

1-[4-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)piperazin-1-yl]-ethanone

Channappa N. Kavitha,^a Jerry P. Jasinski,^{b*} Brian J. Anderson,^b H. S. Yathirajan^a and Manpreet Kaur^a

^aDepartment of Studies in Chemistry, University of Mysore, Manasagangothri, Mysore 570 006, India, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Keene State College, 229 Main Street, Keene, NH 03435-2001, USA

Correspondence e-mail: jjasinski@keene.edu

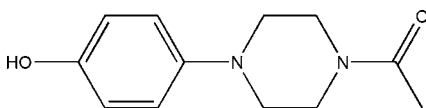
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$, the piperazine ring has a chair conformation. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzene ring and the acetyl group is $48.7(1)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming chains propagating along $[010]$.

Related literature

For the biological activity of piperazine derivatives, see: Bogatcheva *et al.* (2006); Brockunier *et al.* (2004); Elliott (2011); Kharb *et al.* (2012). For the crystal structures of related compounds, see: Dayananda *et al.* (2012); Kavitha *et al.* (2013a,b); Peeters *et al.* (1979, 2004). For puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$

$M_r = 220.27$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 6.13183(19)$ Å

$b = 12.0106(4)$ Å

$c = 14.8704(5)$ Å

$\beta = 94.025(3)^\circ$

$V = 1092.46(6)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.75$ mm⁻¹

$T = 173$ K

$0.48 \times 0.46 \times 0.32$ mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur (Eos, Gemini) diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO* and *CrysAlis RED*; Agilent, 2012)

$T_{\min} = 0.833$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

6224 measured reflections

2134 independent reflections

1944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$

$wR(F^2) = 0.113$

$S = 1.07$

2134 reflections

147 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^{\dagger}$	0.82	1.88	2.6953 (14)	170

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Agilent, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: *SUPERFLIP* (Palatinus & Chapuis, 2007); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2012* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2656).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1671 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813028031]

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S1. Comment

The title compound is used to synthesize ketoconazole which is an antifungal agent. A valuable insight into recent advances on antimicrobial activity of piperazine derivatives has been reported by (Kharb *et al.*, 2012). Many currently notable drugs contain a piperazine ring as part of their molecular structure. Piperazines are also among the most important building blocks in today's drug discovery and are found in biologically active compounds across a number of different therapeutic areas (Brockunier *et al.*, 2004; Bogatcheva *et al.*, 2006). A review on the current pharmacological and toxicological information for piperazine derivatives is described (Elliott, 2011). The crystal structures of some related compounds, viz., cis-1-acetyl-4-(4-{[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-(1H-1-imidazolyl methyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]methoxy}-phenyl) piperazine: ketoconazole. A crystal structure with disorder (Peeters *et al.*, 1979), (+)-cis-1-acetyl-4-(4-{(2R,4S)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-(1H-imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl}methoxy}phenyl)-piperazine [(2R,4S)-(+)-ketoconazole] (Peeters *et al.*, 2004), 1-{4-[bis(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]piperazin-1-yl}ethanone (Dayananda *et al.*, 2012), cinnarizinium bis(p-toluenesulfonate)dihydrate (Kavitha *et al.*, 2013a) and flunarizinium hydrogen maleate (Kavitha *et al.*, 2013b) have been reported. In view of the importance of the title compound this paper reports its crystal structure.

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. The piperazine ring has a chair conformation with puckering parameters (Cremer & Pople, 1975), Q , θ , and $\varphi = 0.5661(13) \text{ \AA}$, $174.05(12)^\circ$ and $0.9(13)^\circ$, respectively. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzene ring (C6-C11) and the acetyl group (N1/C1/C12/O1) is $48.7(1)^\circ$. Bond lengths are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

In the crystal, O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) are observed which link the molecules into chains along [0 1 0], as shown in Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and was recrystallized from ethanol by slow evaporation to give irregular block-like colourless crystals (M.p. = 453 K).

S3. Refinement

All of the H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined as riding atoms: C—H = 0.93 \AA (CH), 0.97 \AA (CH₂), 0.96 \AA (CH₃), and O—H = 0.82 \AA , with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C-methyl and O})$ and $= 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for other H atoms.

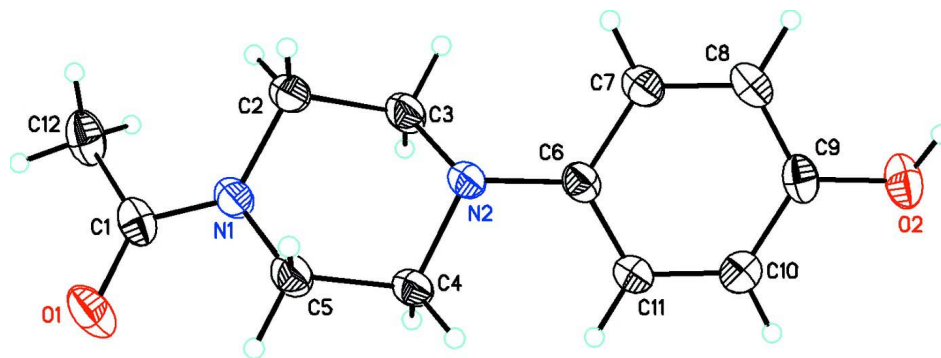


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

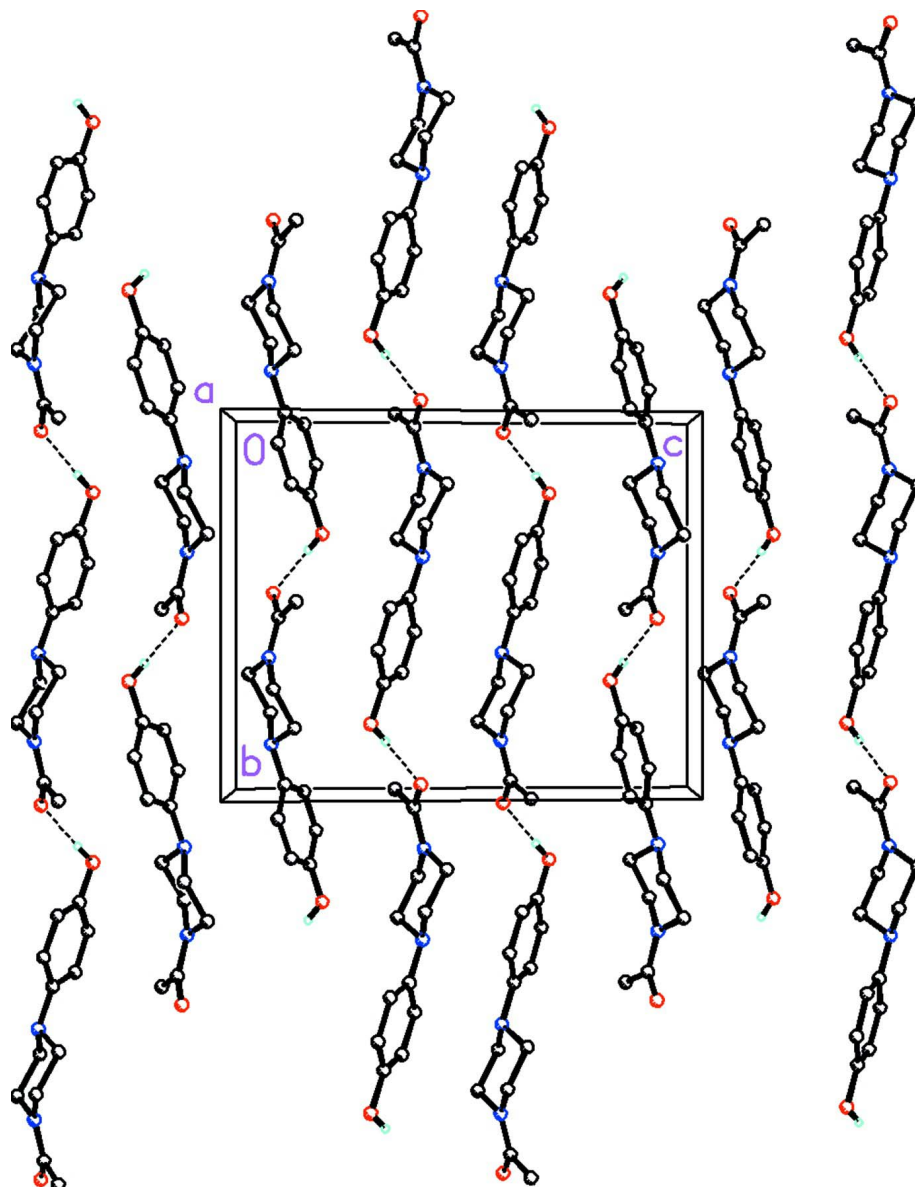


Figure 2

A view along the *a* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The O—H···O hydrogen bonds, linking the molecules into chains along [0 1 0], are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details; H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

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Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{16}N_2O_2$

$M_r = 220.27$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 6.13183(19) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 12.0106(4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 14.8704(5) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.025(3)^\circ$

$V = 1092.46(6) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 472$

$D_x = 1.339 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3201 reflections

$\theta = 3.7\text{--}72.1^\circ$

$\mu = 0.75 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 173 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless
 $0.48 \times 0.46 \times 0.32 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur (Eos, Gemini) diffractometer
 Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source
 Detector resolution: $16.0416 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO and CrysAlis RED; Agilent, 2012)
 $T_{\min} = 0.833, T_{\max} = 1.000$

6224 measured reflections
 2134 independent reflections
 1944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$
 $\theta_{\max} = 72.3^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 4.7^\circ$
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 5$
 $k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$
 $S = 1.07$
 2134 reflections
 147 parameters
 0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.063P)^2 + 0.2496P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.76473 (18)	-0.03376 (8)	0.41180 (7)	0.0420 (3)
O2	0.92639 (18)	0.80536 (7)	0.30904 (7)	0.0375 (3)
H2	0.8626	0.8514	0.3383	0.056*
N1	0.62601 (17)	0.13923 (9)	0.41758 (7)	0.0273 (3)
N2	0.71764 (16)	0.37192 (8)	0.41491 (7)	0.0244 (3)
C1	0.6095 (2)	0.03108 (10)	0.39631 (8)	0.0285 (3)
C2	0.44858 (19)	0.22001 (10)	0.40349 (9)	0.0299 (3)
H2A	0.3914	0.2384	0.4608	0.036*
H2B	0.3309	0.1879	0.3649	0.036*
C3	0.5312 (2)	0.32459 (10)	0.36038 (9)	0.0305 (3)
H3A	0.5754	0.3072	0.3006	0.037*
H3B	0.4143	0.3791	0.3542	0.037*
C4	0.89577 (19)	0.29095 (10)	0.42176 (8)	0.0262 (3)
H4A	1.0203	0.3222	0.4569	0.031*
H4B	0.9407	0.2738	0.3620	0.031*
C5	0.8215 (2)	0.18508 (10)	0.46652 (9)	0.0290 (3)
H5A	0.9381	0.1304	0.4680	0.035*
H5B	0.7897	0.2012	0.5282	0.035*

C6	0.77423 (19)	0.48149 (10)	0.38735 (8)	0.0238 (3)
C7	0.6271 (2)	0.56832 (10)	0.39795 (8)	0.0276 (3)
H7	0.4959	0.5540	0.4235	0.033*
C8	0.6738 (2)	0.67575 (10)	0.37087 (8)	0.0293 (3)
H8	0.5713	0.7319	0.3766	0.035*
C9	0.8717 (2)	0.70046 (10)	0.33537 (8)	0.0275 (3)
C10	1.0194 (2)	0.61483 (11)	0.32474 (9)	0.0315 (3)
H10	1.1523	0.6299	0.3008	0.038*
C11	0.9702 (2)	0.50671 (10)	0.34968 (9)	0.0290 (3)
H11	1.0700	0.4500	0.3411	0.035*
C12	0.3937 (2)	-0.01011 (11)	0.35382 (10)	0.0366 (3)
H12A	0.4010	-0.0892	0.3450	0.055*
H12B	0.3631	0.0260	0.2967	0.055*
H12C	0.2796	0.0067	0.3927	0.055*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0495 (6)	0.0251 (5)	0.0499 (6)	0.0119 (4)	-0.0068 (5)	-0.0033 (4)
O2	0.0524 (6)	0.0219 (5)	0.0390 (5)	-0.0023 (4)	0.0087 (4)	0.0006 (4)
N1	0.0268 (5)	0.0210 (5)	0.0336 (6)	0.0034 (4)	-0.0010 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
N2	0.0215 (5)	0.0200 (5)	0.0314 (5)	0.0030 (4)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0000 (4)
C1	0.0396 (7)	0.0221 (6)	0.0238 (6)	0.0032 (5)	0.0016 (5)	0.0015 (4)
C2	0.0229 (6)	0.0235 (6)	0.0431 (7)	0.0027 (5)	-0.0002 (5)	-0.0042 (5)
C3	0.0257 (6)	0.0229 (6)	0.0415 (7)	0.0045 (5)	-0.0071 (5)	0.0006 (5)
C4	0.0226 (6)	0.0232 (6)	0.0323 (6)	0.0048 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C5	0.0281 (6)	0.0233 (6)	0.0348 (6)	0.0034 (5)	-0.0045 (5)	0.0023 (5)
C6	0.0259 (6)	0.0209 (6)	0.0239 (6)	0.0026 (4)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C7	0.0286 (6)	0.0249 (6)	0.0294 (6)	0.0048 (5)	0.0037 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C8	0.0363 (7)	0.0226 (6)	0.0290 (6)	0.0077 (5)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C9	0.0383 (7)	0.0204 (6)	0.0233 (6)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0023 (5)	-0.0011 (4)
C10	0.0274 (6)	0.0299 (7)	0.0371 (7)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0024 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C11	0.0246 (6)	0.0235 (6)	0.0386 (7)	0.0041 (5)	0.0013 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C12	0.0500 (8)	0.0229 (6)	0.0354 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	-0.0080 (6)	-0.0012 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.2387 (16)	C4—C5	1.5200 (17)
O2—H2	0.8200	C5—H5A	0.9700
O2—C9	1.3681 (15)	C5—H5B	0.9700
N1—C1	1.3391 (16)	C6—C7	1.3950 (17)
N1—C2	1.4618 (15)	C6—C11	1.3943 (18)
N1—C5	1.4651 (16)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C3	1.4688 (15)	C7—C8	1.3875 (18)
N2—C4	1.4607 (14)	C8—H8	0.9300
N2—C6	1.4284 (15)	C8—C9	1.3888 (19)
C1—C12	1.5096 (18)	C9—C10	1.3869 (18)
C2—H2A	0.9700	C10—H10	0.9300

C2—H2B	0.9700	C10—C11	1.3896 (18)
C2—C3	1.5136 (18)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9700	C12—H12A	0.9600
C3—H3B	0.9700	C12—H12B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9700	C12—H12C	0.9600
C4—H4B	0.9700		
C9—O2—H2	109.5	N1—C5—H5A	109.5
C1—N1—C2	124.54 (11)	N1—C5—H5B	109.5
C1—N1—C5	121.83 (10)	C4—C5—H5A	109.5
C2—N1—C5	113.35 (10)	C4—C5—H5B	109.5
C4—N2—C3	109.27 (9)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.0
C6—N2—C3	113.18 (9)	C7—C6—N2	118.97 (11)
C6—N2—C4	115.97 (9)	C11—C6—N2	123.30 (10)
O1—C1—N1	121.45 (13)	C11—C6—C7	117.74 (11)
O1—C1—C12	120.76 (12)	C6—C7—H7	119.5
N1—C1—C12	117.78 (11)	C8—C7—C6	120.95 (12)
N1—C2—H2A	109.6	C8—C7—H7	119.5
N1—C2—H2B	109.6	C7—C8—H8	119.6
N1—C2—C3	110.09 (10)	C7—C8—C9	120.83 (11)
H2A—C2—H2B	108.2	C9—C8—H8	119.6
C3—C2—H2A	109.6	O2—C9—C8	122.96 (11)
C3—C2—H2B	109.6	O2—C9—C10	118.35 (12)
N2—C3—C2	110.98 (10)	C10—C9—C8	118.68 (11)
N2—C3—H3A	109.4	C9—C10—H10	119.8
N2—C3—H3B	109.4	C9—C10—C11	120.45 (12)
C2—C3—H3A	109.4	C11—C10—H10	119.8
C2—C3—H3B	109.4	C6—C11—H11	119.3
H3A—C3—H3B	108.0	C10—C11—C6	121.31 (11)
N2—C4—H4A	109.7	C10—C11—H11	119.3
N2—C4—H4B	109.7	C1—C12—H12A	109.5
N2—C4—C5	109.99 (10)	C1—C12—H12B	109.5
H4A—C4—H4B	108.2	C1—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	109.7	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C5—C4—H4B	109.7	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	110.90 (10)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
O2—C9—C10—C11	-179.37 (11)	C4—N2—C6—C7	-166.26 (11)
N1—C2—C3—N2	-56.20 (14)	C4—N2—C6—C11	14.00 (16)
N2—C4—C5—N1	56.23 (13)	C5—N1—C1—O1	-4.88 (19)
N2—C6—C7—C8	-179.02 (11)	C5—N1—C1—C12	174.25 (11)
N2—C6—C11—C10	-179.29 (11)	C5—N1—C2—C3	52.56 (14)
C1—N1—C2—C3	-133.46 (13)	C6—N2—C3—C2	-168.28 (10)
C1—N1—C5—C4	132.86 (12)	C6—N2—C4—C5	170.42 (10)
C2—N1—C1—O1	-178.37 (12)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-2.28 (19)
C2—N1—C1—C12	0.76 (18)	C7—C6—C11—C10	0.97 (19)
C2—N1—C5—C4	-52.98 (14)	C7—C8—C9—O2	-178.98 (11)
C3—N2—C4—C5	-60.23 (13)	C7—C8—C9—C10	2.06 (19)

C3—N2—C6—C7	66.31 (14)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.36 (19)
C3—N2—C6—C11	-113.43 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C6	-1.2 (2)
C4—N2—C3—C2	60.86 (13)	C11—C6—C7—C8	0.74 (18)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
O2—H2...O1 ⁱ	0.82	1.88	2.6953 (14)	170

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, *y*+1, *z*.