

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3,6,8-Tribromo-7-ethylamino-4-methyl-2H-chromen-2-one

Ting Zhang, Hai-tao Xi,* Chun-bao Miao, Liang Chen and Xiao-qiang Sun

 Key Laboratory of Fine Chemical Engineering, Changzhou University, Changzhou 213164, Jiangsu, People's Republic China
 Correspondence e-mail: xht@cczu.edu.cn

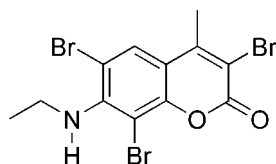
Received 13 February 2012; accepted 1 March 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.099; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{Br}_3\text{NO}_2$, the 2H-chromen ring is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.022 Å) with the ethylamino group oriented at 13.9 (5)° with respect to the ring. The molecular structure is stabilized by intramolecular N—H···Br and C—H···Br interactions.

Related literature

For the synthetic procedure, see: Belluti *et al.* (2010). For a related structure, see: Kruszynski *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{Br}_3\text{NO}_2$
 $M_r = 439.94$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.5045$ (9) Å
 $b = 7.2551$ (8) Å
 $c = 21.556$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 94.720$ (2)°

$V = 1325.5$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 9.12$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.263$, $T_{\max} = 0.342$
 7355 measured reflections

2457 independent reflections
 2002 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$
 3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
 intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.099$
 $S = 1.01$
 2457 reflections
 169 parameters
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.63$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1···Br1	0.87 (1)	2.64 (4)	3.039 (4)	109 (3)
C10—H10A···Br2	0.96	2.60	3.176 (5)	118
C13—H13A···Br3	0.97	2.71	3.146 (7)	108

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2515).

References

- Belluti, F., Fontana, G., Bo, L. D. & Carenini, N. (2010). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **18**, 3543–3550.
 Enraf–Nonius (1985). *CAD-4 Software*. Enraf–Nonius, Delft, The Netherlands.
 Harms, K. & Wocadlo, S. (1995). *XCAD4*. University of Marburg, Germany.
 Kruszynski, R., Trzesowska, A., Majewski, P., Skretowska, S. & Marszałek, A. (2005). *Acta Cryst.* **E61**, o1248–o1250.
 North, A. C. T., Phillips, D. C. & Mathews, F. S. (1968). *Acta Cryst.* **A24**, 351–359.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1013 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812009221]

3,6,8-Tribromo-7-ethylamino-4-methyl-2H-chromen-2-one**Ting Zhang, Hai-tao Xi, Chun-bao Miao, Liang Chen and Xiao-qiang Sun****S1. Comment**

The title compound is used as an important intermediate in the synthesis of fluorescent tracers (Belluti *et al.*, (2010)). The 2*H*-chromen ring in the title molecule (Fig. 1) is essentially planar (rmsd 0.022) with ethylamino group oriented at 13.9 (5)° with respect to the ring. The molecular dimensions of the title compound are in agreement with the corresponding dimensions of the structure of a related compound (Kruszynski *et al.*, 2005).

In the crystal of the title compound, there are only N—H⋯Br and C—H⋯Br intramolecular hydrogen bonds which stabilize the molecular structure.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared by a method reported in the literature (Belluti *et al.*, (2010)). To a suspension of 4-methyl-7-*N,N*-diethylamino coumarin (10 mmol, 2.31 g) and bromosuccinimide (11 mmol, 1.95 g) in carbon tetrachloride (100 ml), a catalytic amount of benzoyl peroxide was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 h, the succinimide thus produced during the reaction was filtered off, and the solvent was washed with water, dried and removed under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a pale yellow product. Colorless block of the title compound were grown in ethanol (20 ml) by evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 5 days.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H and 0.86 (1) Å for N—H; with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.2$ for aromatic H, and $x = 1.5$ for other H.

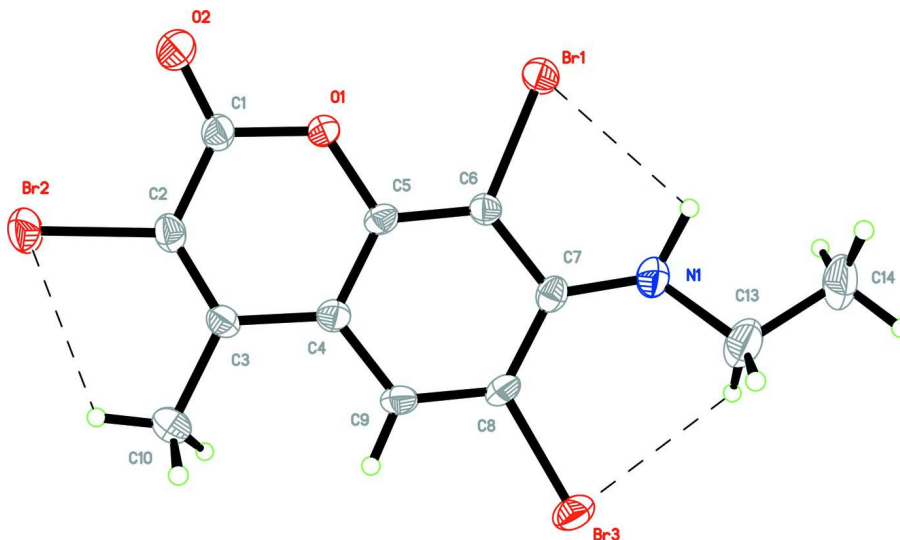


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

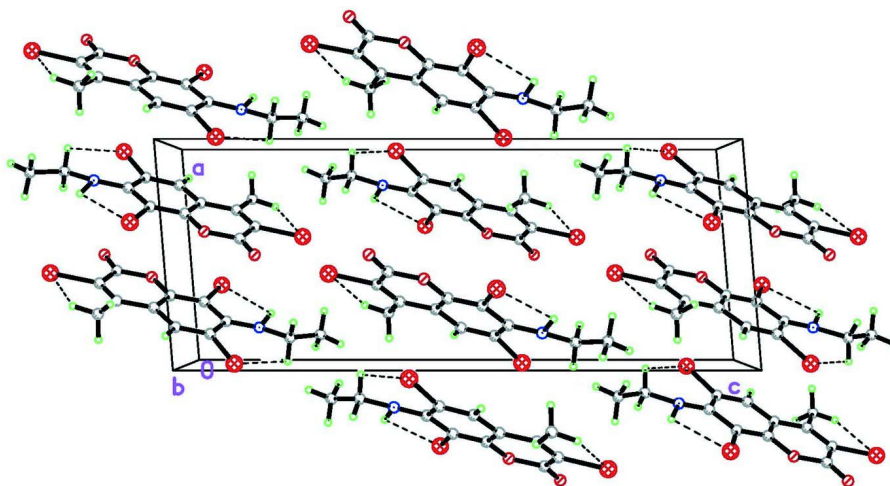


Figure 2

A packing diagram for (I).

3,6,8-Tribromo-7-ethylamino-4-methyl-2*H*-chromen-2-one

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{10}Br_3NO_2$

$M_r = 439.94$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 8.5045$ (9) Å

$b = 7.2551$ (8) Å

$c = 21.556$ (2) Å

$\beta = 94.720$ (2)°

$V = 1325.5$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 840$

$D_x = 2.205$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2620 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}25.5^\circ$

$\mu = 9.12$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

BLOCK, colorless

$0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\omega/2\theta$ scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.263$, $T_{\max} = 0.342$

7355 measured reflections

2457 independent reflections

2002 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -26 \rightarrow 23$

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$

$wR(F^2) = 0.099$

$S = 1.01$

2457 reflections

169 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0605P)^2 + 0.6207P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.63 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.56 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.35825 (6)	0.11548 (6)	0.05870 (2)	0.04316 (16)
Br2	0.41792 (7)	0.58281 (7)	-0.22380 (2)	0.05645 (19)
Br3	0.01975 (6)	0.79144 (7)	0.09690 (2)	0.05198 (18)
O1	0.3974 (3)	0.3023 (4)	-0.05962 (13)	0.0364 (7)
C8	0.1457 (5)	0.6305 (6)	0.0522 (2)	0.0354 (9)
C5	0.3144 (4)	0.4156 (5)	-0.02319 (19)	0.0313 (9)
C4	0.2630 (5)	0.5889 (5)	-0.0453 (2)	0.0335 (9)
C7	0.1975 (5)	0.4566 (6)	0.07545 (19)	0.0335 (9)
C2	0.3720 (5)	0.5264 (6)	-0.14159 (19)	0.0377 (10)
O2	0.5003 (4)	0.2360 (5)	-0.14659 (15)	0.0560 (9)
C9	0.1786 (5)	0.6931 (5)	-0.0049 (2)	0.0359 (9)
H9	0.1434	0.8097	-0.0174	0.043*
C1	0.4277 (5)	0.3477 (6)	-0.1195 (2)	0.0371 (10)
C3	0.2947 (5)	0.6444 (5)	-0.1069 (2)	0.0334 (9)
C6	0.2846 (5)	0.3532 (5)	0.03440 (19)	0.0314 (9)

N1	0.1665 (5)	0.3812 (6)	0.13117 (19)	0.0511 (11)
C10	0.2404 (6)	0.8311 (7)	-0.1302 (2)	0.0519 (12)
H10A	0.2757	0.8515	-0.1708	0.078*
H10B	0.2836	0.9243	-0.1021	0.078*
H10C	0.1273	0.8365	-0.1325	0.078*
C13	0.1232 (8)	0.4655 (9)	0.1875 (3)	0.0650 (15)
H13A	0.0167	0.5137	0.1812	0.078*
H13B	0.1938	0.5673	0.1986	0.078*
C14	0.1322 (8)	0.3266 (9)	0.2388 (2)	0.0668 (15)
H14A	0.0715	0.2198	0.2258	0.100*
H14B	0.0906	0.3791	0.2749	0.100*
H14C	0.2402	0.2916	0.2488	0.100*
H1	0.218 (6)	0.287 (5)	0.147 (2)	0.064 (18)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0588 (3)	0.0282 (2)	0.0433 (3)	0.00216 (19)	0.0097 (2)	0.00324 (18)
Br2	0.0814 (4)	0.0539 (3)	0.0367 (3)	0.0003 (3)	0.0208 (3)	0.0071 (2)
Br3	0.0578 (3)	0.0458 (3)	0.0550 (3)	0.0094 (2)	0.0203 (2)	-0.0111 (2)
O1	0.0488 (17)	0.0293 (15)	0.0323 (16)	0.0073 (13)	0.0110 (13)	0.0001 (12)
C8	0.039 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0012 (18)	0.0082 (19)	-0.0109 (17)
C5	0.033 (2)	0.0264 (19)	0.035 (2)	-0.0005 (16)	0.0062 (18)	-0.0065 (17)
C4	0.038 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0015 (17)	0.0053 (18)	-0.0023 (17)
C7	0.035 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.030 (2)	-0.0066 (18)	0.0046 (17)	-0.0056 (18)
C2	0.049 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.028 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.0055 (19)	0.0018 (18)
O2	0.083 (3)	0.0467 (19)	0.041 (2)	0.0135 (19)	0.0224 (19)	-0.0055 (16)
C9	0.041 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.042 (3)	0.0028 (17)	0.0050 (19)	-0.0048 (18)
C1	0.048 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.032 (2)	-0.0022 (19)	0.009 (2)	-0.0029 (18)
C3	0.040 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.0009 (17)	0.0014 (18)	0.0025 (17)
C6	0.039 (2)	0.0244 (19)	0.031 (2)	-0.0015 (17)	0.0038 (18)	-0.0006 (16)
N1	0.071 (3)	0.048 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.0048 (18)
C10	0.065 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.011 (3)	0.014 (2)
C13	0.086 (4)	0.068 (4)	0.043 (3)	-0.006 (3)	0.020 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C14	0.089 (4)	0.079 (4)	0.034 (3)	-0.011 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.005 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C6	1.894 (4)	O2—C1	1.200 (5)
Br2—C2	1.891 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
Br3—C8	1.899 (4)	C3—C10	1.503 (6)
O1—C5	1.372 (5)	N1—C13	1.434 (6)
O1—C1	1.376 (5)	N1—H1	0.866 (10)
C8—C9	1.362 (6)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C8—C7	1.415 (6)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.365 (6)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C5—C4	1.402 (6)	C13—C14	1.494 (8)
C4—C9	1.396 (6)	C13—H13A	0.9700

C4—C3	1.434 (6)	C13—H13B	0.9700
C7—N1	1.365 (6)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C7—C6	1.415 (6)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.344 (6)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C2—C1	1.448 (6)		
C5—O1—C1	122.5 (3)	C5—C6—C7	122.6 (4)
C9—C8—C7	122.4 (4)	C5—C6—Br1	118.1 (3)
C9—C8—Br3	114.8 (3)	C7—C6—Br1	119.2 (3)
C7—C8—Br3	122.8 (3)	C7—N1—C13	131.0 (4)
C6—C5—O1	117.7 (3)	C7—N1—H1	122 (4)
C6—C5—C4	122.0 (4)	C13—N1—H1	99 (4)
O1—C5—C4	120.3 (4)	C3—C10—H10A	109.5
C9—C4—C5	115.9 (4)	C3—C10—H10B	109.5
C9—C4—C3	124.8 (4)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	119.3 (4)	C3—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C7—C8	126.3 (4)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	119.2 (4)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	114.5 (4)	N1—C13—C14	109.8 (5)
C3—C2—C1	123.3 (4)	N1—C13—H13A	109.7
C3—C2—Br2	122.2 (3)	C14—C13—H13A	109.7
C1—C2—Br2	114.5 (3)	N1—C13—H13B	109.7
C8—C9—C4	122.5 (4)	C14—C13—H13B	109.7
C8—C9—H9	118.7	H13A—C13—H13B	108.2
C4—C9—H9	118.7	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
O2—C1—O1	116.0 (4)	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
O2—C1—C2	127.7 (4)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
O1—C1—C2	116.2 (4)	C13—C14—H14C	109.5
C2—C3—C4	118.3 (4)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C2—C3—C10	122.6 (4)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C3—C10	119.1 (4)		
C1—O1—C5—C6	176.9 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.4 (6)
C1—O1—C5—C4	-3.0 (6)	Br2—C2—C3—C4	179.1 (3)
C6—C5—C4—C9	-0.4 (6)	C1—C2—C3—C10	178.8 (4)
O1—C5—C4—C9	179.6 (3)	Br2—C2—C3—C10	-0.7 (6)
C6—C5—C4—C3	-178.4 (4)	C9—C4—C3—C2	-177.2 (4)
O1—C5—C4—C3	1.5 (6)	C5—C4—C3—C2	0.6 (6)
C9—C8—C7—N1	-178.1 (4)	C9—C4—C3—C10	2.6 (7)
Br3—C8—C7—N1	-0.1 (6)	C5—C4—C3—C10	-179.5 (4)
C9—C8—C7—C6	-0.5 (6)	O1—C5—C6—C7	-178.7 (3)
Br3—C8—C7—C6	177.5 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	1.2 (6)
C7—C8—C9—C4	1.4 (7)	O1—C5—C6—Br1	-0.6 (5)
Br3—C8—C9—C4	-176.8 (3)	C4—C5—C6—Br1	179.3 (3)
C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.9 (6)	N1—C7—C6—C5	177.1 (4)
C3—C4—C9—C8	177.0 (4)	C8—C7—C6—C5	-0.7 (6)
C5—O1—C1—O2	-179.4 (4)	N1—C7—C6—Br1	-1.1 (5)
C5—O1—C1—C2	2.2 (6)	C8—C7—C6—Br1	-178.8 (3)

C3—C2—C1—O2	-178.2 (5)	C8—C7—N1—C13	-22.3 (9)
Br2—C2—C1—O2	1.4 (6)	C6—C7—N1—C13	160.2 (5)
C3—C2—C1—O1	0.0 (6)	C7—N1—C13—C14	-169.4 (5)
Br2—C2—C1—O1	179.5 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1 \cdots Br1	0.87 (1)	2.64 (4)	3.039 (4)	109 (3)
C10—H10 <i>A</i> \cdots Br2	0.96	2.60	3.176 (5)	118
C13—H13 <i>A</i> \cdots Br3	0.97	2.71	3.146 (7)	108
