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***trans*-Dichloridobis(pyridazine- κ N)-palladium(II)**

Baptiste Laramée* and Garry S. Hanan

Département de Chimie, Université de Montréal, Pavillon J.-A. Bombardier, 5155

Decelles Avenue, Montréal, Québec, H3T 2B1, Canada

Correspondence e-mail: baptiste.laramée-millette@umontreal.ca

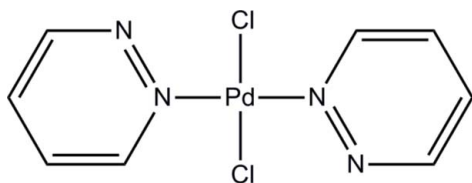
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.023; wR factor = 0.068; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.2.

The title compound, $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{N}_2)_2]$, contains two crystallographically unique complexes; the Pd^{II} atom lies on an inversion center in both cases. The two pyridazine units bonded to the Pd^{II} atom are thus coplanar although dihedral angles within each complex are different. In one complex, the angle between the ring plane and $\text{Pd}-\text{Cl}$ bond is almost perpendicular $[89.4(1)^\circ]$, while the other is tilted with an angle of $60.0(1)^\circ$. In the crystal, weak $\text{C}\cdots\text{H}-\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds and $\text{C}\cdots\text{H}-\text{Cl}$ interactions connect the two independent complex molecules.

Related literature

For related pyridazine copper, nickel, silver and rhenium metal complexes, see: Otieno *et al.* (1995); Cano *et al.* (2000); Degtyarenko *et al.* (2008) and Raimondi *et al.* (2012), respectively.



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{N}_2)_2]$
 $M_r = 337.48$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.9910(1)$ Å
 $b = 8.4273(1)$ Å

$c = 9.6172(2)$ Å
 $\alpha = 84.614(1)^\circ$
 $\beta = 67.682(1)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 63.134(1)^\circ$
 $V = 532.09(2)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 18.45$ mm⁻¹

$T = 150$ K
 $0.08 \times 0.06 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.216$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.260$

13678 measured reflections
 1971 independent reflections
 1957 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.068$
 $S = 1.07$
 1971 reflections

139 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.97$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.75$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{N4}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.55	3.438 (3)	155
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.94	3.569 (3)	125
$\text{C1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.92	3.787 (3)	153
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.95	2.82	3.529 (3)	132

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (ii) $x, y+1, z+1$; (iii) $x, y+1, z$; (iv) $x, y, z-1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2011); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors thank the Department of Chemistry of the Université de Montréal for access to the CCD facility. We thank Thierry Maris for useful crystallographic discussions. We are grateful to the Université de Montréal for financial assistance.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NK2214).

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trans*-Dichloridobis(pyridazine- κ N)palladium(II)*Baptiste Laramée and Garry S. Hanan****S1. Comment**

In the present work, a square planar *trans*-bis(chloro)-bis(pyridazine- κ N) palladium(II) metal complex has been synthesized. Similar metal complexes are already known in coordination polymer chemistry (Degtyarenko *et al.*, 2008).

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1, where two molecules are found in the asymmetric unit. The bond distances are unexceptional. In one complex the plane of the pyridazyl ring is perpendicular with respect to the Cl–Pd–Cl axis, while in the second molecules the ring is slightly tilted with an angle of 60 (1)°, which may be due to the presence of weak hydrogen bonds.

S2. Experimental

trans-bis(chloro)-bis(pyridazine- κ N)palladium(II). Pyridazine (0.12 mg, 0.0015 mmol) is added into a nitromethane solution (1.0 mL) of PdCl₂(MeCN)₂ (0.39 mg, 0.0015 mmol), and heated to 80 °C for 12 hours. After 3 hours, a yellow precipitate started to form. The precipitate was isolated by filtration and redissolved in a minimum amount of dimethyl sulfoxide. Clear bronze crystals were obtained by slow diffusion of THF into the DMSO solution over 2 weeks. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃NO₂) δ ppm 9.15–9.13 (t, J=3.5 Hz, 4 H) 8.80 (t, J=3.2 Hz, 4 H).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H 0.95 Å) and included in the refinement in the riding model approximation; their temperature displacement parameters were set to 1.2 times the equivalent isotropic temperature factors of the parent site.

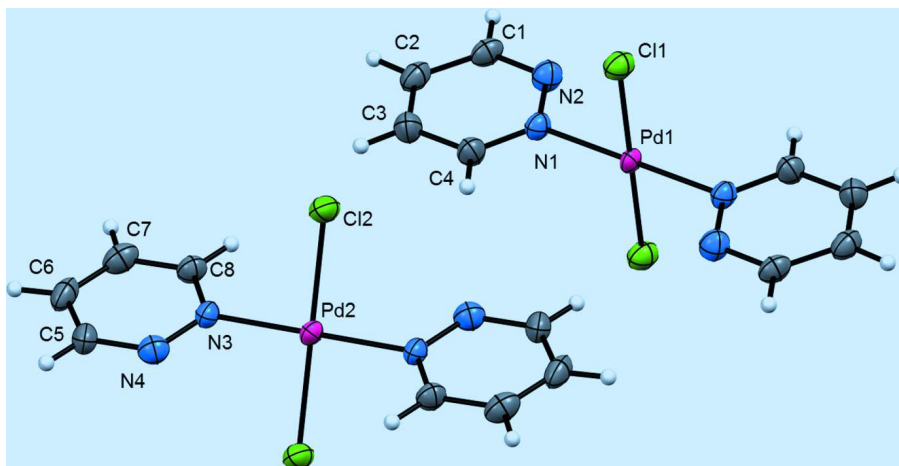


Figure 1

The molecular structure of *trans*-bis(chloro)-bis(pyridazine- κ N)palladium(II), with atom labels and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 80% probability level. The two halves of both complexes are related by inversion symmetry.

trans-Dichloridobis(pyridazine- κ N)palladium(II)

Crystal data

[PdCl₂(C₄H₄N₂)₂]

$M_r = 337.48$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.9910$ (1) Å

$b = 8.4273$ (1) Å

$c = 9.6172$ (2) Å

$\alpha = 84.614$ (1)°

$\beta = 67.682$ (1)°

$\gamma = 63.134$ (1)°

$V = 532.09$ (2) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 328$

$D_x = 2.106$ Mg m⁻³

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å

Cell parameters from 9992 reflections

$\theta = 5.9\text{--}70.9^\circ$

$\mu = 18.45$ mm⁻¹

$T = 150$ K

Block, brown

$0.08 \times 0.06 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.216$, $T_{\max} = 0.260$

13678 measured reflections

1971 independent reflections

1957 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

$\theta_{\max} = 70.9^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 5.0^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$

$wR(F^2) = 0.068$

$S = 1.07$

1971 reflections

139 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0456P)^2 + 0.8794P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.97 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.75 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. X-ray crystallographic data for I were collected from a single-crystal sample, which was mounted on a loop fiber. Data were collected using a Bruker Platform diffractometer, equipped with a Bruker *SMART* 4 K Charged-Coupled Device (CCD) Area Detector using the program *APEX2* and a Nonius FR591 rotating anode equipped with a Montel 200 optics. The crystal-to-detector distance was 5.0 cm, and the data collection was carried out in 512 x 512 pixel mode. The initial unit-cell parameters were determined by a least-squares fit of the angular setting of strong reflections, collected by a 10.0 degree scan in 33 frames over four different parts of the reciprocal space (132 frames total). One complete sphere of data was collected, to better than 0.80 Å resolution.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Pd1	0.5000	0.5000	1.0000	0.01106 (11)
Cl1	0.18605 (9)	0.51044 (8)	1.13317 (7)	0.01691 (15)
N1	0.3652 (3)	0.7675 (3)	1.0036 (3)	0.0132 (5)
N2	0.3068 (3)	0.8322 (3)	0.8878 (3)	0.0170 (5)
C1	0.2179 (4)	1.0087 (4)	0.8859 (3)	0.0162 (5)
H1	0.1750	1.0556	0.8050	0.019*
C2	0.1834 (4)	1.1295 (4)	0.9954 (3)	0.0171 (6)
H2	0.1207	1.2548	0.9892	0.021*
C3	0.2440 (4)	1.0592 (4)	1.1123 (3)	0.0186 (6)
H3	0.2238	1.1347	1.1906	0.022*
C4	0.3358 (4)	0.8747 (4)	1.1130 (3)	0.0166 (5)
H4	0.3785	0.8237	1.1932	0.020*
Pd2	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.01214 (11)
Cl2	0.20050 (9)	0.03267 (8)	0.49612 (7)	0.01848 (16)
N3	0.3747 (3)	0.2644 (3)	0.5494 (3)	0.0141 (5)
N4	0.3653 (3)	0.3203 (3)	0.6799 (3)	0.0169 (5)
C5	0.2860 (4)	0.4951 (4)	0.7117 (3)	0.0175 (5)
H5	0.2774	0.5357	0.8042	0.021*
C6	0.2145 (4)	0.6235 (4)	0.6188 (4)	0.0191 (6)
H6	0.1618	0.7473	0.6452	0.023*
C7	0.2239 (4)	0.5624 (4)	0.4878 (3)	0.0196 (6)
H7	0.1769	0.6429	0.4197	0.023*
C8	0.3034 (4)	0.3806 (4)	0.4574 (3)	0.0156 (5)
H8	0.3078	0.3366	0.3680	0.019*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Pd1	0.01260 (16)	0.00575 (16)	0.01452 (16)	-0.00218 (11)	-0.00736 (11)	0.00139 (10)
Cl1	0.0152 (3)	0.0133 (3)	0.0216 (3)	-0.0055 (2)	-0.0080 (2)	0.0037 (2)
N1	0.0136 (10)	0.0093 (11)	0.0164 (11)	-0.0043 (9)	-0.0067 (9)	0.0027 (9)
N2	0.0188 (11)	0.0152 (12)	0.0160 (11)	-0.0060 (9)	-0.0078 (9)	0.0023 (9)
C1	0.0147 (12)	0.0135 (13)	0.0184 (12)	-0.0041 (10)	-0.0077 (10)	0.0048 (10)
C2	0.0139 (13)	0.0115 (14)	0.0226 (14)	-0.0038 (11)	-0.0063 (11)	0.0029 (11)
C3	0.0201 (14)	0.0147 (15)	0.0219 (14)	-0.0060 (11)	-0.0105 (11)	-0.0007 (11)
C4	0.0187 (13)	0.0126 (13)	0.0194 (13)	-0.0050 (11)	-0.0108 (11)	0.0018 (11)
Pd2	0.01237 (16)	0.00725 (17)	0.01663 (16)	-0.00237 (11)	-0.00801 (11)	0.00169 (11)
Cl2	0.0156 (3)	0.0139 (3)	0.0278 (3)	-0.0051 (2)	-0.0121 (3)	0.0025 (2)
N3	0.0125 (10)	0.0092 (11)	0.0197 (12)	-0.0032 (9)	-0.0069 (9)	0.0000 (9)
N4	0.0168 (11)	0.0162 (12)	0.0179 (11)	-0.0063 (9)	-0.0082 (9)	0.0022 (9)
C5	0.0157 (12)	0.0131 (13)	0.0214 (13)	-0.0040 (10)	-0.0065 (11)	-0.0039 (10)
C6	0.0143 (13)	0.0102 (14)	0.0266 (14)	-0.0031 (11)	-0.0041 (11)	-0.0006 (11)
C7	0.0164 (13)	0.0173 (15)	0.0214 (14)	-0.0048 (11)	-0.0077 (11)	0.0048 (12)
C8	0.0157 (12)	0.0135 (13)	0.0169 (12)	-0.0043 (10)	-0.0085 (10)	0.0025 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Pd1—N1	2.009 (2)	Pd2—N3	2.003 (2)
Pd1—N1 ⁱ	2.009 (2)	Pd2—N3 ⁱⁱ	2.004 (2)
Pd1—Cl1	2.3072 (6)	Pd2—Cl2	2.2969 (6)
Pd1—Cl1 ⁱ	2.3073 (6)	Pd2—Cl2 ⁱⁱ	2.2969 (6)
N1—C4	1.333 (4)	N3—C8	1.335 (4)
N1—N2	1.344 (3)	N3—N4	1.346 (3)
N2—C1	1.329 (4)	N4—C5	1.327 (3)
C1—C2	1.396 (4)	C5—C6	1.393 (4)
C1—H1	0.9500	C5—H5	0.9500
C2—C3	1.370 (4)	C6—C7	1.369 (4)
C2—H2	0.9500	C6—H6	0.9500
C3—C4	1.388 (4)	C7—C8	1.377 (4)
C3—H3	0.9500	C7—H7	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500	C8—H8	0.9500
N1—Pd1—N1 ⁱ	180.0	N3—Pd2—N3 ⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)
N1—Pd1—Cl1	89.26 (7)	N3—Pd2—Cl2	89.44 (7)
N1 ⁱ —Pd1—Cl1	90.74 (7)	N3 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—Cl2	90.56 (7)
N1—Pd1—Cl1 ⁱ	90.74 (7)	N3—Pd2—Cl2 ⁱⁱ	90.56 (7)
N1 ⁱ —Pd1—Cl1 ⁱ	89.26 (7)	N3 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—Cl2 ⁱⁱ	89.44 (7)
Cl1—Pd1—Cl1 ⁱ	179.999 (1)	Cl2—Pd2—Cl2 ⁱⁱ	180.0
C4—N1—N2	121.9 (2)	C8—N3—N4	121.2 (2)
C4—N1—Pd1	122.5 (2)	C8—N3—Pd2	121.78 (19)
N2—N1—Pd1	115.63 (17)	N4—N3—Pd2	117.00 (18)
C1—N2—N1	117.4 (2)	C5—N4—N3	117.2 (2)
N2—C1—C2	124.2 (3)	N4—C5—C6	124.6 (3)

N2—C1—H1	117.9	N4—C5—H5	117.7
C2—C1—H1	117.9	C6—C5—H5	117.7
C3—C2—C1	117.0 (3)	C7—C6—C5	116.8 (3)
C3—C2—H2	121.5	C7—C6—H6	121.6
C1—C2—H2	121.5	C5—C6—H6	121.6
C2—C3—C4	118.1 (3)	C6—C7—C8	118.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.9	C6—C7—H7	121.0
C4—C3—H3	120.9	C8—C7—H7	121.0
N1—C4—C3	121.5 (3)	N3—C8—C7	122.1 (3)
N1—C4—H4	119.3	N3—C8—H8	118.9
C3—C4—H4	119.3	C7—C8—H8	118.9
N1 ⁱ —Pd1—N1—C4	37 (100)	N3 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—N3—C8	-88 (32)
Cl1—Pd1—N1—C4	90.8 (2)	Cl2—Pd2—N3—C8	-60.0 (2)
Cl1 ⁱ —Pd1—N1—C4	-89.2 (2)	Cl2 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—N3—C8	120.0 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Pd1—N1—N2	-143 (100)	N3 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—N3—N4	92 (32)
Cl1—Pd1—N1—N2	-89.38 (18)	Cl2—Pd2—N3—N4	120.08 (18)
Cl1 ⁱ —Pd1—N1—N2	90.62 (18)	Cl2 ⁱⁱ —Pd2—N3—N4	-59.92 (18)
C4—N1—N2—C1	0.1 (4)	C8—N3—N4—C5	-1.2 (4)
Pd1—N1—N2—C1	-179.70 (18)	Pd2—N3—N4—C5	178.73 (18)
N1—N2—C1—C2	0.5 (4)	N3—N4—C5—C6	-0.7 (4)
N2—C1—C2—C3	-0.8 (4)	N4—C5—C6—C7	1.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.4 (4)
N2—N1—C4—C3	-0.4 (4)	N4—N3—C8—C7	2.4 (4)
Pd1—N1—C4—C3	179.4 (2)	Pd2—N3—C8—C7	-177.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—N1	0.1 (4)	C6—C7—C8—N3	-1.5 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4 \cdots N4 ⁱ	0.95	2.55	3.438 (3)	155
C3—H3 \cdots Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.94	3.569 (3)	125
C1—H1 \cdots Cl2 ^{iv}	0.95	2.92	3.787 (3)	153
C8—H8 \cdots Cl1 ^v	0.95	2.82	3.529 (3)	132

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (iii) $x, y+1, z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$; (v) $x, y, z-1$.