

Phenyl *N*-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenyl)-carbamateBao-Hua Zou,^a Zheng Fang,^a Hui Zhong,^a Guo Kai^{b*} and Ping Wei^b

^aSchool of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Nanjing University of Technology, Puzhun Road No. 30 Nanjing, Nanjing 210009, People's Republic of China, and ^bCollege of Life Science and Pharmaceutical Engineering, Nanjing University of Technology, Puzhun Road No. 5 Nanjing, Nanjing 210009, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: kaiguo@njut.edu.cn

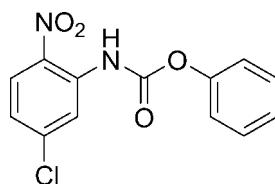
Received 6 June 2012; accepted 6 July 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.155; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_4$, the dihedral angle between the benzene rings is $79.5(1)^\circ$. The mean plane of the carbamate group makes angles of $7.4(2)$ and $73.6(2)^\circ$ with the mean planes of the two benzene rings. In the crystal, weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions are observed between the molecules, connecting them into a two-dimensional network.

Related literature

For details of dovitinib, of which the title compound is a derivative, see: Huynh (2010). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Bandgar *et al.* (2011). For bond lengths, see: Zhu *et al.* (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_4$
 $M_r = 292.67$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.4760(17)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 5.9270(12)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 24.996(5)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.77(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1251.4(4)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.32\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.969$
2466 measured reflections

2300 independent reflections
1593 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.084$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.155$
 $S = 1.00$
2300 reflections

182 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C4—H4A···O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.312 (4)	150
C13—H13A···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.419 (4)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, -y + 2, -z$; (ii) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JJ2143).

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supporting information

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Phenyl N-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate

Bao-Hua Zou, Zheng Fang, Hui Zhong, Guo Kai and Ping Wei

S1. Comment

The title compound, $C_{13}H_9ClN_2O_4$, (I), is an important derivative of Dovitinib (Huynh, 2010). We report herein its crystal structure.

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_9ClN_2O_4$, the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is $79.5(1)^\circ$ (Fig. 1). The angles between the mean plane of the carbamate group ($N2/C7/O3/O4$) and the two 6-membered benzene rings ($C1-C6$ and $C8-C13$) is 7.4° and 73.6° , respectively. Bond lengths are in normal ranges (Zhu *et al.*, 2007). In the crystal structure, weak C—H···O (Table 1) intermolecular interactions are observed which link the molecules into a two-dimensional network array (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

5-chloro-2-nitroaniline (10.46 mmol, 1.80 g) and Et₃N (1.5 ml) were dissolved in dichloromethane (30 ml). Phenyl carbonochloridate (19.23 mmol, 3.01 g) was added to the solution and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 5 h. The solution was washed with water (15 ml) for 3 times, dried and concentrated to get the crude. The crude was purified by ethanol to get the title compound (1.83 g) (Bandgar *et al.* 2011), pure: yellow solid. Crystals of the title compound for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 and N—H = 0.86 for aromatic and amine, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ times $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

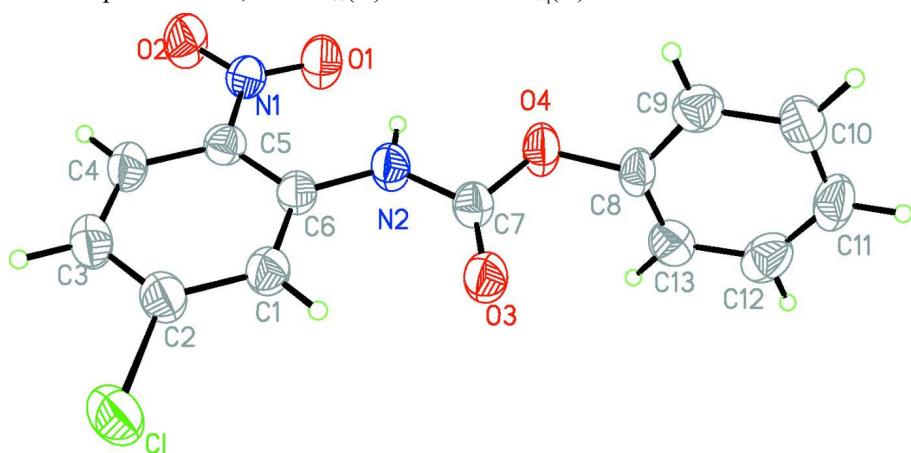
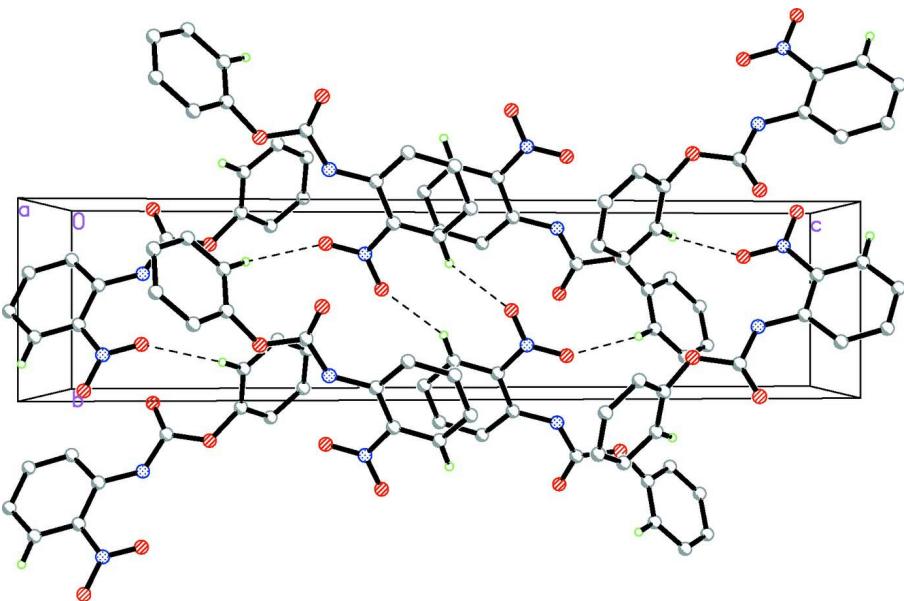


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, (I), showing the atom-labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along the a axis. Dashed lines indicate weak C—H···O intermolecular interactions which link the molecules into a two-dimensional network array. Remaining H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

Phenyl *N*-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate

Crystal data



$M_r = 292.67$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.4760 (17)$ Å

$b = 5.9270 (12)$ Å

$c = 24.996 (5)$ Å

$\beta = 94.77 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1251.4 (4)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$$F(000) = 600$$

$$D_x = 1.553 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$ K

Block, yellow

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\omega/2\theta$ scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.969$

2466 measured reflections

2300 independent reflections

1593 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.084$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.6^\circ$

$h = 0 \rightarrow 10$

$k = 0 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -30 \rightarrow 30$

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

intensity decay: 1%

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.155$$

$$S = 1.00$$

2300 reflections

182 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.095P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.022 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl	0.57503 (11)	0.19442 (15)	-0.05438 (3)	0.0609 (3)
O1	1.0095 (3)	0.7195 (4)	0.14287 (9)	0.0616 (7)
N1	0.9731 (3)	0.7720 (4)	0.09605 (10)	0.0423 (6)
C1	0.7096 (3)	0.2956 (5)	0.04383 (11)	0.0414 (7)
H1A	0.6625	0.1637	0.0548	0.050*
O2	1.0200 (3)	0.9469 (4)	0.07710 (9)	0.0662 (7)
N2	0.8211 (3)	0.3679 (4)	0.13502 (9)	0.0459 (6)
H2A	0.8800	0.4568	0.1552	0.055*
C2	0.6891 (3)	0.3616 (5)	-0.00907 (11)	0.0440 (7)
O3	0.6855 (3)	0.0324 (4)	0.14033 (8)	0.0499 (6)
C3	0.7548 (4)	0.5578 (5)	-0.02738 (12)	0.0515 (8)
H3A	0.7379	0.6001	-0.0632	0.062*
O4	0.7949 (3)	0.2174 (4)	0.21348 (8)	0.0523 (6)
C4	0.8447 (4)	0.6877 (5)	0.00832 (11)	0.0455 (7)
H4A	0.8895	0.8203	-0.0033	0.055*
C5	0.8702 (3)	0.6245 (5)	0.06190 (11)	0.0380 (7)
C6	0.8009 (3)	0.4261 (5)	0.08095 (11)	0.0370 (6)
C7	0.7591 (3)	0.1870 (5)	0.16017 (11)	0.0384 (7)
C8	0.7459 (3)	0.0532 (5)	0.24940 (10)	0.0400 (7)
C9	0.6295 (4)	0.1140 (5)	0.28161 (12)	0.0458 (7)
H9A	0.5780	0.2521	0.2771	0.055*
C10	0.5908 (4)	-0.0359 (6)	0.32108 (12)	0.0546 (9)
H10A	0.5124	0.0013	0.3434	0.066*

C11	0.6686 (4)	-0.2403 (6)	0.32724 (12)	0.0563 (9)
H11A	0.6420	-0.3405	0.3537	0.068*
C12	0.7838 (4)	-0.2955 (6)	0.29484 (13)	0.0575 (9)
H12A	0.8357	-0.4334	0.2993	0.069*
C13	0.8247 (4)	-0.1489 (5)	0.25529 (12)	0.0487 (8)
H13A	0.9037	-0.1863	0.2332	0.058*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl	0.0763 (6)	0.0643 (6)	0.0401 (5)	-0.0168 (4)	-0.0063 (4)	-0.0024 (4)
O1	0.0783 (17)	0.0571 (14)	0.0470 (14)	-0.0243 (12)	-0.0099 (11)	0.0075 (11)
N1	0.0454 (14)	0.0396 (14)	0.0428 (14)	-0.0047 (11)	0.0083 (11)	0.0038 (11)
C1	0.0463 (17)	0.0399 (16)	0.0381 (15)	-0.0066 (13)	0.0039 (12)	0.0038 (13)
O2	0.0900 (18)	0.0517 (14)	0.0564 (15)	-0.0300 (13)	0.0034 (12)	0.0098 (11)
N2	0.0598 (16)	0.0443 (14)	0.0329 (13)	-0.0182 (12)	-0.0011 (11)	0.0030 (11)
C2	0.0477 (18)	0.0470 (17)	0.0368 (16)	-0.0028 (14)	0.0005 (12)	0.0010 (13)
O3	0.0651 (14)	0.0470 (12)	0.0369 (11)	-0.0183 (11)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0031 (9)
C3	0.067 (2)	0.0513 (19)	0.0356 (16)	-0.0035 (16)	0.0020 (14)	0.0082 (14)
O4	0.0728 (15)	0.0521 (13)	0.0311 (11)	-0.0239 (11)	-0.0018 (10)	0.0077 (9)
C4	0.0550 (18)	0.0428 (17)	0.0391 (16)	-0.0037 (14)	0.0059 (13)	0.0097 (13)
C5	0.0383 (15)	0.0365 (15)	0.0394 (15)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0050 (12)	-0.0005 (12)
C6	0.0396 (15)	0.0377 (15)	0.0338 (14)	0.0009 (12)	0.0038 (11)	0.0032 (12)
C7	0.0391 (15)	0.0413 (16)	0.0344 (15)	-0.0010 (13)	0.0010 (12)	0.0036 (13)
C8	0.0473 (17)	0.0441 (17)	0.0276 (14)	-0.0128 (14)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0062 (12)
C9	0.0500 (18)	0.0413 (16)	0.0452 (17)	-0.0027 (14)	-0.0006 (13)	-0.0022 (13)
C10	0.058 (2)	0.067 (2)	0.0403 (17)	-0.0212 (18)	0.0119 (14)	-0.0078 (16)
C11	0.078 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0351 (16)	-0.0228 (19)	-0.0020 (16)	0.0113 (15)
C12	0.071 (2)	0.0434 (19)	0.055 (2)	-0.0017 (17)	-0.0110 (17)	0.0074 (16)
C13	0.0496 (18)	0.0526 (19)	0.0437 (17)	-0.0007 (15)	0.0033 (13)	-0.0023 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cl—C2	1.737 (3)	O4—C8	1.410 (3)
O1—N1	1.226 (3)	C4—C5	1.390 (4)
N1—O2	1.220 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N1—C5	1.459 (4)	C5—C6	1.415 (4)
C1—C2	1.376 (4)	C8—C9	1.372 (4)
C1—C6	1.392 (4)	C8—C13	1.374 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C9—C10	1.387 (4)
N2—C7	1.369 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N2—C6	1.391 (3)	C10—C11	1.382 (5)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C10—H10A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.384 (4)	C11—C12	1.360 (5)
O3—C7	1.193 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.363 (4)	C12—C13	1.382 (4)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
O4—C7	1.354 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9300

O2—N1—O1	121.5 (3)	N2—C6—C5	120.8 (2)
O2—N1—C5	118.7 (2)	C1—C6—C5	117.4 (2)
O1—N1—C5	119.8 (2)	O3—C7—O4	125.3 (3)
C2—C1—C6	120.1 (3)	O3—C7—N2	128.2 (3)
C2—C1—H1A	119.9	O4—C7—N2	106.6 (2)
C6—C1—H1A	119.9	C9—C8—C13	122.2 (3)
C7—N2—C6	128.3 (2)	C9—C8—O4	117.2 (3)
C7—N2—H2A	115.9	C13—C8—O4	120.3 (3)
C6—N2—H2A	115.9	C8—C9—C10	118.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3	122.3 (3)	C8—C9—H9A	120.9
C1—C2—Cl	118.9 (2)	C10—C9—H9A	120.9
C3—C2—Cl	118.8 (2)	C11—C10—C9	120.2 (3)
C4—C3—C2	118.5 (3)	C11—C10—H10A	119.9
C4—C3—H3A	120.8	C9—C10—H10A	119.9
C2—C3—H3A	120.8	C12—C11—C10	120.3 (3)
C7—O4—C8	118.8 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	119.9
C3—C4—C5	120.8 (3)	C10—C11—H11A	119.9
C3—C4—H4A	119.6	C11—C12—C13	120.7 (3)
C5—C4—H4A	119.6	C11—C12—H12A	119.7
C4—C5—C6	120.8 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	119.7
C4—C5—N1	116.1 (2)	C8—C13—C12	118.5 (3)
C6—C5—N1	123.1 (2)	C8—C13—H13A	120.8
N2—C6—C1	121.8 (2)	C12—C13—H13A	120.8
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.9 (5)	C4—C5—C6—C1	1.3 (4)
C6—C1—C2—Cl	179.8 (2)	N1—C5—C6—C1	-177.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (5)	C8—O4—C7—O3	1.5 (4)
Cl—C2—C3—C4	-179.7 (2)	C8—O4—C7—N2	-179.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (5)	C6—N2—C7—O3	6.6 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.3 (5)	C6—N2—C7—O4	-172.3 (3)
C3—C4—C5—N1	177.8 (3)	C7—O4—C8—C9	-111.0 (3)
O2—N1—C5—C4	5.3 (4)	C7—O4—C8—C13	75.8 (3)
O1—N1—C5—C4	-175.2 (3)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-0.4 (4)
O2—N1—C5—C6	-175.6 (3)	O4—C8—C9—C10	-173.4 (2)
O1—N1—C5—C6	3.9 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.0 (4)
C7—N2—C6—C1	-0.6 (5)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (5)
C7—N2—C6—C5	178.0 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.1 (5)
C2—C1—C6—N2	178.4 (3)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.5 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (4)	O4—C8—C13—C12	173.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—N2	-177.3 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.2 (5)
N1—C5—C6—N2	3.7 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
C4—H4A \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.312 (4)	150

C13—H13A···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.419 (4)	154
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Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+2, -z$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$.