

**1-Ethenyl-4-[(phenylsulfanyl)methyl]-benzene****Alcives Avila-Sorrosa, Reyna Reyes-Martínez,\* Simón Hernández-Ortega and David Morales-Morales**

Instituto de Química, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Circuito exterior, Ciudad Universitaria, México DF 04510, Mexico

Correspondence e-mail: rrm@uaem.mx

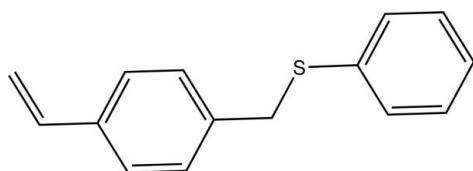
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.057;  $wR$  factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.0.

The dihedral angle between the aromatic rings in the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{S}$ , is  $72.38(7)^\circ$ . In the crystal, the molecules are connected by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions.

**Related literature**

For arylsulfides used as ligands in coordination chemistry, see: Olivos-Suárez *et al.* (2007); Fierro-Arias *et al.* (2005).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{S}$	$V = 1259.3(5)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 226.32$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.3042(19)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.23\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.642(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 298\text{ K}$
$c = 10.370(2)\text{ \AA}$	$0.36 \times 0.19 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 92.912(4)^\circ$	

**Data collection**

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.936$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

10072 measured reflections  
2314 independent reflections  
1525 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

**Refinement**

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.140$   
 $S = 1.03$   
2314 reflections  
145 parameters

1 restraint  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**Intermolecular C–H $\cdots\pi$  interactions in the title compound (Å).

H atom	Centroid	Distance	Symmetry code
H9	C1–C6	2.746	( $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ )
H12	C1–C6	2.873	( $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ )

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SMART*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5794).

**References**

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# supporting information

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## 1-Ethenyl-4-[(phenylsulfanyl)methyl]benzene

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### S1. Comment

Organosulfur compounds are important in synthetic organic chemistry, their applications include protecting groups (thio-acetals), reversing of the polarity (Umpolong), in enhancement of the acidity of C—H bonds, as well as in transfer of chirality from sulfur to carbon, among many other. Additionally, sulfur-containing groups are frequently found in important drugs used in the treatment of various diseases like diabetes, Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, cancer, and HIV. Thus, given their potential applications of these species, the synthesis of these compounds including catalytic procedures for their efficient production, has become an area of growing interest, this being particularly true for the attaining of non-symmetric sulfides. Moreover, recently arylsulfides have been used successfully as ligands in coordination chemistry (Olivos-Suárez *et al.*, 2007) where simple variations of the substitution at the sulfur makes them a very interesting set of ligands for the fine tuning of electron-donor properties and thus modulating the metal reactivity (Fierro-Arias *et al.*, 2005).

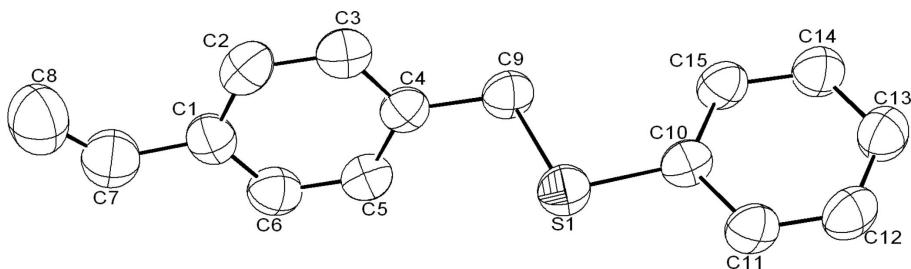
The molecular structure of the title compound is showed in Fig. 1. The bond distances and angles are within normal values. The geometry of the molecule exhibits non-coplanarity of the phenyl rings, with a dihedral angle of 72.38 (7)°. The molecules are stabilized in the solid state by weak C—H- $\pi$   $Cg$ (C1—C6) intermolecular interactions, [C9—H9B— $Cg$  2.746 Å, C9— $Cg$  3.488 Å, C9—H9— $Cg$  132.9°, symm. code  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ , C12—H12— $Cg$  2.873 Å, C12— $Cg$  3.651 Å, C12—H12— $Cg$ , 141.9° symm operator 2]. The C—H- $\pi$  interaction between the methylene group and the aromatic ring  $Cg$  of the molecules generates a dimeric motif which are extended by C—H- $\pi$  interaction between C12—H12— $Cg$  generating a two-dimensional sheet structure (Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

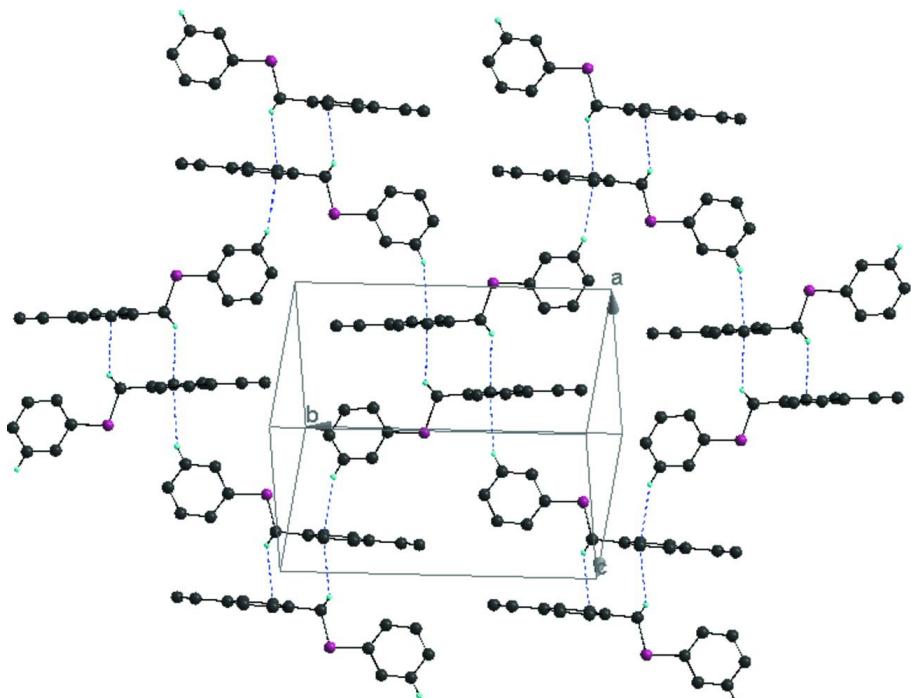
To a suspension of NaH (126 mg, 5.5 mmol) in 20 ml of THF, benzenethiol was added dropwise (0.34 ml, 5 mmol). The resulting suspension was stirred for 10 min and after this time chloromethyl-vinyl-benzene (this starting material was used as a mixture 60:40% of 1-chloromethyl-3-vinyl-benzene and 1-chloromethyl-4-vinyl-benzene as supplied by Aldrich Chemical Co., 0.7 ml, 760 mg, 5 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was then allowed to proceed under stirring for further 3 h. Upon completion the reaction mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4 × 20 ml) and the combined organic fractions were washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 × 50 ml) and dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and evaporated under vacuum to afford 1.10 g (4.84 mmol, 97%) of a white solid consisting in a mixture of a 1-phenylsulfanylmethyl-3-vinyl-benzene and 1-phenylsulfanylmethyl-4-vinyl-benzene (60:40 *ca*). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained from a slow evaporation of a saturated solution of this mixture in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. IR (KBr): 3087, 3003, 2921, 2848, 1588, 1509, 1488, 1091, 993, 907, 851, 820, 627 cm<sup>-1</sup>. EM-IE: 226 (40, [M<sup>+</sup>]), 117 (100), 115 (30) / 226 (15, [M<sup>+</sup>]), 117 (100), 115 (20) m/z (%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, d (p.p.m.): 7.37–7.17 (m, 18H) 6.73 (dd, 1H), 6.68 (dd, 1H), 5.74 (dd, 2H), 5.26 (dd, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H).

**S3. Refinement**

H atoms were included in calculated positions ( $\text{C}—\text{H} = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$ ), and refined using a riding model with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$  of the carrier atom.

**Figure 1**

Crystal structure of the title compound with the numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 30% probability. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

**Figure 2**

$\text{C}—\text{H}—\pi$  dimeric motif, by  $\text{C}9—\text{H}9\text{B}—\text{C}_\text{g}$  and two-dimensional sheet structure formed through  $\text{C}—\text{H}—\pi$  interactions,  $\text{C}12—\text{H}12—\text{C}_\text{g}$ .

**1-Ethenyl-4-[(phenylsulfanyl)methyl]benzene***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{S}$	$c = 10.370 (2) \text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 226.32$	$\beta = 92.912 (4)^\circ$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$V = 1259.3 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$Z = 4$
$a = 8.3042 (19) \text{ \AA}$	$F(000) = 480$
$b = 14.642 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$D_x = 1.194 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 2634 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.4\text{--}24.2^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$   
 Block, colourless  
 $0.36 \times 0.19 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 0.661 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$   
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2007)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.936$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

10072 measured reflections  
 2314 independent reflections  
 1525 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$   
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 17$   
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.140$   
 $S = 1.03$   
 2314 reflections  
 145 parameters  
 1 restraint  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0603P)^2 + 0.2262P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.13 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.16819 (9)	0.60414 (5)	0.19138 (7)	0.0904 (3)
C1	0.3712 (4)	0.2798 (2)	0.0931 (3)	0.0885 (8)
C2	0.2757 (4)	0.3174 (2)	-0.0058 (3)	0.0930 (9)
H2	0.2263	0.2793	-0.0676	0.112*
C3	0.2521 (3)	0.4107 (2)	-0.0150 (3)	0.0885 (8)
H3	0.1867	0.4343	-0.0824	0.106*
C4	0.3246 (3)	0.4690 (2)	0.0748 (3)	0.0757 (7)
C5	0.4190 (4)	0.4312 (2)	0.1723 (3)	0.0886 (8)
H5	0.4685	0.4691	0.2343	0.106*
C6	0.4426 (4)	0.3392 (3)	0.1813 (3)	0.0974 (9)
H6	0.5087	0.3161	0.2486	0.117*
C7	0.4016 (5)	0.1808 (3)	0.1094 (4)	0.1230 (12)

H7	0.4742	0.1640	0.1765	0.148*
C8	0.3390 (6)	0.1155 (3)	0.0413 (5)	0.1552 (17)
H8A	0.2656	0.1284	-0.0270	0.186*
H8B	0.3670	0.0553	0.0603	0.186*
C9	0.2985 (3)	0.5699 (2)	0.0659 (3)	0.0873 (8)
H9A	0.2493	0.5855	-0.0180	0.105*
H9B	0.4009	0.6015	0.0764	0.105*
C10	0.1452 (3)	0.7229 (2)	0.1694 (2)	0.0752 (7)
C11	0.0489 (3)	0.7681 (2)	0.2549 (3)	0.0869 (8)
H11	0.0009	0.7354	0.3195	0.104*
C12	0.0245 (4)	0.8600 (2)	0.2446 (3)	0.0995 (10)
H12	-0.0404	0.8891	0.3024	0.119*
C13	0.0937 (4)	0.9101 (2)	0.1508 (3)	0.1001 (9)
H13	0.0764	0.9727	0.1446	0.120*
C14	0.1886 (4)	0.8663 (2)	0.0666 (3)	0.0981 (9)
H14	0.2363	0.8997	0.0025	0.118*
C15	0.2150 (3)	0.7736 (2)	0.0749 (3)	0.0860 (8)
H15	0.2801	0.7450	0.0166	0.103*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0786 (5)	0.0978 (6)	0.0979 (6)	0.0027 (4)	0.0353 (4)	0.0027 (4)
C1	0.0791 (19)	0.089 (2)	0.100 (2)	0.0046 (16)	0.0288 (17)	0.0090 (19)
C2	0.0802 (19)	0.102 (2)	0.098 (2)	-0.0160 (17)	0.0154 (17)	-0.0222 (19)
C3	0.0724 (17)	0.109 (2)	0.0849 (19)	0.0017 (16)	0.0074 (15)	-0.0013 (18)
C4	0.0635 (15)	0.0884 (19)	0.0771 (17)	-0.0015 (14)	0.0203 (13)	-0.0026 (16)
C5	0.0860 (19)	0.100 (2)	0.0804 (19)	-0.0012 (17)	0.0075 (16)	-0.0066 (17)
C6	0.091 (2)	0.113 (3)	0.089 (2)	0.0079 (19)	0.0086 (17)	0.005 (2)
C7	0.122 (3)	0.122 (3)	0.129 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.002 (3)
C8	0.161 (4)	0.125 (4)	0.183 (5)	-0.010 (3)	0.039 (4)	0.005 (3)
C9	0.0807 (18)	0.098 (2)	0.0854 (18)	0.0025 (15)	0.0248 (14)	-0.0026 (16)
C10	0.0550 (13)	0.0940 (19)	0.0771 (16)	-0.0007 (13)	0.0100 (12)	-0.0057 (14)
C11	0.0699 (16)	0.104 (2)	0.0886 (19)	0.0054 (15)	0.0247 (14)	-0.0012 (16)
C12	0.088 (2)	0.114 (3)	0.098 (2)	0.0153 (19)	0.0257 (18)	-0.014 (2)
C13	0.101 (2)	0.095 (2)	0.105 (2)	0.0097 (18)	0.0141 (19)	-0.0066 (19)
C14	0.108 (2)	0.096 (2)	0.093 (2)	-0.0036 (18)	0.0259 (18)	0.0007 (18)
C15	0.0818 (18)	0.095 (2)	0.0832 (18)	-0.0009 (15)	0.0231 (15)	-0.0068 (16)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )*

S1—C10	1.763 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300
S1—C9	1.805 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9300
C1—C6	1.374 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C1—C2	1.379 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C1—C7	1.481 (5)	C10—C15	1.380 (4)
C2—C3	1.382 (4)	C10—C11	1.390 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.364 (4)

C3—C4	1.379 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—C13	1.368 (4)
C4—C5	1.365 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C9	1.495 (4)	C13—C14	1.366 (4)
C5—C6	1.363 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—C15	1.377 (4)
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C7—C8	1.282 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—H7	0.9300		
C10—S1—C9	104.23 (13)	C4—C9—S1	108.70 (19)
C6—C1—C2	117.0 (3)	C4—C9—H9A	110.0
C6—C1—C7	118.6 (3)	S1—C9—H9A	110.0
C2—C1—C7	124.4 (4)	C4—C9—H9B	110.0
C1—C2—C3	121.3 (3)	S1—C9—H9B	110.0
C1—C2—H2	119.3	H9A—C9—H9B	108.3
C3—C2—H2	119.3	C15—C10—C11	118.2 (3)
C4—C3—C2	120.6 (3)	C15—C10—S1	125.1 (2)
C4—C3—H3	119.7	C11—C10—S1	116.6 (2)
C2—C3—H3	119.7	C12—C11—C10	120.5 (3)
C5—C4—C3	117.6 (3)	C12—C11—H11	119.8
C5—C4—C9	121.5 (3)	C10—C11—H11	119.8
C3—C4—C9	120.9 (3)	C11—C12—C13	121.2 (3)
C6—C5—C4	121.8 (3)	C11—C12—H12	119.4
C6—C5—H5	119.1	C13—C12—H12	119.4
C4—C5—H5	119.1	C14—C13—C12	118.7 (3)
C5—C6—C1	121.6 (3)	C14—C13—H13	120.7
C5—C6—H6	119.2	C12—C13—H13	120.7
C1—C6—H6	119.2	C13—C14—C15	121.2 (3)
C8—C7—C1	127.2 (5)	C13—C14—H14	119.4
C8—C7—H7	116.4	C15—C14—H14	119.4
C1—C7—H7	116.4	C14—C15—C10	120.2 (3)
C7—C8—H8A	120.0	C14—C15—H15	119.9
C7—C8—H8B	120.0	C10—C15—H15	119.9
H8A—C8—H8B	120.0		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.6 (4)	C3—C4—C9—S1	107.0 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.8 (3)	C10—S1—C9—C4	-179.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (4)	C9—S1—C10—C15	0.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (4)	C9—S1—C10—C11	-179.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C9	-179.5 (2)	C15—C10—C11—C12	0.2 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (4)	S1—C10—C11—C12	-179.9 (2)
C9—C4—C5—C6	179.7 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.1 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.7 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.0 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.7 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.0 (5)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-179.6 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.0 (5)
C6—C1—C7—C8	176.0 (4)	C11—C10—C15—C14	-0.1 (4)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-4.4 (6)	S1—C10—C15—C14	180.0 (2)

C5—C4—C9—S1

−72.3 (3)

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