

## 2-Amino-6-methylpyridinium *trans*-di-aquadioxalatochromate(III) monohydrate

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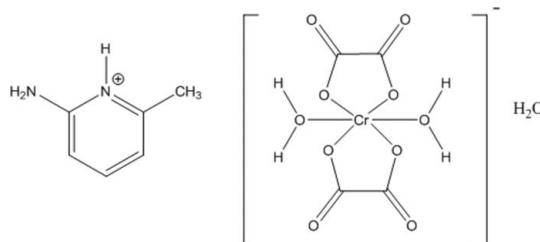
Received 16 July 2013; accepted 7 August 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.040;  $wR$  factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

In the title compound,  $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)[\text{Cr}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , the  $\text{Cr}^{\text{III}}$  atom adopts a slightly distorted octahedral coordination environment defined by two chelating oxalate ligands in the equatorial plane and two water molecules in axial positions. A three-dimensional network is generated by intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen-bonding interactions involving the cation, the complex anion and the lattice water molecule.

### Related literature

For general background to the coordination chemistry of oxalates, see: Martin *et al.* (2007). For the structural characterization of organic-inorganic salts containing the  $[\text{Cr}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^-$  anion, see: Bélombé *et al.* (2009); Nenwa *et al.* (2010); Chérif *et al.* (2011); Chérif, Abdelhak *et al.* (2012); Chérif, Zid *et al.* (2012). For C—O bond lengths in oxalate anions, see: Marinescu *et al.* (2000). For geometric parameters of the 2-amino-6-methylpyridinium cation, see: Fun *et al.* (2008, 2009, 2010); Jebas *et al.* (2009); Quah *et al.* (2008); Ramesh *et al.* (2010); Rotondo *et al.* (2009); Pan *et al.* (2008). For discussion of hydrogen bonding, see: Blessing (1986); Brown (1976).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$(\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)[\text{Cr}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 391.24$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 18.572 (3)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 11.025 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 14.975 (3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 96.28 (2)^\circ$   
 $V = 3047.8 (10)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 8$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.81\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298\text{ K}$   
 $0.56 \times 0.42 \times 0.33\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North *et al.*, 1968)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.679$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.764$   
4604 measured reflections

3312 independent reflections  
2896 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$   
2 standard reflections every 120 min  
intensity decay: 3.2%

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.112$   
 $S = 1.07$   
3312 reflections

218 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.65\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.45\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H3—O7 <sup>i</sup>	0.83	1.82	2.643 (2)	171
O1—H4—O10 <sup>ii</sup>	0.83	1.87	2.681 (2)	165
O2—H2—O11 <sup>iii</sup>	0.83	1.78	2.611 (2)	173
O2—H10—O8 <sup>iv</sup>	0.83	1.85	2.675 (2)	172
N1—H7—O9 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	1.90	2.829 (2)	174
N2—H5—O7 <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.16	2.928 (3)	139
N2—H3—O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.08	2.976 (3)	162
O11—H1—O8 <sup>ii</sup>	0.83	2.17	2.983 (2)	167
O11—H11—O6	0.83	2.03	2.845 (2)	169

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ;  
(iv)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (vi)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Duisenberg, 1992; Maciček & Yordanov, 1992); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: MW2113).

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# metal-organic compounds

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2013). E69, m489–m490 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813022058]

## 2-Amino-6-methylpyridinium *trans*-diaquadioxalatochromate(III) monohydrate

Rihab Dridi, Saoussen Namouchi Cherni, Mohamed Faouzi Zid and Ahmed Driss

### S1. Comment

The coordination chemistry of oxalates ( $C_2O_4^{2-}$ ) continues to receive considerable attention, largely due to the ability of this ion to act as a remarkably flexible ligand system in complexations with a wide range of metal ions (Martin *et al.*, 2007). Recently, certain hybrid organic-inorganic salts were reported of formula  $A[Cr(H_2O)_2(C_2O_4)_2] \cdot xH_2O$  ( $A^+$  = aromatic iminium cation,  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ) (Bélombé *et al.*, 2009; Nenwa *et al.*, 2010; Chérif *et al.*, 2011; Chérif, Abdelhak *et al.*, 2012; Chérif, Zid *et al.*, 2012). These salts form different crystalline structures depending on the nature of the substituent and/or substitution position on the ring of the pyridinium cation (Chérif, Abdelhak *et al.*, 2011, 2012; Chérif, Zid *et al.*, 2012; Nenwa *et al.*, 2010). In a continuation of these studies, we report the structure of (amp)  
[Cr( $C_2O_4$ )<sub>2</sub>( $H_2O$ )<sub>2</sub>] $\cdot H_2O$  (amp = 2-amino-6-methylpyridinium ion) with the anion having *trans*-geometry. The asymmetric unit of the title compound consists of a [Cr( $C_2O_4$ )<sub>2</sub>( $H_2O$ )<sub>2</sub>] $^-$  anion, a ( $C_6H_9N_2$ ) $^+$  cation and one uncoordinated water molecule (Figure 1). The coordination environment of the chromium(III) is distorted octahedral since the O—Cr—O angles vary from 82.48 (6) $^\circ$  to 101.02 (6) $^\circ$  while the four Cr—O (ox) distances are slightly shorter than the two Cr—O(water) distances. Similar patterns of distortion have been observed in homologous salts involving quinolinium ( $C_9H_8N$ ) $^+$ , 4-di-methylaminopyridinium ( $C_7H_{11}N_2$ ) $^+$  and 4-aminopyridinium ( $C_5H_7N_2$ ) $^+$  cations (Bélombé *et al.*, 2009; Nenwa *et al.*, 2010; Chérif *et al.*, 2011). The bond distances for the oxalate ions compare well with those reported for other oxalate complexes (Marinescu *et al.*, 2000) as do the main geometric parameters of the ( $C_6H_9N_2$ ) $^+$  cation (Fun *et al.*, 2008, 2009, 2010; Jebas *et al.*, 2009; Quah *et al.*, 2008; Ramesh *et al.*, 2010; Rotondo *et al.*, 2009; Pan *et al.*, 2008; Chérif *et al.*, 2011). The cations are located between the anions (Fig. 2) and within the cation layer, the methyl groups of each pair of closest cations point in opposite directions. The crystal packing is stabilized by N—H···O and O—H···O hydrogen bonds (Blessing, 1986; Brown, 1976) between ( $C_6H_9N_2$ ) $^+$  and [Cr( $C_2O_4$ )<sub>2</sub>( $H_2O$ )<sub>2</sub>] $^-$  involving the uncoordinated water molecule (O11) as both acceptor and donor and the coordinated water molecules (O1 and O2) only as donors. These interactions link the layers together forming a three-dimensional network and reinforcing the cohesion of the ionic structure.

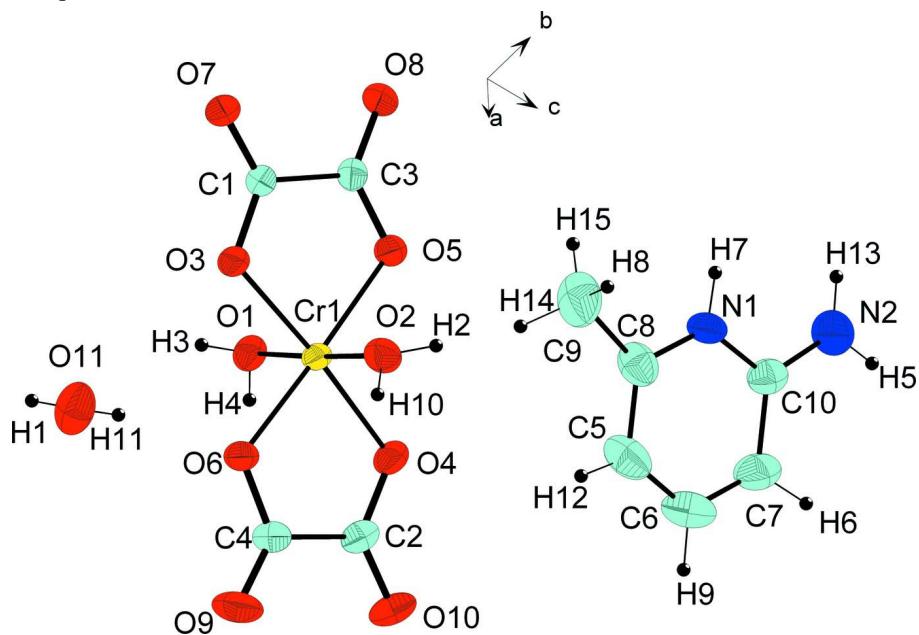
### S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared as good quality pink single crystals from a mixture of chromium (III) nitrate nonahydrate, 2-amino-6-methylpyridinium and oxalic acid in a 1:1:1 molar ratio in ethanol and water (50/50 v:v). The resulting mixture was heated to boiling and was stirred for one hour. After two weeks single pink crystals were obtained by slow evaporation at room temperature.

### S3. Refinement

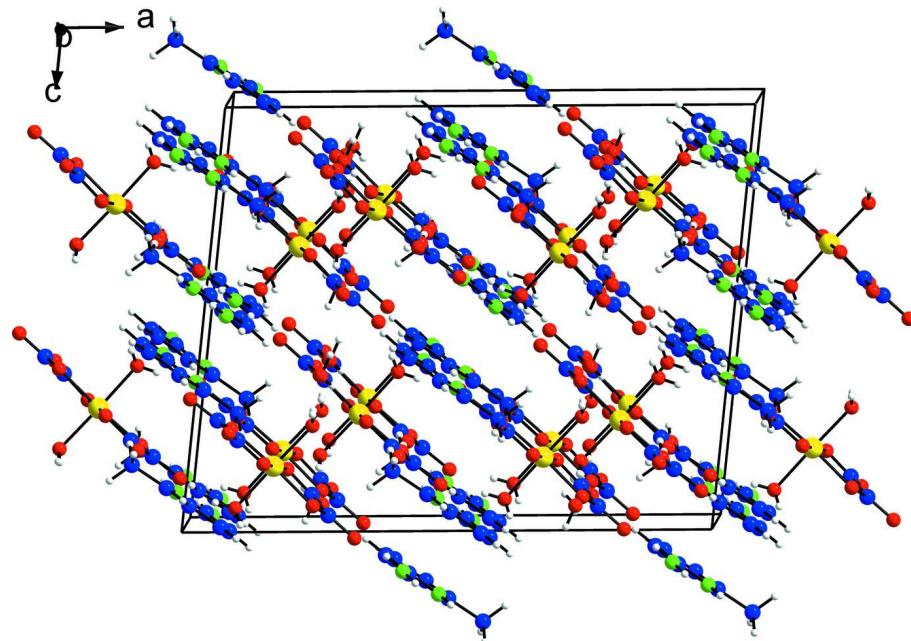
The hydrogen atoms were located in difference Fourier maps. Those attached to carbon were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93 - 0.96 Å) while those attached to nitrogen and oxygen were placed in the experimental positions and their coordinates adjusted to give N—H = 0.93 Å and O—H = 0.83 Å. All were included as riding contributions with

isotropic displacement parameters 1.2 - 1.5 times those of the attached atoms.



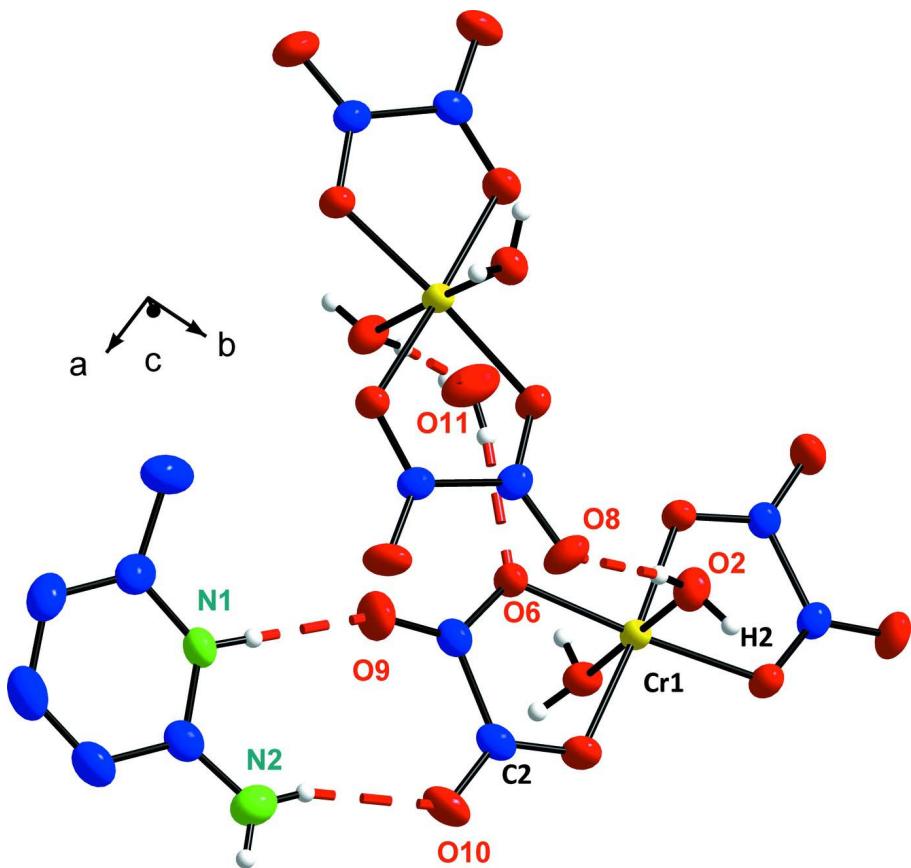
**Figure 1**

The asymmetric unit of  $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .



**Figure 2**

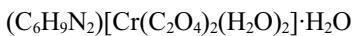
Projection of the  $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$  structure along the  $b$  axis.

**Figure 3**

Closeup view of the hydrogen bonding (dotted lines). H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

### 2-Amino-6-methylpyridinium *trans*-diaquadioxalatochromate(III) monohydrate

#### Crystal data



$M_r = 391.24$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 18.572 (3)$  Å

$b = 11.025 (2)$  Å

$c = 14.975 (3)$  Å

$\beta = 96.28 (2)^\circ$

$V = 3047.8 (10)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1608$

$D_x = 1.705 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 10\text{--}15^\circ$

$\mu = 0.81 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298$  K

Prism, pink

$0.56 \times 0.42 \times 0.33$  mm

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

non-profiled  $\omega/2\theta$  scans

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan

(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.679$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.764$

4604 measured reflections

3312 independent reflections

2896 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$

$h = -23 \rightarrow 23$

$k = -1 \rightarrow 14$   
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 3$

2 standard reflections every 120 min  
intensity decay: 3.2%

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.112$   
 $S = 1.07$   
3312 reflections  
218 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
Hydrogen site location: mixed  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0677P)^2 + 2.2239P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.65 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cr1	0.32255 (2)	0.27746 (3)	0.19839 (2)	0.02219 (13)
O1	0.38682 (8)	0.29143 (13)	0.09943 (9)	0.0291 (3)
H3	0.3720	0.2466	0.0568	0.044*
H4	0.4279	0.2639	0.1150	0.044*
O2	0.25655 (9)	0.26707 (13)	0.29364 (10)	0.0325 (3)
H2	0.2587	0.3260	0.3284	0.049*
H10	0.2578	0.2050	0.3251	0.049*
O3	0.24053 (8)	0.26015 (12)	0.10486 (9)	0.0259 (3)
O4	0.40928 (8)	0.28451 (13)	0.28656 (10)	0.0315 (3)
O5	0.29813 (8)	0.45160 (12)	0.18501 (10)	0.0290 (3)
O6	0.33921 (8)	0.10332 (13)	0.20991 (9)	0.0284 (3)
O7	0.15703 (8)	0.37130 (15)	0.02425 (10)	0.0379 (4)
O8	0.22682 (10)	0.57497 (14)	0.09691 (10)	0.0374 (4)
O9	0.40914 (10)	-0.03256 (15)	0.28778 (13)	0.0468 (4)
O10	0.49100 (8)	0.16363 (17)	0.36144 (11)	0.0389 (4)
O11	0.24742 (10)	-0.05094 (17)	0.09548 (11)	0.0480 (5)
H1	0.2610	-0.0620	0.0451	0.072*
H11	0.2725	0.0015	0.1239	0.072*
N1	0.49218 (10)	0.78135 (16)	0.37925 (13)	0.0325 (4)
H7	0.4632	0.8434	0.3532	0.039*
N2	0.56211 (12)	0.93977 (19)	0.43928 (15)	0.0455 (5)
H5	0.6002	0.9646	0.4807	0.055*

H13	0.5320	0.9978	0.4096	0.055*
C1	0.21055 (11)	0.35961 (17)	0.07919 (12)	0.0246 (4)
C2	0.43552 (11)	0.1812 (2)	0.31024 (13)	0.0281 (4)
C3	0.24748 (11)	0.47407 (17)	0.12350 (13)	0.0254 (4)
C4	0.39248 (11)	0.07128 (19)	0.26753 (14)	0.0288 (4)
C5	0.52196 (14)	0.5768 (2)	0.4038 (2)	0.0480 (6)
H12	0.5124	0.4947	0.3949	0.058*
C6	0.58452 (15)	0.6150 (3)	0.4566 (2)	0.0518 (7)
H9	0.6165	0.5570	0.4830	0.062*
C7	0.59978 (14)	0.7335 (3)	0.47029 (18)	0.0449 (6)
H6	0.6416	0.7570	0.5061	0.054*
C8	0.47476 (13)	0.6629 (2)	0.36524 (17)	0.0397 (5)
C9	0.40503 (15)	0.6364 (3)	0.3091 (2)	0.0587 (8)
H8	0.3659	0.6395	0.3460	0.088*
H14	0.4072	0.5570	0.2832	0.088*
H15	0.3971	0.6956	0.2621	0.088*
C10	0.55186 (12)	0.8210 (2)	0.42989 (15)	0.0337 (5)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cr1	0.02305 (19)	0.01884 (19)	0.02292 (19)	0.00059 (11)	-0.00543 (12)	0.00012 (10)
O1	0.0281 (7)	0.0301 (7)	0.0279 (7)	-0.0021 (6)	-0.0021 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
O2	0.0400 (8)	0.0271 (8)	0.0304 (8)	0.0037 (6)	0.0047 (6)	0.0027 (6)
O3	0.0260 (7)	0.0220 (7)	0.0278 (7)	-0.0003 (5)	-0.0059 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
O4	0.0305 (8)	0.0311 (8)	0.0302 (8)	-0.0023 (6)	-0.0088 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
O5	0.0329 (7)	0.0200 (6)	0.0317 (7)	0.0001 (6)	-0.0071 (6)	-0.0014 (5)
O6	0.0272 (7)	0.0228 (7)	0.0330 (7)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0062 (6)	0.0006 (6)
O7	0.0356 (8)	0.0361 (8)	0.0377 (8)	0.0107 (7)	-0.0152 (7)	-0.0085 (7)
O8	0.0545 (10)	0.0220 (7)	0.0333 (8)	0.0083 (7)	-0.0054 (7)	0.0007 (6)
O9	0.0468 (10)	0.0309 (9)	0.0602 (11)	0.0099 (7)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0134 (8)
O10	0.0261 (7)	0.0521 (10)	0.0359 (8)	0.0011 (7)	-0.0087 (6)	0.0098 (7)
O11	0.0649 (12)	0.0413 (10)	0.0375 (9)	-0.0201 (9)	0.0042 (8)	0.0002 (7)
N1	0.0279 (9)	0.0289 (9)	0.0396 (10)	0.0063 (7)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0018 (7)
N2	0.0462 (12)	0.0356 (10)	0.0534 (12)	-0.0063 (9)	-0.0005 (9)	-0.0046 (9)
C1	0.0270 (9)	0.0249 (10)	0.0214 (9)	0.0032 (7)	-0.0002 (7)	-0.0016 (7)
C2	0.0229 (9)	0.0371 (11)	0.0240 (9)	0.0005 (8)	0.0003 (7)	0.0042 (8)
C3	0.0316 (10)	0.0229 (9)	0.0215 (9)	0.0017 (7)	0.0015 (7)	-0.0015 (7)
C4	0.0264 (10)	0.0280 (10)	0.0312 (10)	0.0029 (8)	0.0005 (8)	0.0053 (8)
C5	0.0487 (15)	0.0287 (11)	0.0673 (17)	0.0031 (11)	0.0094 (13)	0.0012 (11)
C6	0.0435 (14)	0.0473 (14)	0.0639 (17)	0.0152 (12)	0.0029 (12)	0.0120 (13)
C7	0.0331 (12)	0.0506 (15)	0.0486 (14)	0.0068 (10)	-0.0061 (11)	0.0036 (11)
C8	0.0338 (11)	0.0353 (12)	0.0509 (14)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0087 (10)	-0.0066 (10)
C9	0.0378 (13)	0.0634 (19)	0.0733 (19)	-0.0083 (13)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0253 (15)
C10	0.0295 (10)	0.0381 (12)	0.0334 (11)	0.0027 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0033 (9)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^\circ}$ )

Cr1—O6	1.9493 (15)	N1—C10	1.346 (3)
Cr1—O3	1.9626 (14)	N1—C8	1.357 (3)
Cr1—O4	1.9695 (15)	N1—H7	0.9300
Cr1—O5	1.9778 (15)	N2—C10	1.328 (3)
Cr1—O2	1.9830 (15)	N2—H5	0.9300
Cr1—O1	2.0080 (15)	N2—H13	0.9300
O1—H3	0.8300	C1—C3	1.550 (3)
O1—H4	0.8300	C2—C4	1.551 (3)
O2—H2	0.8299	C5—C8	1.375 (4)
O2—H10	0.8300	C5—C6	1.397 (4)
O3—C1	1.270 (2)	C5—H12	0.9300
O4—C2	1.274 (3)	C6—C7	1.348 (4)
O5—C3	1.267 (2)	C6—H9	0.9300
O6—C4	1.289 (2)	C7—C10	1.404 (3)
O7—C1	1.226 (2)	C7—H6	0.9300
O8—C3	1.229 (2)	C8—C9	1.494 (4)
O9—C4	1.216 (3)	C9—H8	0.9600
O10—C2	1.231 (2)	C9—H14	0.9600
O11—H1	0.8299	C9—H15	0.9600
O11—H11	0.8301		
O6—Cr1—O3	94.05 (6)	O7—C1—C3	119.34 (17)
O6—Cr1—O4	82.49 (6)	O3—C1—C3	114.48 (16)
O3—Cr1—O4	175.08 (6)	O10—C2—O4	125.7 (2)
O6—Cr1—O5	175.89 (6)	O10—C2—C4	119.50 (19)
O3—Cr1—O5	82.57 (6)	O4—C2—C4	114.82 (16)
O4—Cr1—O5	101.03 (6)	O8—C3—O5	126.40 (19)
O6—Cr1—O2	89.09 (6)	O8—C3—C1	119.36 (18)
O3—Cr1—O2	90.87 (7)	O5—C3—C1	114.24 (16)
O4—Cr1—O2	92.56 (7)	O9—C4—O6	125.5 (2)
O5—Cr1—O2	88.63 (6)	O9—C4—C2	121.83 (19)
O6—Cr1—O1	92.26 (6)	O6—C4—C2	112.65 (17)
O3—Cr1—O1	87.62 (6)	C8—C5—C6	118.9 (2)
O4—Cr1—O1	89.03 (6)	C8—C5—H12	120.6
O5—Cr1—O1	89.94 (6)	C6—C5—H12	120.6
O2—Cr1—O1	178.04 (6)	C7—C6—C5	121.7 (2)
Cr1—O1—H3	110.3	C7—C6—H9	119.1
Cr1—O1—H4	111.5	C5—C6—H9	119.1
H3—O1—H4	102.5	C6—C7—C10	119.2 (2)
Cr1—O2—H2	114.5	C6—C7—H6	120.4
Cr1—O2—H10	118.3	C10—C7—H6	120.4
H2—O2—H10	107.0	N1—C8—C5	118.0 (2)
C1—O3—Cr1	114.35 (12)	N1—C8—C9	116.9 (2)
C2—O4—Cr1	114.29 (13)	C5—C8—C9	125.1 (2)
C3—O5—Cr1	114.03 (12)	C8—C9—H8	109.5
C4—O6—Cr1	115.59 (13)	C8—C9—H14	109.5

H1—O11—H11	111.1	H8—C9—H14	109.5
C10—N1—C8	124.6 (2)	C8—C9—H15	109.5
C10—N1—H7	113.7	H8—C9—H15	109.5
C8—N1—H7	121.7	H14—C9—H15	109.5
C10—N2—H5	116.8	N2—C10—N1	118.7 (2)
C10—N2—H13	123.8	N2—C10—C7	123.7 (2)
H5—N2—H13	119.3	N1—C10—C7	117.6 (2)
O7—C1—O3	126.18 (18)		
Cr1—O3—C1—O7	−177.14 (17)	O4—C2—C4—O9	−176.0 (2)
Cr1—O3—C1—C3	3.0 (2)	O10—C2—C4—O6	−174.65 (18)
Cr1—O4—C2—O10	176.81 (17)	O4—C2—C4—O6	4.3 (3)
Cr1—O4—C2—C4	−2.0 (2)	C8—C5—C6—C7	−0.3 (4)
Cr1—O5—C3—O8	−173.21 (18)	C5—C6—C7—C10	−0.5 (4)
Cr1—O5—C3—C1	6.1 (2)	C10—N1—C8—C5	−1.4 (4)
O7—C1—C3—O8	−6.7 (3)	C10—N1—C8—C9	178.2 (2)
O3—C1—C3—O8	173.12 (19)	C6—C5—C8—N1	1.2 (4)
O7—C1—C3—O5	173.94 (18)	C6—C5—C8—C9	−178.4 (3)
O3—C1—C3—O5	−6.2 (2)	C8—N1—C10—N2	−179.0 (2)
Cr1—O6—C4—O9	175.95 (19)	C8—N1—C10—C7	0.7 (4)
Cr1—O6—C4—C2	−4.4 (2)	C6—C7—C10—N2	−180.0 (2)
O10—C2—C4—O9	5.1 (3)	C6—C7—C10—N1	0.3 (4)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H3···O7 <sup>i</sup>	0.83	1.82	2.643 (2)	171
O1—H4···O10 <sup>ii</sup>	0.83	1.87	2.681 (2)	165
O2—H2···O11 <sup>iii</sup>	0.83	1.78	2.611 (2)	173
O2—H10···O8 <sup>iv</sup>	0.83	1.85	2.675 (2)	172
N1—H7···O9 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	1.90	2.829 (2)	174
N2—H5···O7 <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.16	2.928 (3)	139
N2—H13···O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.08	2.976 (3)	162
C9—H8···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.96	2.56	3.405 (3)	147
C9—H14···O5	0.96	2.64	3.277 (3)	124
O11—H1···O8 <sup>i</sup>	0.83	2.17	2.983 (2)	167
O11—H11···O6	0.83	2.03	2.845 (2)	169

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (v)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (vi)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$ .