

(Z)-2-[(*E*)-2-(1-Benzothiophen-3-yl-methylidene)hydrazin-1-ylidene]-1,2-diphenylethanone

Merve Pekdemir,^{a,*} Şamil Işık,^a Sümeyye Gümüş,^b Erbil Ağar^b and Mustafa Serkan Soylu^c

^aDepartment of Physics, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Ondokuz Mayıs University, Kurupelit, TR-55139 Samsun, Turkey, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Ondokuz Mayıs University, Kurupelit, TR-55139 Samsun, Turkey, and ^cDepartment of Physics, Arts and Science Faculty, Giresun University, Giresun, Turkey

Correspondence e-mail: merve.pekdemir@posta.omu.edu.tr

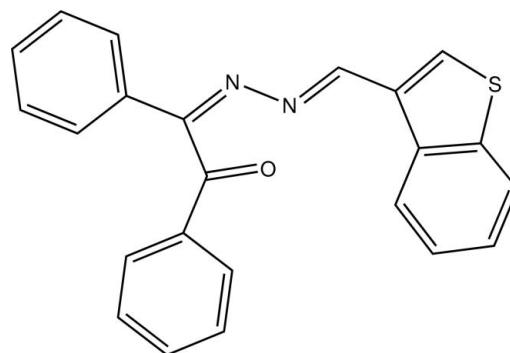
Received 24 May 2012; accepted 6 July 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.054; wR factor = 0.121; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

The title compound, $C_{23}H_{16}N_2OS$, is not planar, the phenyl ring of the benzoyl group making a dihedral of $77.61(7)^\circ$ with the benzothiophene system ring. The benzothiophene system and the remaining phenyl ring make an angle of $12.71(13)^\circ$. The conformation around the imine functions is *E* for the $\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$ bond towards the benzothiophene system and *Z* for the $\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$ bond towards the benzoyl group. The packing of the molecules shows $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions. A weak intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ bond also occurs.

Related literature

For general background to benzothiophenes, see: Katritzky *et al.* (1996); Shishoo & Jain (1992). For the biological properties of Schiff bases, see: Barton & Ollis (1979); Layer (1963); Ingold (1969). For industrial applications of Schiff bases, see: Taggi *et al.* (2002). For related structures, see: Dege *et al.* (2006, 2007); Demirtaş *et al.* (2009); Güç *et al.* (2007). For structural properties of benzothiophene derivatives, see: Inamoto *et al.* (2008); Mlochowski & Potaczek (2009); Novopoltseva (1995). For reference bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{23}H_{16}N_2OS$	$V = 1909.63(15)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 368.44$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 17.1009(7)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.18\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 8.7700(4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 13.1170(6)\text{ \AA}$	$0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 103.898(4)^\circ$	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction SuperNova (single source at offset) Eos diffractometer	Diffraction, 2007)
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Oxford	$T_{\min} = 0.843$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
	7369 measured reflections
	3815 independent reflections
	2566 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$	244 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.121$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.07$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.20\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3815 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$Cg3$ and $Cg4$ are the centroids of the C9–C14 and C18–C23 rings, respectively.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C20–H20 \cdots N2	0.93	2.53	3.083 (3)	118
C4–H4 \cdots Cg3 ⁱ	0.93	2.74	3.648 (4)	167
C15–H15 \cdots Cg4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	3.00	3.879 (3)	158

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

The authors acknowledge the Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Giresun University, Turkey, for the use of the diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2179).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Barton, D. & Ollis, W. D. (1979). *Comprehensive Organic Chemistry*, Vol 2. Oxford: Pergamon.
- Dege, N., İçbudak, H. & Adiyaman, E. (2006). *Acta Cryst. C*62, m401–m403.
- Dege, N., İçbudak, H. & Adiyaman, E. (2007). *Acta Cryst. C*63, m13–m15.
- Demirtaş, G., Dege, N., Şekerçi, M., Servi, S. & Dinçer, M. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E*65, o1668.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst. 30*, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst. 32*, 837–838.
- Gül, Z. S., Erşahin, F., Ağar, E. & İşık, Ş. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E*63, o2902.
- Inamoto, C. K., Arai, Y., Hiroya, K. & Doi, T. (2008). *Chem. Commun.* pp. 5529–5531.
- Ingold, C. K. (1969). In *Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry*, 2nd ed. Ithaca, New York: Cornell University Press.
- Katritzky, A. R., Rees, C. W. & Scriven, E. F. V. (1996). Editors. *Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Vol. 2. pp. 679–729. Oxford: Pergamon Press.
- Layer, R. W. (1963). *Chem. Rev. 63*, 489–510.
- Mlochowski, J. & Potaczek, P. (2009). *Phosphorus Sulfur Silicon Relat. Elem. 184*, 1115–1123.
- Novopoltseva, O. M. (1995). Candidate of Sciences (Chemistry) dissertation, University of Volgograd, Russian Federation.
- Oxford Diffraction (2007). *CrysAlis PRO. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, England*.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A*64, 112–122.
- Shishoo, C. J. & Jain, K. S. (1992). *J. Heterocycl. Chem. 29*, 883–893.
- Taggi, A. E., Hafez, A. M., Wack, H., Young, B., Ferraris, D. & Lectka, T. (2002). *J. Am. Chem. Soc. 124*, 6626–6635.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2579–o2580 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812030978]

(Z)-2-[(E)-2-(1-Benzothiophen-3-ylmethylidene)hydrazin-1-ylidene]-1,2-di-phenylethanone

Merve Pekdemir, Şamil Işık, Sümeyye Gümüş, Erbil Ağar and Mustafa Serkan Soylu

S1. Comment

Schiff bases, *i.e.*, compounds having a double C=N bond, are used as starting materials in the synthesis of important drugs, such as antibiotics and antiallergic, antiphlogistic and antitumor substances (Barton & Ollis, 1979; Layer, 1963; Ingold, 1969). On the industrial scale, they have a wide range of applications, such as dyes and pigments (Taggi *et al.*, 2002) and components of rubber compounds (Novopoltseva, 1995).

Benzothiophenes are significant heterocycles either as biological active or luminescent molecules (Shishoo & Jain, 1992; Katritzky *et al.*, 1996). Recently, new effective methods for the synthesis of benzothiophens have been developed (Inamoto *et al.*, 2008; Mlochowski & Potaczek, 2009). In this work, we report the crystal structure of a benzothiophene derivate containing C=N bonds.

The molecular structure is not planar (Fig. 1), the dihedral angle between the C1—C6 benzene ring and the C9—C14 benzene ring is 89.59 (16)°. However, the dihedral angle between the C1—C6 benzene ring and the C18—C23 benzene ring is 12.62 (16)°. The thiophene ring is actually planar (maximum deviation 0.0132 (17) Å) and the dihedral angle between the benzene ring with thiophene ring is 1.05 (12)°. The benzothiophene ring system (C16—C23/S1) makes dihedral angles with the benzene rings of 12.71 (13)° for C1—C6 benzene ring and 77.62 (11)° for C9—C14 benzene ring.

The N=C double bond lengths are 1.281 (3) Å for N1=C7 and 1.276 (3) Å for N2=C15. These are typical of double bonds, like to the matching bond length in (E)-2-[(3-trifluoromethylphenylimino)methyl]-4-methylphenol [1.280 (2) Å; Güл *et al.*, 2007]. The C8=O1 bond length indicates the presence of a normal double C=O bond (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The C17—S1 and C19—S1 bond distances are 1.704 (2) Å and 1.733 (2) Å, respectively. The C—S bond distances are compatible with the literature (Dege *et al.*, 2006, 2007; Demirtaş *et al.*, 2009).

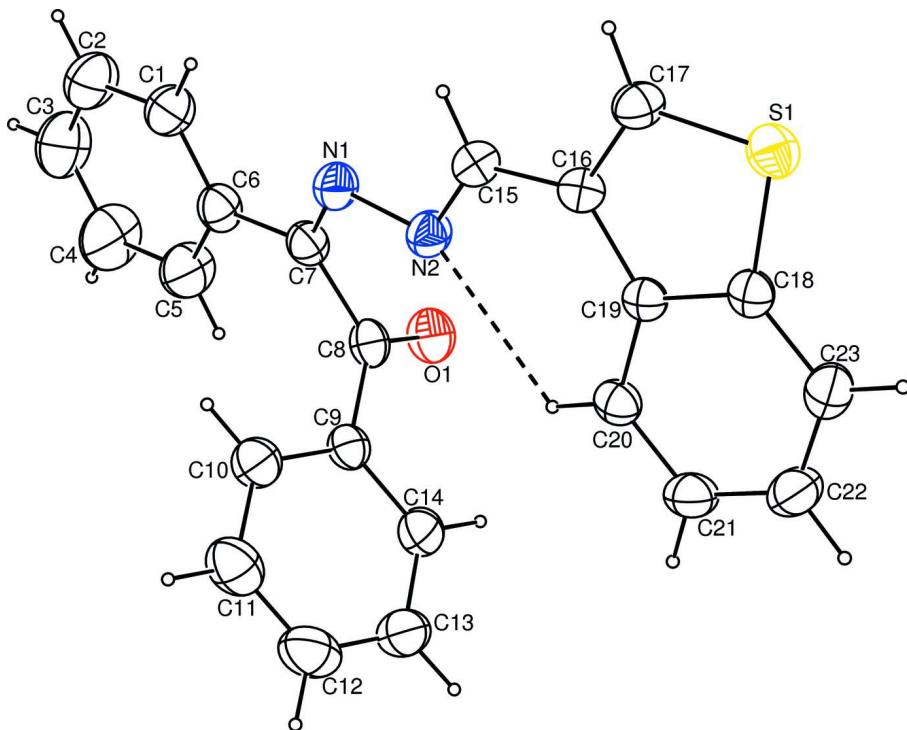
The molecules are packed by C—H···π and π···π interactions.

S2. Experimental

The compound (2Z)-2-[(2E)-(1-benzothiophen-3-ylmethylidene)hydrazinylidene]-1,2-diphenylethanone was prepared by refluxing a mixture of a solution containing 1-benzothiophene-3-carbaldehyde (0.012 g, 0.074 mmol) in 20 ml ethanol and a solution containing benzyl monohydrazone (0.017 g, 0.074 mmol) in 20 ml ethanol. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h under reflux. The crystals of (2Z)-2-[(2E)-(1-benzothiophen-3-ylmethylidene)hydrazinylidene]-1,2-di-phenylethanone suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained from ethanol by slow evaporation (yield % 61; m.p 135–137 °C).

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions and constrained to ride on their parents atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability.

(Z)-2-[{(E)-2-(1-Benzothiophen-3-ylmethylidene)hydrazin-1-ylidene]-1,2-diphenylethanone}*Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{OS}$
 $M_r = 368.44$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 17.1009 (7)$ Å
 $b = 8.7700 (4)$ Å
 $c = 13.1170 (6)$ Å
 $\beta = 103.898 (4)^\circ$
 $V = 1909.63 (15)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 768$
 $D_x = 1.282 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 2365 reflections
 $\theta = 3.2\text{--}27.5^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.18 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293$ K
Plate, yellow
 $0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction SuperNova (single source at offset) Eos diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 16.0454 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.843$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
7369 measured reflections
3815 independent reflections
2566 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.6^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$
 $h = -22 \rightarrow 21$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.121$
 $S = 1.07$
3815 reflections
244 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0328P)^2 + 0.4842P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.63404 (17)	0.2840 (3)	0.5699 (2)	0.0696 (8)
H1	0.6819	0.2657	0.5501	0.083*
C2	0.5635 (2)	0.2214 (4)	0.5132 (3)	0.0925 (10)
H2	0.5638	0.1615	0.4548	0.111*
C3	0.4926 (2)	0.2463 (5)	0.5417 (3)	0.1115 (13)
H3	0.4451	0.2028	0.5030	0.134*
C4	0.49182 (19)	0.3354 (5)	0.6271 (3)	0.1178 (14)
H4	0.4437	0.3526	0.6465	0.141*
C5	0.56261 (17)	0.4000 (4)	0.6846 (3)	0.0901 (10)
H5	0.5618	0.4610	0.7423	0.108*
C6	0.63441 (15)	0.3744 (3)	0.6568 (2)	0.0588 (7)
C7	0.71001 (14)	0.4422 (3)	0.71807 (18)	0.0516 (6)
C8	0.71003 (13)	0.5224 (3)	0.82084 (19)	0.0522 (6)
C9	0.70993 (13)	0.6910 (3)	0.82297 (19)	0.0507 (6)
C10	0.69128 (16)	0.7746 (3)	0.7316 (2)	0.0640 (7)
H10	0.6795	0.7249	0.6671	0.077*
C11	0.68997 (18)	0.9321 (3)	0.7350 (3)	0.0817 (9)
H11	0.6760	0.9881	0.6731	0.098*
C12	0.70923 (18)	1.0052 (4)	0.8298 (3)	0.0875 (10)
H12	0.7079	1.1112	0.8322	0.105*
C13	0.73038 (17)	0.9241 (4)	0.9211 (3)	0.0811 (9)
H13	0.7454	0.9747	0.9851	0.097*
C14	0.72938 (15)	0.7666 (3)	0.9182 (2)	0.0657 (7)

H14	0.7418	0.7113	0.9805	0.079*
C15	0.90807 (14)	0.4568 (3)	0.73987 (18)	0.0508 (6)
H15	0.9073	0.3914	0.6838	0.061*
C16	0.98486 (13)	0.5071 (2)	0.80241 (17)	0.0453 (5)
C17	1.05487 (14)	0.4515 (3)	0.78494 (18)	0.0541 (6)
H17	1.0562	0.3823	0.7316	0.065*
C18	1.08272 (13)	0.6305 (3)	0.93254 (17)	0.0460 (6)
C19	1.00005 (13)	0.6127 (2)	0.88917 (16)	0.0413 (5)
C20	0.94578 (15)	0.6956 (3)	0.93244 (17)	0.0506 (6)
H20	0.8905	0.6849	0.9060	0.061*
C21	0.97565 (17)	0.7928 (3)	1.01439 (19)	0.0620 (7)
H21	0.9401	0.8490	1.0430	0.074*
C22	1.05794 (19)	0.8089 (3)	1.0555 (2)	0.0688 (8)
H22	1.0764	0.8758	1.1111	0.083*
C23	1.11240 (17)	0.7285 (3)	1.01580 (19)	0.0601 (7)
H23	1.1675	0.7391	1.0437	0.072*
N1	0.77520 (12)	0.4280 (2)	0.68712 (15)	0.0569 (5)
N2	0.84100 (12)	0.4976 (2)	0.75772 (15)	0.0533 (5)
O1	0.70894 (11)	0.4453 (2)	0.89756 (14)	0.0710 (5)
S1	1.13984 (4)	0.51911 (8)	0.86872 (5)	0.0595 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0639 (18)	0.0671 (18)	0.0739 (18)	-0.0102 (15)	0.0091 (15)	-0.0083 (15)
C2	0.077 (2)	0.096 (2)	0.093 (2)	-0.015 (2)	-0.0014 (19)	-0.024 (2)
C3	0.063 (2)	0.132 (3)	0.122 (3)	-0.022 (2)	-0.013 (2)	-0.023 (3)
C4	0.0462 (19)	0.166 (4)	0.135 (3)	-0.015 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.035 (3)
C5	0.0543 (18)	0.113 (3)	0.101 (2)	-0.0033 (18)	0.0145 (17)	-0.023 (2)
C6	0.0498 (15)	0.0572 (16)	0.0660 (16)	-0.0034 (13)	0.0075 (13)	0.0031 (14)
C7	0.0488 (14)	0.0463 (14)	0.0569 (15)	0.0009 (12)	0.0073 (12)	0.0034 (12)
C8	0.0380 (13)	0.0612 (16)	0.0553 (15)	0.0007 (12)	0.0070 (11)	0.0053 (13)
C9	0.0399 (13)	0.0557 (15)	0.0561 (14)	0.0034 (12)	0.0104 (11)	0.0000 (13)
C10	0.0716 (18)	0.0583 (17)	0.0625 (16)	-0.0013 (15)	0.0166 (14)	0.0042 (14)
C11	0.083 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.097 (2)	0.0007 (17)	0.0186 (18)	0.0164 (18)
C12	0.074 (2)	0.0573 (19)	0.127 (3)	-0.0005 (17)	0.015 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C13	0.069 (2)	0.075 (2)	0.092 (2)	0.0066 (17)	0.0054 (17)	-0.0267 (19)
C14	0.0563 (16)	0.075 (2)	0.0629 (17)	0.0112 (15)	0.0092 (13)	-0.0056 (15)
C15	0.0536 (15)	0.0504 (14)	0.0488 (13)	-0.0037 (12)	0.0131 (11)	-0.0048 (11)
C16	0.0461 (13)	0.0443 (13)	0.0479 (13)	-0.0011 (11)	0.0160 (11)	0.0011 (11)
C17	0.0550 (15)	0.0565 (15)	0.0537 (14)	-0.0022 (13)	0.0186 (12)	-0.0079 (12)
C18	0.0497 (14)	0.0420 (13)	0.0460 (13)	-0.0021 (11)	0.0109 (11)	0.0067 (11)
C19	0.0481 (13)	0.0365 (12)	0.0411 (12)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0143 (10)	0.0061 (10)
C20	0.0559 (15)	0.0472 (14)	0.0503 (14)	0.0045 (12)	0.0160 (12)	0.0057 (12)
C21	0.078 (2)	0.0545 (16)	0.0563 (16)	0.0100 (15)	0.0221 (14)	-0.0039 (13)
C22	0.091 (2)	0.0583 (17)	0.0535 (16)	-0.0025 (17)	0.0094 (15)	-0.0092 (13)
C23	0.0635 (17)	0.0570 (16)	0.0543 (15)	-0.0085 (14)	0.0034 (13)	0.0044 (13)
N1	0.0458 (12)	0.0620 (13)	0.0592 (13)	-0.0024 (11)	0.0055 (10)	-0.0073 (11)

N2	0.0465 (11)	0.0583 (13)	0.0533 (12)	-0.0032 (11)	0.0085 (9)	-0.0067 (10)
O1	0.0777 (13)	0.0735 (12)	0.0623 (11)	0.0000 (10)	0.0175 (10)	0.0162 (10)
S1	0.0460 (4)	0.0669 (5)	0.0675 (4)	0.0005 (3)	0.0172 (3)	-0.0010 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

C1—C2	1.371 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C6	1.387 (3)	C13—C14	1.381 (4)
C1—H1	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.369 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C15—N2	1.276 (3)
C3—C4	1.369 (4)	C15—C16	1.440 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C4—C5	1.384 (4)	C16—C17	1.362 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C16—C19	1.442 (3)
C5—C6	1.380 (4)	C17—S1	1.704 (2)
C5—H5	0.9300	C17—H17	0.9300
C6—C7	1.474 (3)	C18—C23	1.386 (3)
C7—N1	1.281 (3)	C18—C19	1.400 (3)
C7—C8	1.521 (3)	C18—S1	1.733 (2)
C8—O1	1.217 (3)	C19—C20	1.402 (3)
C8—C9	1.479 (3)	C20—C21	1.371 (3)
C9—C10	1.376 (3)	C20—H20	0.9300
C9—C14	1.383 (3)	C21—C22	1.388 (4)
C10—C11	1.382 (4)	C21—H21	0.9300
C10—H10	0.9300	C22—C23	1.367 (4)
C11—C12	1.367 (4)	C22—H22	0.9300
C11—H11	0.9300	C23—H23	0.9300
C12—C13	1.364 (4)	N1—N2	1.413 (3)
C2—C1—C6	120.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14	119.9 (3)
C2—C1—H1	119.8	C12—C13—H13	120.0
C6—C1—H1	119.8	C14—C13—H13	120.0
C3—C2—C1	120.6 (3)	C13—C14—C9	120.2 (3)
C3—C2—H2	119.7	C13—C14—H14	119.9
C1—C2—H2	119.7	C9—C14—H14	119.9
C2—C3—C4	119.9 (3)	N2—C15—C16	123.1 (2)
C2—C3—H3	120.1	N2—C15—H15	118.4
C4—C3—H3	120.1	C16—C15—H15	118.4
C3—C4—C5	120.0 (3)	C17—C16—C15	120.8 (2)
C3—C4—H4	120.0	C17—C16—C19	111.3 (2)
C5—C4—H4	120.0	C15—C16—C19	127.8 (2)
C6—C5—C4	120.4 (3)	C16—C17—S1	114.51 (18)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	C16—C17—H17	122.7
C4—C5—H5	119.8	S1—C17—H17	122.7
C5—C6—C1	118.7 (3)	C23—C18—C19	122.2 (2)
C5—C6—C7	120.7 (3)	C23—C18—S1	126.00 (19)
C1—C6—C7	120.6 (2)	C19—C18—S1	111.85 (17)

N1—C7—C6	120.3 (2)	C18—C19—C20	118.7 (2)
N1—C7—C8	120.7 (2)	C18—C19—C16	111.42 (19)
C6—C7—C8	118.9 (2)	C20—C19—C16	129.9 (2)
O1—C8—C9	122.7 (2)	C21—C20—C19	118.8 (2)
O1—C8—C7	118.6 (2)	C21—C20—H20	120.6
C9—C8—C7	118.7 (2)	C19—C20—H20	120.6
C10—C9—C14	119.2 (2)	C20—C21—C22	121.3 (2)
C10—C9—C8	121.2 (2)	C20—C21—H21	119.3
C14—C9—C8	119.7 (2)	C22—C21—H21	119.3
C9—C10—C11	120.4 (3)	C23—C22—C21	121.3 (2)
C9—C10—H10	119.8	C23—C22—H22	119.4
C11—C10—H10	119.8	C21—C22—H22	119.4
C12—C11—C10	119.8 (3)	C22—C23—C18	117.8 (2)
C12—C11—H11	120.1	C22—C23—H23	121.1
C10—C11—H11	120.1	C18—C23—H23	121.1
C13—C12—C11	120.5 (3)	C7—N1—N2	111.53 (19)
C13—C12—H12	119.7	C15—N2—N1	111.59 (19)
C11—C12—H12	119.7	C17—S1—C18	90.89 (11)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.4 (5)	C8—C9—C14—C13	179.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.5 (6)	N2—C15—C16—C17	175.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (6)	N2—C15—C16—C19	-3.0 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (6)	C15—C16—C17—S1	-178.11 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.5 (5)	C19—C16—C17—S1	0.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.7 (3)	C23—C18—C19—C20	-0.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)	S1—C18—C19—C20	180.00 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.9 (3)	C23—C18—C19—C16	178.8 (2)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-174.5 (3)	S1—C18—C19—C16	-0.4 (2)
C1—C6—C7—N1	5.3 (4)	C17—C16—C19—C18	0.1 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	8.4 (4)	C15—C16—C19—C18	178.4 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-171.8 (2)	C17—C16—C19—C20	179.6 (2)
N1—C7—C8—O1	-101.5 (3)	C15—C16—C19—C20	-2.1 (4)
C6—C7—C8—O1	75.6 (3)	C18—C19—C20—C21	1.0 (3)
N1—C7—C8—C9	79.5 (3)	C16—C19—C20—C21	-178.4 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-103.3 (3)	C19—C20—C21—C22	-0.7 (4)
O1—C8—C9—C10	-163.7 (2)	C20—C21—C22—C23	0.0 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C10	15.1 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C18	0.4 (4)
O1—C8—C9—C14	16.7 (3)	C19—C18—C23—C22	0.0 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C14	-164.4 (2)	S1—C18—C23—C22	179.19 (19)
C14—C9—C10—C11	-1.7 (4)	C6—C7—N1—N2	-178.57 (19)
C8—C9—C10—C11	178.8 (2)	C8—C7—N1—N2	-1.5 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	1.6 (4)	C16—C15—N2—N1	-178.0 (2)
C10—C11—C12—C13	0.5 (5)	C7—N1—N2—C15	166.1 (2)
C11—C12—C13—C14	-2.5 (5)	C16—C17—S1—C18	-0.51 (19)
C12—C13—C14—C9	2.4 (4)	C23—C18—S1—C17	-178.7 (2)
C10—C9—C14—C13	-0.3 (4)	C19—C18—S1—C17	0.54 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg3 and Cg4 are the centroids of the C9–C14 and C18–C23 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C20—H20···N2	0.93	2.53	3.083 (3)	118
C4—H4···Cg3 ⁱ	0.93	2.74	3.648 (4)	167
C15—H15···Cg4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	3.00	3.879 (3)	158

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.