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# (2*E*)-1-(Pyridin-2-yl)-3-(2,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.067; wR factor = 0.188; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.8.

The title heteroaryl chalcone derivative,  $C_{17}H_{17}NO_4$ , is close to planar: the dihedral angle between the pyridine and benzene rings is  $3.71 (11)^{\circ}$  and the methoxy C atoms deviate from their attached ring by 0.046(3), -0.044(2) and 0.127 (3) Å. The disposition of the pyridine N atom and the carbonyl group is *anti*  $[N-C-C-O = -177.7 (2)^{\circ}]$ . In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak C-H···N and C-H···O interactions into (100) sheets and an aromatic  $\pi - \pi$ stacking interaction between the pyridine and benzene ring, with a centroid-centroid separation of 3.7036 (14) Å also occurs.

### **Related literature**

For the fluorescence properties of heteroaryl chalcones, see: Suwunwong et al. (2011). For related structures, see: Chantrapromma et al. (2009); Fun et al. (2010, 2011); Suwunwong et al. (2012). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



<sup>‡</sup> Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5085-2009.

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o1076

## **Experimental**

#### Crystal data

C17H17NO4 V = 1427.47 (9) Å<sup>3</sup>  $M_r = 299.32$ Z = 4Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation a = 8.4047 (3) Å  $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^$ b = 8.7285 (3) Å T = 100 Kc = 19.5086 (7) Å  $0.32 \times 0.27 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$  $\beta = 94.113(2)^{\circ}$ 

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)  $T_{\min} = 0.969, T_{\max} = 0.984$ 

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$	202 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.188$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.07	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.58 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
3792 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

14970 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.054$ 

3792 independent reflections

2435 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{c} C3-H3A\cdots O4^{i}\\ C15-H15A\cdots N1^{ii} \end{array}$	0.93	2.39	3.277 (3)	160
	0.96	2.47	3.349 (3)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) x - 1,  $-y + \frac{5}{2}$ ,  $z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii) x, y - 1, z.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL, PLATON (Spek, 2009), Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7090).

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# supporting information

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# Suchada Chantrapromma, Thitipone Suwunwong, Nawong Boonnak and Hoong-Kun Fun

## S1. Comment

As part of our ongoing studies of the crystal structures and fluorescent properties of chalcones and heteroaryl chalcones (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2009; Fun *et al.*, 2010, 2011; Suwunwong *et al.*, 2011, 2012), the title heteroaryl chalcone derivative (I) was synthesized and studied for fluorescent property and for further cyclization purpose. It was also screened for antibacterial and antityrosinase activities and found to be inactive. However it exhibited fluorescence with the emission wavelength at 530 nm when excited at 401 nm. Herein we report the crystal structure of (I).

The molecule of the title heteroaryl chalcone (Fig. 1) exists in an *E* conformation with respect to the C7=C8 double bond [1.343 (3) Å] and the torsion angle C6–C7–C8–C9 = 179.4 (2)°. The molecule is close to planar with the dihedral angle between pyridine and benzene rings being 3.71 (11)°. Atoms of the middle propenone bridge (C6, C7, C8 and O1) lie almost on the same plane as indicated by the torsion angle O1–C6–C7–C8 = -1.3 (4)°. The mean plane through this bridge makes dihedral angles of 3.03 (15) and 3.06 (15)° with the planes of pyridine and benzene rings, respectively. All the three substituted methoxy groups of 2,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl unit are close to co-planar with the bound benzene ring with the *r.m.s.* deviation of 0.0290 (2) Å for the twelve non H atoms and the torsion angles C15–O2–C10–C11 = 0.4 (3)°, C16–O3–C12–C13 = 177.9 (2)° and C17–O4–C13–C14 = -2.6 (3)°. The bond distances are comparable with those in related structures (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2009; Fun *et al.*, 2010; 2011 and Suwunwong *et al.*, 2012).

In the crystal (Fig. 2), only one methoxy group (at atom C10) is involved in weak C—H···N and C—H···O interactions (Table 1). The molecules are linked by weak C15—H15A···N1 and C3—H3A···O4 interactions (Table 1) into (100) sheets.  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interaction with the  $Cg_1$ ··· $Cg_2^{\text{iii}}$  distance of 3.7036 (14) Å (iii = 2 - x, 2 - y, -z) was presented (Fig. 3);  $Cg_1$  and  $Cg_2$  are the centroids of N1/C1–C5 and C9–C14 rings, respectively.

# **S2. Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized by the condensation of 2,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde (0.40 g, 2 mmol) with 2acetylpyridine (0.20 g, 2 mmol) in ethanol (30 ml) in the presence of 30% NaOH(aq) (5 ml). After stirring in ice bath at 278 K for 4 h, the resulting yellow solid appeared and was then collected by filtration, washed with distilled water, dried and purified by repeated recrystallization from acetone. Yellow blocks of (I) were recrystallized from acetone solution by the slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature after several days, Mp. 428–429 K.

# **S3. Refinement**

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with d(C-H) = 0.93 Å for aromatic and CH, and 0.96 Å for CH<sub>3</sub> atoms. The  $U_{iso}$  values were constrained to be  $1.5U_{eq}$  of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and  $1.2U_{eq}$  for the remaining H atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups.





The molecular structure of (I), showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



# Figure 2

The crystal packing of (I) viewed along the *a* axis, showing molecular sheets parallel to the *bc* plane. C—H…O and C—H…N interactions are shown as dashed lines.



# Figure 3

The crystal packing of (I) viewed approximately along the *b* axis, showing  $\pi - \pi$  interactions;  $Cg_1$  and  $Cg_2$  are the centroids of N1/C1–C5 and C9–C14 rings, respectively. H atoms were omitted for clarity.

(2*E*)-1-(Pyridin-2-yl)-3-(2,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

## Crystal data

C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> NO <sub>4</sub>	F(000) = 632
$M_r = 299.32$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.393 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Melting point = $428-429$ K
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.4047 (3)  Å	Cell parameters from 3792 reflections
b = 8.7285 (3) Å	$\theta = 2.1 - 29.0^{\circ}$
c = 19.5086 (7) Å	$\mu = 0.10 \ { m mm^{-1}}$
$\beta = 94.113 \ (2)^{\circ}$	T = 100  K
V = 1427.47 (9) Å <sup>3</sup>	Block, yellow
Z=4	$0.32 \times 0.27 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker APEXII CCD	14970 measured reflections
diffractometer	3792 independent reflections
Radiation source: sealed tube	2435 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.054$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -10 \rightarrow 11$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
$T_{\min} = 0.969, \ T_{\max} = 0.984$	$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.188$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.07	H-atom parameters constrained
3792 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0802P)^2 + 1.2643P]$
<ul><li>202 parameters</li><li>0 restraints</li><li>Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods</li></ul>	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.58 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

## Special details

**Experimental**. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}^*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.6126 (2)	0.93348 (19)	-0.05940 (8)	0.0229 (4)
O2	0.9130 (2)	0.60091 (19)	0.09428 (8)	0.0234 (4)
03	1.3110 (2)	0.78070 (19)	0.26882 (8)	0.0219 (4)
O4	1.2622 (2)	1.05914 (19)	0.22949 (8)	0.0234 (4)
N1	0.7107 (2)	1.3210 (2)	-0.02122 (10)	0.0194 (4)
C1	0.6314 (3)	1.2048 (3)	-0.05320 (11)	0.0166 (5)
C2	0.5113 (3)	1.2269 (3)	-0.10560 (12)	0.0221 (5)
H2A	0.4597	1.1436	-0.1270	0.027*
C3	0.4706 (3)	1.3755 (3)	-0.12499 (12)	0.0239 (5)
H3A	0.3901	1.3938	-0.1592	0.029*
C4	0.5517 (3)	1.4957 (3)	-0.09262 (12)	0.0234 (5)
H4A	0.5276	1.5964	-0.1050	0.028*
C5	0.6702 (3)	1.4634 (3)	-0.04114 (12)	0.0222 (5)
H5A	0.7241	1.5450	-0.0194	0.027*
C6	0.6774 (3)	1.0442 (3)	-0.03057 (11)	0.0184 (5)
C7	0.7993 (3)	1.0306 (3)	0.02671 (11)	0.0214 (5)
H7A	0.8459	1.1188	0.0459	0.026*
C8	0.8451 (3)	0.8932 (3)	0.05195 (11)	0.0199 (5)
H8A	0.7949	0.8080	0.0315	0.024*
С9	0.9661 (3)	0.8631 (3)	0.10836 (11)	0.0178 (5)
C10	0.9984 (3)	0.7123 (3)	0.12964 (11)	0.0172 (5)
C11	1.1109 (3)	0.6809 (3)	0.18425 (11)	0.0165 (5)
H11A	1.1281	0.5805	0.1989	0.020*

C12	1.1961 (3)	0.7987 (3)	0.21634 (11)	0.0173 (5)	
C13	1.1689 (3)	0.9518 (3)	0.19514 (11)	0.0176 (5)	
C14	1.0550 (3)	0.9814 (3)	0.14248 (11)	0.0177 (5)	
H14A	1.0361	1.0824	0.1290	0.021*	
C15	0.9402 (3)	0.4457 (3)	0.11480 (13)	0.0268 (6)	
H15A	0.8753	0.3791	0.0853	0.040*	
H15B	0.9130	0.4327	0.1614	0.040*	
H15C	1.0507	0.4207	0.1115	0.040*	
C16	1.3405 (3)	0.6280 (3)	0.29434 (12)	0.0230 (5)	
H16A	1.4170	0.6315	0.3333	0.035*	
H16B	1.3814	0.5662	0.2589	0.035*	
H16C	1.2427	0.5844	0.3079	0.035*	
C17	1.2442 (3)	1.2141 (3)	0.20699 (13)	0.0248 (5)	
H17A	1.3223	1.2770	0.2319	0.037*	
H17B	1.1392	1.2497	0.2153	0.037*	
H17C	1.2590	1.2199	0.1587	0.037*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0286 (9)	0.0155 (9)	0.0246 (8)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0011 (7)	-0.0018 (7)
O2	0.0307 (10)	0.0092 (8)	0.0283 (8)	-0.0006 (7)	-0.0102 (7)	0.0001 (7)
O3	0.0235 (9)	0.0135 (8)	0.0271 (8)	0.0002 (7)	-0.0089 (7)	0.0034 (7)
O4	0.0269 (9)	0.0110 (9)	0.0307 (9)	-0.0018 (7)	-0.0094 (7)	0.0017 (7)
N1	0.0240 (10)	0.0142 (10)	0.0199 (9)	0.0012 (8)	0.0006 (8)	0.0004 (8)
C1	0.0188 (11)	0.0145 (11)	0.0168 (10)	0.0014 (9)	0.0030 (8)	0.0013 (9)
C2	0.0211 (12)	0.0231 (13)	0.0217 (11)	-0.0010 (10)	-0.0015 (9)	0.0009 (10)
C3	0.0214 (12)	0.0285 (14)	0.0216 (11)	0.0053 (11)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0035 (10)
C4	0.0250 (13)	0.0195 (13)	0.0263 (12)	0.0072 (10)	0.0063 (10)	0.0062 (10)
C5	0.0268 (13)	0.0155 (12)	0.0242 (11)	0.0022 (10)	0.0021 (9)	-0.0002 (9)
C6	0.0224 (12)	0.0167 (12)	0.0163 (10)	-0.0011 (10)	0.0033 (8)	-0.0007 (9)
C7	0.0249 (12)	0.0162 (12)	0.0225 (11)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0031 (9)	-0.0013 (9)
C8	0.0206 (11)	0.0176 (12)	0.0214 (10)	-0.0014 (10)	-0.0007 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C9	0.0210 (12)	0.0139 (11)	0.0183 (10)	0.0005 (9)	-0.0003 (9)	0.0011 (9)
C10	0.0189 (11)	0.0125 (11)	0.0202 (10)	-0.0009(9)	0.0020 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C11	0.0167 (11)	0.0112 (11)	0.0216 (10)	0.0006 (9)	0.0008 (8)	0.0029 (9)
C12	0.0158 (11)	0.0172 (12)	0.0186 (10)	0.0023 (9)	-0.0014 (8)	0.0024 (9)
C13	0.0200 (11)	0.0110 (11)	0.0217 (10)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0009 (9)	0.0002 (9)
C14	0.0229 (12)	0.0108 (11)	0.0196 (10)	0.0013 (9)	0.0030 (9)	0.0018 (9)
C15	0.0369 (14)	0.0125 (12)	0.0295 (12)	-0.0012 (11)	-0.0089 (11)	0.0023 (10)
C16	0.0241 (12)	0.0163 (12)	0.0276 (12)	0.0004 (10)	-0.0049 (10)	0.0060 (10)
C17	0.0277 (13)	0.0115 (11)	0.0342 (13)	-0.0015 (10)	-0.0051 (10)	0.0025 (10)

# Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C6	1.226 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300	-
O2—C10	1.366 (3)	C8—C9	1.468 (3)	
O2—C15	1.427 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300	

O3—C12	1.365 (3)	C9—C10	1.400 (3)
O3—C16	1.438 (3)	C9—C14	1.413 (3)
O4—C13	1.366 (3)	C10—C11	1.400 (3)
O4—C17	1.427 (3)	C11—C12	1.378 (3)
N1—C5	1.339 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N1—C1	1.343 (3)	C12—C13	1.412 (3)
C1—C2	1.397 (3)	C13—C14	1.377 (3)
C1—C6	1.511 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C2-C3	1.388 (4)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
$C_{3}$	1 379 (4)	C15—H15C	0.9600
С3—Н3А	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9600
C4-C5	1 392 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9600
$C_4 = C_5$	0.9300	C16 H16C	0.9600
C5 H5A	0.9300	C17 H17A	0.9000
C5—IIJA C6_C7	0.9300	C17—H17R	0.9000
$C_{0}$	1.400 (5)		0.9000
C/C8	1.343 (3)	C1/—H1/C	0.9600
C10—O2—C15	117.81 (18)	O2—C10—C9	115.8 (2)
C12—O3—C16	117.48 (18)	C11—C10—C9	121.0 (2)
C13—O4—C17	117.05 (18)	C12—C11—C10	120.0 (2)
C5—N1—C1	117.3 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	120.0
N1—C1—C2	123.0 (2)	C10—C11—H11A	120.0
N1-C1-C6	117.17 (19)	O3—C12—C11	124.8 (2)
$C_{2}-C_{1}-C_{6}$	119.9 (2)	03 - C12 - C13	114.8(2)
$C_{3}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{1}$	118.6 (2)	C11-C12-C13	120.3(2)
C3—C2—H2A	120.7	04 - C13 - C14	125.5(2)
C1-C2-H2A	120.7	04-C13-C12	115.46 (19)
C4 - C3 - C2	118 9 (2)	C14-C13-C12	119.0 (2)
C4—C3—H3A	120.6	C13 - C14 - C9	122.0(2)
$C^2 - C^3 - H^3 A$	120.6	C13-C14-H14A	119.0
$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{5}$	118.7(2)	C9-C14-H14A	119.0
$C_3 - C_4 - H_4 A$	120.6	$\Omega^2$ —C15—H15A	109.5
C5-C4-H4A	120.0	$\Omega^2$ $\Gamma^2$	109.5
N1 - C5 - C4	120.0 123.5(2)	H15A_C15_H15B	109.5
N1_C5_H5A	118.3	$\Omega^2$	109.5
C4-C5-H5A	118.3	H15A-C15-H15C	109.5
01 - C6 - C7	123 3 (2)	H15B_C15_H15C	109.5
$01 - C_0 - C_1$	123.3(2) 120.1(2)	03 - C16 - H16A	109.5
C7 $C6$ $C1$	120.1(2)	$O_3 C_{16} H_{16B}$	109.5
$C^{-}$	110.0(2) 121.2(2)	H16A C16 H16B	109.5
C8 C7 H7A	121.2(2) 110 /	$\begin{array}{c} 1110A - C10 - 1110B \\ 03  C16  H16C \end{array}$	109.5
$C_{6} C_{7} H_{7}$	119.7		109.5
$C_{}C_{-$	112.4	H16B C16 H16C	109.5
$C_7 = C_0 = C_7$	120.9 (2)	$\Omega = C = 10 - 110C$	109.5
$C_1 = C_0 = H_0 A$	110.0	$O_4 = C_1 / = \Pi_1 / A$ $O_4 = C_1 / = \Pi_1 / A$	109.5
$C_{J}$ $C_{0}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{14}$	110.0	$U_{4} = U_{1} / = \Pi / D$ $U_{17} = U_{17} U_{17} = U_{1$	109.5
$C_{10} = C_{7} = C_{14}$	117.0(2)	$\frac{111}{A} - \frac{17}{B}$	109.3
U10-U9-U8	120.0(2)	$U_{4}$ $U_{1}$ $-\Pi_{1}$ $U_{1}$	109.3

C14—C9—C8 O2—C10—C11	122.5 (2) 123.1 (2)	H17A—C17—H17C H17B—C17—H17C	109.5 109.5
C5—N1—C1—C2	0.3 (3)	C8—C9—C10—O2	0.9 (3)
C5—N1—C1—C6	-180.0 (2)	C14—C9—C10—C11	2.1 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-0.8 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-178.7 (2)
C6-C1-C2-C3	179.5 (2)	O2-C10-C11-C12	178.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (3)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-2.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.7 (3)	C16—O3—C12—C11	-2.8 (3)
C1—N1—C5—C4	0.0 (3)	C16—O3—C12—C13	177.9 (2)
C3—C4—C5—N1	0.2 (4)	C10-C11-C12-O3	-178.3 (2)
N1-C1-C6-01	-177.7 (2)	C10-C11-C12-C13	1.0 (3)
C2-C1-C6-01	2.0 (3)	C17—O4—C13—C14	-2.6 (3)
N1-C1-C6-C7	2.9 (3)	C17—O4—C13—C12	176.7 (2)
C2-C1-C6-C7	-177.4 (2)	O3—C12—C13—O4	0.7 (3)
O1—C6—C7—C8	-1.3 (4)	C11—C12—C13—O4	-178.7 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C8	178.0 (2)	O3—C12—C13—C14	-180.0(2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	179.4 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.6 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	178.8 (2)	O4—C13—C14—C9	178.4 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C14	-2.0 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.9 (3)
C15—O2—C10—C11	0.4 (3)	C10-C9-C14-C13	-0.4 (3)
C15—O2—C10—C9	-179.1 (2)	C8—C9—C14—C13	-179.7 (2)
C14—C9—C10—O2	-178.38 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
C3—H3A····O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.39	3.277 (3)	160
C15—H15A…N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.96	2.47	3.349 (3)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*-1, -*y*+5/2, *z*-1/2; (ii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*.