

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# catena-Poly[[dichloridomercury(II)]- $\mu$ -{N-[(E)-pyridin-2-ylmethylidene- $\kappa$ N]-pyridin-3-amine- $\kappa^2$ N<sup>1</sup>:N<sup>3</sup>}]

Ali Mahmoudi,<sup>a\*</sup> Saeed Dehghanpour,<sup>b</sup> Leila Najafi<sup>a</sup> and Mohammad Khalafbeigi<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Islamic Azad University University, Karaj, Iran, and<sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Alzahra University, Tehran, Iran

Correspondence e-mail: Mahmoudi\_Ali@yahoo.com

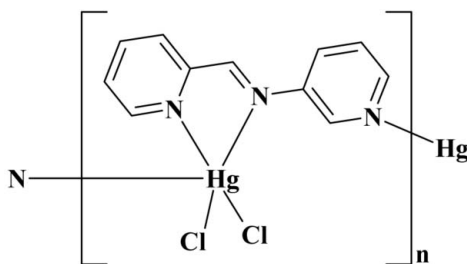
Received 23 July 2012; accepted 14 August 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 150$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.011$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.4.

In the title coordination polymer,  $[\text{HgCl}_2(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3)]_n$ , the  $\text{Hg}^{\text{II}}$  ion is coordinated by three N atoms from two  $N$ -[( $E$ )-pyridin-2-ylmethylidene]pyridin-3-amine ( $L$ ) ligands and two chloride anions in a distorted trigonal-bipyramidal geometry. The two pyridine rings in  $L$  form a dihedral angle of  $50.0$  ( $2$ )°.  $L$  ligands bridge adjacent  $\text{HgCl}_2$  units into polymeric chains propagating in  $[010]$ . The crystal packing is further stabilized by weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonds and  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions between the pyridine rings, with a centroid-centroid separation of  $3.529$  ( $9$ ) Å.

## Related literature

For related structures and applications of coordination polymers, see: Moulton & Zaworotko (2001); Fei *et al.* (2000). For the synthesis of the ligand and the index of trigonality, see: Dehghanpour *et al.* (2012).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

 $[\text{HgCl}_2(\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_9\text{N}_3)]$  $M_r = 454.70$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 7.5645$  (5) Å  
 $b = 13.1057$  (9) Å  
 $c = 12.7017$  (5) Å  
 $\beta = 96.077$  (4)°  
 $V = 1252.15$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 12.70$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 150$  K  
 $0.15 \times 0.08 \times 0.02$  mm

### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.566$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.889$

8560 measured reflections  
 2837 independent reflections  
 2164 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.059$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.116$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2837 reflections

154 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 2.45$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -3.10$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.82	3.700 (8)	154
$\text{C6}-\text{H6A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.79	3.666 (7)	154
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.83	3.545 (8)	132

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2002); cell refinement: *DENZO-SMN* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO-SMN*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors acknowledge the Islamic Azad University University Research Councils for partial support of this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5327).

## References

- Altomare, A., Casciarano, G., Giacovazzo, C., Guagliardi, A., Burla, M. C., Polidori, G. & Camalli, M. (1994). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **27**, 435.  
 Blessing, R. H. (1995). *Acta Cryst.* **A51**, 33–38.  
 Dehghanpour, S., Asadzadeh, S. & Assoud, J. (2012). *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **638**, 861–867.  
 Fei, B. L., Sun, W. Y., Yu, K. B. & Tang, W. X. (2000). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 805–811.  
 Moulton, B. & Zaworotko, M. J. (2001). *Chem. Rev.* **101**, 1629–1658.  
 Nonius (2002). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.  
 Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A edited by C. W. Carter & R. M. Sweet pp. 307–326. New York: Academic press.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
 Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, m1244 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812035775]

***catena*-Poly[[dichloridomercury(II)]- $\mu$ -{*N*-[(*E*)-pyridin-2-ylmethylidene- $\kappa$ N]pyridin-3-amine- $\kappa^2$ N<sup>1</sup>:N<sup>3</sup>}]**

**Ali Mahmoudi, Saeed Dehghanpour, Leila Najafi and Mohammad Khalafbeigi**

### S1. Comment

Many studies has recently been focused on coordination polymers due to their useful properties applicable to catalysis, chirality, conductivity, luminescence (Moulton & Zaworotko, 2001). Nitrogen heterocyclic ligands have been employed in the design and synthesis of many novel coordination polymers (Fei *et al.*, 2000). Herewith we report the synthesis and crystal structure of a novel Hg(II) complex based on pyridin-3-ylpyridin-2-ylmethyleneamine (PyPy).

The asymmetric unit of the title polymeric complex, consisting of one Hg(II) ion, one PyPy ligand and two chloride anions, is shown in Fig. 1. The coordination geometry around Hg(II) is a distorted trigonal–bipyramidal geometry, with the Hg (II) ion being surrounded by two Cl, two N atoms from one PyPy ligand and one N atom from adjacent PyPy ligand. The structural index  $\tau$ , (Dehghanpour *et al.*, 2012) which is a measure of trigonal distortion, is 0.59 for the title structure indicating a distorted trigonal–bipyramidal environment of Hg(II).

The interplanar angles between the chelate ring (N1—C5—C6—N2) and pyridine ring (N1—C1—C2—C3—C4—C5) is 0.92 (3)° and interplanar angles between the two pyridine rings in the ligand (N1—C1—C2—C3—C4—C5 ring and N3—C11—C7—C8—C9—C10 ring) is 50.0 (2)°. Each PyPy ligand has been chelate HgCl<sub>2</sub> unit (*via* N, N' atoms) and also bridge to another HgCl<sub>2</sub> unit (with N'' atom), resulting into a chain propagated in [010].

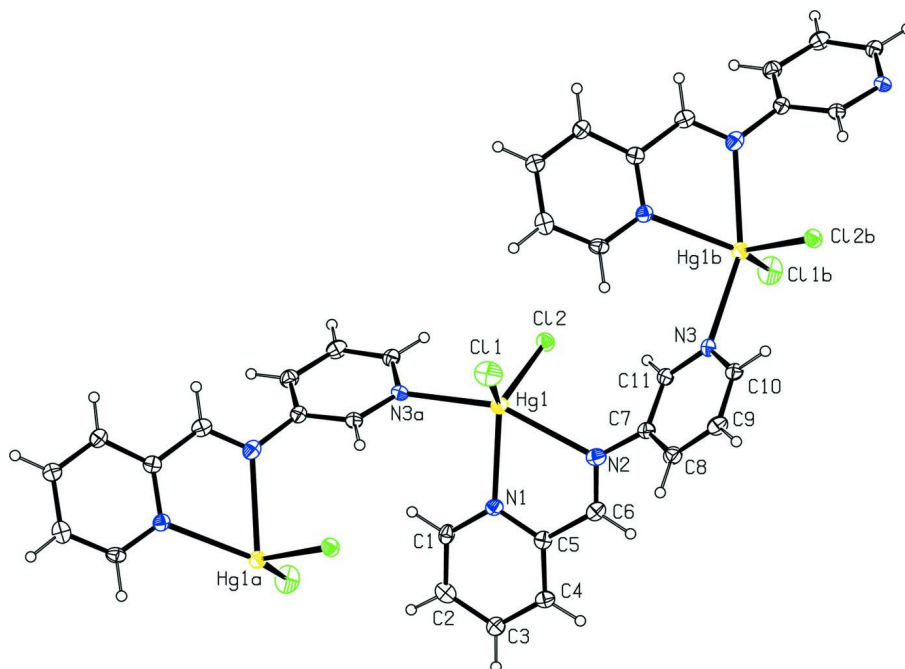
These chains interact *via*  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions between adjacent pyridine ringe (N3/C7—C11) related by inversion center, and the distance between their centroids is equal to 3.529 (9) Å. The C—H...Cl interactions (Table 1) are also observed in the crystal structure.

### S2. Experimental

The title complex was prepared by the reaction of HgCl<sub>2</sub> (27.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) and pyridin-3-ylpyridin-2-ylmethyleneamine (18.3 mg, 0.1 mmol) in 25 ml of acetonitrile at room temperature. The solution was allowed to stand at room temperature and yellow crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray analysis precipitated within few days.

### S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.95 Å, and included in the refinement in a riding-motion approximation, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .


**Figure 1**

A view of the structure of the title complex, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level [symmetry codes: (a)  $1/2 - x, -1/2 + y, 1/2 - z$ ; (b)  $1/2 - x, -1/2 + y, 1/2 - z$ ].

*catena*-Poly[[dichloridomercury(II)]- $\mu$ -{N-[(*E*)-pyridin-2-ylmethylidene- $\kappa$ N]pyridin-3-amine- $\kappa^2$ N<sup>1</sup>:N<sup>3</sup>}]

#### Crystal data

[HgCl<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>3</sub>)]

$M_r = 454.70$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 7.5645$  (5) Å

$b = 13.1057$  (9) Å

$c = 12.7017$  (5) Å

$\beta = 96.077$  (4)°

$V = 1252.15$  (13) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 840$

$D_x = 2.412$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 8560 reflections

$\theta = 3.0$ – $27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 12.70$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 150$  K

Plate, yellow

$0.15 \times 0.08 \times 0.02$  mm

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

$\varphi$  scans and  $\omega$  scans with  $\kappa$  offsets

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SORTAV*; Blessing, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.566$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.889$

8560 measured reflections

2837 independent reflections

2164 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.059$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 16$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.116$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2837 reflections  
 154 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0613P)^2]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -3.10 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Hg1	0.26173 (3)	0.14916 (2)	0.252995 (19)	0.02692 (14)
Cl1	-0.0045 (3)	0.16859 (19)	0.13060 (18)	0.0509 (6)
Cl2	0.5101 (2)	0.27229 (14)	0.25673 (14)	0.0296 (4)
N1	0.2620 (7)	0.0445 (4)	0.4086 (4)	0.0249 (13)
N2	0.1391 (8)	0.2435 (5)	0.4036 (4)	0.0295 (14)
N3	0.0833 (8)	0.5128 (4)	0.3314 (4)	0.0261 (13)
C1	0.3228 (9)	-0.0520 (6)	0.4171 (5)	0.0275 (16)
H1A	0.3673	-0.0821	0.3572	0.033*
C2	0.3237 (10)	-0.1096 (6)	0.5084 (6)	0.0316 (18)
H2A	0.3702	-0.1770	0.5113	0.038*
C3	0.2552 (9)	-0.0670 (6)	0.5963 (5)	0.0293 (16)
H3A	0.2501	-0.1055	0.6592	0.035*
C4	0.1954 (9)	0.0319 (6)	0.5895 (6)	0.0272 (16)
H4A	0.1513	0.0636	0.6487	0.033*
C5	0.1999 (9)	0.0854 (6)	0.4950 (5)	0.0257 (16)
C6	0.1330 (9)	0.1915 (6)	0.4877 (5)	0.0284 (16)
H6A	0.0849	0.2213	0.5467	0.034*
C7	0.0619 (11)	0.3439 (5)	0.3945 (6)	0.0299 (17)
C8	-0.1065 (10)	0.3615 (6)	0.4214 (6)	0.0308 (17)
H8A	-0.1701	0.3091	0.4527	0.037*
C9	-0.1826 (10)	0.4570 (6)	0.4022 (6)	0.0319 (18)
H9A	-0.2995	0.4714	0.4191	0.038*
C10	-0.0815 (9)	0.5309 (6)	0.3574 (5)	0.0254 (16)
H10A	-0.1311	0.5969	0.3447	0.030*
C11	0.1534 (10)	0.4210 (6)	0.3503 (5)	0.0284 (16)

H11A            0.2703                    0.4080                    0.3328                    0.034\*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Hg1	0.02627 (19)	0.0269 (2)	0.0285 (2)	-0.00027 (12)	0.00688 (13)	-0.00040 (11)
Cl1	0.0333 (12)	0.0627 (16)	0.0536 (14)	-0.0076 (10)	-0.0097 (9)	0.0062 (11)
Cl2	0.0272 (9)	0.0266 (10)	0.0357 (9)	-0.0027 (7)	0.0071 (7)	-0.0009 (8)
N1	0.020 (3)	0.028 (4)	0.027 (3)	-0.006 (3)	0.006 (2)	-0.001 (3)
N2	0.027 (3)	0.035 (4)	0.026 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.001 (3)
N3	0.030 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.027 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.007 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C1	0.022 (4)	0.030 (4)	0.031 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.008 (3)
C2	0.020 (4)	0.032 (5)	0.041 (4)	-0.001 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.004 (3)
C3	0.027 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C4	0.023 (4)	0.033 (5)	0.026 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.002 (3)
C5	0.019 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C6	0.019 (4)	0.038 (5)	0.029 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.002 (4)
C7	0.038 (4)	0.027 (4)	0.025 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.003 (3)
C8	0.031 (4)	0.033 (5)	0.028 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C9	0.023 (4)	0.042 (5)	0.031 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.001 (4)
C10	0.028 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.018 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.002 (3)
C11	0.031 (4)	0.025 (4)	0.030 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.000 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Hg1—N1	2.406 (5)	C2—H2A	0.9500
Hg1—Cl1	2.424 (2)	C3—C4	1.373 (11)
Hg1—N3 <sup>i</sup>	2.445 (6)	C3—H3A	0.9500
Hg1—Cl2	2.4732 (17)	C4—C5	1.393 (10)
Hg1—N2	2.535 (6)	C4—H4A	0.9500
N1—C1	1.347 (9)	C5—C6	1.480 (11)
N1—C5	1.349 (8)	C6—H6A	0.9500
N2—C6	1.272 (9)	C7—C8	1.373 (11)
N2—C7	1.438 (9)	C7—C11	1.378 (10)
N3—C11	1.327 (9)	C8—C9	1.388 (11)
N3—C10	1.345 (8)	C8—H8A	0.9500
N3—Hg1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.445 (6)	C9—C10	1.393 (10)
C1—C2	1.384 (10)	C9—H9A	0.9500
C1—H1A	0.9500	C10—H10A	0.9500
C2—C3	1.395 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9500
N1—Hg1—Cl1	121.03 (14)	C4—C3—H3A	120.8
N1—Hg1—N3 <sup>i</sup>	89.13 (19)	C2—C3—H3A	120.8
Cl1—Hg1—N3 <sup>i</sup>	101.53 (15)	C3—C4—C5	119.4 (7)
N1—Hg1—Cl2	114.93 (14)	C3—C4—H4A	120.3
Cl1—Hg1—Cl2	121.44 (7)	C5—C4—H4A	120.3
N3 <sup>i</sup> —Hg1—Cl2	94.98 (14)	N1—C5—C4	122.9 (7)
N1—Hg1—N2	68.1 (2)	N1—C5—C6	118.0 (6)

C11—Hg1—N2	95.00 (15)	C4—C5—C6	119.1 (6)
N3 <sup>i</sup> —Hg1—N2	156.61 (19)	N2—C6—C5	120.9 (6)
Cl2—Hg1—N2	90.30 (14)	N2—C6—H6A	119.6
C1—N1—C5	117.0 (6)	C5—C6—H6A	119.6
C1—N1—Hg1	124.9 (4)	C8—C7—C11	119.8 (7)
C5—N1—Hg1	118.2 (5)	C8—C7—N2	120.9 (7)
C6—N2—C7	120.5 (6)	C11—C7—N2	119.1 (6)
C6—N2—Hg1	114.9 (5)	C7—C8—C9	119.2 (7)
C7—N2—Hg1	124.3 (4)	C7—C8—H8A	120.4
C11—N3—C10	118.6 (6)	C9—C8—H8A	120.4
C11—N3—Hg1 <sup>ii</sup>	122.8 (5)	C8—C9—C10	117.6 (7)
C10—N3—Hg1 <sup>ii</sup>	118.6 (5)	C8—C9—H9A	121.2
N1—C1—C2	123.4 (6)	C10—C9—H9A	121.2
N1—C1—H1A	118.3	N3—C10—C9	122.8 (7)
C2—C1—H1A	118.3	N3—C10—H10A	118.6
C1—C2—C3	118.9 (7)	C9—C10—H10A	118.6
C1—C2—H2A	120.6	N3—C11—C7	122.1 (7)
C3—C2—H2A	120.6	N3—C11—H11A	119.0
C4—C3—C2	118.4 (7)	C7—C11—H11A	119.0

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4A $\cdots$ Cl2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.82	3.700 (8)	154
C6—H6A $\cdots$ Cl2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.79	3.666 (7)	154
C10—H10A $\cdots$ Cl2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.83	3.545 (8)	132

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ .