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catena-Poly[[bis(methanol- κ O)bis(thiocyanato- κ N)cobalt(II)]- μ -1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)propane- κ^2 N,N']

Susanne Wöhlert* and Christian Näther

Institut für Anorganische Chemie, Christian-Albrechts-Universität Kiel, Max-Eyth Strasse 2, D-24118 Kiel, Germany

Correspondence e-mail: swoehlert@ac.uni-kiel.de

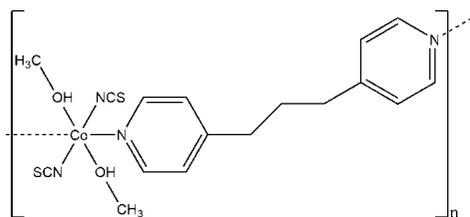
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.081; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $[\text{Co}(\text{NCS})_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)(\text{CH}_3\text{OH})_2]$, consists of one cobalt(II) cation located on a center of inversion, one half of a 1,3-bis-(pyridin-4-yl)propane ligand located on a twofold rotation axis, as well as one thiocyanate anion and one methanol molecule in general positions. The cobalt(II) cation is coordinated by two terminal N -bonded thiocyanate anions and two N -bonded 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)propane ligands, as well as two O atoms of methanol molecules in a slightly distorted octahedral coordination mode. Adjacent cations are connected into chains parallel to $[10\bar{1}]$ by the bridging 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)propane ligands. These chains are connected through intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bonds between the methanol hydroxy group and the terminal S atom of the thiocyanate anion.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Merz *et al.* (2004). For background literature for this work, see: Boeckmann & Näther (2010); Wöhlert *et al.* (2011); Wriedt *et al.* (2009). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Co}(\text{NCS})_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)(\text{CH}_3\text{O})_2]$
 $M_r = 437.44$

 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 20.5440$ (12) Å

 $b = 7.5708$ (3) Å
 $c = 13.4274$ (7) Å
 $\beta = 95.176$ (5)°
 $V = 2079.91$ (18) Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.04$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.12 \times 0.02 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

 Stoe IPDS-2 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: numerical
 (X -SHAPE and X -RED32; Stoe & Cie, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.971$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$

 7860 measured reflections
 2463 independent reflections
 2105 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.081$
 $S = 1.05$
 2463 reflections
 125 parameters

 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Co1—N1	2.0887 (17)	Co1—N10	2.1624 (15)
Co1—O1	2.1372 (15)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1O1 \cdots S1 ⁱ	0.74 (4)	2.54 (4)	3.2539 (19)	165 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: X -AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: X -AREA; data reduction: X -AREA; program(s) used to solve structure: $SHELXS97$ (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: $SHELXL97$ (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP in $SHELXTL$ (Sheldrick, 2008) and $DIAMOND$ (Brandenburg, 2010); software used to prepare material for publication: $XCIF$ in $SHELXTL$.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2581).

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supporting information

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catena-Poly[[bis(methanol- κ O)bis(thiocyanato- κ N)cobalt(II)]- μ -1,3-bis-(pyridin-4-yl)propane- κ^2 N,N']

Susanne Wöhlert and Christian Näther

S1. Comment

In the last few years we have demonstrated that thermal decomposition reactions are an elegante route for the selective synthesis of new ligand-deficient coordination polymers with cooperative magnetic properties (Boeckmann & Näther, 2010; Wöhlert *et al.*, 2011). In this procedure ligand-rich precursor compounds based on paramagnetic transition metal thiocyanates and neutral monodentate or bidentate *N*-donor ligands are heated, leading to a stepwise loss of the neutral ligands, which yields ligand-deficient coordination compounds (Wriedt *et al.*, 2009). For the preparation of new precursor compounds we have reacted cobalt(II) thiocyanate and 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane in methanol. In this reaction light-green single crystals of the title compound, $[\text{Co}(\text{NCS})_2(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)(\text{CH}_3\text{OH})_2]$, were obtained, which were characterized by single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

In the crystal structure of the title compound the cobalt(II) cations are coordinated by two terminal *N*-bonded thiocyanate anions, two *O*-bonded methanol molecules and two *N*-bonded 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane ligands (Fig. 1). The octahedral coordination sphere of the cobalt(II) cation is slightly distorted with distances in the range of 2.0887 (17) Å to 2.1624 (15) Å. The angles around the cobalt(II) cations range from 88.43 (6) ° to 180 °. The Co(II) cations are bridged by the neutral 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane ligand into chains parallel to $[10\bar{1}]$ (Fig. 2). These chains are further connected through intermolecular O—H \cdots S hydrogen between the methanol molecules and terminal S atoms of the anions (Fig. 2, Table 2). It should be noted that according to a search in the CCDC database (CONQUEST; version 13.2011; Allen, 2002) one structure based on cobalt(II) thiocyanate and 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane has already been reported (Merz *et al.*, 2004). In this structure the cobalt(II) cations are octahedrally coordinated by four 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane ligands and two terminal *N*-bonded thiocyanato anions. The cobalt(II) cations are linked by the 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane ligands into chains oriented along the crystallographic *a*-axis that are further connected by the neutral co-ligands into layers.

S2. Experimental

Cobalt(II) thiocyanate, 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane and methanol were obtained from Alfa Aesar and were used without further purification. 0.6 mmol (104.4 mg) cobalt(II) thiocyanate, 0.15 mmol (34.4 mg) 1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)-propane and 1 mL methanol were reacted in a closed snap-vial without stirring. After the mixture has been standing for several days at room temperature, light-green single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained.

S3. Refinement

The aromatic H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry and were refined isotropically with $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and C—H distances of 0.93 Å using a riding model. The methyl H atoms of the methanol molecule were positioned with idealized geometry and were allowed to rotate but not to tip and were refined isotropically with $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and

C—H distances of 0.96 Å using a riding model. The O-H hydrogen atom was located in a difference map and was refined isotropically with varying coordinates.

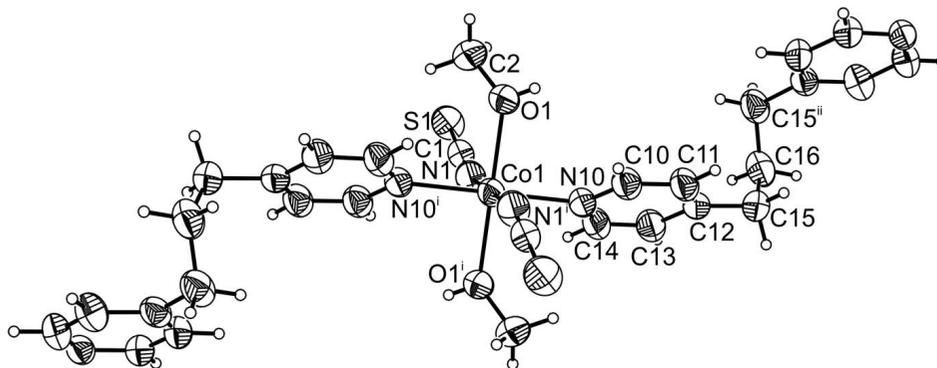
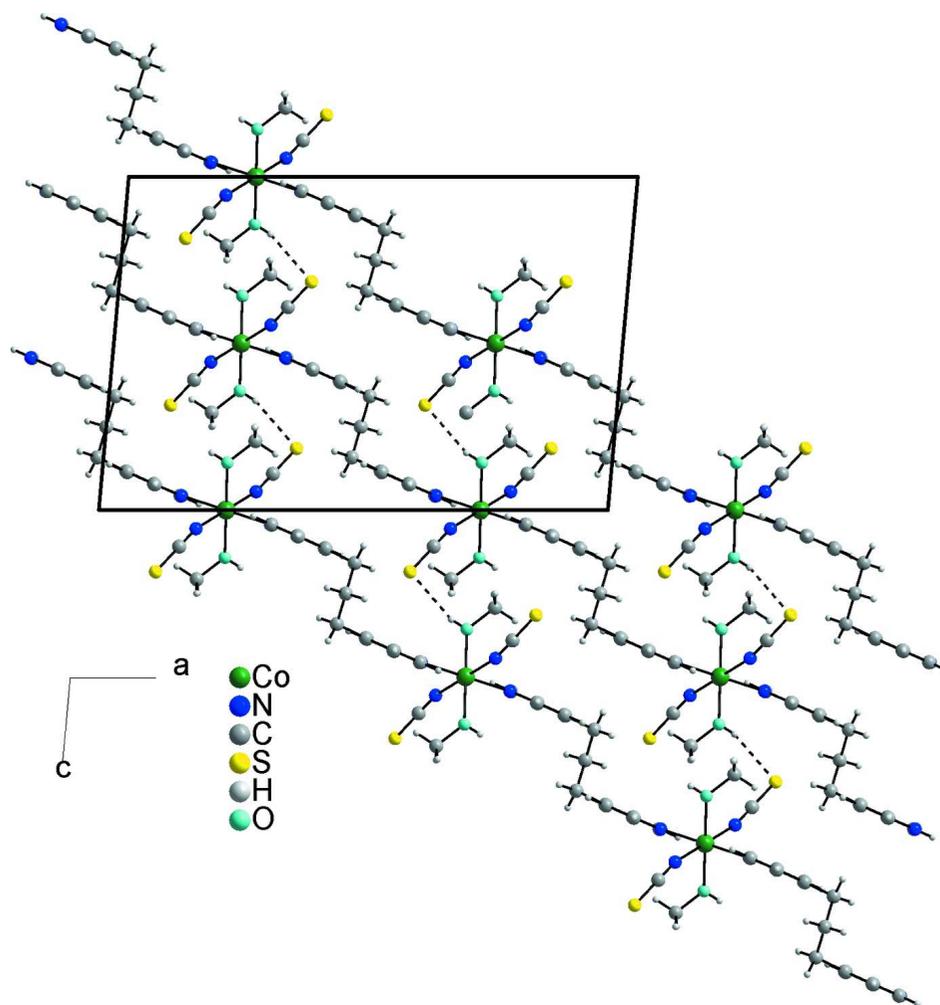


Figure 1

Crystal structure of the title compound with labelling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

[Symmetry codes: i) $-x+1/2$; $-y+1/2$; $-z+1$ and ii) $-x$; y ; $-z+1/2$.]

**Figure 2**

Crystal structure of the title compound in a view along the *b* axis. O—H...S hydrogen bonds are depicted with dotted lines.

***catena*-Poly[[bis(methanol- κ O)bis(thiocyanato- κ N)cobalt(II)]- μ -1,3-bis(pyridin-4-yl)propane- κ^2 N,N']**

Crystal data

[Co(NCS)₂(C₁₃H₁₄N₂)(CH₄O)₂]

$M_r = 437.44$

Monoclinic, *C2/c*

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 20.5440$ (12) Å

$b = 7.5708$ (3) Å

$c = 13.4274$ (7) Å

$\beta = 95.176$ (5)°

$V = 2079.91$ (18) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 908$

$D_x = 1.397$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 7860 reflections

$\theta = 2.9$ – 28.0 °

$\mu = 1.04$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, light-green

$0.12 \times 0.02 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

Stoe IPDS-2
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: numerical
 (*X-SHAPE* and *X-RED32*; Stoe & Cie, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.971$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$

7860 measured reflections
 2463 independent reflections
 2105 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$
 $h = -26 \rightarrow 26$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.081$
 $S = 1.05$
 2463 reflections
 125 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0342P)^2 + 1.3966P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Co1	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000	0.04506 (12)	
N1	0.30569 (8)	0.4522 (2)	0.44450 (13)	0.0576 (4)	
C1	0.33565 (9)	0.5317 (3)	0.39083 (14)	0.0489 (4)	
S1	0.37746 (3)	0.64359 (9)	0.31502 (4)	0.06640 (17)	
N10	0.16009 (7)	0.3899 (2)	0.45687 (11)	0.0487 (4)	
C10	0.10533 (9)	0.3059 (3)	0.42263 (15)	0.0539 (4)	
H10	0.1051	0.1831	0.4236	0.065*	
C11	0.04904 (9)	0.3927 (3)	0.38589 (15)	0.0574 (5)	
H11	0.0123	0.3283	0.3625	0.069*	
C12	0.04733 (9)	0.5744 (3)	0.38384 (14)	0.0525 (5)	
C13	0.10384 (10)	0.6616 (3)	0.42123 (17)	0.0607 (5)	
H13	0.1050	0.7844	0.4224	0.073*	
C14	0.15805 (10)	0.5664 (3)	0.45640 (16)	0.0568 (5)	
H14	0.1952	0.6279	0.4812	0.068*	
C15	-0.01223 (10)	0.6752 (4)	0.34160 (16)	0.0639 (6)	

H15A	-0.0263	0.7532	0.3928	0.077*	
H15B	-0.0474	0.5923	0.3238	0.077*	
C16	0.0000	0.7841 (4)	0.2500	0.0652 (8)	
H16A	0.0375	0.8597	0.2666	0.078*	0.50
H16B	-0.0375	0.8597	0.2334	0.078*	0.50
O1	0.24410 (8)	0.1222 (3)	0.35756 (11)	0.0623 (4)	
H1O1	0.2117 (13)	0.118 (4)	0.328 (2)	0.076 (9)*	
C2	0.29545 (11)	0.1156 (4)	0.29272 (18)	0.0723 (7)	
H2A	0.2931	0.2178	0.2502	0.108*	
H2B	0.2909	0.0109	0.2524	0.108*	
H2C	0.3369	0.1138	0.3319	0.108*	

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.03980 (18)	0.0573 (2)	0.03795 (17)	-0.00119 (15)	0.00289 (12)	0.00289 (15)
N1	0.0515 (9)	0.0658 (11)	0.0553 (9)	-0.0043 (8)	0.0043 (7)	0.0111 (8)
C1	0.0442 (9)	0.0541 (10)	0.0472 (9)	0.0013 (8)	-0.0023 (7)	0.0005 (8)
S1	0.0598 (3)	0.0797 (4)	0.0602 (3)	-0.0151 (3)	0.0084 (2)	0.0112 (3)
N10	0.0408 (7)	0.0627 (10)	0.0423 (8)	0.0013 (7)	0.0013 (6)	0.0001 (7)
C10	0.0463 (10)	0.0645 (12)	0.0506 (10)	-0.0046 (8)	0.0018 (8)	0.0022 (9)
C11	0.0423 (9)	0.0770 (14)	0.0522 (10)	-0.0071 (9)	0.0002 (8)	0.0007 (10)
C12	0.0426 (9)	0.0757 (13)	0.0391 (9)	0.0062 (9)	0.0037 (7)	-0.0040 (9)
C13	0.0564 (11)	0.0602 (13)	0.0633 (12)	0.0075 (10)	-0.0061 (9)	-0.0088 (10)
C14	0.0473 (10)	0.0624 (12)	0.0585 (11)	-0.0006 (9)	-0.0072 (8)	-0.0075 (10)
C15	0.0471 (10)	0.0889 (16)	0.0552 (11)	0.0141 (10)	0.0010 (9)	-0.0059 (11)
C16	0.0563 (16)	0.066 (2)	0.0705 (19)	0.000	-0.0128 (14)	0.000
O1	0.0474 (8)	0.0938 (12)	0.0454 (7)	0.0011 (8)	0.0029 (6)	-0.0106 (8)
C2	0.0583 (12)	0.1018 (19)	0.0582 (12)	0.0048 (12)	0.0135 (10)	-0.0160 (13)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Co1—N1	2.0887 (17)	C12—C15	1.509 (3)
Co1—N1 ⁱ	2.0887 (17)	C13—C14	1.374 (3)
Co1—O1	2.1372 (15)	C13—H13	0.9300
Co1—O1 ⁱ	2.1372 (15)	C14—H14	0.9300
Co1—N10	2.1624 (15)	C15—C16	1.520 (3)
Co1—N10 ⁱ	2.1624 (15)	C15—H15A	0.9700
N1—C1	1.158 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9700
C1—S1	1.628 (2)	C16—C15 ⁱⁱ	1.520 (3)
N10—C14	1.337 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9700
N10—C10	1.337 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C10—C11	1.382 (3)	O1—C2	1.428 (2)
C10—H10	0.9300	O1—H1O1	0.74 (3)
C11—C12	1.376 (3)	C2—H2A	0.9600
C11—H11	0.9300	C2—H2B	0.9600
C12—C13	1.390 (3)	C2—H2C	0.9600

N1—Co1—N1 ⁱ	180.00 (10)	C13—C12—C15	121.2 (2)
N1—Co1—O1	90.07 (7)	C14—C13—C12	120.0 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Co1—O1	89.93 (7)	C14—C13—H13	120.0
N1—Co1—O1 ⁱ	89.93 (7)	C12—C13—H13	120.0
N1 ⁱ —Co1—O1 ⁱ	90.07 (7)	N10—C14—C13	123.36 (19)
O1—Co1—O1 ⁱ	180.0	N10—C14—H14	118.3
N1—Co1—N10	91.57 (6)	C13—C14—H14	118.3
N1 ⁱ —Co1—N10	88.43 (6)	C12—C15—C16	113.01 (16)
O1—Co1—N10	90.23 (6)	C12—C15—H15A	109.0
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N10	89.77 (6)	C16—C15—H15A	109.0
N1—Co1—N10 ⁱ	88.43 (6)	C12—C15—H15B	109.0
N1 ⁱ —Co1—N10 ⁱ	91.57 (6)	C16—C15—H15B	109.0
O1—Co1—N10 ⁱ	89.77 (6)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.8
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N10 ⁱ	90.23 (6)	C15—C16—C15 ⁱⁱ	114.3 (3)
N10—Co1—N10 ⁱ	180.00 (8)	C15—C16—H16A	108.7
C1—N1—Co1	160.42 (17)	C15 ⁱⁱ —C16—H16A	108.7
N1—C1—S1	179.7 (2)	C15—C16—H16B	108.7
C14—N10—C10	116.65 (17)	C15 ⁱⁱ —C16—H16B	108.7
C14—N10—Co1	121.10 (13)	H16A—C16—H16B	107.6
C10—N10—Co1	122.08 (14)	C2—O1—Co1	125.17 (14)
N10—C10—C11	123.2 (2)	C2—O1—H1O1	110 (2)
N10—C10—H10	118.4	Co1—O1—H1O1	118 (2)
C11—C10—H10	118.4	O1—C2—H2A	109.5
C12—C11—C10	120.10 (19)	O1—C2—H2B	109.5
C12—C11—H11	120.0	H2A—C2—H2B	109.5
C10—C11—H11	120.0	O1—C2—H2C	109.5
C11—C12—C13	116.67 (18)	H2A—C2—H2C	109.5
C11—C12—C15	122.1 (2)	H2B—C2—H2C	109.5

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1O1 \cdots S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.74 (4)	2.54 (4)	3.2539 (19)	165 (4)

Symmetry code: (iii) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.