

## 1-(Phenylsulfonyl)naphthalene

Ying Fu,\* Wenbo Zhu, Hongxia Hou, Yinxia He and Hulin Li

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Northwest Normal University, Lanzhou, An'ning East Road No. 967, Gansu Province 730070, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: fuying@iccas.ac.cn

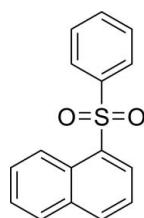
Received 28 June 2012; accepted 6 July 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.038;  $wR$  factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title compound, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S, the phenyl ring is nearly perpendicular to the naphthalene system [dihedral angle = 80.3 (1)°]. The packing is consolidated by a weak C—H···π interaction involving neighbouring naphthalene and benzene rings. In addition, there exist two different offset π—π stacking interactions between benzene rings and between naphthalene systems of symmetry-related molecules [centroid–centroid distances = 3.876 (9) and 3.566 (4) Å, and slippage = 1.412 and 0.554 Å, respectively].

### Related literature

For recent reports on the synthesis of arylsulfones, see: Boroujeni (2010); Bahrami *et al.* (2008). For their application, see: Borys *et al.* (2012); Padwa *et al.* (1990); Block (1992); Mackinnon & Wang (1998). For single-crystal structures of sulfones, see: Chawdhury & Hargreaves (1971); Bacon & Curry (1960); Sime & Abrahams (1960); Jeyaraman & Velmurugan (1997).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S  
 $M_r = 268.32$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 7.721(7)$  Å

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2004)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.941$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.955$

4623 measured reflections  
2345 independent reflections  
1944 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$   
 $S = 1.05$   
2345 reflections

172 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

*Cg* is the centroid of the C11–C16 benzene ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C6—H6···Cg <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.90	3.806 (5)	166

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *APEX2*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors are grateful for financial support from the National Natural Science Foundation of China (grant No. 20962017) and the Natural Science Foundation of Gansu Province, China (grant No. 1107RJZA263).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LR2072).

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, o2434 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812030929]

## 1-(Phenylsulfonyl)naphthalene

**Ying Fu, Wenbo Zhu, Hongxia Hou, Yinxia He and Hulin Li**

### S1. Comment

Phenyl sulphone derivatives are an important class of organic sulfur compounds due to their broad spectrum of biological activities in a wide range of fields such as agrochemicals (Borys *et al.* 2012), pharmaceuticals (Padwa *et al.* 1990; Block, 1992) and polymers (Mackinnon & Wang, 1998). The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. All bond lengths and angles are in the normal range.

In the molecule of (I), Figure 1, both the naphthalene ring and the phenyl ring adopt essentially planar conformation with a maximum deviation of 0.0032 Å for the phenyl ring and 0.0038 Å for the naphthalene ring. The phenyl ring is nearly perpendicular to the naphthalene ring with the dihedral angle 80.3 (1)°.

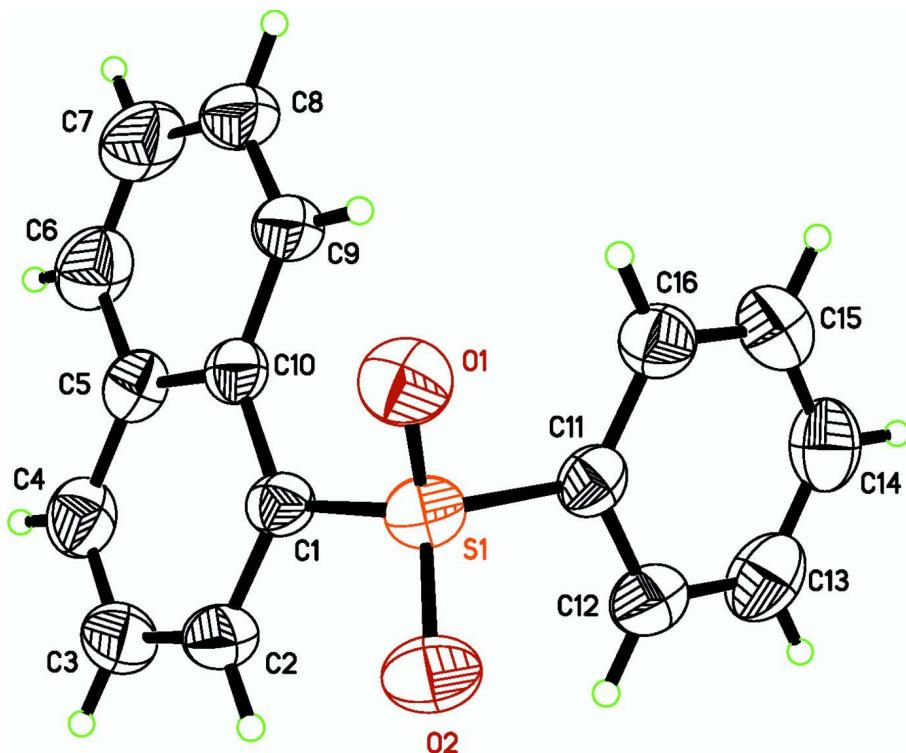
The packing is stabilized by a weak C6–H6···π interaction, involving neighbouring naphthalene and benzene rings ( $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ ). In addition, there exist two different offset π—π stacking interactions one between the benzene and another between the naphthalene rings of symmetry-related molecules (*via*  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$  and  $-x, -y+1, -z$  operations respectively), with centroid-centroid distances = 3.876 (9) and 3.566 (4), slippage = 1.412 and 0.554 Å respectively.

### S2. Experimental

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Boroujeni (2010); Crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray analysis were grown by slow evaporation of a solution in petroleum ether-ethyl acetate (5:1).

### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were geometrically positioned and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

### 1-(Phenylsulfonyl)naphthalene

#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}O_2S$   
 $M_r = 268.32$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
Hall symbol: -P 1  
 $a = 7.721 (7) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 9.444 (9) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 9.726 (9) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\alpha = 86.669 (8)^\circ$   
 $\beta = 74.690 (8)^\circ$   
 $\gamma = 69.995 (7)^\circ$   
 $V = 642.4 (10) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$   
 $F(000) = 280$   
 $D_x = 1.387 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 $Mo K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
Cell parameters from 2200 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.2\text{--}27.4^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$   
Block, colourless  
 $0.25 \times 0.23 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2004)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.941$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.955$

4623 measured reflections  
2345 independent reflections  
1944 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 10$   
 $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$  $wR(F^2) = 0.097$  $S = 1.05$ 

2345 reflections

172 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0457P)^2 + 0.1481P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.2011 (2)	0.34105 (19)	0.13095 (18)	0.0371 (4)
C2	0.2381 (3)	0.2563 (2)	0.0103 (2)	0.0471 (5)
H2	0.2356	0.1584	0.0184	0.056*
C3	0.2797 (3)	0.3150 (2)	-0.1249 (2)	0.0552 (5)
H3	0.3031	0.2566	-0.2059	0.066*
C4	0.2859 (3)	0.4559 (2)	-0.1378 (2)	0.0542 (5)
H4	0.3140	0.4938	-0.2282	0.065*
C5	0.2506 (3)	0.5470 (2)	-0.0172 (2)	0.0448 (5)
C6	0.2557 (3)	0.6953 (3)	-0.0325 (3)	0.0622 (6)
H6	0.2860	0.7320	-0.1233	0.075*
C7	0.2173 (4)	0.7842 (3)	0.0828 (3)	0.0703 (7)
H7	0.2213	0.8815	0.0712	0.084*
C8	0.1712 (3)	0.7305 (2)	0.2201 (3)	0.0583 (6)
H8	0.1450	0.7929	0.2989	0.070*
C9	0.1642 (3)	0.5888 (2)	0.2401 (2)	0.0460 (5)
H9	0.1324	0.5557	0.3322	0.055*
C10	0.2049 (2)	0.49129 (19)	0.12201 (19)	0.0373 (4)
C11	0.3619 (3)	0.21084 (19)	0.35340 (18)	0.0392 (4)
C12	0.5126 (3)	0.0821 (2)	0.2971 (2)	0.0502 (5)
H12	0.5019	0.0197	0.2316	0.060*
C13	0.6790 (3)	0.0470 (3)	0.3391 (3)	0.0609 (6)
H13	0.7810	-0.0398	0.3021	0.073*
C14	0.6953 (3)	0.1394 (3)	0.4350 (2)	0.0579 (6)
H14	0.8086	0.1158	0.4619	0.070*
C15	0.5448 (3)	0.2663 (3)	0.4913 (2)	0.0577 (5)

H15	0.5562	0.3282	0.5569	0.069*
C16	0.3766 (3)	0.3030 (2)	0.4514 (2)	0.0494 (5)
H16	0.2743	0.3889	0.4901	0.059*
O1	-0.00281 (18)	0.35703 (15)	0.39697 (14)	0.0523 (4)
O2	0.1356 (2)	0.11219 (15)	0.26565 (15)	0.0560 (4)
S1	0.15229 (6)	0.25301 (5)	0.29564 (5)	0.04155 (17)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0317 (9)	0.0348 (9)	0.0422 (9)	-0.0083 (7)	-0.0084 (8)	-0.0034 (7)
C2	0.0484 (11)	0.0388 (10)	0.0508 (11)	-0.0095 (9)	-0.0128 (9)	-0.0070 (8)
C3	0.0608 (14)	0.0552 (13)	0.0421 (11)	-0.0088 (11)	-0.0126 (10)	-0.0109 (9)
C4	0.0538 (13)	0.0589 (13)	0.0405 (10)	-0.0100 (10)	-0.0093 (9)	0.0048 (9)
C5	0.0397 (10)	0.0430 (11)	0.0499 (11)	-0.0113 (8)	-0.0131 (9)	0.0061 (8)
C6	0.0703 (15)	0.0524 (13)	0.0690 (14)	-0.0276 (12)	-0.0209 (12)	0.0187 (11)
C7	0.0824 (17)	0.0420 (12)	0.0986 (19)	-0.0296 (12)	-0.0348 (15)	0.0123 (13)
C8	0.0635 (14)	0.0398 (11)	0.0764 (15)	-0.0139 (10)	-0.0290 (12)	-0.0083 (10)
C9	0.0474 (11)	0.0402 (11)	0.0519 (11)	-0.0119 (9)	-0.0180 (9)	-0.0044 (8)
C10	0.0301 (9)	0.0369 (10)	0.0445 (10)	-0.0088 (7)	-0.0120 (8)	-0.0007 (8)
C11	0.0402 (10)	0.0362 (10)	0.0388 (9)	-0.0140 (8)	-0.0061 (8)	0.0073 (8)
C12	0.0511 (12)	0.0403 (11)	0.0538 (12)	-0.0113 (9)	-0.0102 (10)	-0.0001 (9)
C13	0.0443 (12)	0.0537 (13)	0.0706 (14)	-0.0041 (10)	-0.0094 (11)	0.0084 (11)
C14	0.0475 (12)	0.0718 (15)	0.0585 (13)	-0.0240 (11)	-0.0187 (10)	0.0170 (11)
C15	0.0602 (14)	0.0688 (15)	0.0506 (12)	-0.0265 (12)	-0.0191 (11)	0.0026 (10)
C16	0.0504 (12)	0.0475 (11)	0.0454 (11)	-0.0125 (9)	-0.0093 (9)	-0.0014 (9)
O1	0.0391 (8)	0.0590 (9)	0.0487 (8)	-0.0127 (6)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0058 (6)
O2	0.0611 (9)	0.0454 (8)	0.0689 (9)	-0.0308 (7)	-0.0122 (7)	0.0019 (7)
S1	0.0389 (3)	0.0396 (3)	0.0451 (3)	-0.0161 (2)	-0.0051 (2)	0.00010 (19)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )*

C1—C2	1.369 (3)	C9—C10	1.415 (3)
C1—C10	1.426 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—S1	1.772 (2)	C11—C16	1.378 (3)
C2—C3	1.397 (3)	C11—C12	1.380 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—S1	1.763 (2)
C3—C4	1.345 (3)	C12—C13	1.377 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.407 (3)	C13—C14	1.370 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—C6	1.413 (3)	C14—C15	1.369 (3)
C5—C10	1.423 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—C7	1.347 (3)	C15—C16	1.378 (3)
C6—H6	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—C8	1.400 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300
C7—H7	0.9300	O1—S1	1.4335 (15)
C8—C9	1.358 (3)	O2—S1	1.4328 (18)

C8—H8	0.9300		
C2—C1—C10	120.89 (17)	C9—C10—C5	117.97 (18)
C2—C1—S1	116.45 (16)	C9—C10—C1	125.12 (17)
C10—C1—S1	122.66 (13)	C5—C10—C1	116.90 (16)
C1—C2—C3	120.9 (2)	C16—C11—C12	120.55 (19)
C1—C2—H2	119.6	C16—C11—S1	121.51 (15)
C3—C2—H2	119.6	C12—C11—S1	117.94 (15)
C4—C3—C2	120.03 (19)	C13—C12—C11	119.3 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.0	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C2—C3—H3	120.0	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C3—C4—C5	121.27 (19)	C14—C13—C12	120.4 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.4	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C4—H4	119.4	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C4—C5—C6	120.6 (2)	C15—C14—C13	120.1 (2)
C4—C5—C10	120.02 (19)	C15—C14—H14	120.0
C6—C5—C10	119.37 (19)	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C7—C6—C5	120.8 (2)	C14—C15—C16	120.5 (2)
C7—C6—H6	119.6	C14—C15—H15	119.8
C5—C6—H6	119.6	C16—C15—H15	119.8
C6—C7—C8	120.2 (2)	C11—C16—C15	119.24 (19)
C6—C7—H7	119.9	C11—C16—H16	120.4
C8—C7—H7	119.9	C15—C16—H16	120.4
C9—C8—C7	121.1 (2)	O2—S1—O1	118.25 (10)
C9—C8—H8	119.4	O2—S1—C11	107.09 (9)
C7—C8—H8	119.4	O1—S1—C11	108.84 (10)
C8—C9—C10	120.5 (2)	O2—S1—C1	107.42 (10)
C8—C9—H9	119.7	O1—S1—C1	109.94 (10)
C10—C9—H9	119.7	C11—S1—C1	104.41 (9)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-0.4 (3)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-0.5 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-179.51 (15)	S1—C11—C12—C13	179.31 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.8 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.9 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-179.36 (19)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C10	-0.8 (3)	C12—C11—C16—C15	0.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.3 (2)	S1—C11—C16—C15	-178.94 (14)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-0.2 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.1 (4)	C16—C11—S1—O2	-148.12 (15)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.0 (4)	C12—C11—S1—O2	32.06 (17)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.5 (3)	C16—C11—S1—O1	-19.20 (18)
C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.8 (3)	C12—C11—S1—O1	160.98 (14)
C8—C9—C10—C1	-179.78 (18)	C16—C11—S1—C1	98.16 (17)
C4—C5—C10—C9	-177.90 (17)	C12—C11—S1—C1	-81.66 (17)
C6—C5—C10—C9	0.7 (3)	C2—C1—S1—O2	-8.25 (17)
C4—C5—C10—C1	1.2 (3)	C10—C1—S1—O2	172.61 (14)
C6—C5—C10—C1	179.75 (17)	C2—C1—S1—O1	-138.16 (15)
C2—C1—C10—C9	178.39 (18)	C10—C1—S1—O1	42.70 (17)

S1—C1—C10—C9	−2.5 (2)	C2—C1—S1—C11	105.24 (15)
C2—C1—C10—C5	−0.6 (3)	C10—C1—S1—C11	−73.90 (15)
S1—C1—C10—C5	178.48 (13)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg is the centroid of the C11—C16 benzene ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C6—H6···Cg <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.90	3.806 (5)	166

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ .