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N,N-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)succinamide dihydrate

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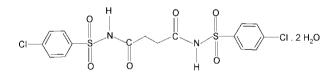
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.120; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $C_{16}H_{14}Cl_2N_2O_6S_2\cdot 2H_2O$, contains one half-molecule of *N*,*N*-bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)succinamide, with a centre of symmetry at the mid-point of the central C-C bond, and one water molecule. The succinamide molecules are not directly connected *via* hydrogen bonds, but by hydrogen bonds *via* the water molecules.

Related literature

For our studies on the effects of substituents on the structures and other aspects of *N*-(aryl)-amides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2000); Rodrigues *et al.* (2011), of *N*-chloroarylamides, see: Gowda & Rao (1989); Jyothi & Gowda (2004) and of *N*-bromoaryl-sulfonamides, see: Gowda & Mahadevappa (1983); Usha & Gowda (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm C_{16}H_{14}Cl_2N_2O_6S_2\cdot 2H_2O}\\ M_r=501.34\\ {\rm Monoclinic},\ C2/c\\ a=33.349\ (2) ~~{\rm \AA}\\ b=4.9737\ (4) ~~{\rm \AA}\\ c=13.171\ (1) ~~{\rm \AA}\\ \beta=90.660\ (7)^\circ \end{array}$

Z = 4Mo K α radiation $\mu = 0.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K $0.48 \times 0.40 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

V = 2184.5 (3) Å³

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$ $wR(F^2) = 0.120$ S = 1.062233 reflections 139 parameters 7 restraints Diffraction, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.784$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$ 3837 measured reflections 2233 independent reflections 1906 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.012$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.55$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.49$ e Å⁻³

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline N1 - H1N \cdots O4^{i} \\ O4 - H41 \cdots O3 \\ O4 - H42 \cdots O2^{ii} \\ O4 - H42 \cdots O3^{ii} \end{array} $	0.84 (2)	1.90 (2)	2.735 (3)	178 (3)
	0.87	2.27	3.137 (4)	177
	0.84	2.23	2.941 (3)	142
	0.84	2.58	3.262 (4)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) x, y + 1, z.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5934).

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supporting information

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N,N-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)succinamide dihydrate

H. Purandara, Sabine Foro and B. Thimme Gowda

S1. Comment

As part of our studies on the substituent effects on the structures and other aspects of *N*-(aryl)-amides (Gowda *et al.*, 2000; Rodrigues *et al.*, 2011); *N*-chloroarylsulfonamides (Gowda & Rao, 1989; Jyothi & Gowda, 2004) and *N*-bromoaryl- sulfonamides (Gowda & Mahadevappa, 1983; Usha & Gowda, 2006), in the present work, the crystal structure of *N*,*N*-bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)succinamide dihydrate has been determined (Fig. 1).

In the two C—SO₂—NH—CO—CH₂ central segments of the structure, the N—H, C=O and C—H bonds are *anti* to the adjacent bonds, similar to that observed in *N*,*N*-bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-adjamide (I) (Rodrigues *et al.*, 2011). The orientations of sulfonamide groups with respect to the attached phenyl rings are given by the torsion angles of C2—C1—S1—N1 = 91.0 (2)° and C6—C1—S1—N1 = -87.6 (2)°. The molecule is bent at the S atom with the C1—S1—N1—C7 torsion angle of -70.0 (2)°, compared to the values of 55.0 (6)° in (I).

The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the SO_2 —NH—C(O)—C segment in the two halves of the molecule is 78.0 (2)°, compared to the value of 83.5 (2)° in (I).

One of the water H-atoms exhibits bifurcated H-bonding with one of the O-atoms of SO₂ group and the amide O-atom. A series of N—H···O(W) and O–H···O(S and C) intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into infinite chains running along *c*-axis (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

Succinic anhydride (0.015 mole), *N*,*N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (0.01mole) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (0.004 mole) were added to a solution of 4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (0.01 mole) in dichloromethane. The mixture was strirred for 24 h at room temperature and set aside for completion of the reaction.. The reaction mixture was filtered to remove the by-product *N*,*N'*-dicyclohexylurea. The filtrate was diluted with water and then the organic layer was extracted. The latter was washed with water to remove the base and the succinic anhydride, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The residue was recrystallized to constant melting point from ethyl acetate (163–165 °C). The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by its infrared spectrum.

Plate like colorless single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in ethyl acetate solution by slow evaporation of the solvent from its solution at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms of the water molecule were located in difference map and were refined as riding on their parent O atom. H atoms bonded to C were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with the aromatic C—H = 0.93 Å, methylene C—H = 0.97 Å. All H atoms were refined with their isotropic displacement parameter set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom. The amino H atom was freely refined with the N-H distance restrained to 0.86 (2)Å. The displacement ellipsoid of the water O atom was restrained to an isotropic bahaviour.

supporting information

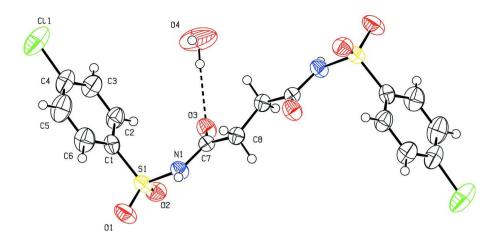


Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling scheme with the displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

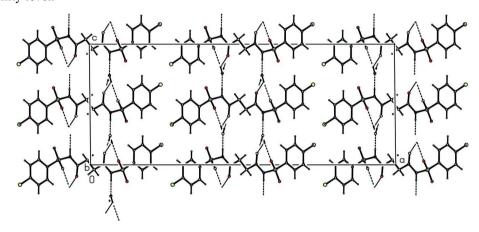


Figure 2

Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N,N-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)succinamide dihydrate

Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{14}Cl_2N_2O_6S_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ $M_r = 501.34$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 33.349 (2) Å b = 4.9737 (4) Å c = 13.171 (1) Å $\beta = 90.660$ (7)° V = 2184.5 (3) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube F(000) = 1032 $D_x = 1.524 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 Å Cell parameters from 1880 reflections $\theta = 2.9-27.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KPlate, colourless $0.48 \times 0.40 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Graphite monochromator Rotation method data acquisition using ω and phi scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2009) $R_{int} = 0.012$
 $\theta_{max} = 26.4^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.1^{\circ}$
 $h = -31 \rightarrow 41$ $X_{min} = 0.784, T_{max} = 0.939$
 $X_{max} = 0.939$
 $R = -31 \rightarrow 41$ $h = -31 \rightarrow 41$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 2$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 15$ Z_{233} independent reflections
 $I = 2\sigma(I)$ $l = -16 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.120$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.06	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
2233 reflections	and constrained refinement
139 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0516P)^2 + 3.9644P]$
7 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.004$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.55 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.49 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2009) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Cl1	0.23218 (3)	0.6607 (2)	0.16525 (9)	0.0914 (4)
S1	0.104840 (19)	-0.08075 (14)	-0.04102 (5)	0.0398 (2)
01	0.11860 (7)	-0.1623 (5)	-0.13839 (15)	0.0590 (6)
O2	0.09204 (6)	-0.2788 (4)	0.02984 (15)	0.0487 (5)
O3	0.04604 (6)	0.1896 (4)	0.09543 (13)	0.0474 (5)
N1	0.06718 (7)	0.1229 (5)	-0.06616 (16)	0.0398 (5)
H1N	0.0665 (9)	0.182 (6)	-0.1257 (16)	0.048*
C1	0.14188 (7)	0.1197 (5)	0.01713 (19)	0.0388 (6)
C2	0.14276 (8)	0.1472 (6)	0.1219 (2)	0.0480 (7)
H2	0.1245	0.0541	0.1616	0.058*
C3	0.17086 (9)	0.3135 (7)	0.1669 (2)	0.0558 (8)
Н3	0.1716	0.3346	0.2370	0.067*
C4	0.19760 (9)	0.4469 (7)	0.1072 (3)	0.0565 (8)
C5	0.19727 (10)	0.4182 (8)	0.0030 (3)	0.0700 (10)
Н5	0.2158	0.5097	-0.0363	0.084*
C6	0.16932 (10)	0.2536 (7)	-0.0421 (2)	0.0584 (8)

supporting information

H6	0.1688	0.2322	-0.1123	0.070*	
C7	0.04271 (7)	0.2394 (5)	0.00549 (19)	0.0356 (5)	
C8	0.01137 (7)	0.4226 (6)	-0.03950 (19)	0.0401 (6)	
H81	-0.0074	0.3163	-0.0794	0.048*	
H82	0.0242	0.5487	-0.0850	0.048*	
O4	0.06513 (12)	0.6735 (8)	0.2409 (2)	0.1206 (13)	
H41	0.0606	0.5373	0.2014	0.145*	
H42	0.0704	0.7633	0.1885	0.145*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0731 (6)	0.0863 (7)	0.1142 (9)	-0.0383 (6)	-0.0254 (6)	0.0188 (6)
S 1	0.0432 (4)	0.0384 (4)	0.0379 (3)	0.0079 (3)	0.0027 (2)	-0.0028 (3)
O1	0.0674 (13)	0.0645 (14)	0.0451 (11)	0.0189 (11)	0.0070 (9)	-0.0130 (10)
02	0.0542 (12)	0.0363 (10)	0.0554 (12)	-0.0005 (9)	-0.0006 (9)	0.0030 (9)
03	0.0513 (11)	0.0546 (12)	0.0365 (10)	0.0092 (9)	0.0058 (8)	0.0037 (9)
N1	0.0432 (12)	0.0440 (13)	0.0322 (10)	0.0089 (10)	-0.0001 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
C1	0.0340 (12)	0.0399 (14)	0.0425 (13)	0.0055 (11)	0.0039 (10)	0.0063 (11)
C2	0.0418 (14)	0.0598 (18)	0.0424 (14)	-0.0101 (13)	0.0040 (11)	0.0073 (13)
C3	0.0507 (16)	0.067 (2)	0.0496 (16)	-0.0113 (15)	-0.0025 (13)	0.0042 (15)
C4	0.0418 (15)	0.0547 (18)	0.073 (2)	-0.0087 (14)	-0.0095 (14)	0.0147 (16)
C5	0.0564 (19)	0.081 (3)	0.073 (2)	-0.0213 (18)	0.0103 (16)	0.025 (2)
C6	0.0558 (17)	0.073 (2)	0.0469 (16)	-0.0075 (16)	0.0102 (13)	0.0139 (15)
C7	0.0332 (12)	0.0350 (13)	0.0388 (13)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0010 (10)	-0.0040 (10)
C8	0.0348 (12)	0.0436 (14)	0.0419 (13)	0.0021 (11)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0035 (12)
O4	0.180 (3)	0.131 (3)	0.0514 (14)	-0.070(2)	0.0235 (17)	-0.0267(17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C4	1.739 (3)	C3—C4	1.367 (4)
S1—O2	1.426 (2)	С3—Н3	0.9300
S1—O1	1.426 (2)	C4—C5	1.380 (5)
S1—N1	1.644 (2)	C5—C6	1.371 (5)
S1—C1	1.756 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9300
O3—C7	1.214 (3)	С6—Н6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.382 (3)	C7—C8	1.503 (3)
N1—H1N	0.837 (19)	C8—C8 ⁱ	1.506 (5)
C1—C6	1.381 (4)	C8—H81	0.9700
C1—C2	1.387 (4)	C8—H82	0.9700
C2—C3	1.379 (4)	O4—H41	0.8663
С2—Н2	0.9300	O4—H42	0.8435
02—S1—O1	119.62 (13)	C3—C4—Cl1	118.5 (3)
O2—S1—N1	108.89 (12)	C5—C4—C11	119.9 (2)
01—S1—N1	104.31 (12)	C6—C5—C4	119.4 (3)
O2—S1—C1	108.73 (12)	С6—С5—Н5	120.3
01—S1—C1	108.76 (13)	C4—C5—H5	120.3

N1—S1—C1	105.65 (12)	C5—C6—C1	119.7 (3)
C7—N1—S1	125.20 (18)	С5—С6—Н6	120.2
C7—N1—H1N	119 (2)	С1—С6—Н6	120.2
S1—N1—H1N	114 (2)	O3—C7—N1	122.2 (2)
C6—C1—C2	120.6 (3)	O3—C7—C8	124.3 (2)
C6—C1—S1	119.6 (2)	N1—C7—C8	113.5 (2)
C2—C1—S1	119.8 (2)	C7—C8—C8 ⁱ	113.0 (3)
C3—C2—C1	119.5 (3)	С7—С8—Н81	109.0
С3—С2—Н2	120.2	C8 ⁱ —C8—H81	109.0
C1—C2—H2	120.2	С7—С8—Н82	109.0
C4—C3—C2	119.3 (3)	C8 ⁱ —C8—H82	109.0
С4—С3—Н3	120.4	H81—C8—H82	107.8
С2—С3—Н3	120.4	H41—O4—H42	87.6
C3—C4—C5	121.6 (3)		
O2—S1—N1—C7	46.9 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (5)
O1—S1—N1—C7	175.7 (2)	C2—C3—C4—Cl1	178.8 (3)
C1—S1—N1—C7	-69.7 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (6)
O2—S1—C1—C6	155.6 (2)	Cl1—C4—C5—C6	-178.6 (3)
O1—S1—C1—C6	23.9 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (6)
N1—S1—C1—C6	-87.6 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.0 (5)
O2—S1—C1—C2	-25.8 (3)	S1—C1—C6—C5	177.5 (3)
O1—S1—C1—C2	-157.6 (2)	S1—N1—C7—O3	-3.5 (4)
N1—S1—C1—C2	90.9 (2)	S1—N1—C7—C8	178.49 (19)
C6-C1-C2-C3	1.1 (5)	O3-C7-C8-C8 ⁱ	9.9 (4)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-177.4 (2)	N1	-172.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (5)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+1, -z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
N1—H1 <i>N</i> ····O4 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (2)	1.90 (2)	2.735 (3)	178 (3)
O4—H41…O3	0.87	2.27	3.137 (4)	177
O4—H42···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84	2.23	2.941 (3)	142
O4—H42…O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84	2.58	3.262 (4)	139

Symmetry codes: (ii) *x*, –*y*+1, *z*–1/2; (iii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*.