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## Structure Reports

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## 4-Oxo-2,4-diphenylbutanenitrile

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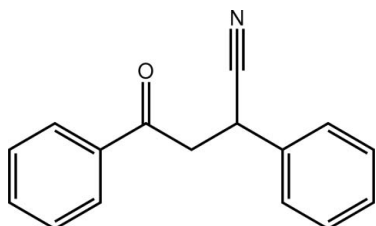
Received 12 February 2012; accepted 12 February 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.036;  $wR$  factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.3.

The title molecule,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}$ , is twisted, the dihedral angle between the terminal phenyl rings being  $68.40(6)^\circ$ . In the crystal,  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  interactions lead to supramolecular layers in the  $bc$  plane.

## Related literature

For background to the synthetic applications of 2,4-diaryl-4-oxo-butanenitriles, see: Coudert *et al.* (1990, 1988); Iida *et al.* (2007). For the preparation of the title compound, see Coudert *et al.* (1990). For the structure of the methoxy derivative, see: Abdel-Aziz *et al.* (2012).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}$   
 $M_r = 235.27$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 14.2158(3)$  Å  
 $b = 8.9244(2)$  Å  
 $c = 9.7553(2)$  Å  
 $\beta = 99.217(2)^\circ$

$V = 1221.65(5)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.63$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.15$  mm

## Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.752$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

4625 measured reflections  
 2496 independent reflections  
 2187 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$   
 $S = 1.02$   
 2496 reflections

163 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.20$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.62	3.3669 (17)	136
$\text{C8}-\text{H8b}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.99	2.56	3.5246 (14)	163

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

This work was supported by the Research Center of Pharmacy, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. We also thank the Ministry of Higher Education (Malaysia) for funding structural studies through the High-Impact Research scheme (UM-C/HIR/MOHE/SC/12).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5469).

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## supporting information

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## 4-Oxo-2,4-diphenylbutanenitrile

Alaa A.-M. Abdel-Aziz, Adel S. El-Azab, Seik Weng Ng and Edward R. T. Tiekink

### S1. Comment

2,4-Diaryl-4-oxo-butanenitriles constitute an important class of difunctional intermediates for both the synthesis of biologically active heterocycles, such as pyridazine derivatives, and as a source ketone (Coudert *et al.*, 1990; Coudert *et al.*, 1988; Iida *et al.*, 2007). Herein, the crystal structure of a 2,4-diaryl-4-oxo-butanenitrile derivative, 2,4-diphenyl-4-oxo-butanenitrile (I), is described. This compound has been prepared previously (Coudert *et al.*, 1990) and the structure of the methoxy derivative is known (Abdel-Aziz *et al.*, 2012).

The molecule of (I), Fig. 1, is twisted as seen in the value of the dihedral angle between the terminal benzene rings of 68.40 (6)°. The twist occurs between the C9—C11 bond [the C8—C9—C11—C12 torsion angle is 107.79 (12)°] with the other part of the molecule being relatively planar [the C7—C8—C9—C11 torsion angle is -179.69 (9)°].

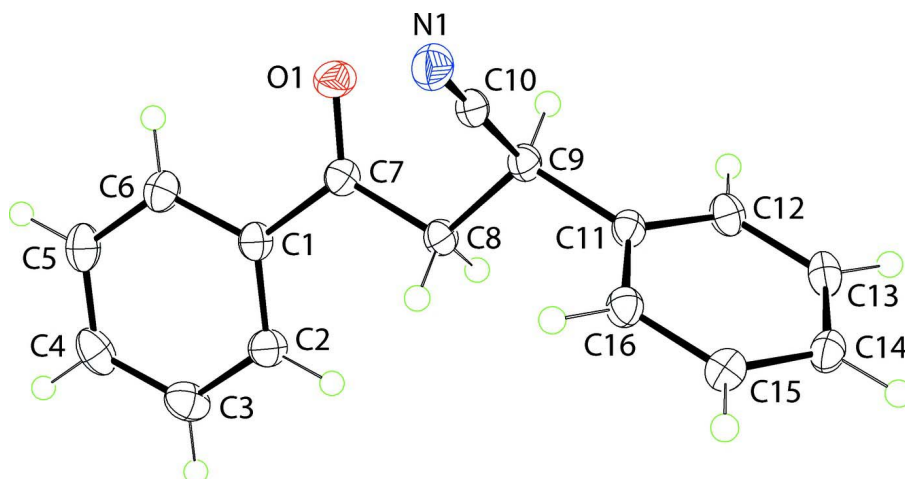
Supramolecular layers in the *bc* plane are formed in the crystal packing *via* C—H···O and C—H···N interactions, Fig. 2 and Table 1. These stack along the *a* axis with no specific intermolecular interactions between the layers, Fig. 3.

### S2. Experimental

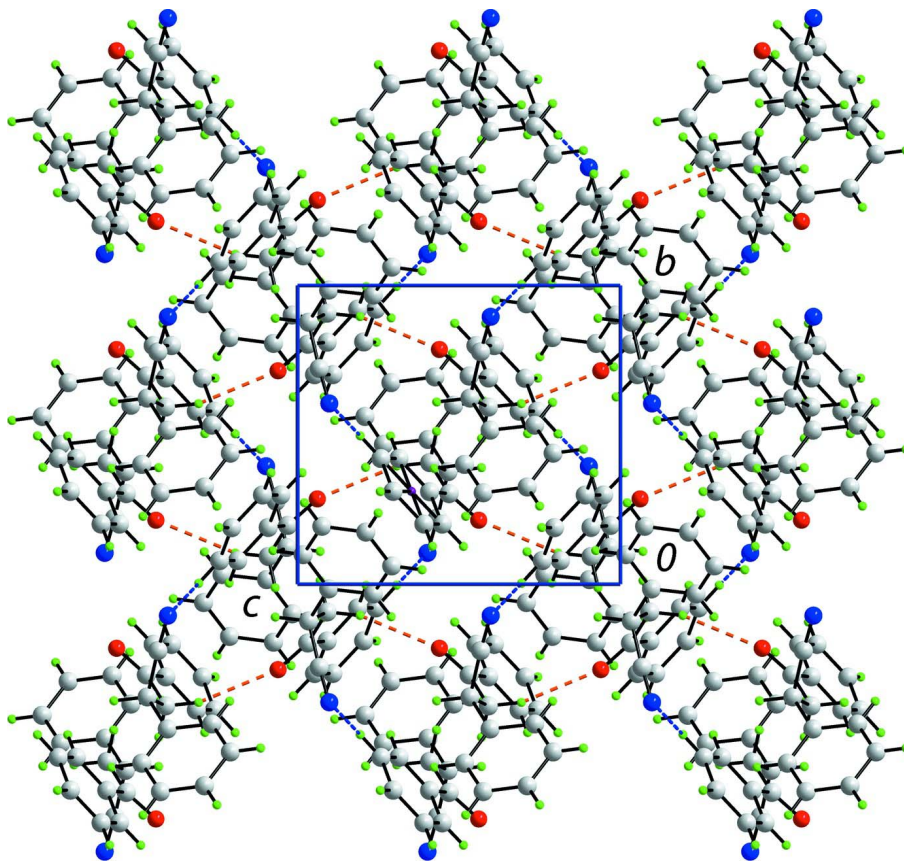
Acetone cyanohydrin (0.045 mol) and 10% aqueous sodium carbonate (0.0015 mol and 1.5 ml water) were added to solution of benzalacetophenone (0.015 mol) in ethanol (50 ml). The mixture was heated at reflux temperature for 4 h. After cooling, the product which separated out was filtered off and recrystallized from methanol.

### S3. Refinement

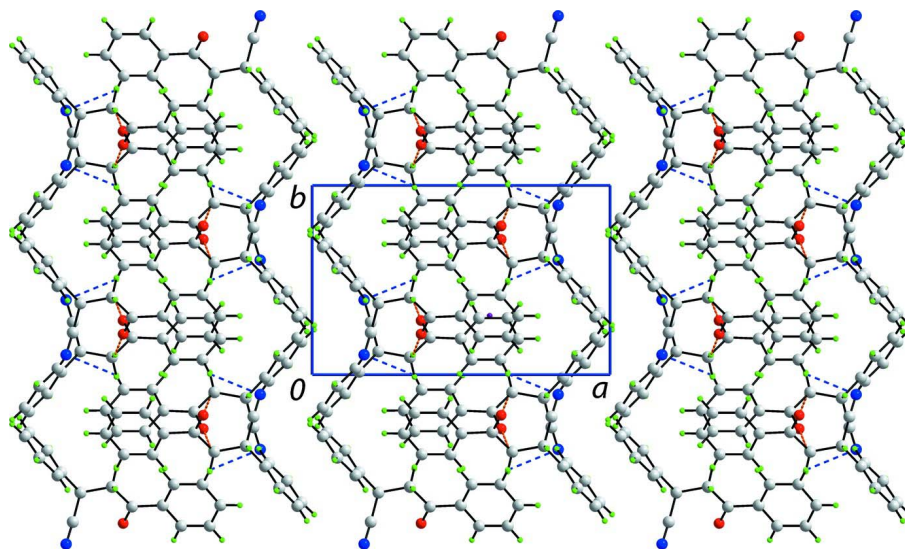
Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions [C—H = 0.95 to 1.00 Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ ] and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view of the supramolecular in the *bc* plane in (I). The C—H...O and C—H...N interactions are shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively.

**Figure 3**

A view in projection down the  $c$  axis of the unit-cell contents for (I). The C—H...O and C—H...N interactions are shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively.

#### 4-Oxo-2,4-diphenylbutanenitrile

##### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{13}NO$   
 $M_r = 235.27$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 Hall symbol: -P 2ybc  
 $a = 14.2158$  (3) Å  
 $b = 8.9244$  (2) Å  
 $c = 9.7553$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 99.217$  (2)°  
 $V = 1221.65$  (5) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 496$   
 $D_x = 1.279$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.5418$  Å  
 Cell parameters from 2233 reflections  
 $\theta = 3.2$ – $76.0$ °  
 $\mu = 0.63$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 Prism, colourless  
 $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.15$  mm

##### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual  
 diffractometer with an Atlas detector  
 Radiation source: SuperNova (Cu) X-ray  
 Source  
 Mirror monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 10.4041 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scan  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2011)

$T_{\min} = 0.752$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
 4625 measured reflections  
 2496 independent reflections  
 2187 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 76.2$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.2$ °  
 $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 6$   
 $l = -11 \rightarrow 12$

##### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$   
 $S = 1.02$   
 2496 reflections  
 163 parameters

0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.048P)^2 + 0.3439P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.36576 (6)	0.21438 (10)	0.43914 (9)	0.0285 (2)
N1	0.17432 (7)	0.10500 (12)	0.59790 (12)	0.0279 (2)
C1	0.49902 (8)	0.30995 (13)	0.59134 (12)	0.0208 (2)
C2	0.53560 (8)	0.42071 (14)	0.68608 (12)	0.0247 (3)
H2	0.4947	0.4960	0.7124	0.030*
C3	0.63208 (9)	0.42086 (16)	0.74205 (13)	0.0298 (3)
H3	0.6570	0.4966	0.8062	0.036*
C4	0.69199 (8)	0.31074 (16)	0.70442 (13)	0.0299 (3)
H4	0.7575	0.3102	0.7441	0.036*
C5	0.65640 (9)	0.20143 (15)	0.60905 (14)	0.0297 (3)
H5	0.6976	0.1268	0.5826	0.036*
C6	0.56030 (9)	0.20125 (14)	0.55228 (13)	0.0252 (3)
H6	0.5361	0.1267	0.4865	0.030*
C7	0.39562 (8)	0.30324 (13)	0.53106 (12)	0.0205 (2)
C8	0.32829 (7)	0.40714 (13)	0.59087 (12)	0.0201 (2)
H8	0.3436	0.5120	0.5698	0.024*
H8B	0.3386	0.3957	0.6931	0.024*
C9	0.22257 (7)	0.37701 (13)	0.53382 (12)	0.0198 (2)
H9	0.2119	0.3901	0.4307	0.024*
C10	0.19687 (8)	0.22196 (13)	0.56679 (12)	0.0211 (2)
C11	0.15783 (7)	0.48444 (12)	0.59617 (12)	0.0187 (2)
C12	0.11047 (8)	0.59901 (13)	0.51696 (12)	0.0218 (2)
H12	0.1195	0.6126	0.4233	0.026*
C13	0.04974 (8)	0.69400 (13)	0.57491 (13)	0.0232 (3)
H13	0.0177	0.7726	0.5207	0.028*
C14	0.03583 (8)	0.67459 (13)	0.71113 (13)	0.0224 (2)
H14	-0.0067	0.7384	0.7496	0.027*
C15	0.08427 (8)	0.56136 (13)	0.79140 (12)	0.0234 (2)
H15	0.0755	0.5483	0.8852	0.028*
C16	0.14544 (8)	0.46762 (12)	0.73418 (12)	0.0211 (2)
H16	0.1792	0.3913	0.7895	0.025*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0216 (4)	0.0328 (5)	0.0314 (5)	−0.0005 (4)	0.0048 (3)	−0.0109 (4)
N1	0.0227 (5)	0.0233 (5)	0.0370 (6)	0.0003 (4)	0.0031 (4)	−0.0017 (4)
C1	0.0179 (5)	0.0224 (5)	0.0228 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0057 (4)	0.0020 (4)
C2	0.0196 (5)	0.0287 (6)	0.0265 (6)	−0.0012 (5)	0.0058 (4)	−0.0036 (5)
C3	0.0223 (6)	0.0390 (7)	0.0281 (6)	−0.0062 (5)	0.0038 (5)	−0.0029 (6)
C4	0.0165 (5)	0.0441 (8)	0.0290 (6)	−0.0001 (5)	0.0032 (5)	0.0087 (6)
C5	0.0217 (6)	0.0319 (7)	0.0365 (7)	0.0067 (5)	0.0081 (5)	0.0053 (5)
C6	0.0233 (6)	0.0239 (6)	0.0294 (6)	0.0020 (5)	0.0071 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C7	0.0187 (5)	0.0212 (5)	0.0223 (5)	−0.0007 (4)	0.0052 (4)	0.0003 (4)
C8	0.0155 (5)	0.0214 (5)	0.0233 (5)	−0.0004 (4)	0.0032 (4)	−0.0014 (4)
C9	0.0163 (5)	0.0210 (5)	0.0222 (5)	0.0011 (4)	0.0030 (4)	−0.0002 (4)
C10	0.0145 (5)	0.0231 (6)	0.0250 (5)	0.0026 (4)	0.0012 (4)	−0.0036 (5)
C11	0.0136 (5)	0.0177 (5)	0.0248 (5)	−0.0015 (4)	0.0029 (4)	−0.0007 (4)
C12	0.0171 (5)	0.0243 (6)	0.0241 (6)	−0.0001 (4)	0.0042 (4)	0.0043 (5)
C13	0.0167 (5)	0.0208 (5)	0.0317 (6)	0.0019 (4)	0.0023 (4)	0.0047 (5)
C14	0.0175 (5)	0.0193 (5)	0.0308 (6)	0.0011 (4)	0.0054 (4)	−0.0021 (5)
C15	0.0239 (6)	0.0220 (5)	0.0250 (6)	0.0006 (5)	0.0060 (4)	−0.0002 (5)
C16	0.0207 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0243 (6)	0.0007 (4)	0.0027 (4)	0.0012 (4)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C7	1.2212 (14)	C8—H8	0.9900
N1—C10	1.1470 (16)	C8—H8B	0.9900
C1—C2	1.3956 (17)	C9—C10	1.4796 (16)
C1—C6	1.3970 (16)	C9—C11	1.5217 (14)
C1—C7	1.4944 (15)	C9—H9	1.0000
C2—C3	1.3926 (17)	C11—C12	1.3889 (16)
C2—H2	0.9500	C11—C16	1.3936 (16)
C3—C4	1.3879 (19)	C12—C13	1.3929 (16)
C3—H3	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C4—C5	1.386 (2)	C13—C14	1.3853 (17)
C4—H4	0.9500	C13—H13	0.9500
C5—C6	1.3894 (17)	C14—C15	1.3914 (16)
C5—H5	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C6—H6	0.9500	C15—C16	1.3868 (16)
C7—C8	1.5151 (15)	C15—H15	0.9500
C8—C9	1.5403 (14)	C16—H16	0.9500
C2—C1—C6	119.34 (11)	H8—C8—H8B	107.7
C2—C1—C7	121.85 (10)	C10—C9—C11	108.43 (9)
C6—C1—C7	118.81 (11)	C10—C9—C8	110.20 (9)
C3—C2—C1	119.96 (11)	C11—C9—C8	111.29 (9)
C3—C2—H2	120.0	C10—C9—H9	109.0
C1—C2—H2	120.0	C11—C9—H9	109.0
C4—C3—C2	120.21 (12)	C8—C9—H9	109.0

C4—C3—H3	119.9	N1—C10—C9	176.20 (12)
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C12—C11—C16	119.46 (10)
C3—C4—C5	120.15 (11)	C12—C11—C9	120.78 (10)
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C16—C11—C9	119.76 (10)
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C11—C12—C13	119.93 (11)
C4—C5—C6	119.88 (12)	C11—C12—H12	120.0
C4—C5—H5	120.1	C13—C12—H12	120.0
C6—C5—H5	120.1	C14—C13—C12	120.41 (11)
C5—C6—C1	120.44 (12)	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C6—H6	119.8	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C1—C6—H6	119.8	C13—C14—C15	119.79 (11)
O1—C7—C1	121.29 (10)	C13—C14—H14	120.1
O1—C7—C8	120.89 (10)	C15—C14—H14	120.1
C1—C7—C8	117.79 (10)	C16—C15—C14	119.82 (11)
C7—C8—C9	113.21 (9)	C16—C15—H15	120.1
C7—C8—H8	108.9	C14—C15—H15	120.1
C9—C8—H8	108.9	C15—C16—C11	120.55 (10)
C7—C8—H8B	108.9	C15—C16—H16	119.7
C9—C8—H8B	108.9	C11—C16—H16	119.7
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.85 (18)	C7—C8—C9—C10	59.99 (12)
C7—C1—C2—C3	178.58 (11)	C7—C8—C9—C11	-179.69 (9)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.31 (19)	C10—C9—C11—C12	-130.84 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.11 (19)	C8—C9—C11—C12	107.79 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.74 (19)	C10—C9—C11—C16	48.89 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.44 (19)	C8—C9—C11—C16	-72.47 (13)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.23 (18)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-1.27 (16)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-178.23 (11)	C9—C11—C12—C13	178.47 (10)
C2—C1—C7—O1	173.35 (11)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.31 (17)
C6—C1—C7—O1	-7.21 (17)	C12—C13—C14—C15	1.28 (17)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-8.53 (16)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.67 (17)
C6—C1—C7—C8	170.91 (10)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.91 (17)
O1—C7—C8—C9	5.29 (15)	C12—C11—C16—C15	1.88 (17)
C1—C7—C8—C9	-172.83 (9)	C9—C11—C16—C15	-177.85 (10)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C3—H3 $\cdots$ N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.62	3.3669 (17)	136
C8—H8b $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.56	3.5246 (14)	163

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (ii)  $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ .