

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(5-[(2-phenylethenyl)sulfonyl]methyl}-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methanesulfonamide

A. Muralikrishna,^a M. Kannan,^b V. Padmavathi,^a
A. Padmaja^{a*} and R. Krishna^b

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Sri Venkateswara University, Tirupati 517 502, India, and

^bCentre for Bioinformatics, Pondicherry University, Puducherry 605 014, India

Correspondence e-mail: adivireddy@yahoo.co.in

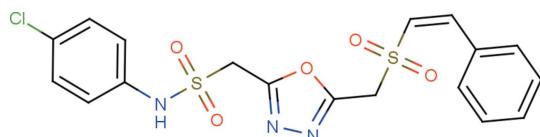
Received 8 August 2012; accepted 29 August 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.171; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_5\text{S}_2$, the dihedral angles between the oxadiazole ring and the phenyl and chlorobenzene rings are $23.4(2)$ and $45.4(2)^\circ$, respectively. The $\text{C}-\text{S}-\text{N}-\text{C}$ and $\text{C}_{\text{ox}}-\text{C}-\text{S}-\text{C}$ (ox = oxadiazole) torsion angles are $89.3(5)$ and $-69.1(3)^\circ$, respectively. A short intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ contact closes an $S(6)$ ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, generating $C(10)$ chains propagating in [001]. The packing is consolidated by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and very weak aromatic $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions [centroid–centroid separation = $4.085(2)\text{ \AA}$].

Related literature

For the synthesis and biological activity of the title compound, see: Padmaja *et al.* (2011); Muralikrishna *et al.* (2012). For related structures, see: Ranjith *et al.* (2009); You *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data



$M_r = 453.93$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 21.1387(12)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.4443(2)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 18.3484(11)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 107.810(7)^\circ$

$V = 2010.4(2)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.43\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293\text{ K}$

$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.06\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford

Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.917$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$
8939 measured reflections

3541 independent reflections
2114 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.171$
 $S = 0.87$
3541 reflections

262 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

Cg is the centroid of the C4–C9 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C5—H5 \cdots O3	0.93	2.41	3.010 (6)	122
N3—H3 \cdots O5 ⁱ	0.86	2.19	2.900 (5)	140
C3—H3B \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.38	3.198 (5)	141
C6—H6 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.45	3.290 (5)	151
C12—H12 \cdots O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.242 (5)	127
C14—H14 \cdots Cg ^{iv}	0.93	2.90	3.670 (5)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z + 2$; (iii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iv) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

AP is grateful to the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), New Delhi, for financial assistance under a major research project. AM is thankful to the CSIR for the sanction of a Senior Research Fellowship. MK and RK thank the Centre for Bioinformatics (funded by the Department of Biotechnology and Department of Information Technology, New Delhi, India), Pondicherry University, for providing the computational facilities to carry out this research work. MK also thanks the University Grants Commission (UGC) for a Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship (No. F. 14–2(SC)/2009 (SA-III)).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6934).

References

- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Muralikrishna, A., Venkatesh, B. C., Padmavathi, V., Padmaja, A., Kondaiah, P. & Siva Krishna, N. (2012). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **54**, 605–614.
- Oxford Diffraction (2009). *CrysAlis PRO*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Yarnton, England.
- Padmaja, A., Muralikrishna, A., Rajasekhar, C. & Padmavathi, V. (2011). *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **59**, 1509–1517.
- Ranjith, S., Thenmozhi, S., Manikannan, R., Muthusubramanian, S. & Subbiahpandi, A. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E65*, o581.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D65*, 148–155.
- You, X.-L., Lu, C.-R., Zhang, Y. & Zhang, D.-C. (2004). *Acta Cryst. C60*, o693–o695.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2954 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812037300]

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-{[(2-phenylethenyl)sulfonyl]methyl}-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-ylmethanesulfonamide

A. Muralikrishna, M. Kannan, V. Padmavathi, A. Padmaja and R. Krishna

S1. Comment

The title compound, (I), is a sulfone linked bis-heterocyclic and it has antimicrobial and cytotoxicity activity (Padmaja *et al.*, 2011; Muralikrishna *et al.*, 2012). As part of our ongoing studies on this compound, we now describe its crystal structure.

In the title compound (I) the phenylethenesulfonyl moiety deviates significantly from the plane of dimethyl oxadiazole ring by an (+)-*anti*-periplanar conformation with the torsion angle (C₁₀, S₂, C₁₁ & C₁₂) of 155.0 (5)°. In case of Chlorophenylaminosulfonyl moiety attached with dimethyl oxadiazole and deviates from the plane by an (-)*syn*-clinal conformation with the torsion angle (C₃, S₁, N₃ & C₄) of 89.3 (5)°. The plane of oxadiazole ring intersect bisectionally to the chlorophenyl ring plane with angle of 45.4 (2) °, whereas it axially intersect with phenyl ring plane by the angle of 23.4 (2) ° (Fig. 1). The strong intermolecular hydrogen bond is formed between N₃—H₃…O₅ with a distance of 2.900 (5) Å, which generates a C₁¹(10) infinite chain motif (Ranjith *et al.*, 2009) with the hydrogen bond symmetry equivalent (Fig.2). The intermolecular C₃—H₃B…O₂ makes R₂² (8) motif between the adjacent molecules by the contact distance of 3.198 (5) Å and shown in Fig. 3. The intramolecular interaction is formed by C₅—H₅…O₃ with a distance of 3.010 (6) Å (Fig. 3). In addition to that, the special type of intramolecular interaction also formed between C₅—H₅…π (Cg1: O₁, C₁, N₁, N₂ & C₂), S₂—O₄…π (Cg2: C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇, C₈ & C₉) and C₇—CL…π (Cg3: C₁₃, C₁₄, C₁₅, C₁₆, C₁₇ & C₁₈) with a contact distance of 3.17, 3.52 and 4.49 Å respectively (Fig. 4), which contributes for the intramolecular packing. In addition to the aforementioned intermolecular interaction, the C₆—H₆…O₄ and C₁₂—H₁₂…O₅ makes short contact with the distance of 3.290 (5) and 3.242 (5) Å respectively (Fig. 5). Moreover, the intermolecular C₁₄—H₁₄…π (Cg: C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇ & C₈) and π…π (Cg: O₁, C₁, N₁, N₂ & C₂) stacking interaction (You *et al.*, 2004) is formed by the distance of 3.670 (5) and 4.085 (2) Å respectively (Fig. 6a & b).

S2. Experimental

A mixture of *p*-chlorophenylaminosulfonylacetic acid hydrazide (10 mmol), Z-styrylsulfonylacetic acid (10 mmol) and POCl₃ (7 ml) was heated under reflux for 5–7 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled, the excess POCl₃ was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was poured onto crushed ice. The resulting precipitate was filtered, washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and then with water to give 2-(*p*-Chlorophenylaminosulfonyl-methyl)-5-[Z-(styrylsulfonylmethyl)]-1,3,4-oxadiazole (69%, m.p. = 134–136 °C). Colourless plates were recrystallized from a methanol–dichloromethane (10:1) solution.

S3. Refinement

The non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically whereas hydrogen atoms were refined isotropically. The H atoms were geometrically placed (N—H = 0.86 Å, and C—H=0.93–0.97 Å) and refined as riding with U_{iso} (H) = 1.2–1.5 U_{eq}

(parent atom).

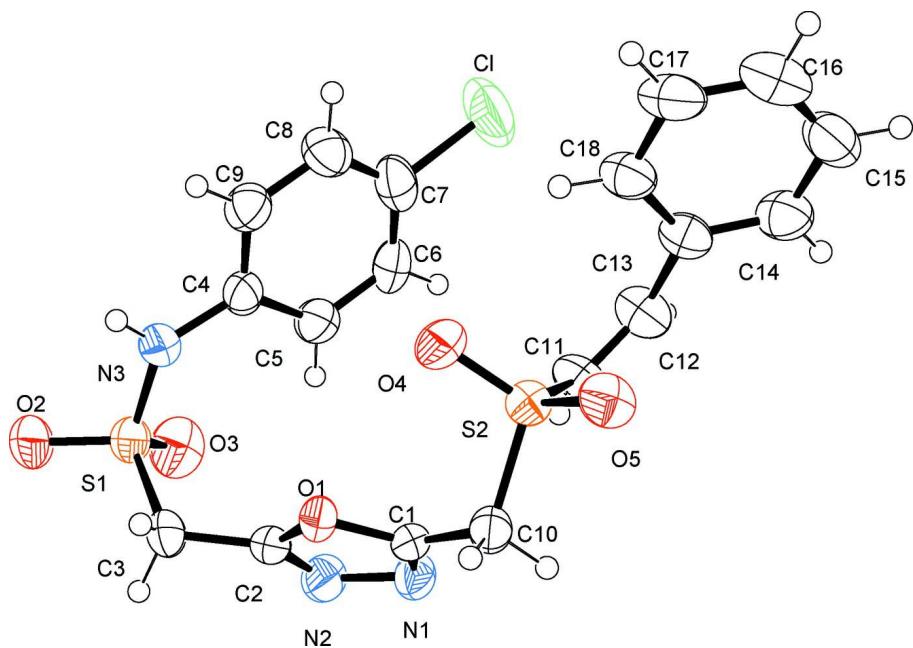


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

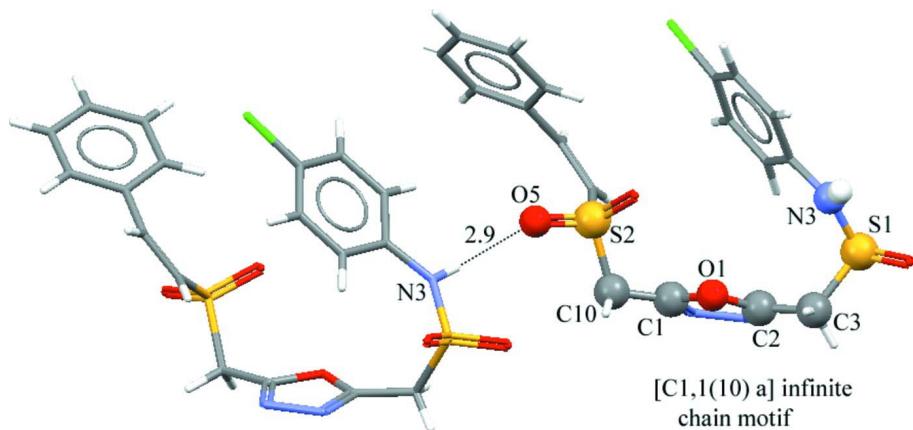
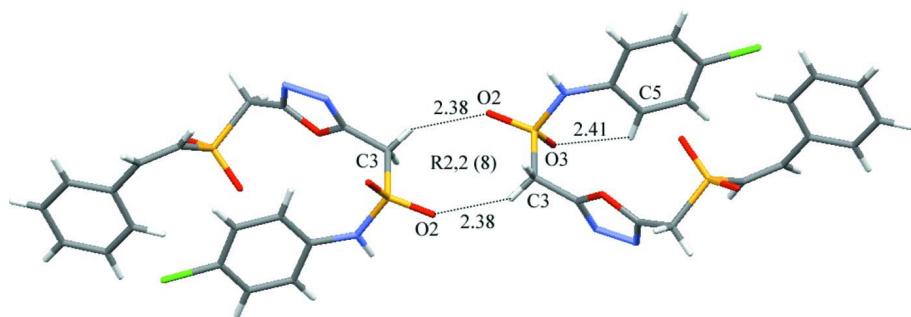
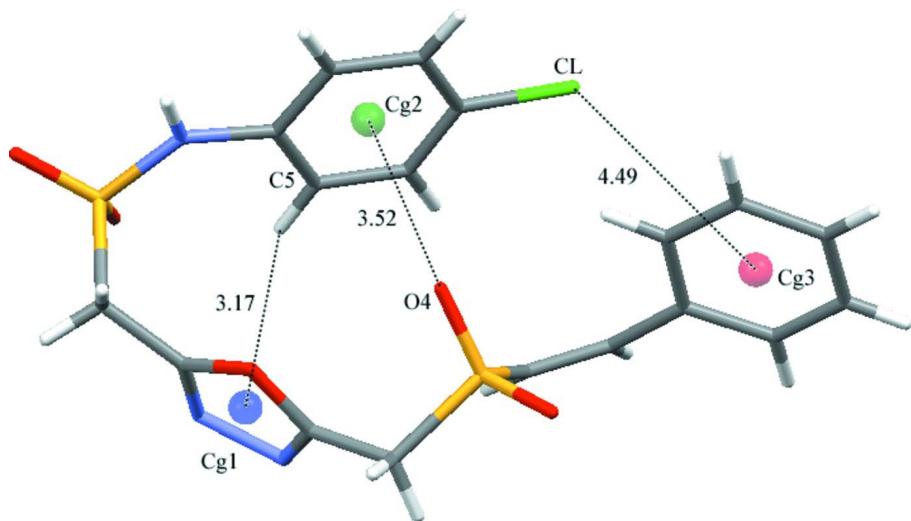


Figure 2

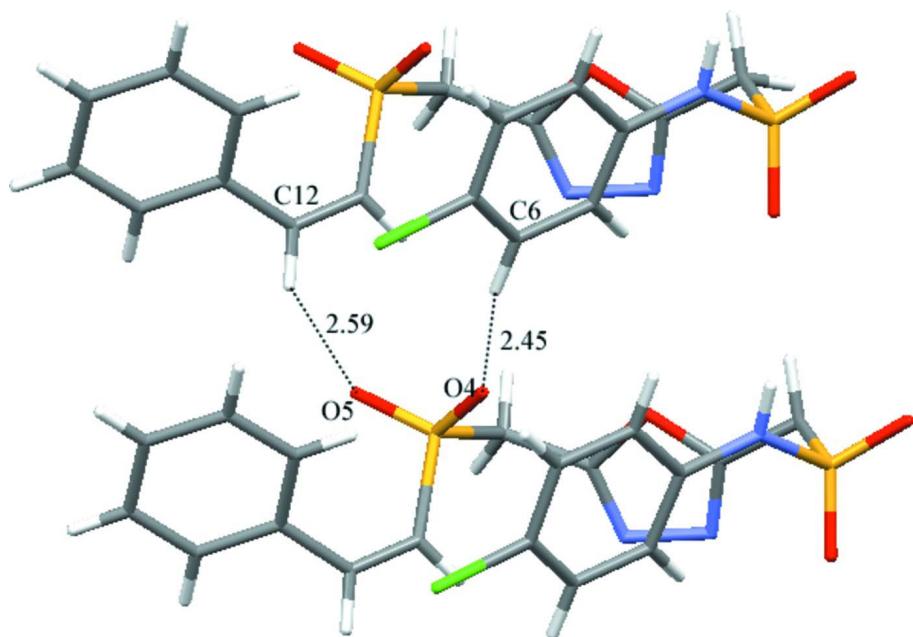
A view of $C_1^{1(10)}$ infinite chain motif is formed between $N_3—H_3\cdots O_5$ with the hydrogen bond symmetry equivalent. Infinite chain motif forming atoms are shown in ball and stick model and the hydrogen bond is shown in black dashed line.

**Figure 3**

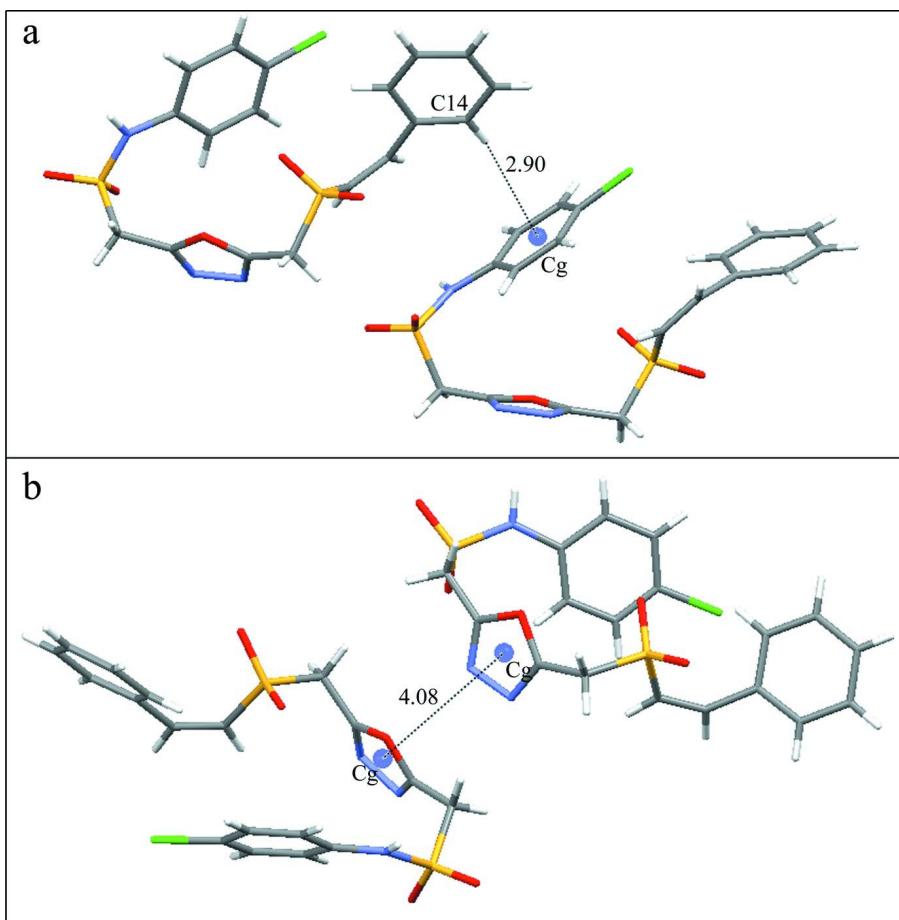
A view of R_2^2 (8) ring motifs formed by $C_3—H_{3B}…O_2$ interaction between to molecules. The $C_5—H_5…O_3$ forms an intramolecular interaction. The Hydrogen bonds are shown in black dashed lines.

**Figure 4**

The special type of intramolecular interaction is formed between $C_5—H_5…\pi$ ($Cg1$: O₁, C₁, N₁, N₂ & C₂), S₂—O₄… π ($Cg2$: C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇, C₈ & C₉) and C₇—CL… π ($Cg3$: C₁₃, C₁₄, C₁₅, C₁₆, C₁₇ & C₁₈) with a distance of 3.17, 3.52 and 4.49 Å respectively. The centroids are shown in different color with corresponding labeling.

**Figure 5**

The intermolecular C12—H12···O5 and C6—H6···O4 interaction are shown.

**Figure 6**

a) The molecular interaction showing the C—H···π interaction between two molecules, in which the Cg is the centroid of C₄—C₉ ring. b) The π···π stacking interaction also shown between the oxadiazole ring. The contacts distance are shown in black dashed lines.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(5-[(2-phenylethenyl)sulfonyl]methyl]-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)methanesulfonamide

Crystal data



M_r = 453.93

Monoclinic, P2₁/c

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

a = 21.1387 (12) Å

b = 5.4443 (2) Å

c = 18.3484 (11) Å

β = 107.810 (7)°

V = 2010.4 (2) Å³

Z = 4

F(000) = 936

D_x = 1.513 Mg m⁻³

Mo Kα radiation, λ = 0.7107 Å

Cell parameters from 2041 reflections

θ = 2.6–29.2°

μ = 0.43 mm⁻¹

T = 293 K

Plate, colourless

0.20 × 0.20 × 0.06 mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 15.9821 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (CrysAlis PRO; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.917$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$
 8939 measured reflections
 3541 independent reflections
 2114 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$
 $h = -25 \rightarrow 22$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -2 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.171$
 $S = 0.87$
 3541 reflections
 262 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.10737 (6)	0.1465 (2)	0.99341 (7)	0.0506 (4)
S2	0.20592 (5)	-0.11531 (16)	0.70760 (6)	0.0365 (3)
C1	0.40975 (8)	0.2776 (3)	0.90563 (11)	0.0990 (6)
O1	0.09206 (13)	-0.0641 (5)	0.80065 (15)	0.0409 (7)
O5	0.21845 (15)	-0.2584 (5)	0.64804 (18)	0.0506 (8)
O4	0.22585 (15)	-0.2151 (5)	0.78332 (18)	0.0558 (9)
O2	0.08523 (16)	0.0536 (7)	1.05419 (19)	0.0720 (10)
N1	0.07298 (17)	0.2839 (6)	0.7363 (2)	0.0450 (9)
C1	0.09493 (18)	0.0632 (7)	0.7380 (2)	0.0348 (9)
O3	0.11247 (18)	0.4033 (6)	0.9846 (2)	0.0719 (10)
N3	0.17730 (17)	0.0164 (7)	1.0028 (2)	0.0574 (11)
H3	0.1836	-0.1171	1.0291	0.069*
N2	0.05241 (18)	0.3095 (7)	0.8019 (2)	0.0500 (10)
C10	0.11833 (19)	-0.0673 (7)	0.6803 (2)	0.0403 (10)
H10A	0.1050	0.0260	0.6331	0.048*
H10B	0.0963	-0.2256	0.6701	0.048*
C13	0.3483 (2)	0.0561 (7)	0.6906 (3)	0.0454 (11)
C14	0.3805 (2)	0.0969 (8)	0.6365 (3)	0.0577 (13)
H14	0.3684	0.2316	0.6040	0.069*

C7	0.3391 (2)	0.1971 (9)	0.9301 (3)	0.0568 (13)
C6	0.2849 (3)	0.3435 (8)	0.9081 (3)	0.0530 (12)
H6	0.2847	0.4818	0.8783	0.064*
C8	0.3399 (2)	-0.0127 (9)	0.9717 (3)	0.0557 (13)
H8	0.3767	-0.1158	0.9839	0.067*
C9	0.2858 (2)	-0.0691 (8)	0.9950 (3)	0.0496 (11)
H9	0.2863	-0.2097	1.0239	0.059*
C18	0.3694 (2)	-0.1416 (8)	0.7403 (3)	0.0526 (13)
H18	0.3497	-0.1715	0.7783	0.063*
C3	0.0515 (2)	0.0242 (9)	0.9082 (2)	0.0534 (12)
H3A	0.0535	-0.1537	0.9112	0.064*
H3B	0.0067	0.0730	0.9054	0.064*
C12	0.2957 (2)	0.2238 (7)	0.6963 (3)	0.0539 (13)
H12	0.3047	0.3894	0.6921	0.065*
C11	0.2379 (2)	0.1785 (7)	0.7066 (3)	0.0464 (12)
H11	0.2127	0.3112	0.7137	0.056*
C5	0.2297 (2)	0.2862 (8)	0.9301 (3)	0.0513 (12)
H5	0.1920	0.3848	0.9144	0.062*
C2	0.06481 (19)	0.1027 (8)	0.8369 (2)	0.0412 (10)
C4	0.2303 (2)	0.0831 (7)	0.9755 (2)	0.0442 (11)
C17	0.4193 (2)	-0.2922 (9)	0.7334 (3)	0.0633 (15)
H17	0.4330	-0.4230	0.7671	0.076*
C15	0.4302 (2)	-0.0575 (10)	0.6295 (3)	0.0667 (15)
H15	0.4507	-0.0283	0.5921	0.080*
C16	0.4491 (2)	-0.2543 (9)	0.6781 (4)	0.0674 (16)
H16	0.4820	-0.3610	0.6733	0.081*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0458 (7)	0.0765 (9)	0.0334 (7)	0.0029 (6)	0.0177 (5)	-0.0018 (6)
S2	0.0403 (6)	0.0290 (5)	0.0402 (7)	0.0032 (4)	0.0122 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C1	0.0756 (11)	0.1391 (14)	0.1018 (13)	-0.0272 (9)	0.0562 (10)	-0.0005 (10)
O1	0.0424 (17)	0.0491 (16)	0.0336 (17)	0.0029 (13)	0.0153 (14)	0.0082 (13)
O5	0.0518 (19)	0.0459 (16)	0.056 (2)	0.0031 (13)	0.0189 (16)	-0.0183 (14)
O4	0.053 (2)	0.0610 (18)	0.050 (2)	0.0075 (14)	0.0103 (16)	0.0195 (16)
O2	0.059 (2)	0.123 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.0281 (17)	0.003 (2)
N1	0.048 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0115 (17)	0.0184 (18)	0.0058 (17)
C1	0.030 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.0014 (17)	0.0059 (18)	0.0037 (18)
O3	0.091 (3)	0.063 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.0071 (18)	0.032 (2)	-0.0110 (17)
N3	0.039 (2)	0.078 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.0039 (19)	0.0164 (19)	0.027 (2)
N2	0.051 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.0137 (18)	0.0184 (19)	-0.0010 (19)
C10	0.043 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.037 (3)	0.0001 (19)	0.015 (2)	0.0014 (19)
C13	0.039 (3)	0.038 (2)	0.059 (3)	-0.0046 (19)	0.014 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C14	0.050 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.067 (4)	0.001 (2)	0.014 (3)	0.013 (2)
C7	0.060 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.048 (3)	-0.019 (3)	0.027 (3)	-0.014 (3)
C6	0.069 (4)	0.052 (3)	0.042 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.023 (3)	0.008 (2)
C8	0.050 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.022 (3)	-0.005 (3)

C9	0.053 (3)	0.048 (2)	0.048 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.007 (2)
C18	0.039 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.069 (4)	-0.001 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.007 (2)
C3	0.044 (3)	0.083 (3)	0.037 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.002 (2)
C12	0.051 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.080 (4)	0.002 (2)	0.026 (3)	0.006 (2)
C11	0.042 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.069 (3)	0.0069 (18)	0.023 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C5	0.047 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.013 (2)
C2	0.031 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.0007 (19)	0.0091 (19)	0.001 (2)
C4	0.041 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.009 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.000 (2)
C17	0.039 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.087 (4)	0.005 (2)	0.010 (3)	0.015 (3)
C15	0.046 (3)	0.085 (4)	0.075 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.027 (3)	-0.010 (3)
C16	0.043 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.096 (5)	0.002 (2)	0.018 (3)	-0.013 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $\text{^{\circ}}$)

S1—O3	1.415 (3)	C7—C6	1.353 (7)
S1—O2	1.428 (3)	C7—C8	1.370 (7)
S1—N3	1.600 (4)	C6—C5	1.383 (6)
S1—C3	1.775 (5)	C6—H6	0.9300
S2—O4	1.430 (3)	C8—C9	1.373 (6)
S2—O5	1.431 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
S2—C11	1.739 (4)	C9—C4	1.391 (6)
S2—C10	1.783 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C7	1.741 (5)	C18—C17	1.371 (6)
O1—C2	1.354 (5)	C18—H18	0.9300
O1—C1	1.359 (4)	C3—C2	1.484 (6)
N1—C1	1.285 (5)	C3—H3A	0.9700
N1—N2	1.406 (5)	C3—H3B	0.9700
C1—C10	1.480 (5)	C12—C11	1.315 (6)
N3—C4	1.409 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
N3—H3	0.8600	C11—H11	0.9300
N2—C2	1.283 (5)	C5—C4	1.381 (6)
C10—H10A	0.9700	C5—H5	0.9300
C10—H10B	0.9700	C17—C16	1.365 (7)
C13—C14	1.382 (6)	C17—H17	0.9300
C13—C18	1.393 (6)	C15—C16	1.373 (7)
C13—C12	1.468 (6)	C15—H15	0.9300
C14—C15	1.382 (6)	C16—H16	0.9300
C14—H14	0.9300		
O3—S1—O2	119.6 (2)	C5—C6—H6	120.2
O3—S1—O2	119.6 (2)	C7—C8—C9	119.4 (4)
O3—S1—N3	110.4 (2)	C7—C8—H8	120.3
O3—S1—N3	110.4 (2)	C9—C8—H8	120.3
O2—S1—N3	105.8 (2)	C8—C9—C4	120.3 (4)
O3—S1—C3	108.9 (2)	C8—C9—H9	119.9
O3—S1—C3	108.9 (2)	C4—C9—H9	119.9
O2—S1—C3	105.4 (2)	C17—C18—C13	120.1 (5)
N3—S1—C3	105.8 (2)	C17—C18—H18	119.9

O4—S2—O5	117.81 (18)	C13—C18—H18	119.9
O4—S2—C11	111.1 (2)	C2—C3—S1	114.5 (3)
O5—S2—C11	109.2 (2)	C2—C3—H3A	108.6
O4—S2—C10	107.48 (19)	S1—C3—H3A	108.6
O5—S2—C10	106.52 (18)	C2—C3—H3B	108.6
C11—S2—C10	103.63 (19)	S1—C3—H3B	108.6
C2—O1—C1	102.1 (3)	H3A—C3—H3B	107.6
C1—N1—N2	106.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13	130.7 (4)
N1—C1—O1	112.8 (4)	C11—C12—H12	114.7
N1—C1—C10	129.0 (4)	C13—C12—H12	114.7
O1—C1—C10	118.1 (3)	C12—C11—S2	123.7 (3)
C4—N3—S1	131.0 (3)	C12—C11—H11	118.1
C4—N3—H3	114.5	S2—C11—H11	118.1
S1—N3—H3	114.5	C4—C5—C6	120.2 (4)
C2—N2—N1	105.8 (3)	C4—C5—H5	119.9
C1—C10—S2	114.5 (3)	C6—C5—H5	119.9
C1—C10—H10A	108.6	N2—C2—O1	113.3 (4)
S2—C10—H10A	108.6	N2—C2—C3	129.0 (4)
C1—C10—H10B	108.6	O1—C2—C3	117.7 (4)
S2—C10—H10B	108.6	C5—C4—C9	118.9 (4)
H10A—C10—H10B	107.6	C5—C4—N3	124.0 (4)
C14—C13—C18	117.8 (4)	C9—C4—N3	117.1 (4)
C14—C13—C12	120.1 (4)	C16—C17—C18	121.5 (5)
C18—C13—C12	122.0 (4)	C16—C17—H17	119.3
C15—C14—C13	121.6 (5)	C18—C17—H17	119.3
C15—C14—H14	119.2	C16—C15—C14	119.5 (5)
C13—C14—H14	119.2	C16—C15—H15	120.2
C6—C7—C8	121.5 (4)	C14—C15—H15	120.2
C6—C7—C1	119.3 (4)	C17—C16—C15	119.5 (5)
C8—C7—C1	119.2 (4)	C17—C16—H16	120.3
C7—C6—C5	119.6 (4)	C15—C16—H16	120.3
C7—C6—H6	120.2		
N2—N1—C1—O1	-1.1 (4)	O2—S1—C3—C2	178.8 (3)
N2—N1—C1—C10	175.3 (4)	N3—S1—C3—C2	-69.4 (4)
C2—O1—C1—N1	0.9 (4)	C14—C13—C12—C11	138.1 (6)
C2—O1—C1—C10	-175.9 (3)	C18—C13—C12—C11	-44.4 (8)
O3—S1—N3—C4	-28.4 (5)	C13—C12—C11—S2	-6.0 (9)
O3—S1—N3—C4	-28.4 (5)	O4—S2—C11—C12	89.9 (5)
O2—S1—N3—C4	-159.1 (4)	O5—S2—C11—C12	-41.7 (5)
C3—S1—N3—C4	89.3 (5)	C10—S2—C11—C12	-154.9 (5)
C1—N1—N2—C2	0.8 (4)	C7—C6—C5—C4	1.1 (7)
N1—C1—C10—S2	108.0 (4)	N1—N2—C2—O1	-0.2 (5)
O1—C1—C10—S2	-75.8 (4)	N1—N2—C2—C3	-178.2 (4)
O4—S2—C10—C1	48.6 (3)	C1—O1—C2—N2	-0.4 (4)
O5—S2—C10—C1	175.8 (3)	C1—O1—C2—C3	177.8 (3)
C11—S2—C10—C1	-69.1 (3)	S1—C3—C2—N2	-76.1 (6)
C18—C13—C14—C15	2.5 (7)	S1—C3—C2—O1	106.1 (4)

C12—C13—C14—C15	−179.9 (5)	C6—C5—C4—C9	−3.4 (7)
C8—C7—C6—C5	2.4 (7)	C6—C5—C4—N3	177.6 (4)
C1—C7—C6—C5	−177.2 (4)	C8—C9—C4—C5	2.3 (7)
C6—C7—C8—C9	−3.5 (7)	C8—C9—C4—N3	−178.6 (4)
C1—C7—C8—C9	176.2 (4)	S1—N3—C4—C5	−2.1 (7)
C7—C8—C9—C4	1.1 (7)	S1—N3—C4—C9	178.9 (3)
C14—C13—C18—C17	−1.8 (7)	C13—C18—C17—C16	−0.3 (7)
C12—C13—C18—C17	−179.3 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	−1.1 (8)
O3—S1—C3—C2	49.3 (4)	C18—C17—C16—C15	1.8 (8)
O3—S1—C3—C2	49.3 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	−1.0 (8)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg is the centroid of the C4—C9 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C5—H5···O3	0.93	2.41	3.010 (6)	122
N3—H3···O5 ⁱ	0.86	2.19	2.900 (5)	140
C3—H3B···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.38	3.198 (5)	141
C6—H6···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.45	3.290 (5)	151
C12—H12···O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.242 (5)	127
C14—H14···Cg ^{iv}	0.93	2.90	3.670 (5)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y-1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (iii) $x, y+1, z$; (iv) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$.