

(6*R*^{*},10*R*^{*})-Dimethyl 1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]-decane-6,10-dicarboxylate

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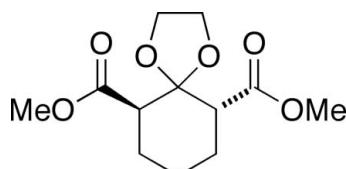
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.047; wR factor = 0.148; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.7.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_6$, is in the usual chair conformation with the two ester functions in a 1,3-*trans* orientation. With a value of $1.439(2)\text{ \AA}$, the pseudo-axial C—O bond of the 1,3-dioxolane ring is slightly longer than the corresponding equatorial C—O bond of $1.424(3)\text{ \AA}$. The O—C—O angle of the dioxolane ring is $106.25(17)^\circ$.

Related literature

The starting material (*1R,3S*)-dimethyl 2-oxocyclohexane-1,3-dicarboxylate was prepared following a known procedure (Blicke & McCarty, 1959). Alternative methods for the synthesis of this compound include alkylation of cyclohexanone (Balasubrahmanyam & Balasubramanian, 1969; Beckman & Munshi, 2011). Synthesis and characterization of a related 1,3-*trans*-dicarboxylate cyclohexanone has been reported (Scaric & Turjak-Cebic, 1982). The acetal formation follows standard procedures (Wuts & Greene, 2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_6$
 $M_r = 258.26$
Monoclinic, Pc
 $a = 8.6243(9)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 7.3203(6)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 10.1704(9)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 91.719(8)^\circ$

$V = 641.79(10)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Sapphire3
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)
 $T_{\min} = 0.919$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

5645 measured reflections
2717 independent reflections
2329 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.148$
 $S = 1.03$
2717 reflections
163 parameters

2 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *CrystalMaker* (CrystalMaker, 2011); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DS2225).

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supporting information

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(6*R*^{*},10*R*^{*})-Dimethyl 1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-6,10-dicarboxylate

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S1. Comment

The cyclohexane ring is in the usual chair conformation. All intramolecular distances and angles display expected values. The dioxolane occupies a pseudo-twist form oriented towards the axial ester group of the cyclohexane ring. Presumably to reduce unfavorable interactions with the carbonyl group of the equatorial ester moiety.

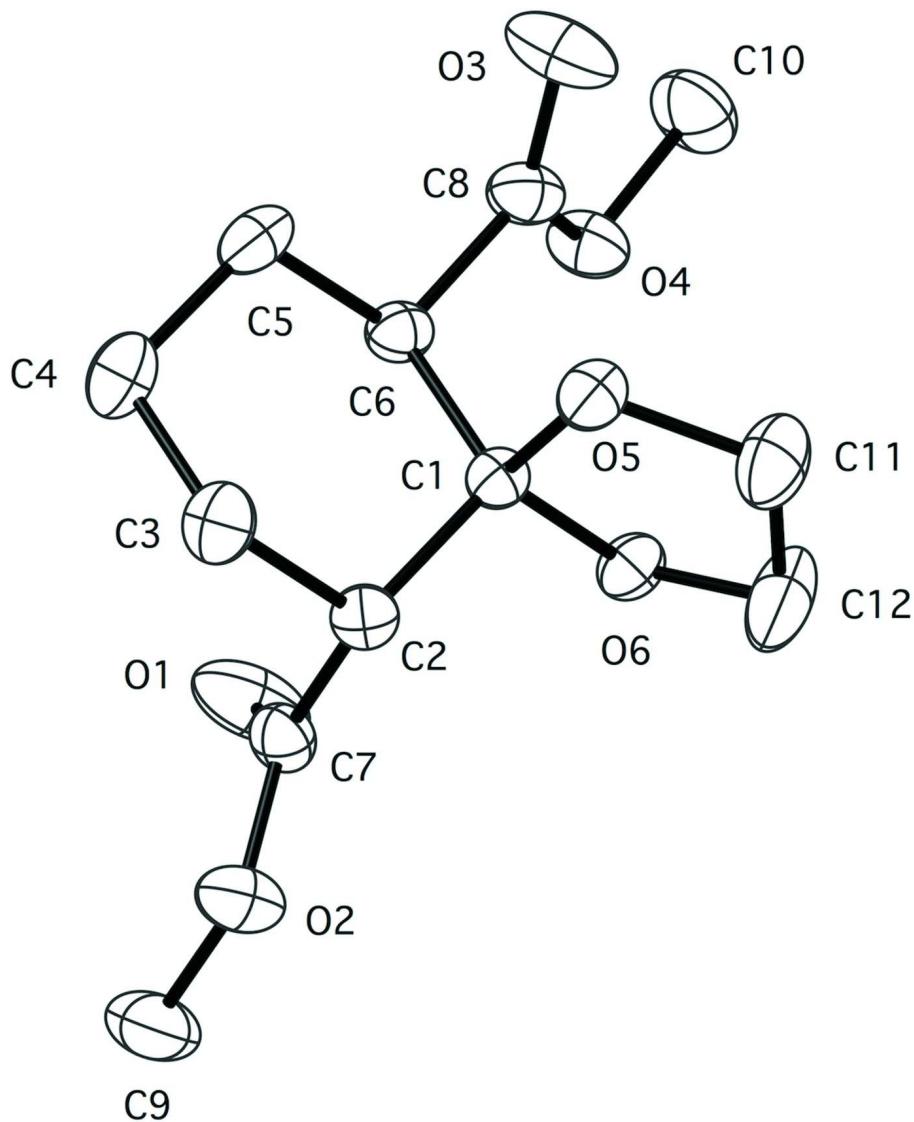
S2. Experimental

(1*R*,3*S*)-dimethyl 2-oxocyclohexane-1,3-dicarboxylate (0.5 g, 2.5 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (10 mL). Ethylene glycol (1.6 g, 25.7 mmol) and a catalytic amount of *p*-toluene sulfonic acid were then added sequentially. The vessel was fitted with a Dean-Stark trap, heated to reflux for 3 h, and then cooled to RT. The reaction mixture was washed with NaHCO₃ (10 ml, sat. aq.) and water (10 ml). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. ¹H NMR of the crude shows a single diastereomer. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (6.25% EtOAc/pet. ether) to give (6*R*^{*},10*R*^{*})dimethyl-1,4-dioxospiro[4,5]decane-6,10-dicarboxylate as a colorless oil (0.30 g, 46%), which crystallized under vaccum upon standing.

R_f: 0.3 in 6.25% EtOAc/pet. ether **¹H-NMR:** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 4.0–3.8 (m, 4H), 3.69 (s, 6H), 3.17 (t, 2H), 2.6 (dd, *J* = 8, 2H), 2.0–1.8 (m, 2H) p.p.m.. **¹³C-NMR:** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 66.2, 65.1, 52.1, 51.8, 51.7, 47.5, 27.1, 26.6, 23.5, 19.8 p.p.m.. **IR:** (CHCl₃, film): 1727 (s), 1434 (m), 1161 (s) cm⁻¹.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding on their parent atoms with C–H distances of 0.93–0.97 Å, and *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.2 *U*_{eq}. The highest difference peak in the Fourier map is located 0.87 Å from C12 and the lowest is located 0.30 Å from H12B.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. H-atoms were omitted for clarity.

(6*R*^{*,},10*R*^{*)}-Dimethyl 1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-6,10-dicarboxylate

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₈O₆
*M*_r = 258.26
 Monoclinic, *Pc*
 Hall symbol: P -2yc
a = 8.6243 (9) Å
b = 7.3203 (6) Å
c = 10.1704 (9) Å
 β = 91.719 (8) $^\circ$
V = 641.79 (10) Å³
Z = 2

F(000) = 276
*D*_x = 1.336 Mg m⁻³
 Mo *K* α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
 Cell parameters from 1887 reflections
 θ = 2.8–28.6 $^\circ$
 μ = 0.11 mm⁻¹
T = 293 K
 Plate, colourless
 0.2 × 0.2 × 0.05 mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Sapphire3
diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source
Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.1829 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)

$T_{\min} = 0.919$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

5645 measured reflections

2717 independent reflections

2329 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.7^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.8^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$

$wR(F^2) = 0.148$

$S = 1.03$

2717 reflections

163 parameters

2 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4569 (2)	0.2366 (3)	0.86367 (19)	0.0350 (5)
O1	0.2305 (3)	0.1361 (4)	1.0635 (2)	0.0837 (8)
C2	0.2830 (3)	0.1979 (3)	0.8327 (2)	0.0397 (5)
H2	0.2775	0.1093	0.7605	0.048*
O2	0.0836 (3)	0.0069 (3)	0.9057 (2)	0.0618 (6)
C3	0.1999 (3)	0.3712 (4)	0.7846 (3)	0.0527 (6)
H3A	0.0899	0.3460	0.7733	0.063*
H3B	0.2388	0.4053	0.6995	0.063*
O3	0.7232 (3)	0.5536 (4)	0.9408 (3)	0.0847 (8)
O4	0.7037 (2)	0.3362 (3)	1.09499 (18)	0.0544 (5)
C4	0.2227 (4)	0.5314 (4)	0.8801 (3)	0.0589 (7)
H4A	0.1742	0.6400	0.8427	0.071*
H4B	0.1728	0.5039	0.9620	0.071*
O5	0.52831 (19)	0.2833 (2)	0.74210 (15)	0.0452 (4)
C5	0.3944 (4)	0.5677 (3)	0.9073 (3)	0.0535 (7)
H5A	0.4059	0.6666	0.9703	0.064*

H5B	0.4420	0.6057	0.8265	0.064*
O6	0.53266 (19)	0.0753 (2)	0.91042 (16)	0.0431 (4)
C6	0.4790 (3)	0.3956 (3)	0.9621 (2)	0.0398 (5)
H6	0.4301	0.3607	1.0441	0.048*
C7	0.2023 (3)	0.1132 (4)	0.9483 (2)	0.0442 (5)
C8	0.6476 (3)	0.4376 (4)	0.9939 (2)	0.0473 (6)
C9	-0.0086 (5)	-0.0765 (5)	1.0061 (4)	0.0781 (10)
H9A	-0.0899	-0.1481	0.9651	0.117*
H9B	-0.0533	0.0171	1.0591	0.117*
H9C	0.0562	-0.1539	1.0606	0.117*
C10	0.8590 (4)	0.3810 (5)	1.1422 (4)	0.0701 (9)
H10A	0.8881	0.3015	1.2138	0.105*
H10B	0.8617	0.5054	1.1719	0.105*
H10C	0.9301	0.3657	1.0722	0.105*
C11	0.6241 (5)	0.1332 (5)	0.7054 (3)	0.0690 (8)
H11A	0.5974	0.0938	0.6165	0.083*
H11B	0.7326	0.1685	0.7093	0.083*
C12	0.5965 (6)	-0.0107 (5)	0.7970 (4)	0.0818 (12)
H12A	0.6926	-0.0730	0.8208	0.098*
H12B	0.5241	-0.0990	0.7594	0.098*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0413 (12)	0.0341 (10)	0.0298 (10)	0.0001 (8)	0.0028 (8)	0.0031 (8)
O1	0.0846 (17)	0.124 (2)	0.0432 (11)	-0.0515 (15)	0.0057 (10)	0.0031 (12)
C2	0.0429 (12)	0.0414 (12)	0.0346 (11)	-0.0009 (9)	-0.0037 (8)	-0.0019 (9)
O2	0.0594 (12)	0.0623 (12)	0.0638 (12)	-0.0207 (9)	0.0007 (9)	-0.0022 (9)
C3	0.0543 (15)	0.0568 (15)	0.0465 (14)	0.0105 (12)	-0.0066 (11)	0.0056 (11)
O3	0.0750 (16)	0.0944 (18)	0.0845 (17)	-0.0420 (15)	0.0001 (12)	0.0270 (14)
O4	0.0454 (10)	0.0592 (11)	0.0580 (11)	-0.0120 (8)	-0.0054 (8)	0.0028 (9)
C4	0.0665 (19)	0.0498 (14)	0.0601 (16)	0.0181 (13)	-0.0012 (13)	0.0003 (13)
O5	0.0594 (11)	0.0409 (8)	0.0360 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0103 (7)	0.0046 (7)
C5	0.0700 (19)	0.0319 (11)	0.0586 (16)	0.0019 (11)	0.0038 (13)	-0.0062 (11)
O6	0.0502 (10)	0.0344 (8)	0.0445 (9)	0.0041 (7)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0060 (7)
C6	0.0458 (13)	0.0375 (11)	0.0364 (11)	-0.0049 (9)	0.0048 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C7	0.0359 (12)	0.0505 (13)	0.0459 (13)	-0.0015 (9)	-0.0030 (9)	-0.0030 (10)
C8	0.0532 (15)	0.0479 (13)	0.0412 (12)	-0.0141 (11)	0.0058 (10)	-0.0059 (10)
C9	0.073 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.093 (3)	-0.0289 (17)	0.0185 (18)	-0.0040 (18)
C10	0.0461 (17)	0.086 (2)	0.078 (2)	-0.0110 (15)	-0.0106 (14)	-0.0074 (18)
C11	0.087 (2)	0.0631 (18)	0.0581 (17)	0.0159 (16)	0.0190 (15)	-0.0070 (15)
C12	0.107 (3)	0.0574 (18)	0.082 (2)	0.0358 (18)	0.031 (2)	0.0060 (16)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—O6	1.424 (3)	O5—C11	1.431 (4)
C1—O5	1.439 (2)	C5—C6	1.551 (4)
C1—C6	1.544 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9700

C1—C2	1.549 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9700
O1—C7	1.201 (3)	O6—C12	1.438 (4)
C2—C7	1.516 (4)	C6—C8	1.511 (4)
C2—C3	1.530 (3)	C6—H6	0.9800
C2—H2	0.9800	C9—H9A	0.9600
O2—C7	1.347 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9600
O2—C9	1.448 (4)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.531 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9700	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—H3B	0.9700	C10—H10C	0.9600
O3—C8	1.208 (3)	C11—C12	1.431 (5)
O4—C8	1.346 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
O4—C10	1.446 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.522 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C4—H4A	0.9700	C12—H12B	0.9700
C4—H4B	0.9700		
O6—C1—O5	106.25 (17)	C8—C6—C5	110.5 (2)
O6—C1—C6	111.21 (17)	C1—C6—C5	109.36 (19)
O5—C1—C6	109.28 (17)	C8—C6—H6	107.9
O6—C1—C2	110.39 (17)	C1—C6—H6	107.9
O5—C1—C2	107.80 (17)	C5—C6—H6	107.9
C6—C1—C2	111.70 (18)	O1—C7—O2	121.6 (2)
C7—C2—C3	111.5 (2)	O1—C7—C2	128.0 (2)
C7—C2—C1	112.39 (17)	O2—C7—C2	110.4 (2)
C3—C2—C1	110.79 (19)	O3—C8—O4	122.8 (2)
C7—C2—H2	107.3	O3—C8—C6	125.2 (3)
C3—C2—H2	107.3	O4—C8—C6	111.9 (2)
C1—C2—H2	107.3	O2—C9—H9A	109.5
C7—O2—C9	116.4 (2)	O2—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	112.48 (19)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	109.1	O2—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	109.1	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C3—H3B	109.1	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—H3B	109.1	O4—C10—H10A	109.5
H3A—C3—H3B	107.8	O4—C10—H10B	109.5
C8—O4—C10	115.9 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	110.8 (2)	O4—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	109.5	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	109.5	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4B	109.5	C12—C11—O5	106.7 (3)
C3—C4—H4B	109.5	C12—C11—H11A	110.4
H4A—C4—H4B	108.1	O5—C11—H11A	110.4
C11—O5—C1	107.9 (2)	C12—C11—H11B	110.4
C4—C5—C6	111.6 (2)	O5—C11—H11B	110.4
C4—C5—H5A	109.3	H11A—C11—H11B	108.6
C6—C5—H5A	109.3	C11—C12—O6	106.0 (3)
C4—C5—H5B	109.3	C11—C12—H12A	110.5

C6—C5—H5B	109.3	O6—C12—H12A	110.5
H5A—C5—H5B	108.0	C11—C12—H12B	110.5
C1—O6—C12	106.2 (2)	O6—C12—H12B	110.5
C8—C6—C1	113.1 (2)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.7
