C6—H6	0.95
N4—C9	1.410 (2)	C9—C10	1.396 (3)
N4—HN4	0.88	C9—C14	1.399 (3)
N5—O2B	1.192 (13)	C10—C11	1.382 (3)
N5—O1A	1.208 (5)	C10—H10	0.95
N5—O1B	1.210 (13)	C11—C12	1.384 (3)
N5—O2A	1.212 (6)	C11—H11	0.95
N5—C8	1.479 (3)	C12—C13	1.377 (3)
C1—C2	1.470 (3)	C12—H12	0.95
C1—H1A	0.98	C13—C14	1.392 (3)
C1—H1B	0.98	C13—H13	0.95
C1—H1C	0.98	C14—C15	1.494 (3)
C2—C7	1.382 (3)	C15—H15A	0.98
C2—C3	1.411 (3)	C15—H15B	0.98
C3—C4	1.355 (3)	C15—H15C	0.98
C3—H3	0.95		
N2—N1—C7	113.21 (17)	C5—C6—C7	119.8 (2)
N2—N1—HN1	123.4	C5—C6—H6	120.1
C7—N1—HN1	123.4	C7—C6—H6	120.1
N1—N2—C8	117.68 (17)	C2—C7—C6	121.0 (2)
N4—N3—C8	117.57 (16)	C2—C7—N1	117.44 (19)
N3—N4—C9	116.44 (15)	C6—C7—N1	121.53 (19)
N3—N4—HN4	121.8	N3—C8—N2	136.45 (18)
C9—N4—HN4	121.8	N3—C8—N5	111.97 (17)
O2B—N5—O1A	117.8 (14)	N2—C8—N5	111.57 (17)
O2B—N5—O1B	134 (2)	C10—C9—C14	120.83 (18)
O1A—N5—O2A	121.0 (5)	C10—C9—N4	121.64 (17)
O1B—N5—O2A	124.2 (14)	C14—C9—N4	117.53 (16)
O2B—N5—C8	115.1 (14)	C11—C10—C9	120.14 (19)
O1A—N5—C8	119.5 (4)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
O1B—N5—C8	110.4 (16)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
O2A—N5—C8	119.4 (4)	C10—C11—C12	119.6 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C12—C11—H11	120.2
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C13—C12—C11	119.9 (2)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C13—C12—H12	120
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C11—C12—H12	120
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C13—C14	122.1 (2)
C7—C2—C3	117.0 (2)	C12—C13—H13	118.9
C7—C2—C1	122.4 (2)	C14—C13—H13	118.9
C3—C2—C1	120.5 (2)	C13—C14—C9	117.34 (18)
C4—C3—C2	121.8 (2)	C13—C14—C15	121.07 (19)
C4—C3—H3	119.1	C9—C14—C15	121.59 (18)
C2—C3—H3	119.1	C14—C15—H15A	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.0 (2)	C14—C15—H15B	109.5

C3—C4—H4	120	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120	C14—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.3 (2)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.8	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.8		
C7—N1—N2—C8	178.96 (16)	O1A—N5—C8—N3	159.5 (10)
C8—N3—N4—C9	178.28 (15)	O1B—N5—C8—N3	-177 (2)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-2.2 (3)	O2A—N5—C8—N3	-23.3 (11)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-179.8 (2)	O2B—N5—C8—N2	-169 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (4)	O1A—N5—C8—N2	-19.9 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.7 (4)	O1B—N5—C8—N2	3 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.9 (4)	O2A—N5—C8—N2	157.4 (11)
C3—C2—C7—C6	3.0 (3)	N3—N4—C9—C10	3.3 (2)
C1—C2—C7—C6	-179.5 (2)	N3—N4—C9—C14	-176.70 (16)
C3—C2—C7—N1	-176.77 (17)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-1.0 (3)
C1—C2—C7—N1	0.8 (3)	N4—C9—C10—C11	178.91 (17)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.5 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.8 (3)
C5—C6—C7—N1	178.3 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.2 (3)
N2—N1—C7—C2	167.38 (17)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.3 (3)
N2—N1—C7—C6	-12.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.1 (3)
N4—N3—C8—N2	0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-179.8 (2)
N4—N3—C8—N5	-178.83 (16)	C10—C9—C14—C13	0.6 (3)
N1—N2—C8—N3	0.8 (3)	N4—C9—C14—C13	-179.37 (16)
N1—N2—C8—N5	179.90 (16)	C10—C9—C14—C15	-179.5 (2)
O2B—N5—C8—N3	11 (3)	N4—C9—C14—C15	0.5 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C4—H4···O1A ⁱ	0.95	2.42	3.239 (9)	145

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1/2, -y-1/2, -z$.